TWO MORE CLASSES OF DERBY'S RECRUITS CALLED

WILSON PROMISES ACTION AS SOON AS FACTS KNOWN

Must First Prove Steamer Persia was Torpedoed and Establish Nationality of Submarine Responsible for the Act.

Washington, Jan. 4—There was no lessening of the tension in the new submarine crisis today with President Wilson's return to the White House to take personal charge of the situation, but there were marked indications of the President's intention to proceed carefully and deliberately before committing the United States to the next step in its already strained relations with the Teutonic powers.

At the State Department the hope was expressed that there would be opportunity to settle the crisis amicably, and it was stated that the American government believed that Austria's assurances in the last Ancona note were given in good faith.

Two points, it was emphasized, must be cleared up before the next move is made. It must be established whether the British liner Persia actually was torpedoed, and if so, what was the nationality of the submarine.

President Wilson's first act on his return was to issue a statement, through Secretary Tumulty, promising the country action just as soon as the full facts in the Persia disaster can be learned.

Act As Soon As Facts Known

"The President and the Secretary of State are talkng every means possible to obtain the full facts in this grave matter, and will act just as soon as the information is obtained," said the official statement, issued at the White House offices.

The President's second step was to direct Secretary of State Lansing to gather more information from the Persia survivors. The secretary ordered the consuls at Alexandria, Malta and Cairo to obtain affidavits and at once cable summaries of their contents. Until that information is received, or Ambassador Penfield reports some result from his inquiry to the Austrian government, the situation, so far as can be seen tonight, will be at a standstill.

Meanwhile, however, there is discussion of what steps the United States may take to make clear to the Central Powers belligerents and allies the extent to which it expects to hold them responsible for submarine operations, in violation of international law, be they conducted by Germans, Austrians, Turks or Bulgars.

Austria's plea that she know nothing official of the outcome of the submarine controversy with Germany is recalled by one set of officials, who favor taking action which might forestall similar plea by the other allies, when the United States has finished with Austria. Something definite along that line probably will be developed soon.

It was disclosed today that the United States already has delivered to the American diplomatic representatives in Turkey and Bulgaria, and to the Turkish and Bulgarian diplomats here copies of the submarine correspondence with Germany. This is taken as an indication that they will be kept informed of future developments.

May Address Congress in Person.

The latest development of the crisis for the first time, brought the President into conference with the heads of the congressional committees which deal with foreign relations, and disclosed that they are to be informed of the coming steps. Approbation of this course was expressed by Senators and Representatives, who all along have been wanting to be taken into the President's confidence, without the formality of resolutions. It was indicated as possible that if any drastic step was taken the President might address congress in person, laying bare all the facts and the steps in the long controversy.

Administration leaders were uneasy today over the prospect of an opposition attack in the Senate on the administration's policy, but that fear was relieved when the Senate, after being in session ten minutes, adjourned in respect to the memory of the late Justice Lamar. The House showed no uneasiness, and the day, which had begun with forebodings, passed over without speech-making, which the administration feared might further inflame the public mind.

An indication of the administration's intention to proceed cautiously was seen in the indefinite postponement of tomorrow's meeting on the Senate foreign relations committee, where the situation was to have been discussed.

Back of the determination to be deliberate, however, officials say there is no intention of acting any the less firmly and promptly if the facts warrant it. The President and all his advisers are represented as realizing, to its full extent, that the submarine controversy, drawn over nearly a year with perplexing and critical negotiations, now is at the most critical stage it ever has assumed, and their intention is that the next step shall place the government in a position in which it will be able to maintain the principles of international law and humanity.

WHITE PAPER TELLS EFFECTS OF BLOCKADE

German Export Trade Destroyed, Important Staples at Famine Prices and Food Riots in Larger Towns.

London, Jan. 4—"Germany's export trade has been substantially destroyed," says a Foreign Office White Paper, presented in parliament today, outlining the policy adopted to enforce the blockade of Germany. The paper adds:

"German imports also have been greatly reduced, such important staples as cotton, wool and rubber being excluded, and others, like fats, oils, and dairy products being obtainable in Germany only at famine prices; while advices reaching His Majesty's government show discontent among the population and food riots in some of the larger towns."

THE GOELONG WAS SUNK IN A COLLISION

Loss of P. & O. Liner Not Due to Submarine—No Lives Were Lost.

London, Jan. 4.—The Peninsular & Oriental Steamship Company issued a statement today to the effect that the steamer Geelong was sunk in a collision with the steamer Bonvilston.

Sinking of he Geelong was reported last night, without mention being made of the cause of her loss.

No lives were lost when she went down.

P. E. I. MAN HANGS HIMSELF

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Jan. 4.—John McKay, aged 40, laborer, unmarried, of Summerside, committed suicide last night by hanging himself to a fence post in his father's yard. He had been acting strangely for several days before his death. The remains were discovered at daylight this morning.

TWO DIVISIONS FROM MARITIME PROVINCES

As Share in Additional Troops to Bring Canada's Forces to Half-Million Mark.

SIR SAM'S TRIBUTE TO FRENCH-CANADIANS.

Minister of Militia Confident Full Complement Will be Raised Before End of Next Summer.

Toronto, Jan. 4.—At a banquet tonight to Brigadier-General Logie, and his staff, given by the Toronto National Exhibition Board, ex-Mayor Joseph Oliver presiding, General Sir Sam Hughes, a guest of honor, announced that Canada proposed to raise her quota of troops necessary to bring her war contribution to half a million of men, as offered by Sir Robert Borden in his New Year message, by securing twenty-one additional divisions apportioned as follows:

Toronto district, five divisions; Eastern Ontario, two divisions; Western Ontario, two divisions; Manitoba and Saskatchewan, three divisions; Alberta, two divisions; British Columbia, two divisions; Quebec, three and possibly four divisions; Maritime Provinces, two divisions.

225,000 Men in Kahki.

At present training at home, in England and at the front, Canada has 225,000 men in khaki. Two divisions each of 18,000 men are at the front, four in Britain awaiting the call for reinforcements, and two completely trained, are in Canada awaiting orders to sail.

By the end of the month the Canadian forces in uniform will number 250,000. In addition over 100,000 skilled Canadian mechanics are manufacturing munitions.

Sir Sam was confident that before the summer ended the full complement would be raised.

In enumerating and assigning the new divisions, General Hughes spoke particularly of the large task he was assigning General Logie, in the Toronto district, and also the French-Canadian enlistment in Quebec. He was glad, in Toronto, of all places, to pay tribute to the men of Quebec. Some 8,000 French-Canadians had gone to the front. They had proved themselves a splendid lot of men, and official reports to his department declared that their fighting qualities had been "simply beyond belief."

Having dealt with the military plans for raising the new divisions, General Hughes stated that the department had furnished over one million railway transportation tickets for soldiers who had been carried with but one accidental death. Over 155,000 men had been sent across the ocean without the loss of a single life by accident or illness.

Commands for Cols. Loggie and Newburn.

Sir Sam concluded with the announcement that it was the intention next spring to place General Loggie and Colonel Mewburn in command of divisions for England.

The twelve best regiments would compose the first division. The next twelve would make up the second division, and so on. The twenty-one divisions to be created were in addition to those already mobilized.

Sir John S. Hendrie, lieutenant-governor, stated that in response to the British Red Cross appeal throughout the Empire the returns to December 10, last had reached 800,000 pounds sterling. Of this amount the overseas dominions contributed 371,000 pounds. Toward that amount the Province of Ontario alone contributed over 200,000 pounds. Since these figures were computed the provincial treasurer of Ontario had forwarded an additional 100,000 pounds, and yesterday he forwarded another 75,000 pounds. This brings Ontario's contribution to 375,000 pounds, or $1,875,000.

SINGLE MEN OF 23 TO 26 WHO ENLISTED UNDER DERBY PLAN TO REPORT FOR SERVICE, FEB. 8

New York, Jon. 4.—A news agency despatch from London this afternoon says:

Single men between the ages of 23 and 26, inclusive, who enlisted during the recruiting campaign, were called to the colors. They are to report for service on February 8.

The call was issued following adjournment of a cabinet meeting at which the ministers agreed on the form of conscription.

Groups six to nine under the Derby scheme were called to the colors, With the groups already called the British armies will be reinforced by several hundred thousand men.

Results of The Campaign.

London, Jan. 4.—Lord Derby's recruiting figures for the period between October 23 and December 15 show that 1,150,000 unmarried men and 1,679,263 married men presented themselves for service. Of the grand total of 2,829,263 married and single men, 103,000 unmarried and 112,431 married men enlisted immediately. Eight hundred and forty thousand single men and 344,979 married men were attested for future service. Of the single men 207,000 were rejected, while 221,853 married were not accepted by the recruiting officers.

The Earl of Derby's report shows that the total men of military age in England, Scotland and Wales, who were not enlisted when the canvass began, were: Single men, 2,179,231, and married men 2,832,210—a total of 5,011,441.

The total of attested, enlisted and rejected men having been 2,829,263 and the available men, aggregating 5,011,441, shows that there are 2,182,178 men who did not offer their services.

London, Jan. 4—Supporting, in the House of Commons today, amendments suggested by the Amalgamated Society of Engineers to the Munitions Bill, David Lloyd George, minister of munitions, characterized this act as the only alternative to military discipline.

"The alleged labor revolt," he said, "is far more a revolt against the official leaders of trade unionism than against the government. For months on the Clyde, for instance, there has been a strong syndicatism movement, trying to overthrow the official leaders of trade unionism. The difficulty of the Ministry of Munitions on the Clyde arose from the fact that there is a powerful organization working with great skill to overthrow the recognized leaders of organized labor there. This movement does not represent a majority of labor, it consists only of a powerful minority."

ONE 26TH MAN IN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, Jan. 4—The following casualty list was issued at midnight:

First Battalion

Severely wounded—James Croft, Hamilton, Ont.

Second Battalion

Dangerously wounded—Fred. J. Southall, Quebec.

Wounded—Clinton T. Learn, Aylmer, Ont.; W. H. Cox, England; Lieut. Malcolm Neilson, England.

Slightly wounded—Robert W. Temple, England.

Reported missing—Geo. E. Gray, England.

Third Battalion

Killed in action—Thomas Philips, Wales.

Died of wounds—Reginald I. Hughes, England.

Fourth Battalion

Suffering from shock—Sergt. Frederick Delaney, Channel Islands.

Wounded—Archie Milner, Ingersoll, Ont.

Eighth Battalion

Wounded—James Wilkey, Dauphine, Man.; Sergt. Percy E. Henderson, Middleboro, N. S.

Died—Thomas Kelly, England.

Tenth Battalion

Dangerously wounded — Company Quartermaster Sergt. Neil G. Buchanan, England.

Fourteenth Battalion.

Missing since December 24—Sergt. Joseph Turcotte, Montreal.

Killed in action—W. J. Osgoode Eaton, Ont.

Wounded—C. Kenney, Montreal.

Fifteenth Battalion.

Wounded—Lieut. Robert M. Chester Brooklyn, N. Y.; Lieut. E. G. Waller, Elkhorn, Man.

Sixteenth Battalion.

Wounded—James Murray, Scotland.

Eighteenth Battalion.

Wounded— Charles H. Dickson, Scotland.

Nineteenth Battalion.

Killed in action—John McCombie, Scotland.

Wounded—John E. Bryant, St. Catharines, Ont.; Alfred G. Miller, Mount Denis, Ont.; Wm. H. Barth, Toronto.

Twentieth Battalion.

Wounded — Company Sergt.-Major Lauchlan Torrie, Kakabeka Falls, Ont

Twenty-First Battalion.

Slightly wounded—Edward Wilson, Kingston, Ont.

Wounded—Lance Corporal Charles Southgate, England.

Twenty-Fourth Battalion.

Killed in action—Oney O'Keefe, Montreal.

Twenty-Fifth Battalion.

Killed in action—Charles Campbell, Dominion No. 4, Glace Bay, N. S.

Wounded—Lance Sergt. Jack W. Sutherland, Oxford, N. S.

Twenty-Sixth Battalion.

Wounded—John Hamilton, London, Ont.

Twenty-Eighth Battalion.

Wounded—Edward Wilson, Ireland; John Bowers, England; Archibald M. Waugh, England.

Twenty-Ninth Battalion.

Suffering from shock—John A. Crouse, Chelsea, Mass.

Wounded—Herbert Renyard, England.

Thirty-First Battalion.

Wounded—Sergt. F. Hazell, England; Edward T. Lloyd, England.

Fiftieth Battalion.

Seriously ill—Frank Liddell, Medicine Hat, Alb.

Fifty-Second Battalion.

Seriously ill—Richard A. Westover, Barwick, Ont.

Fifty-Fifth Battalion.

Seriously ill—Lance Corporal John W. Charnley, Marysville, N. S.

Princess Pats.

Found dead Dec. 31—John A. MacDonald, St. Hyacinthe, Que.

Seriously ill—Julian Patrick, England.

Fifth Canadian Mounted Rifles.

Seriously ill—W. D. Williams, Amherstburg, Ont.

Ninth Canadian Mounted Rifles

Seriously ill—Jack D. Lillecrapp, England.

Third Field Artillery Brigade

Concussion, slight—Gunner G. F Gillmore, Toronto.

Eaton's Armored Battery

Wounded—Corporal Frank M. Bradfield, Toronto.

No. 3 Canadian Field Ambulance

Wounded—Ambrose Plumbtree, Toronto; James H. Singleton, England.

MILITARY CONTROL OF CANTEENS IN CANADIAN CAMPS IN ENGLAND

Scheme Worked Out at Request of Sir Sam Hughes Will Mean Nearly $1,000,000 Yearly for Disabled Soldiers' Fund.

London, Jan. 4. (Montreal Gazette Cable).—Hon. J. H. Turner, agent general for British Columbia, will relinquish office at the end of this month, when Sir Richard McBride is expected to arrive. It is understood that Hon. Mr. Turner will receive a pension.

It is stated that an amount exceeding $1,000,000 annually will probably be realized from the Canadian canteens in English camps, which are to be taken over by the Canadian military authorities a few weeks hence. The war office has approved of the scheme, which was worked out by Lieut.-Col. McCrae, at the request of the minister of militia. The relief fund for disabled soldiers which will benefit from this work is not any existing one.

Under civil management of the canteens the contractors drew thirty per cent., leaving ten per cent. to the regiments concerned. In addition to this the Canadian government will save the working expenses, labor and transportation, while they will also be exempt from inland revenue taxes on beer and tobacco. Canadian tobacco and other products will be retailed at about home prices.

This new scheme will not be extended to the camps in France.

E. A. LANCASTER, M.P. DIES AT HIS HOME IN ST. CATHERINES

First Elected to House of Commons in 1900—Has a Son at Front in Belgium.

St. Catharines, Ont., Jan. 4—E. A. Lancaster, M. P., died at his home in this city about nine o'clock tonight, after a lingering illness of over two years. He leaves a widow, one daughter and two sons. The elder son, Captain E. H. Lancaster, of the Tenth Battery, Third Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, is now at the front in Belgium.

Edward A. Lancaster represented Lincon as Conservative in the Dominion Parliament. He was born in London, Eng., September 22nd, 1860. He married in 1885 Mary H. C. Pellit of Grimbsby, Ontario; was elected to the House of Comons at the general election of 1900; was re-elected in 1904-1908-1912; was elected a party whip for Ontario in 1901. He introduced in 1901 and again in 1902 a bill to compel the railroads to pay for cattle killed on their tracks, which bill became law in 1903. He was a member of the Church of England.

Vienna, via London, Jan. 5.—Political circles in Sofia report that King Ferdinand of Bulgaria intends, after the orthodox Christmas holidays, to proclaim himself Czar of Macedonia, and be crowned in the old royal city of Ochrida.

SUBMARINE TAKEN IN SECTIONS OVER SMYRNA RY. TO AIDEN

German and Austrian Bluejackets Put Underseas Boat Together.

Paris, Jan. 4.—A large German submarine has been conveyed in sections by the Smyrna railroad to Aiden, and thence taken to Budrum Bay, in the Eastern Mediterranean, according to a Mytilene despatch, says L'Oeuvre's Athens correspondent. The despatch adds that twenty German and Austrian bluejackets, in command of a lieutenant, are putting the submarine together.

A Beratad, Albania, telegram says the same correspondent, states that 30,000 Bulgarians, after occupying Elbassan, from which place the Serbians retired, taking everything of military value with them, have reached Lunia, twelve miles from Tirana. The despatch adds that shots were exchanged Saturday between the extreme outposts of the Italian garrison at Durazzo (on the Adriatic Sea) and Albanian irregulars, commanded by Bulgarian non-commissioned officers.

Budrum Bay is in Southern Asia Minor, in the Gulf of Kos.

HOPES OF BARGAIN HUNTERS IN BERLIN RUDELY SHATTERED

Military Authorities Put Ban on all Special Sales, Feature of the Post Christmas Season.

Berlin, Jan. 4, via London.—The inventory sales, which at this season of the year usually crowd the streets of the shopping districts with bargain-hunters, have been prematurely ended this year by an order of the military authorities forbidding, during January all kinds of special sales, such as inventory, season sales, the linen sales, peculiar to Berlin and Paris, under the name of "White Week" sales, and other specially advertised closing out sales.

The prohibition also affects advertisements of reduced prices on woven and knit goods and clothing made of them. The downtown district which yesterday, the first day of the inventory sales, was unusually crowded, today bore a decided subnormal appearance.

IMPERIAL TODAY

An Eighteen-Year-Old Lass Sentenced Back to Frocks and Pigtails.

MARGUERITE CLARK AS SWEET WEE MICI

IN

"Seven Sisters"

AN INTERNATIONAL COMEDY-TRIUMPH.

A MOTHER IS CONFRONTED WITH THE PROBLEM OF MARRYING HER SEVEN DAUGHTERS in the proper order of their age as the law of the land demands. The most winsome one, Mici, is expelled from a convent for a masque ball escapade and is set back to little girlhood—dolls and pinafores—as punishment. Her lover therefore sets about to marrying off all the older sisters in order to bring Mici into her place again. It's a sweet and pretty comedy—bright as a dollar and deliciously novel. Furthermore the foreign "tang" to it makes it quaint.

UNIVERSAL WEEKLY
'Way Up in a French War Balloon.
Training Cavalry in England.
President Wilson and His Bride.
Off for the Arctic Regions.
New York's Gone Skating Crazy.

MR. R. P. JONES,
English Tenor Soloist.
FESTIVAL ORCHESTRA
Ten Professionals.
Mid-Winter Garden Effect.

Watch for Special Big Features at the End of the Week

OPERA HOUSE

W. S. HARKINS PLAYERS

MATINEE TODAY AT 2.30
By Request "BABY MINE" 25c

TONIGHT & THUR. NIGHT
"The Blindness of Virtue"
A play every father and mother should see.
It is endorsed by all the leading clergymen.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY.
"KICK IN"
A better play than "Within the Law."

Orchestra 50c 1st 2 Rows Balcony 35c
1st 2 Rows Circle 50c Rear of Balcony 25c
Rear of Circle - 35c Gallery - - 15c

AMERICAN GIRL'S WORK FOR BLIND WINS HER DISTINCTION IN PARIS

GROUP OF BLIND SOLDIERS

MISS WINIFRED HOLT

An American girl, Miss Winifred Holt, is being hailed in Paris as one of the most practical of the many benefactors of mankind that have risen to prominence since the war started. Miss Holt has been instrumental in the establishment of the Hotel du Phare and the Phare, which are being used for the care of soldiers blinded in warfare. Blindness is one of the most terrible afflictions suffered by the soldiers, and the treatment accorded them, not only to furnish physical relief but to ameliorate the attendant mental suffering, must necessarily be of a scientific nature and based on years of experience in dealing with such cases. In her reports to the Committee for Men Blinded in Battle, which has headquarters at No. 17 East Thirty-eighth street, New York city, Miss Holt tells of many pathetic incidents that mark her daily routine in the French capital, among them being the dramatic meeting between two officers who had lost their sight. The victims are being instructed in various forms of employment, such as typewriting and office work, and from their occupations they gain much mental relief. Miss Holt says her committee is in great need of money to carry on the philanthropy.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM AND BRIGHT'S DISEASE AND DIABETES
NO. 23 THE PR

STRU

KAISER AFFLICTED CANCER OF T

French paper affirms on good a Emperor has lost power of s mit to removal of larynx o cerous growth.

Paris, Jan. 4.—The Matin affirms, notwithstanding denials, that the German Emperor is suffering from cancer of the throat, and is no longer able to speak.

"In February, 1911," according to the Matin, "the doctors were considering whether it was necessary to remove the entire larnyx in order to stay the progress of the disease. That raised the question as to whether the Emperor would be able to speak, if such an operation were performed. The leading specialists of every capital in Europe were consulted. It was learned that an eminent surgeon of Paris had, with an artificial larnyx and a breathing tube opening into the trachea, restored the power of speech to cancerous patients who had undergone total ablation of the affected organs.

"This doctor, whose name the

WOULD STOP EXPORT OF MUNITIONS

Bill to be introduced in U. S. Congress aimed at British Blockade.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Representative Steenerson, Republican, of Minnesota, introduced a resolution today aimed at British interferences with American trade with European neutrals. It proposes to empower the President to prohibit exports of war munitions to any belligerent controlling the seas and preventing exports of food or food products from the United States.

CHILD GETS SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach or bowels.

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs" then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels and you have a well playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

WINTER SERVICE BETWEEN THE MAINLAND AND PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Navigation Between Pt. Du Chene and Summerside is Closed.

Commencing January 3 train will leave Sackville daily, except Sunday, at 6.30 a.m., arrive at Cape Tormentine 9.00 a.m. Steamer Stanley will leave Cape Tormentine at 10.00 a. m., arrive Summerside 12.30 noon, leave Summerside at 8.15 a.m., arrive Cape Tormentine 10.00 a.m. Train will leave Cape Tormentine 10.20 a.m., arrive Sackville 12.40 noon. A special mail and passenger train will leave Charlottetown at 6.00 a.m., daily, except Sunday, returning will leave Summerside for Charlottetown after arrival S. S. Stanley. Between Pictou and Charlottetown the Prince Edward Island will endeavor to make daily round trips leaving Charlottetown at 7.00 a. m., returning leaving Pictou at 12.30 noon.