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MIC OPERAS.

the sale of ad-Theatre, London, we years exceed money has been public for the operas of Gilbert not include prob-hat has been ex-ime for a similar emainder of Eng-ne United States opera nights—the d a stage-

cellency." "The Chieftain. Al-promised to be afore" or "The few weeks. For ple did not like famous pair or greatest failure RDTACK. ourg, doing siege 1864, the men had ed out to them. cuits and finding would throw the

although the or-renches clean. A day, seeing some t sharply to the men promptly i: "Don't you business to throw s?" Out from the ere came the rea"We've thrown it sir. but it crawls

FACTS.

acks believe that by an unearthly can ascend the e now in use. It reign of Trajan, the oldest slee

THE YEAR." ear!" that's easy hood" contains the can't fill up the s the old almanac. RESSURE.

d now, Foozer?" to die to-night my me to come down ork until the hour

rittingly married a
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o settle the matter
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see: One of the
and t'other eighty"Lord, it can't last
bother the laws."



RE all the troubles inci-the system, such as ness, Distress after b. While their most in shown in curing

ttle Liver Pills are tion, curing and pre-laint, while they also Even if they only

riceless to those who implaint; butfortuafter all sick head 384

that here is where ur pills cure it while are very small and re very small and to pills make a dose, and do not gripe of tion please all who is; five for \$1. Sold sent by mail.

O. New York

Small Price

WILL BE A LONG FIGHT

Agti-Expansionists in America Are Blamed for the Present Critical Situation in the Philippines.

The Forces of General Otis Are Not Considered Strong Enough to Cope With Aguinaldo's Troops.

London, Jan. 27.—The papers here are impressed by the gravity of the situa-tion in the Philippines. They fear that the defiant attitude of the Filipinos reners war probable, if not imminent. The Times advises the United States be prepared for a serious struggle. The Standard says that the proclamaion of a republic by the Malolas govrnment is a gage which the United

ermination to succeed.

The Daily News is convinced that whatever happens the task of pacification must be a long one.

The Chronicle ridicules the new republic, which, it says, if it is allowed to run, will endure for about a month. The paper blames the United States for allowing the movement to gain such headpaper blames the United States for allowing the movement to gain such headway. It ascribes the growth of the movement to politics in the United States, which it deplores.

Senator Platt Favors the Treaty. Washington, Jan. 27.—Senator Thos. Platt, of New Work, made a speech in Senate to-day favoring the ratificaof the Spanish-American treaty. He said in part: The disorder now existing in the Philippine Islands, to which sen-ators who are opposing the treaty may well afford to consider how far they are atributing, and the unwillingness of armed natives to accept American authority, does not constitute in my mind the slightest ground on which to base a vote against the Paris agreement. On the contrary, it affords a new reason your action should be more prompt and unanimous. No senator has the hardihood to suggest that we shall now return these islands to the Spanish government, and any other disposition of them than that is inconsistent with a ote to confirm the treaty. Imputations have been made here upon the purpose of those who advocate the assumption by the United States of Philippine sovereignty which can scarcely be genuine. No senator can suppose that genuine. No senator can suppose that there exists an American statesman who approaches the consideration of the lippine problem with any other than the most benevolent intention concerning the Filipinos and their future. There are reasons why the natives of these islands, after their experience with Spanish misrule, should misunderstand the presence at Manila of an American presence at Manila of an American army, but there is no reason why American senators should misunderstand it, and no justification for their course of misrepresenting it. They know that there is no American in all this broad land who wishes any other fate to any single native of the Philippine Islands than his free enjoyment of a prosperous life. The Filipinos may not know these things yet, but every American senator knows them and puts himself and his

rescue them from native tyrants. Otis Can Still Hold His Own. Washington, Jan. 27.-The situation t Manila is regarded as critical of ourse, but the officials here see no reaon why they cannot command it for a time at least. General Otis reported yesterday that he could hold out, beyond doubt, until reinforcements arrived.

country in a false position when attri-

buting the spirit of conquest and aggression to those whose policy has rescued the Filipinos from Spain, and would

"MILES CRUCIFIED ME!"

Washington, Jan. 27. - Among the witnesses called in the Egan court-martial proceedings to-day was Mrs. Dr. Hopkins, f New York, General Egan's daughter. She said her father came home one after She said her father came home one afterpoon, and, standing in the doorway with
a paper in his hand, exclaimed: "General
Miles has crucified me." She could never
ferget that scene, and said that since that
time her father had been a greatly changed
nan. He could think of nothing else nor
alk of anything else than that General
Miles had ruined him. He was from that
time in an alarming condition. The witness spoke with much feeling in regard to
her father's altered state, and received the
elessest attention of the court. ather's altered state, and received the
st attention of the court.
Worthington, at this point, read
ra! Egan's millitary record from the
register, and also read an interview
General Miles printed in a New
paper soon after he had made his ement before the war commission, at conclusion of which the defence closed

the conclusion of which the defence closed its case.

At 11 o'clock a short recess was taken. On resuming, Mr. Worthington, for the accused, said by the law of this country General Egan could not be held to account for what he had said before the commission. He quoted high authority to show that the words spoken had been pertinent and material.

Judge Advocate Davis said if General Egan thought himself aggrieved he had the right to demand a court of inquiry, and also the undoubted remedy of a resort to civil and criminal law. He had ignored these remedies and deliberately prepared a statement grossly insulting and an undoubted infraction of army regulations as charged.

the case closed and ordered the room to e vacated by all except members of the curt. A NEW POST.

harged. At 1:30 o'clock General Merritt declared

Lieutenant Lee Will Be Appointed Military Attache at British Embassy. Attache at British Emoissy.

New York, Jan. 27.—A dispatch to the Fimes from London says: The British Everament has decided to create the post of British military attache to the embassy of Washington. Of course, the United states government will be previously asked whether such a step will be agreeable to the first British military attache will be captain Lee, Royal Artillery, who was or nearly sidve years professor of military apportantly at the Royal Military College. Education Ontario, and who accompanied dingston. Ontario, and who accompanied the American forces throughout the Cuban and Porto Rico campaigns as military at such and whose article on the American exulars in a recent magazine attracted unch attention. He will be raised to the

nk of lieutenant-colonel in his new post. THE KAISER'S BIRTHDAY. Berlin, Jan. 27.—The Emperor William his morning received the birthday constitutations of his family and household, and after a special service in the chapel the castle he held a recention in the

after a special service in the chapter the castle, he held a reception in the ite Hall. He was born in Berlin on lary 27th, 1859.

**Gore the services His Majesty received German sovereigns and princes who arrived in Berlin for the occasion and other princes and princesses of the fornity. After the reception the company of the company family. After the reception the em-

THEFT OF BLANKETS.

Craigie Gets Three Years and Nash and Brown Eighteen Months Each.

In the speedy trial court, before Mr. Justice Drake, David Craigie, — Nash and — Brown were charged with stealing blankets valued at \$60 from the schooner Casco. A charge of receiving stolen goods, knowing them to have been stolen, was brought against them. Mr. Frank Higgins appeared to prosecute. The pris-

oners pleaded not guilty.

Thos. Hickey said he was employed on the schooner Casco as clerk. He missed the goods on the 16th. He could not identify the blankets produced, but could four towels, which belonged to the J. Soforace said Craigie came to him

blankets produced as those purchased. He had seen the other two prisoners with Craigie. He gave the blankets to a policeman who called on him.
Constable Walker said he had known
Craigie for nine years and the others for
a 'ew months. When he made a search ernment is a gage which the United States will refuse to take up. The situation justifies great anxiety, as General Otis's force would not be equal to the demands if operations began in earnest. The Standard believes the Americans will face the Philippines difficulties with something less than the first flush of enthusiasm, but with a determination to succeed.

all right. Sergt. Walker said he arrested Nash, and he corroborated McDonald's evi-

dence.
Craigie said that between the 1st and 16th of December he became acquainted with the other two prisoners. Brown said he had no place to go and he let him stay at his cabin. Nash also came, accompanied by a boy, and asked if they could stay there. The boy said he had beds and blankets which he bought to go to Klondike and asked them to go and get them. He and Thomas went across in a boat and met Nash and the boy with the blankets. They brought them to the cabin and the boy suggested sell-

ing them. He did so.

A long list of prior convictions against the prisoner Craigie was read, showing e had served six years for larceny, robery and housebreaking.
His lordship said he had no doubt the prisoners were guilty of the offence with which they were charged. He would sentence Craigle to three years in the penitentiary and the other two to eighteen months' hard labor in the common

SEEK AMENDMENTS TO THE ACT The School Board and City Council Agree Upon Changes to the Present Law.

A joint conference of the City Council and the Public School Board was held this morning in the committee room of the City Hall for the purpose of deciding upon what amendments the two bodies shall seek from the Legislature bodies shall seek from the Legislature in order to remove the unfortunate misunderstanding between the two bodies in regard to the interpretation they put on those sections of the Municipal Act deal-

those sections of the Municipal Act dealing with the public schools.

The result of the discussion was that both bodies will seek from the Legislature amendments to section 138 of the Municipal Act. Generally speaking this section will be sought to be amended to give the Council power to raise at the discretion of the school trustees a rate not exceeding three mills on the dollar for school purposes, and unexpended balance of any such rate to be used in poses of either ordinary or extraordinary expenditures for the current year or for any subsequent year or years. The school trustees to have no power to exceed n their total expenditure in any one year the amount to be realized by any one rate and the per capita grant, together with any surplus on hand, and the school

act to be amended accordingly.

It was arranged that after the proosed amendments had been General Egan's Daughter Asserts that General Miles Ruined Her Father.

General Miles Ruined Her Father.

> others, however, thought even partial reform ought to be obtained if there was a possibility to do so. Speaking of the probable attitude of the government, Mr. Belyea said that he knew the minister of education was very much dis-satisfied with the law as it now stands and that it was probable that it would
>
> A Juneau correspondent says: Frank Gray, representing Victoria and Van-couver parties, who built steamers for He also remarked that within five years is here, and about to take a trip up the the city must be prepared to expend \$50,000 or \$75,000 in new school buildings, as within that time they would have to erect buildings at Victoria West and at Spring Ridge and a new High

It is likely, further, that as a result the conference this morning the Counil and board will petition the Telephone company to give them telephones at a Company to give them telephones at a reduced rate. At present the two bodies pay over \$1,000 a year for instruments, which are only used during a few hours in the middle of the day.

Ald. Williams also brought up the question of a currew by-law, and asked f some mutual arrangement could not be arrived at between the two boards to overcome the present evil of children running about the streets late at night.

Those present, however, disagreed as to the, efficacy of a curfew law, and the matter dropped.

The School Board members then withdrew and the Council passed to the consideration of other amendments which they will seek from the Legislature,

not the man to see any one suffer. The Along the Waterfront.

| Along the Waterfront | not the man to see any one suffer. The council will at once institute a systematic relief system, and as its own officers will do the work, the fund will be relieved of the drain caused by rent of premises,

were Allan Cameron, district treight agent for the Canadian Pacific; Frank Weston, travelling auditor of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson agent freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson agent freight agent of the Canadian Pacific; James Anderson agent freight agent fr ing freight agent of the Caiadian Pacific; F. M. Studley, for the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and Anthony T. Pritchard, for the Northern Pacific Steamship Company. The agents will not say as yet what was accomplished, but it is on Monday and asked him to buy three pairs of blankets. He said he was go-ing to work and the company supplied as yet what was accomplished, but it is generally conceded that an arrangement has been made to enforce the rate of \$51 on the Asiatic passengers. This is understood to be the ostens ble standard, hut has not been observed by any of the said, there has been a tacit agreement that \$35 was enough to charge the Orientals, whether bound to or from the Orient, and regardless of whether their starting point was in China, Japan, United States or British Columbia. The rates on flour across the Pacific have een so low that the steamer lines have of late found it necessary to advance them a dollar a ton.

Shipping men and the masters of coasters look with favor and fond expectation upon the measure which was introduced yesterday at washington which means that a stop is to be officially put to the unprofitable and dangerous practice of attempting the tow-age of large lumber rafts along the coast. As everyone knows, there has coast. As everyone knows, there has never been a successful trip acompilished with these cumbersome cigar-shaped affairs, and the trouble does not lie entirely in the loss which falls on the owners thereof, but in the danger that the floating sections give to vessels comthe floating sections give to vessels coming and going along the coast. To run into one of these menaces at night would mean almost certain destruction to any wooden vessel, and without doubt wreak sad havoc on most any craft that was so unfortunate as to come in contact with it. The new measure provides a penalty for willful obstruction of all waterways with rafts and other flotsam. Everyone hopes that the measure will be passed imnediately and become a law for early enforcement.

News is brought from Circle City by late arrivals of the towing of the steamer Robert Kerr from a point in the river, where destruction was certain, to a blind slough, where she is perfectly safe. When the river froze the Kerr was high and dry aground on a sand bar. She was in the middle of the was high and dry aground on a sand bar. She was in the middle of the river, and no power on earth could have saved her from destruction had she remained there until the ice broke in the spring. Her crew took out parts of her machinery, all of the supplies and other valuables, and cached them on the bank. Her big cargo, consigned for Dawson, was also taken out. This had hardly been completed when an ice jam formed just below the steamer. It backed up the water and unexpectedly the Kerr floated off. Her engines were dead and the crew could do nothing for her. Fortunately the current floated her into the blind slough and left her within a few feet of the place where they would have put her had they been able.

Within the next two weeks three river steamers constructed on the plan of Missouri river craft will be taken in sections from the Sound to Lake Bennet, where they will be put together ready for service when navigation on

net, where they will be put together ready for service when navigation on the upper Yukon opens. The steamers will draw twelve inches light and three and a half feet when loaded. The capacity of each will be 400 passengers and 200 freight. The boats will be put and 200 freight. The boats will be put together at Bennett, and ready for ser-vice as soon as navigation opens, about May 15. One will run between Bennett and Taku City, connecting directly with Atlin City; another will ply between Bennett and White Horse, and the other between White Horse and the other between White Dawson. To get the boats from the end of the White Pass railway to the lakes and put them together, twelve carpenters, thirty laborers and teamsters, sixteen horses and ten large sleds will be taken up.

Twenty per cent, re-insurance is quotposed amendments had been formally passed by the board and the Council on Monday, a conference should be arranged as soon as possible with the Attorney-General, who is acting as minister of education. It is likely that the British four-masted bark Laurelbank, Captain Lindsay, from Shanghai, August ister of education. It is likely that the two boards will wait on him next Tuesday.

During the course of the discussion Mr. Belves observed that the only objection 28 in latitude 34 north, latitude 143.30 During the course of the discussion Mr. Belyea observed that the only objection to the flegislation sought was that it did not go far enough. Mr. McCandless and others, however, thought even partial reform ought to be obtained if there was a possibility to do so. Speaking of the probable attitude of the government,

e radically reformed before next year. the Stikine river, which were never used, Taku with a view to putting the stern-wheelers on that river in connection with the Taku trail from Juneau. This trail West Will probably become popular before the High Season is over. It is no longer than the White Pass trail from Skagway, is easy traveNing and there is no summit to cross. There is already considerable travel over it to the Atlin country.

A contract has been let to Moran A contract has been let to Moran Pros., of Seattle, to build one of the three new tugs the Puget Tugboat Company has decided to add to its fleet. The craf: will be entirely of steel. It is said she will be one of the finest afloat and will be 128 feet, beam 25 feet and depth 15 feet. The tug will be ready for the trial July 1, and it is expected she will prove the flagship of the fleet.

When the work being done on her is place the steamer Joan on the Nanaimo-Vancouver run, and the latter vessel will come here to go on the ways. The City of Nanaimo will be overhauled after the

The companies owning the various Oriental liners at a meeting held at Tacoma made arrangements to raise their rates on Chinese and Lenguez passents. gers and on flour. Those in attendance were Allan Cameron, district ireight agent for the Canadian Pacific.

For instance, take the statement that families were in absolute want. Only a few families—not a dozen in all—had been reduced to a state of "absolute want" by the fire of September 10, over four months ago. If any of that dozen were still in a condition senerally conceded that an arrangement has been made to enforce the rate of \$51 on the Asiatic passengers. This is understood to be the ostens ble standard, but has not been observed by any of the lines of the north. In other words, it is said, there has been a tacit agreement said, there has been a tacit agreement the said of the relief committee, which had been at work all that time and had distributed \$30,000?

Mr. Brown has handed the Times the following talegram from New Meeting. following telegram from New Westmin-

ster:
"Mayor reported to the council last night he had been advised by Mr. Bod-well that the citizens' relief committee had no legal status and council was responsible, and asked council to advise him. Motion passed requesting mayor to take no action in matter of relief moneys until fully satisfied that action taken would in no manner jeopardize the city's interests."

ABOUT ALBERNI. What Is Transpiring Around and About the West Coast Town.

(From a Times Correspondent.) Alberni, Jan. 26. — The eighth annual bachelors' ball passed off to night with flying colors. It was held in the hall, and nying colors. It was held in the hall, and was in every way a great success. There were 107 people present, but although the bachelors naturally predominate in Alberni, there were not many more gentlement than ladies at the ball.

The reigning feature in Alberni at present is football. The club, which has not been formed over a month, is very sangulary, and intend to wipe the Victoria team off on the 18th or 25th of next month, and on the way back to Alberni to pass through Nanalmo and also do up the Hornets. They intend to take about 20 men, to be on the safe side, as they don't reckon to have more thon five killed. The captain had a knock-out last Saturday, being struck on the temple by a portion of the anatomy of one of the club, but, with the exception of deafness in one ear, he is none the worse.

I think the petition against the return of Mr. Neill won't go any further than it is at present. Wikinson, the petitioner, was not in the settlement the necessary two months before election. If it does come to anything I think Alberni has clearly shown it will have Neill or nothing. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes and Miss Pyle have returned from Victoria.

Hayes's Camp still sends up the best of reports.

Mrs. Watson, the wife of Dr. Watson. was in every way a great success. There

FANCIES OF ROYAL FOLK.

The Prince of Wales is very often plain on hesitate to ask and daughters" is the entry made by the Princes of Wales is very often plain of hesitate to ask and aughters" is the entry made by the Princes of Wales is very often plain of hesitate to ask and aughters" is the entry made by the Princes of Wales is very often plain of hesitate to ask and aughters" is the entry made by the Princes of Wales is very often plain of hesitate to ask and once the plain of hesitate to ask and once the prince of Wales is very often plain of hesitate to ask and once the plain of hesitate to ask and once the prince of Wales is very often plain on hesitate to ask and once the plain of hesitate to ask and once the prince of Wales is very often plain as more to learn some trade. He has even when shows of his own make, King Humbert of Italy is also a royal cobbler.

Princes Victoria of Wales is very often plain as missing Mills, and once upon a time part of the prince of wales is very often plain as made of the prince of wales is very often plain as missing Mills, and once upon a time part of the prince of wales is very often plain as missing Mills, and once upon a time part of the prince of wales is very often plain. The Emperor of Germany never adopts an incognition to the chapter.

AMERICAN HORSES FOR ENGLAND.

The AMERICAN HORSES FOR ENGLAND.

To bould Hulled Boats Barred.

New York, Jan. 23.—Mr. J. Hyslop, the measurer of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian and watch to the sawarenee Yacht Club and Montreal, where the went to make an agreement with the canadians to build a chapter of the possessor of the chapter of the condition of the samadians that the members of hard the command of the went to make an agreement with the chapter of the condition of the went to make an agreement with the chapter of the went to make an agreement with the chapter of the went to make an agreement with the chapter of the went to make an agreement with the chapter of the went to make an agreement with the chapter of the went to make an agreement with the chap

AMERICAN HORSES FOR ENGLAND. AMERICAN HORSES FOR ENGLAND.

Chicago, Ills., Jan. 27.—The Record says: Chicago will supply Europe with 1,000 coach and 'bus horses. They are coming from different parts of Illinois and Iowa, and will be shipped at the rate of 200 a week. The first consignment will leave to-day for London and Liverpool. A few years ago a Chicago dealer sent over a ship load of horses and offered them on the English market. At first he could not induce the auctioneers to allow them to be brought into the partilion, where the sales were to take place. At last the horses were placed on sale. "They won in a walk," is the way the cabiegram read that was sent back to America. Since that time orders for American horses have been gradually on the increase.

CAUTION TO MIDDLE-AGED CYCLISTS Middle-aged folk who take up bicycling are thus cautioned by the British Medical Journal: Any form of exercise or sport which makes serious demands on the atsideration of other amendments which they will seek from the Legislature, more directly relating to civic administration.

A RELIEF MEASURE.

An act was introduced by Hon. F. Carter-Cotton, Finance Minister, at the session of the Provincial Assembly this afternoon for the further relief of the distinction of the Provincial Assembly this afternoon for the further relief of the distinction of the Provincial Assembly this afternoon for the further relief of the distinction of the Provincial Assembly this afternoon for the further relief of the dentures for a sum not exceeding three-fifths of the amount of interest with shall accrue on the existing city debentures amounting to \$958,000. It also provides for the issue of temporary debentures amounting to \$958,000. With information of the Provincial Assembly this afternoon for the further relief of the ost.

I also provides for the issue of temporary debentures amounting to \$958,000. It also provides for the issue of temporary debentures amounting to \$958,000. It also provides for the issue of temporary debentures not exceeding \$200,000, with information or the inhabitants therefore the contributed for the relief of the or provide of the contributed for the relief of the or provide of the contributed for the relief of the contributed tention, on quickness of eye and hand, and on endurance, ought to be taken up by

Sporting Intelligence.

RUGBY FOOTBALL. Wales Defeats England.

Wales Defeats England.

The prestige of English Rugly football received a severe blow at Swansea on January 7th. In recent years English teams have sustained defeats, and have more than once had their forwards utterly routed by the Irish scrummagers. but they have never before been so completely nonplussed and outplayed. Always enthusiastic about their own men, the Welsh folk were unusually sanguine as to the outcome of the encounter, but the result—a win for the principality by four goals and two tries to a try—came as a great surpr'se even to them. The Welshmen are undoubtedly fortunate in so readily finding in Nicholls a successor to Arthur Gould, whose retirement threatened to create a great void in Welsh football. Nicholls has at once stepped into the position held by his famous predecessor as the finest Welsh three-quarter; indeed, many people hold the opinion that he is a greater player than Gould. That, however, today Gwyn Nicholls is the best three-quarter in the four kingdoms is an assertion that will hardly be questioned. In the early stages of the game, when the Welsh backs were a little shaky, he was as steady as a rock, extricating his colleagues from muddles and kicking with fine effect. Afterwards, when his side settled down to their winning game, he performed just as brilliantly in attack as he had previously done in defence. The match was a triumph—the greatest that has ever been achieved—for the Welsh four three-quarter system. Never before in an international contest has it been worked to such complete advantage.

ATHILETICS. A Very Respectable Feat.

A very Respectable Feat.

A sporting event, in which members of the Stock Exchange were chiefly concerned, took place a few days ago, and resulted in a splendid achievement on the part of George Nichols, who had undertaken to walk from the Marble Arch, London, to Oxford, a distance of 54 miles, inside 12 hours. The start was fixed for 6 a.m., but more wretched conditions could scarcely have prevailed. Nichols, who was accompanied by Messrs. William Nichols, Cyril Nichols, and G. Lacy Hillier, together with Harry Andrews, his trainer, encountered a cold head wind. Rain fell to add to the discomfiture of the party, and the roads were in a very muddy state. Walking to a schedule, the first ten miles were covered in 1 hour 56 min.; twenty miles occupied 3 hours 55 min. 36 sec.; thirty miles were occupied in 6 hours 5 min. 15 sec.; forty in 8 hours 28 min. 15 sec.; and the journey completed in 11 hours 33 min. 5 sec., a really good performance.

Nana'mo's Champion Downed.

Dan McLeod was thrown twice in less than five minutes last night at his favorite style of wrestling, catch-as-catch-can, at the opening tournament of the St. Faul Athletic Club, and in tartes in limite bout he scored but one fallist st. I have been to be the control of the St. Faul Athletic Club, and in the fatters in limite bout he scored but one fallist st. I have been to be the control of the st. Faul Athletic Club, and in the fatters in limite bout he scored but one fallist st. I have been to be strained to the utmost in a futile effort to resist the half Nelson that young the store of the st. I have been to be strained to the utmost in a futile effort to resist the half Nelson that young the fort or sets the half Nelson that yo WRESTLING. Nana!mo's Champion Downed.

Wants the Fight at Syracuse.

Syracuse, N.Y., Jan. 27. — The Monarch
Athletic Club of this city offered a purse
of \$3,000 for a 25-round bout between
Tommy Ryan and the "Myster'ous Billy
Smith." As this is \$500 more than is offered by the Lennox Athletic Association. of
New York, it is probable the fight will be
pulled off here.

To right's Event.

To right's Event.

The entertainment arranged as a benefit to "Denver Ed" Smith is to take place in the A.O.U.W. Hall this evening, and not at the Colonist hotel, as announced. "Jack" Hayes will perform the duties of master of ceremonies and will referee the hout between "Denver Ed." and Patsy Cardiff. The programme includes a great many events which will likely prove interesting, and "Denver Ed." and his friends have done everything possible to ensure the comfort of those who attend.

HIGH LIGHTS. Never explain; any blunder worth the name explains itself.
Cheerful looks can't crown a feast unless the coffee is all right.
A flatterer is considered an enemy when he gets tired and quits.
A pa'nless photographer is more needed than a painless dentist.
Many a sealstin coat is a s'gn that the wearer has seen better days.
A man never rets so desperate that he doesn't care how cough medicine tastes.
To have what we want is riches; to have what other men want is power. To have what we want is riches; to have what other men want is power.

Nobody has ever discovered what pall-bearers at a funeral think about.

The average woman burns coal as if she were in business with the coal dealer.

There never was a man in the world as great as a small boy thinks his Uncle Dick is. The boy who can't get a nickel from his ather can always coax one out of his

AGAINST ROBERTS.

Topeka, Kas., Jan. 27.—A resolution urg-g the national house of representatives at to permit Brigham H. Roberts, the tah Polygamist, to take his seat in that dy, was adopted by the lower house of ansas legislature yesterday by a vote of to 62. The discussion on the measure as hot and furious.

STORM ON ENGLISH COAST. Margate, Eng., Jan. 26.—A large ship is ashore on Long Sand, and is apparently sinking. The lifeboat has gone to her assistance. A heavy sea is running.

EMERSON, MAN.

Mrs. Henry Fox, a Well Known Lady, Tells a Remarkable Story.

She Suffered a Number of Years With Weakness and Fluttering of the Heart.

Praises Milbarn's Heart and Nerve Pills for Curing.

The praises of Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are being sounded all through the West by the great army of people who have been cured of some

heart or nerve trouble by their use. That such a remedy was greatly needed is amply proven by the large number of deaths recorded in the papers from day to day, due to heart failure, and the many business and professional men, as well as those in other walks of life who have been obliged to abandon their work on account of the breaking down of the nervous system.

Since Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have been introduced they have saved many a life and brought back health and

strength of mind and body to those who The case of Mrs. Henry Fox, of Emerson, Man., given below, is another in-stance of the remarkable restorative powers of these pills. This is her state-

"For a number of years I have been greatly troubled with my heart. It was very weak and at times the fluttering was very distressing and caused me great anxiety. I started using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and, praise God, they have cured me. I wish I had known they have cured me. I wish I had known they have cured me. I wish I had known they have cured me. of them years ago, as they would have

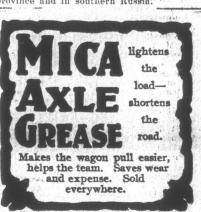
saved me so much suffering. I never fail to praise the pills to my neighbors for the good they have done me."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are the most effectual remedy known for the cure of palpitation, skip beats, faint and dizzy spells, nervousness, sleeplessness, impaired memory, anaemia, spinal weak-

also been found in the same locality. In the far future these masses of drift wood may also become coal. The geologist of that day, if educated in the traditions of the present, might infer a temperate climate for these bleak regions in order to account for the accumulation of so much vegetable matter. To explain the occurrence of the seed of a tropical plant he would doubtless bring the tropics to the latitude of Spitzbergen. In this country Entada scandens, another tropical plant, is carried to our shores by the gulf stream. So frequent is this giant bean cast ashore in various parts that it is known as the "sea bean." It has been cast ashore in various parts that it is known as the "sea bean." It has been raised in Kew Gardens from seeds picked up on the Azores. And in the Hebrides a seed of the tropical Ipomea tuberosa, probably from the West Indies, was found. Only one case is recorded, but since in Long Island they have a Gaelic name for it meaning "Mary's Bean," It must occur there not infrequently. Many, other interesting drift fruits are known. Thus "sea apples" or "sea cocoanuts" are contineresting drift fruits are known, and other places. They have been identified the interesting drift fruits are some identified and other places. They have been identified the interesting drift fruits are some of South America.—Gentleman's Magazine.

AMERICAN GOODS IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27. — The United States consul-general here. Mr. F. B. Holloway, announces the establ'stanent of trade (gencies and permanent exhibitions of ramples of American goods in the Baltic province and in without Province and in province and in southern Russia.



NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at the next session thereof, by the British Columbia-Yukon Railway Company, for an act amending the "British Columbia-Yukon Railway Act, 1897," so as to confer power on the said company to lay out conon the said company to lay out, con-struct, acquire, equip, maintain and oper-ate a branch line of railway with one or struct, acquire, equip, maintain and operate a branch line of railway with one or more tracks of a standard or narrow gauge from a point on the main line of the British Columbia to the Taku Arm of Tagish Lake in British Columbia, and thence by the most feasible route to Atlin City, together with all the powers in regard to the said branch line which are granted to the said company by the said act in respect of their main line for the construction and use of telegraph and telephone lines, steamers and ferries on inland and coast waters, docks, depots, and other necessary works, and all other powers therein set forth, and with power to construct trails and wagon roads along and in connection with the said branch line and to levy and collect tolls from all parties using and on all freight passing over the same, and fer all other necessary or incidental rights, powers and privileges in that behalf.

Luted at Victoria, B.C., th's 23rd day of November, A.D. 1898.

ROBERT CASSIDY.

Sclicitor for the British ('o'nmbia-Yukon-Railway Company, the applicants.