

CANADA'S SHARE IN EVANGELIZING WORLD

National Campaign in Interests of United Missionary Effort Opened in City Yesterday-- Noted Speakers Here

(From Monday's Daily.)

The local campaign in connection with the Laymen's Missionary Movement opened in this city yesterday. The movement was fully explained in the afternoon at a mass meeting held in the New Grand theatre, when N. W. Rowell, K. C., of Toronto, a prominent figure not only in church circles but also in affairs of state, addressed a large gathering. The speaker showed a thorough mastery of the subject and his words carried conviction to the hearers. The object in view is to awaken an interest in missionary work among the men of the Dominion so that each denomination may be able to push the work of evangelization as never before. The movement aims at the spreading of the gospel to foreign lands in common with a grand movement among all Anglo-Saxon speaking people. In this way it is hoped that the gospel may be carried to any part of the world, native teachers working under the guiding eye of Anglo-Saxon missionaries.

The scheme is truly a gigantic one and in order to enlist all parts a series of conferences are being held at different points extending from Halifax to the Pacific. Workers who are enthusiastic in the movement are now here and will confer with the church workers in Victoria for several days, after which Vancouver will be visited and the campaign carried on there. Among those taking an active part in the movement are some of the most influential men in Canada and the rank and file of the different churches are falling in with the project. It was explained yesterday that no attempt is made at the time of the meetings to raise missionary money. The visiting laymen from the East are paying their own expenses. The conferences are held for the purpose of educating along the lines laid down. After that there is expected to be an increased contribution to the missionary funds of the different denominations so that the work in the foreign field may be carried out as designed.

To-day the work of the conference is beginning in earnest in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. At the mass meeting will be held to which all are invited.

To-morrow the conferences will be continued and a banquet will be held in the evening. Wednesday will be closing day with a grand rally in the evening.

Yesterday afternoon Capt. D. McIntosh, chairman of the local committee, presided at the mass meeting in the New Grand.

N. W. Rowell.

The address of the afternoon was that of Mr. Rowell, but he was ably backed up by Hon. W. H. Quinsin, minister of public works, Alberta.

Mr. Rowell, in opening, recalled the fact that eighteen years ago he had visited Victoria. He was glad to re-visit. When he witnessed the growth that had taken place in eighteen years he would be able to deny the report sometimes heard in the East that Victoria was somewhat slow.

Referring to the movement, he said the proposition was "Would Canada take her share in evangelizing the world." Never before had such a national movement taken place.

An analysis showed that 35 per cent of the missionary work in the world was done by the Anglo-Saxon people. Of the \$22,500,000 given to Protestant missions Great Britain contributed about \$18,000,000. The remainder roughly speaking came from Canada and the United States. While on this side of the Atlantic the wealth possessed by the individual probably doubled that in Britain, yet the giving to the missionary cause was much lower, per capita. To evangelize the world meant the sending of the gospel to 400,000,000. Of this number between five hundred and six hundred millions would fall to the United States and Canada. Of this Canada's allotment would be about 40,000,000. The work of evangelizing 40,000,000 in addition to ministering to those in the land seemed a great undertaking. The work could never be done by sending sufficient foreign missionaries to do it. A native missionary church must be built up about the leaders sent out.

Work Planned.

To carry out the work planned meant sending 1,500 missionaries out. At present the Protestant churches and independent workers had 300 missionaries in the field and the contributions were about \$600,000 a year. Now about a cent a week per capita was given for foreign missions. It would require about 10 cents a week to do the work effectively.

The question might be asked, Was Canada able to undertake this and do her home missionary work. He admitted that at one time he had held that until the home ground was covered, the work should not be extended. He felt now he had held a wrong idea. The best way to do the home work effectively was to extend the work. The Christian life was founded on the paradox that he that would save his life must lose it.

When the empire was in peril in South Africa the sons of Canada were ready and laid down their lives on the field in the cause of empire. The noble work they were not asked to lay down their lives. It was a call to duty and he felt Canada could be depended upon to do its part.

The annual value of farm products in Canada was \$450,000,000. One per cent of that without taking into account the other industries, would give sufficient to do the work of world wide evangelization required in Canada. It was not a question of men nor a question of means. It was the question "Were we willing?"

Investigation into Canada in 1907

was 21,715, in 1907 it was 217,000. In Alberta in 1901 the population was 77,000, while in 1906 it was 186,000. In Saskatchewan in 1901 there were 91,000 and in 1906 257,000. While the immigration in the United States was 1 1/2 per cent of the population it averaged 2 1/2 per cent in Canada and last year was 4 per cent. The development of the national life in Canada was an important one. All honor was due to those who took part in national concerns. Transportation, the tariff, etc., were important, but of more moment was the question of men and women and emphasized the duty of giving missionary effort more thought and help.

Rev. Dr. Ryckman.

Rev. E. B. Ryckman, D.D., of Kingston, Ont., preached a forcible and logical missionary sermon at the morning service in the Victoria West Methodist church, from the text "He shall not fall nor be discouraged, till He have laid His shall wait for His law." The theme was the sure history of the gospel message. There will be no failure upon the part of God, and His work will surely succeed for the people of God is, what part are they going to have in the great work of bringing the world to a knowledge of Jesus?

The Methodist Missionary Society had been enabled to report an increase in its income of \$41,000, and yet the increase had not met the demands that were being made from all parts of the world. The doors were open and the time had come for a forward movement in missionary effort. He hoped that every one in the congregation could have some part in this great work.

In the evening Dr. Ryckman preached in the Metropolitan Methodist church.

Rev. H. H. Irish.

Rev. H. H. Irish, B. A., one of a party of thirty who are the emissaries of the Empire of Japan next Wednesday, for Central China, spoke in the James Bay Methodist church in the morning and in the Victoria West, at the evening service. He is the great command of the Lord Jesus. "Go ye into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature."

Mr. Irish spoke briefly of the preparation that had to be made for his long journey into China, and the great hopes that were before the missionary party as they started out. Then he turned to his subject and urged his hearers with the thought that the command of Jesus was to the individual. "Go ye into all the world, or a nation, or a family, but it meant that they were to go into all the world, and the Chinese, the Hindu, the Japanese were objects of God's grace and love as much as the Anglo-Saxon and the gospel message was for them. It was our part to carry the message and tell the story. The door was open for the reception of the gospel, the world was crying away from God, and we must obey God's command to go into all the world and preach to every creature.

Rev. A. B. Eddy.

Rev. A. B. Eddy, of the Christian Alliance, preached in St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West in the evening. His sermon was an impassioned appeal to the people to do the work of God. Rev. Mr. Eddy gave instances of the great work accomplished by this means. The work of missions would go forward, the souls and bounds if every Christian church would not rob God, but bring all the riches into the storehouse. Then he promised blessing would come to the church and the true revival would be a fact.

James Ryrie.

Among the laymen who are in the city in connection with the movement is James Ryrie, the well known jeweler of Toronto. Speaking in the tabernacle, the new church erected by the Independent Baptists, Mr. Ryrie last night outlined the work of the Laymen's Missionary Movement, giving its origin, its aims and the necessity for it. His address was listened to with great attention. In the morning he spoke in the First Baptist church.

R. F. Hamill.

The addresses given by R. F. Hamill, a missionary from southern China, under the Christian Missionary Alliance, were listened to with deep interest.

In the morning he spoke in Calvary Baptist church and in the evening at the First Baptist church.

His address in the evening was based on lessons drawn from his labors in southern China. He pointed out the fact that there had been many lost opportunities. The church had missed its opportunity in the past in not sending evangelists to the heathen. The opportunities were still being passed over.

The time was ripe and he admonished his readers to do their part in the missionary movement.

LADY SMOKER AGED 100.

Mrs. Marie Ludlum, who has been entertained at Oddy, Leicestershire, vicarage on her hundredth birthday, was a resident of Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

When visited by a reporter she was enjoying her pipe of tobacco and chatting to her youngest daughter, aged 73. Her only dread was the awful motor cars, hundreds of which passed through this well known village daily.

The readers of a French newspaper decided by vote that the twelve greatest inventions were, in the order given: Locomotive, power of vacuums, cane, sugar, electric telegraph, matches, boiler (of a steam engine), telephone, petrol, sewing machine and soap.

Every German Prince is required to learn a trade. The German Emperor was taught cabinet making.

an ex-president of Hamilton Methodist Conference, preached in the Centennial Methodist church in the forenoon and in James Bay Methodist church in the evening.

Speaking in the evening he expressed his delight at the opportunity of visiting Victoria. What he had seen of the Methodism of the city was very pleasing and satisfying indeed. The text was from Ps. 72-16; "There shall be a heap of corn in the earth, high upon the hills; his fruit shall shake like Libanus and shall be green like grass upon the earth."

The strange and suggestive figure of the man of God, who had been so well appreciated in a land of mountains, and was a bugle-blast of hope and cheer to the church ringing down through the ages. The mountain top, the isolated places of the earth, were the last spots to sow grain, yet the seed of the gospel would thrive and grow where all else drooped and died. The truth of this was seen in Fiji, the New Hebrides, India, Japan, Africa, Thomas Crosby's sowing at Fort Simpson had had a bounteous and blessed harvest. Dr. George Young preached in old Fort Garry, and in less than forty years the growth of the church in Winnipeg to-day had been the harvest.

Mr. Elliott went on to point out the marvelous influence of the gospel in the world, and the duty of men and women to emphasize the duty of giving missionary effort more thought and help.

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SIR WILFRID ALWAYS IS "LE GRAND SEIGNEUR"

Premier Does Not Make Himself "One of the Boys."

North Bay, Sept. 26.—Up on the shore of mirror-like Lake Nipissing, in a parched and dusty field, 5,000 people clustered as closely as they could pack before a rough pine platform, the blazing heat-wave was New Ontario's tribute to the Dominion Premier.

Those of us, writes the staff correspondent of the Toronto Star, who read Sir Wilfrid for a few days just to see of what different elements our nascent country must be built before we can say truly that we are one people, yet under the spell of Sir Wilfrid's voice and in his presence everything is forgotten, and Frenchmen and German, Indian and white man, Roman Catholic and Protestant, follow where he leads.

A Citizen of Canada.

In North Bay Sir Wilfrid came to his own people to a greater extent than anywhere save at Sorel. What the french-Canadian thinks of Laurier needs no comment. They look on him as the best of a man. Yet with all his power over them, you never see a hint of the demagogue in word or action.

"I do not present myself to you as one of your own race or tongue, but as one of yourselves, a citizen of Canada."

Le Grand Seigneur.

He is their leader, their beloved leader, but he is not "one of the boys" with them. The multitude of admirers that Sir Wilfrid has in that rough land to the north would never make the mistake of becoming familiar with him. Standing beside his carriage at the foot of the speaker's platform yesterday, surrounded by a pushing, jostling crowd, almost fighting each other for a grasp of his hand, there was yet just a little of the air of the "Grand Seigneur" about him. A wonderful smile of warmth and sympathy, a sincere hand grasp, just the right word in the right place, English or French, he is still himself, never for a second forgetting the high dignity of his place.

The honor that is his. What he might do or say to his French-Canadian adherents could have no limit. The great majority of them would believe anything he said, and he has no need to say it; he has a perfect mastery over himself, even in the face of the power he holds.

A Pretty Incident.

During the course of a lengthy speech a little girl, one of those white-clad, red-ribboned little ladies who appear at every political meeting, grew tired and wandered across the platform. As she glanced about for the speaker, she was startled to find him. To her amazement she saw the great man's arms stretched out to her, and before she knew exactly what was happening she found herself seated in a little chair by his side, cuddled close to him by one long arm. There they sat together during the long speech, the child almost afraid to move, scarcely daring to breathe so that she was a statesman's lost almost instantly. In some dream, quite forgetting the little child beside him, holding her still by one arm round her neck.

The Stands Collapse.

Then when the grand stand smashed to the ground, throwing half a hundred people to heap on the ground, Sir Wilfrid was making a triumphant progress from his carriage up the steps to his chair on the platform, when the sudden tearing down of the stands brought the whole multitude to its feet. The smile was wiped from the premier's face from the first sound; with the instinct of the old politician he knew what had happened. There was a moment of rather terrible silence while the premier stood white-lipped and silent, and men ran to the collapsed timbers. Not till he had been twice assured that no one was hurt did Sir Wilfrid consent to go on to his seat.

From platform to car the Premier was cheered again, and all evening the crowd who watch over him and try to keep him from wearing himself out stood guard around the darkened car in which he stayed, keeping away the many who wanted to see him again.

A Peculiar Habit.

Once again it was the idea which spoke with Sir Wilfrid's voice at North Bay. When the premier was told of the face changes wonderfully; a sort of mask shuts down over his face, and through the most expiring peroration by either speaker his thoughts seem to fall away from him. He has the habit of fixing his eyes on one particular man and holding them there till that man squirms in his seat, but Sir Wilfrid does not do this.

But in action how different his face is. Every emotion known to man is reflected in those mobile features, positive inspiration shines forth at times, that, as of little faith, he cried, "I tell you that your transcendent railways, your St. Lawrence route, your Georgian Bay canal, will not carry the traffic such as will be produced by the developing government telegraph line and his hearers, carried for the moment beyond the realm of their more restricted dreams, saw opening before them a vista, saw happy thought of before. He is the messenger to many of the idea of greater things to come."

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Campbell's New Coats

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At no period of our career have our costumes enjoyed so much popularity as at the present moment; due, doubtless, to the beautiful new materials, the superb and finished tailoring, the distinctive and recherche trimmings, the fact that our stock is so large and varied, thereby insuring every lady securing just that costume which exactly suits her individuality—and the very moderate prices.

The Ladies' Store **Angus Campbell & Co.** 1010 Govt. St. LIMITED.

TO ASK GOVERNMENT FOR SALMON HATCHERY

Alberni Residents Discuss Fishery Protection—Purse Seines at Head of Canal.

Alberni, Oct. 8.—A public meeting was called, on the 30th ult., to discuss the protection of the local fishing. It was held in Waterhouse's hall at New Alberni and was well attended. A number of Indians were present who took a great interest in the proceedings, the protection of the salmon being a vital question with them, as it forms so large a portion of their food resources.

Rev. C. Love, Methodist missionary, took the chair, and Mr. Chaney acted as secretary.

Mr. Debeau explained the object of the meeting and protested, strongly against the use of purse seines in the bay at the head of the Alberni canal, claiming that since their introduction the run of salmon had been getting steadily less.

Others disputed the reduction in the run of salmon due to the construction of a dam across the Somass river some 15 years ago, which prevented the salmon getting access to good spawning grounds. Just where the limits of the purse seine license were also a subject of discussion.

Several of the Indians, including Shewish, the chief of the Tseashat band, spoke on the various questions and showed that they were keenly awake to the advantages of protecting the fish.

Finally three resolutions were unanimously adopted, urging the following points on the attention of the Dominion authorities: First, that steps be taken forthwith to mark the boundary lines of the area at the mouth of the Somass river within which purse seines may not operate, second, that the dam on the Somass river had been for years an obstruction to the fish passing up and would be again if renewed; third, that the Dominion government be urged to make provision for and erect a salmon hatchery in the vicinity of Alberni.

RAINS CAUSE LANDSLIDE.

Prince Rupert, B. C., Oct. 1.—A landslide caused by the recent heavy rains is reported from Inverness cannery. Half a mile west of the town a creek with high banks had become choked with floating debris, forming a large reservoir. Under the great pressure the debris broke through the banks, and finally gave way, causing a slide which swept everything before it into the sea. Trees four feet through were carried down, wrecking the Dominion government telegraph line and damaging the residence of James Macdonald, a G. T. P. contractor, which was located near the shore. Mrs. Macdonald, who has only lately arrived from Nelson, B. C., was away from home at the time.

EE A MOTHER'S EE HAPPY THOUGHT.

A lady writing from Ireland says—"I want to see my sister's baby, who was very ill indeed. She had been up for nights with him without undressing; he was crying all the time as with some internal pain. The doctor told her he could do nothing except put him in a warm bath, which gave him a little ease for the time being."

thought of **STEDMAN'S SMOOTH POWDERS** which I used for my own children; and next day I sent some to my sister, when she gave the child half a powder according to directions. For the first time for fortnight she and the baby, and, in fact, all the household, had a good night's sleep, and the little fellow has continued to improve ever since.

These powders do not contain poison, nor are they a narcotic; but they act gently on the bowels, thus relieving feverish heat and preventing fits, convulsions, etc.

Please notice that the name **STEDMAN** is always spelt with **EE**.

PICKLING SEASON IS HERE

AND THESE ARE JUST RIGHT FOR JUST NOW

GREEN TOMATOES, 10 lbs	25c
PICKLING ONIONS, 10 lbs	25c
GREEN PEPPER, per lb.	20c
ENGLISH MALT VINEGAR, per gallon	75c
CROSS & BLACKWELL'S VINEGAR, per bottle	25c

Pickling Spice, Capsicums, Celery Seed, Mustard Seed, Green-Ginger and Garlic, all, per lb. 40c

W. O. WALLACE

The Family Cash Grocery

Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Phone 312

WE HAVE ARRIVING, MONDAY, THE 14th

A Full Carload Lorain Ranges

These will be on exhibition in our store this week. Also we will have this Range on exhibition at the Victoria Fair.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO INVESTIGATE THIS RANGE

None other just as good.

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THE AIR OF DISTINCTION is one of the most prominent characteristics of our display of

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Sole Agents for House of Hobbies Cloth and Thornton & Douglas Cloth Atkinson's Royal Irish Poplin Hats Scott's Hats, Stetson Hats Dr. Jaeger's Underwear Cartwright & Warner's Underwear Welch Margerton's Flannel Shirts Cluett, Peabody Coat Shirts Your satisfaction is our guarantee

FINCH & FINCH

THE EXCLUSIVE STYLE STORE HATTERS 1107 GOVERNMENT ST.

Grapes are still trodden with the bare feet in many vineyards of Italy and Spain.

Princess Rupert, B. C., Oct. 1.—C. A. Lillesburg, lumberman, formerly of Vancouver, was in town Monday on his way south. He has just completed the erection of his new sawmill near Kitsumkulum, and reports everything running satisfactory.

The mill, which is located seven miles from the new townsite of Copper City, has a capacity of 10,000 feet a day, and is the only sawmill on the Skeena river above tidewater. Fourteen men are steadily employed; and although little building has been done so far at the new townsite, a good stock of lumber will be cut ready to supply the demand when building operations commence.

Mr. Lillesburg also has a contract with the Grand Trunk Pacific, and expects to have his sawmill running steadily throughout the winter cutting ties for the railway company. After arranging transportation for the camps winter supply of provisions, also hay and feed for the horses, he went to Vancouver on the Princess Mary.

TIMES GETTING BETTER.

C. P. R. Earnings for September Show an Increase Over Same Month Last Year.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 5.—The C. P. R. earnings for the period ending September 30th were \$2,104,000, as against \$2,051,000 for the same period a year ago, an increase of \$53,000.

Grand Trunk railway earnings for the same period were \$1,550,000, as against \$1,583,778, a decrease of \$33,778.

NEW DISCUS RECORD.

New York, Oct. 5.—A world record discus throw of 140 feet, 10 1/2 inches was made by M. J. Sheridan, of the Irish-American Athletic Club, at the Past-time Athletic Club yesterday. The former record was 139 feet 11 inches, made by A. J. Dearborn, of the New York Athletic Club.

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\$1.00

Twice-a-

VOL. 36.

BIG CROW NO

FRANK SHEPHERD VERY S

Dozen Voters Lists Gathered servative

Frank Shepherd, candidate for Nantux meeting of electors Oak Bay, last night was a representative section of the school five party in that section of the school provided for the cro come. Although this was not half a dozen of an hour last called to order will eleven over and Lauer in the school. He has neither contact with the speakers, but on the whole he was interested in the proceedings being going on. He was not present at the school on the fact that the country were as well as to the town into power. Some of the increase in the country in the Mr. Macdonald's in what the Conservatives the Liberals to government. He told of the cost of the work on the canal, trying to show been more worth railway "Conservation," er, "established the forty million dollars in means of canal of the work on the cific, trying to show been more worth railway

in favor of his white, and Mr. do so in his favor. He was his own C. P. R. by Mr. Shepherd, took the platform. He took the platform. He took the platform. He took the platform. He took the platform.

Conservative party in league with his progress to the seat of government." He constituency was misled of telephonic improvements. He is the present government Immigration policy credit for this to railway. He then Hubbert's Philist C. P. R. had done country and should take no credit for Speaking of the sic, he tried to st a disadvantage to thing but a bill new roads and built to come Dealing with Mr. Shepherd claim that the bill should be increased this he quoted a thousand Chinan country.

While finding government's policy in which he chos laws of the "Timely exci quotation was re Littleton in which the policy of the the policy. The speaker the Lemeslu mis cause some frau on the governm discovered, but would continue u While professi fight he distorte Erig Laurier, and Finding that st ing restless and were beginning d concluded by r proposed to be followers in the