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121. St. John, N. B.

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SCOTCH
COMPANY, St. John,
for New Brunswick.

Comfort Shoes For Women
For Sore, Tired Feet
Shoes \$3.00, Boots \$3.50

We are featuring a range of Women's Comfort Shoes, made in the States, that for real ease and comfort cannot be equalled. The Vici Kid used in the upper is as soft as silk, the soles are at once heavy and flexible, with Comfort Cushion Insoles and Rubber Heels. Latterly there is a growing demand for a soft, comfortable laced boot or low shoe to take the place of slippers, and this line appeals to us as just the thing.

Waterbury & Rising, Limited
King St. Union St. Main St.
\$3.00 and \$3.50

Acetylene Lighting

The most beautiful of artificial lights. All the cares and troubles of oil lamps are overcome. Thousands of homes, stores and churches are using acetylene gas. "Scientific" acetylene generators are unequalled. No matches required when fitted with modern burners. Lowest prices for complete installations. P. Campbell & Co., 73 Prince Wm. St.

No More Musty Butter Tubs
No More "Strong" Butter
Foley's Stone Butter Crock
KEEP BUTTER SWEET
MADE IN ST. JOHN BY
James W. Foley & Co.
Sold by All Crockery Dealers

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Victoria
Rev and Mrs F B Gaskin, Water-
ford, N. B.; Mrs J A Paul, Hampton;
V S Sweeney, Yarmouth, N. S.; Har-
riet A Chisholm, Newton Highlands;
Daniel P Connelley, Bathurst; D T
Lester, McAdam Jct; G S MacDonald,
New Glasgow; D W MacGuire, A R
Adam Jct; E H Wall, Syracuse, N. Y.;
H C Christie, Toronto; James Hol-
land, Fredericton; E Crandall, Mer-
veboro; W M Thurrott, Frederic-
ton; W Robertson, Moncton; A R
Mosher, Halifax; F W MacDonald,
Pictou; C E Cole, Moncton; M Mac-
Leod, C H Kinnear, Charlottetown; P
E I; Alphonsus McNeil, Sydney; Wm
Allen, J W Siderbont, Halifax; Geo
Deolaters, Charlottetown; S A Abbe-
deau, Lewis P Q; J H Monaghan, Char-
lottetown; P E I; Thos L Garland,
Moncton; Geo T Ingram, Charlottet-
town; A C Norton, Fred Dunn, Hal-
ifax, N. S.; J E Montgomery, W A Rh-
denzie, Bridgewater; H N Flewelling,
Sussex; N B; J T Gibson, Fredericton;
Melvin Patch, W C Osborn, Campobello;
N N Spear, F E Rice, Boston.

Royal.
C D Blesch, New York; A C Citten,
Bridabos; C M Sommer, J Elliott, W
A Sears, A McIntosh, Miss E Leavitt,
J D Leavitt, R Dall S T Darlos, G
Rotsky, Montreal; R Holdge, J Wal-
wright, Toronto; A S White, Sussex;
Mr and Mrs T B G Lynch, Digby; A
Borenstein, New York; M and Mrs L
F Newcombe, Woodstock; Mr and
Mrs R S Murray, Schenectady; G D
Richardson, C A Singer, W L Justason
H R Heway, Boston; W E Farrell,
Fredericton; P Jones, Halifax; C H
Binks, Montreal; W E Austin, Toronto
H Green, Digby.

YOUR BRONCHIAL TUBES

When a cold settles in the bronchial tubes, with that weakening, tickling cough, immediate treatment is very important. The breath seems shorter because of mucous obstructions; usually fever is present, your head jars with every cough and your chest may ache. This is no time for experimenting or delay—you must get Scott's Emulsion at once to drive out the cold which started the trouble, and it will check the cough by aiding the healing process of the enfeebled membranes.

If you have any symptoms of bronchitis, or even a stubborn cold, always remember that Scott's Emulsion has been relieving this trouble for forty years. It is free from harmful drugs. Refuse substitutes.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-25

WEDDINGS.
Calder-Thurber.
Campobello, Char. Co., Oct. 19.—The wedding of Miss Kathleen B. Thurber, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John

THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1915 5

MORE EVIDENCE IN THE CHINESE RAID TRIAL

SOLDIERS ARE ENJOYING LIFE AT MILITARY CAMP IN SUSSEX

What the Men in Training for Overseas Duty are Doing—The Food Good and There is Plenty of It

It is hoped to finish the case to-day—Not all Christians.

The Chinese case in which Hop Lee and Sing Lee are charged with being proprietors of a gaming and opium den on Mill street, and eighteen other Chinese with being inmates, was resumed in the police court yesterday morning and afternoon, and was then adjourned until this morning at 10.30 o'clock.

George A. Henderson, for the prosecution, testified that on June 18, 1915, Hop Lee was sentenced to a fine of \$500 or three months in jail for keeping opium for other than medicinal or scientific purposes. Sing Lee who had at that time been charged with being an inmate of an opium joint, was not convicted.

Detective Barrett, recalled, testified that the pipe, which he found on the premises, was warm and quite close was a bowl, such as is used for smoking opium. Near at hand he found the little white jar, the substance in which on being analyzed by Mr. M. V. Paddock, was said to contain opium.

Hum Quong stated that he had been in Canada for 19 years, 17 years being spent in St. John. He went to Hop Lee's to arrange for the burial of his brother. It was about 10 o'clock on Sunday night. I called all my friends for to contribute money for flowers. He did not get any money given to him. There was some money put in the box to buy flowers for the witness brother. They were sitting around there and talking. As soon as the officers broke down the door the Chinese ran. Hum Lee and another Chinaman were providing music for the gathering.

Afternoon Session.

Hum Bing, for the defense, testified that he was in Hop Lee's the night of the raid and that all the other defendants were there when the police broke in. Some of the Chinese were playing dominoes, others were smoking and the majority were learning the English church hymns in making ready for the funeral of a Chinaman.

Lim Tong testified that he had been in Hop Lee's place for eight hours before the police arrived. Some of those present were playing games of dominoes, others were smoking Chinese tobacco. There were between forty and fifty men in the place on that Sunday. They were having a meeting of the Chinese Loan Association. A tin box with money in it which was seized by the police had been used to put contributions for the purpose of buying flowers in memory of those who had died.

Inspector Wickham witness described one of the rooms in Hop Lee's. A man beta twenty-five cents and wins he received fifty cents.

Hum Lim and Sing Kee, two defendants, testified along the same lines as the previous witnesses.

The majority of the defendants stated that they were not Christians and accordingly were given the oath by breaking a saucer, stating that they understood that if they did not tell the truth their souls would be cracked and broken into as many pieces as the saucer. An effort will be made to close the case today.

Rotary Club.

Before the Rotary Club at noonday luncheon in Bond's Cafe yesterday, H. A. Powell, K. C. spoke on the work of the International Waterways' Commission. He gave an interesting address, reviewing the work of that body, and telling of the importance of the club, presided. A vote of thanks was moved by Dr. Rowley, seconded by W. F. Hatheway. The gathering closed with the national anthem. A quartette composed of Messrs. Pidgeon, Steeles, Skelton and Nobles gave selections. Walter Dunlop presided at the piano.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of Mrs. William Carter took place yesterday afternoon at half-past two o'clock from her late residence, Red Head road at St. Joseph's church, where the burial service was read by Rev. A. J. O'Neill. The interment was in the new Catholic cemetery.

Remains were in order in the police court yesterday morning, and although threats of long terms in jail were made to them they were all sent into jail for further consideration.

Albert Connell and William Matheson, charged with stealing a horse from Edward Hogan, a set of harness from John Kelly and a wagon, the property of a party unknown, pleaded guilty and consented to be tried in the police court. They were remanded for sentence.

William O'Brien and Philip Learet, for drunkenness and obscenity, were remanded.

Two imbibers were remanded with the injunction that chances of their becoming the guests of the city for the next few months were exceedingly rosy.

Ask for Support.

The Union of Canadian Municipalities have written Mayor Frink stating that if the Union is to be continued it must have the support of the municipalities. The letter regrets that St. John has not supported the Union for the last two years and states that while the Union has done much good for the municipalities of the Dominion, much yet remains to be done, and it will be impossible to accomplish what is desired unless more general support is received.

There were several visitors at the military camp at Sussex on Saturday. The soldiers all seem to be happy and well used. They get good food and plenty of it and there is hardly a complaint to be heard from anyone in the camp.

The fortnightly inspection was held on Saturday at noon and as there are well on to two thousand men to be inspected it took the colonel some time to get all around them and so some of them were a bit late for their dinner, but there was plenty of it left for them, so they did not lose anything. The buglers and bandmen are in a group of tents set apart from the others and as they were out of the line of the other tents they were the last to be inspected, which caused much uneasiness to some of them, especially to one little Scotch bugler, who at other times is almost the first to get down to the cooks' tent. He had all he could do to stand still till the inspection was over and then made a mad dash for the cookhouse for his "grub."

Enormous quantities of food are stored away by the men there; for instance, twenty-four barrels of potatoes are eaten for dinner every day and all other things are in proportion.

The Day's Work

The day begins at six o'clock in the morning when the reveille is sounded. Then there is the daily morning exercise and wash-up, after which breakfast is served. After breakfast the regular work of the day is begun. Some days it is squad drill or rifle drill. Other days it is bayonet instruction or a route march. Then dinner is on at about half-past twelve. After dinner there is a short rest for about an hour when the work is continued. Supper is served at six and then the work of the day is done and the men are free, except those who are left to guard the grounds.

The town presents quite a lively appearance in the evening and one can hardly turn around without seeing three or four or more boys in khaki. Then almost every day there are some men who are allowed to go home for a few days on leave, so a person hardly ever sees the whole battalion.

On Sundays there is church parade in the morning to the different churches in the town. This parade is a fine sight, men reaching for a distance of over half a mile. This nearly fills every church in the place, and of course every person in the town who can at all get out is there to see them go to church.

Need a Band

The great need at present is a band. All that is available at present is a few in a while, and one does not know unless he tries it, how hard it is to keep step on the grass. A statement was made that there were about forty buglers in the camp at present and all that was needed was instruments. Of course instruments are needed but men to play them are also needed, though it is thought that if the instruments were there it would not be long before the men to play them showed up. At present there are about a dozen or so bandmen in the camp and more are needed for it is thought that when a full complement of players is there there will not be so much trouble in getting the instruments. The chief need is for lead instruments, such as cornets and clarinets and baritone, though there is room for accompaniment as well.

The buglers and bandmen were especially complimented by Col. Campbell on the neat appearance of their tents and kits at the inspection on Saturday.

Of course it is not to be expected that all the men have received their full outfit yet, but it is surprising how many have received the most of theirs considering the short time they have been there. The spoke wheels for those who have charge of this department of the work. On Saturday all the men in two of the companies who had not had their full equipment given out to them were marched down to the supply house to get the rest of them.

QUEEN SOPHIE THE MODERN JEZEBEL

Rev. Ralph J. Haughton draws interesting comparison—A Lady Macbeth

"Queen Jezebel and her modern counterpart the Lady Macbeth of the Twentieth Century," was the subject of an address by Rev. Ralph J. Haughton, in the Congregational church Sunday night. He said in part:

"What Lady Macbeth was in the life and career of her husband, that Jezebel was in the life and career of King Ahab. In the life of Jezebel we have the spectacle of a strong, fierce and wicked woman, completely dominating a feeble consort. Queen Jezebel, like Lady Macbeth, presents a serious study in the possibilities of depraved womanhood. It is the story of a paragon woman with a powerful personality whose passionism was destined to curse unborn generations.

"In the history of the nations that is now being written there is another Jezebel who is striving so eagerly, not only to influence the actions of her husband, but to influence and dominate diplomacy, the fortunes and destinies of the people over whom she rules. I mean Queen Sophia of Greece. She does not seek to influence the Greek people for the best interests of Greece just now. She only seeks to dominate the Greek situation for the interest of the arch-murderer of Europe, her brother, Kaiser William. It is said that she has threatened that if Greece casts in her lot with the allies she will leave the throne of Greece never to return.

"If that is the spirit of Queen Sophia, it might be the best thing that could happen for the best interests of the Greek people. She is seeking to use her German influence to dominate the destinies of Greece.

"That Greece will cast in her lot with Bulgaria is unthinkable. Bulgaria and Greece have no ideals in common. Greece is the lover of freedom, humanity and religion. Venezuela, that great patriot, knew well what the German peril and the Bulgarian peril meant to Greece, and I am looking for an uprising of the Greek people in defence of their liberties and humanity and the overthrow of the monarchy with their Hohenzollern ruler. If the latter continues to dominate her husband in favor of the Hohenzollerns and her war-mad brother.

"The day is not far off when Hohenzollern rulers will not be tolerated by any liberty-loving people, and rulers like William of Germany, Ferdinand of Bulgaria, and Queen Sophia will be given to understand by the people themselves that Hohenzollern rule with its parasitism and villany has come to an end. May God hasten that day."

Sunlight Soap

Dainty Garments—Fine Linen—

These are surely worth your best care and the use of nothing but the soap that cannot hurt the finest fabric—

Here's the Sunlight way:

First, soap the garment; then roll it up to soak. After a while, rinse well and the dirt practically drops out. No wearisome scrubbing, no hurtful rubbing—the gentle strength of Sunlight does the work almost without effort and entirely without injury.

Try one cake—you'll find it's kind to the hands, too.

5c. At all grocers

Saturday afternoon there is not as a rule much for the men to do, so the town is literally alive with soldiers, many of them waiting for the trains which are to take them to their homes for a few days. There is not a man there who does not think "there's no place like home," so all of them are anxious to get off for a few days and visit their people.

Three Hundred Tents

There are about three hundred tents in the camp, all in neat rows, like the streets of a city, and indeed the place is little less than a city, for there is everything there that is in a city—a photographer, a general store, several barber and shoe shine shops, and all such things, not forgetting the most important, the canteen, where everything that appeals to the inner man can be obtained.

Below the men's tents, in a separate smaller camp, are the officers' tents, and the hospital tents. Here the big flag poles are placed on the top of the Union Jack, which is run up the first thing every morning and hauled down at sunset every night. In front of the hospital tents, on a shorter pole, but high enough to be seen from any part of the camp, is the flag bearing the Red Cross, and here come all the men who have or think they have anything wrong with them, to be treated. As soon as a man arrives in camp he is taken to these tents and re-examined to make sure that he is all right physically, after which he is taken to the tent that is to be his and given his mattress, rubber sheet and blankets. Then he is put to work at his supper, after which he turns in. The "first post" is sounded at 9.30, the "last post" at ten and "lights out" at 10.15, after which the camp is silent, except for the tread of the sentries.

The weather for the last week or two has been delightful, though a bit chilly in the early morning, but the men will soon be moved to their winter quarters in St. John it is expected. At times there are lively discussions between the New Brunswickers and the Nova Scotians as to which is the better for them to go, St. John or Halifax, for neither will give in that the other place is anything like as good as their own.

Gustave Hartwig, suspected German spy.

Gustave Hartwig, the young German, who was taken into custody on Saturday afternoon, was yesterday morning handed over to a military guard at police headquarters and after being handcuffed the escort took him on the Atlantic express bound for the internment camp at Amherst, N. S., where he will be closely guarded and no chances will be given him to again escape. When being taken away from headquarters Hartwig did not have anything to say but took his capture as a matter of course.

A resident of Campobello Island, who read the account of Hartwig's escape from Halifax in yesterday's Standard, and also the description of the man, said that he tallied greatly with a young man who was about Campobello Island for some days recently. It is believed that the man who was representing himself to be a salesman was Hartwig. He was making a house to house canvass selling rollers for a kitchen table, and it was a wonder to the residents that he was able to make a living as his sales were not many. The young man spoke with a German accent and one day recently a woman on whom he had called to try and sell the kitchen utensil, inquired if he was not a German. The man replied that he was not and then asked "What would the people do to me here if they thought I was a German?" The woman replied that if the men on the Island had good reasons to believe that he was a German they would not hesitate in tying him to a tree and shooting him. The man did not remain any longer but hastened to the hotel where he paid his bill, took his grip and made a quick departure.

Saturday afternoon when Hartwig was taken into custody he gave a false name and claimed that he was a resident of Eastport, Maine.

Owing to the charts and the notes of soundings along the coast that Hartwig had in his possession when arrested, it is believed he has been prowling along the Canadian coast for some time past making plans and taking notes of the harbors and coves, along with the depth of water, and the distances from place to place. This information would prove valuable in case submarines of the German navy should happen to pay a visit to this section.

There are at present in the city in the vicinity of two hundred Austrians who are employed here, and the majority cannot speak the English language. They report at police headquarters on the 15th and 20th of every month.

OBITUARY.

Charles G. Brown.

The death took place at the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, on Monday, of Charles G. Brown, one of the best known St. John commercial travellers. He was the Maritime and Newfoundland representative of the Watson, Foster Paper Co. of Montreal. Some weeks ago he went to Montreal for treatment and later was advised to enter the hospital and undergo an operation, which was performed on Thursday, but he did not recover and died yesterday.

He was a son of the late Silas Brown, a well known St. John contractor, and D. J. Brown of Maculvey Brook is a brother.

He was a man of sterling character, resided in Carleton and was much respected by everyone who knew him. Besides his wife, who was formerly Miss Alice Brittain, he leaves three daughters, Mrs. D. A. F. Boyle, Montreal, and Misses Edna and Grace at home; and five sons, Walter of the New Zealand Shipping Co., Montreal;

HARTWIG WAS BELIEVED TO BE DANGEROUS

German arrested here was taken to Amherst for safe keeping.

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THEY SAID CHILD COULD NOT LIVE

Mother tells how Zam-Buk worked almost a Miracle.

"I wish to let you know of a wonderful instance of the healing power of Zam-Buk," writes Mrs. A. Bruhm, of West Northfield, N. S. "While my little daughter was playing around a bonfire, her clothes caught fire, and she was so badly burned that those who saw her said she could not live. We knew how fine Zam-Buk is, and at once secured a big supply and swathed the child in bandages covered with Zam-Buk. The soothing effect of the balm was soon apparent, and the awful pain was greatly reduced. This treatment was continued, and in few days the child was on the way to recovery. Naturally, we kept on using Zam-Buk until the pain was finally banished. Healing went on rapidly, and at last my child was quite restored to health.

"After this experience you may rest assured that our home will never be without Zam-Buk, and I would most heartily recommend other mothers to keep it handy at all times."

Is there no child, no adult, in your circle who would benefit from Zam-Buk? Remember the balm is a sure cure for eczema, ulcers, abscesses, ringworm, babies' rashes, inflamed sores, old wounds, etc., as well as for cuts, burns and scalds. Zam-Buk may be had from all druggists and stores for only 50c. box, or direct from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price. Zam-Buk is so good that it has been imitated, and more or less harmful imitations are on the market; so be sure to see the name "Zam-Buk" (protected by law) on the box before parting with your money.

HAVE SHORT FLAKY PASTRY

If you want to make tempting, delicious, pastries that will fairly melt in your mouth, you won't go wrong (and can't do better) than by using

LA TOUR FLOUR

which is milled from the choicest selected western hard wheat, and represents the highest attainable standard of excellence. Try it for bread and biscuits. You'll be surprised and delighted. Tell Your Grocer You Want La Tour Flour

Painless Dentistry:

extract teeth free of pain. Only 25c.

We do all kind of dentistry. Mail and see us. No charge for consultation.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS
627 Main St.—245 Union St.
Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor.
Tel. Main 622.
Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.

BEWARE

Don't feed your horses new hay for a month yet, or until the new crop is well seasoned.

We have lots of good old hay on hand.

Please give us a call.

A. C. SMITH & CO.
Union Street - West St. John
Telephones—W-7 and W-81.

Percy, of the Corona Co., Ltd.; Murra and Foster, in Montreal, and Edwin and William at home. The funeral will be on Wednesday afternoon from his late residence, 62 Ludlow street.

Damage Slight.

A fire alarm was sounded at eight o'clock yesterday morning from box 144 for a fire in a house occupied by Joseph McHugh, Harrison street. The North End apparatus responded. The damage done was slight.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

NO ALUM
READ THE LABEL

Guaranteed to be the purest and best baking powder that is possible to produce.

MADE IN CANADA
NEW BRUNSWICK CO. LIMITED