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THREE PAGES—MONDAY MORNING APRIL 5 1915—TWELVE PAGES

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VOL. XXXV.—No. 12,563

RUSSIAN COSSACKS ROUT GERMAN CAVALRY IN POLAND Bulgarian Raiders Driven Back From the Serbian Border GREECE IS BOUND TO ASSIST SERBIA IN THE EVENT OF ATTACK

TURKISH WARSHIP WAS SUNK BY A RUSSIAN MINE

Armored Cruiser Carried a Crew of Three Hundred Men.

ACTIVE IN BLACK SEA

Medjidieh Was Small Craft and Armament Comparatively Light.

PETROGRAD, April 4.—An official announcement tonight says: "In the Gulf of Odessa on Saturday a Turkish cruiser, believed to be the Medjidieh, struck one of our mines and blew up and sank."

LONDON, April 4.—(3.25 p.m.)—The sinking of the Turkish armored cruiser Medjidieh is reported from Petrograd to Reuters Telegram Company. A semi-official communication from Sebastopol to Petrograd said that the Medjidieh struck a mine near the Russian coast, last night and went down.

The Medjidieh was a member of the Turkish Black Sea fleet, which has attacked Russian ports on several occasions and sunk Russian vessels. On Jan. 31 it was announced at Petrograd that the Medjidieh, with the Turkish cruiser Midirli, formerly the German cruiser Breslau, had been discovered near Samson by Russian fleet, but escaped after a long pursuit.

The Medjidieh was an American-built ship, having been laid down in Philadelphia in 1907. She was not a large vessel and her armament was comparatively light. She was 331 feet long and 42 feet beam, and had a displacement of 2,122 tons. She was armed with two 6-inch guns, eight 4.7-inch guns, six three-pounders, six one-pounders and two torpedoes. Her complement was 302 men.

Crew Reported Saved

LONDON, April 5, 2.52 a.m.—Reuters Amsterdam correspondent says: A Berlin despatch received here states that Turkish headquarters reports that the Turkish fleet yesterday (Saturday) was near Odessa and that the cruiser Medjidieh, while pursuing enemy mine sweepers in the vicinity of the fortress of Ochotovo struck a drifting mine and sank. Her crew was saved by a Turkish warship. The sailors of the Medjidieh, the despatch adds, before their ship sank, removed the breech locks of the guns and torpedoed the mine sweeper, her being reflected by the Russians.

MOTOR CAR THIEVES CAUGHT AFTER WRECKING A MACHINE

Henry Delaney and Wm. Carroll Took Automobile From Downtown Street, Struck Street Car, Stole Two More Machines and Finally Were Captured.

Three automobile thefts and another attempted theft, all committed within the space of two hours, are charged against Henry Delaney, age 23, 386 Margaretta street, and William Carroll, age 23, 35 Somerset avenue. They were both arrested last evening by Acting Detective Carter of No. 11 division.

According to the police Delaney and Carroll stole the first car from in front of the King Edward Hotel about 8.30. This motor is the property of H. H. Wilson of Oakville, and had been standing in front of the hotel for nearly an hour. With Delaney driving, the pair drove north on Bathurst without mishap, but at the corner of Dupont street Delaney drove the machine into the side of a Dupont car, and traffic on the line was tied up for nearly half an hour before the collision stove in the radiator and the motor and rendered it unfit for further use, so they shoved it around the corner, where it was recovered by the police last evening.

Owner Caught Them.
In the case of the next machine they close in which to continue their ride, they failed to reckon with the owner, who caught them just before they drove off, and nearly captured Delaney from Dupont street. They walked down to Vermont. A few doors along Vermont big machine which they decided to appropriate. Delaney jumped in the front and Carroll started to "crank her up." William Sinkins, the owner, was in a residence nearby and heard the cranking and ran out. Carroll got clear away, but Sinkins got De-

260,000 PRISONERS

LONDON, April 5.—(2.49 a.m.)—The Daily Mail's Petrograd correspondent asserts that the Russians have taken 260,000 prisoners on the Carpathian front since the advance began on Jan. 21.

SERBIA INSISTS BULGARIA MUST PUNISH RAIDERS

Invaders Were Driven Over Border After Brief, Bloody Encounter.

STRONG PROTEST MADE

Bulgaria Can No Longer Evade Responsibility for Acts of Irregulars.

LONDON, April 4, 1.30 p.m.—The Serbian legation in London today received the following despatch from Nish: "The Bulgarian irregulars were driven back from Strumitsa. The fight was short. When reinforcements arrived our advanced posts cleared the Strumitsa station and the invaders fled in the direction of Bulgaria."

"Our troops, pursuing the enemy, found 30 of their dead, and it is presumed that others were carried away. We lost 50 killed."

An official statement on Saturday said: "At about 3 a.m. Saturday Bulgarian irregulars wearing military uniforms attacked in large numbers our outposts at Valandovo. Our frontier guards, overwhelmed by superior numbers, were forced to give ground and retreated in the direction of the railway station at Strumitsa. "At 5 o'clock a.m. the Bulgarians occupied all the heights on the left bank of the Varder. The losses on both sides were serious. "Wounded soldiers state that the Bulgarian bands manoeuvred and fought under the direction of Bulgarian officers. The number of troops

(Continued on Page 3, Column 5.)

VOSGES HEIGHT WAS TAKEN BY HEROIC CHARGES

French Victory at Hartmanns-Weilerkopf Was Splendid Exploit.

THRU A WALL OF FIRE

Guns Worked Terrible Havoc Among Defenders of Mountain Peak.

PARIS, April 4.—A vivid description of the capture by the French of the summit of Hartmanns-Weilerkopf, a peak of the Vosges Mountains a few miles north of Thann, is given in an official communication today from the war office. The occupation of the height was announced on March 27. The final phases of the struggle for this important strategic position which has long been in dispute, are pictured by the French military observer as follows:

"A small number of soldiers succeeded in reaching the summit early in January, and in establishing a position in a small fort, but after they resisted continual attacks, they were forced to surrender of account of starvation, notwithstanding many continued efforts of their comrades to succor them.

Eager For Revenge.
"All our troops were now aroused by a spirit of revenge, and were only too eager for the command to attack. During the remainder of January and February, several operations were carried out, and on March 5 an assault was made. The German trenches were subjected for two hours to a heavy fire from our mountain guns, succeeded in capturing the strongest German blockhouses and a portion of the first line of trenches. The enemy made four vigorous counter-attacks on March 5, and two on the morning of March 6 and 7, but was repulsed by our fire.

Devastating Fire.
"On March 17 we attacked again, but on March 28 the greatest effort was made, under cover of tremendous fire from our mountain guns, cannon of all calibre, including many rapid fire. Trees could be seen falling, and portions of German bodies flying high in the air. Our infantry with a bound charge, pouring like a living stream into the two lines of trenches under a wall of fire.

"The work of fortifying the conquered trenches was begun, and the German counter-attacks, altho violent, were not sufficient to drive out our men, who continued to look forward to the other lines of German fortifications, confident of an ultimate victory.

Irresistible Rush.
"Observers reported at least three lines of German fortifications and redoubts between our position and the summit. A general bombardment was begun by our artillery of all calibres at 10.30 o'clock, continuing until 2.30, and sweeping everything before it. Large pine trees were sawed off, disclosing concealed German batteries and fortifications. The ground was strewn with portions of bodies of dismembered soldiers.

"At 2.35 o'clock, with a tremendous rush, our troops made a concerted effort, charging the enemy's positions and sweeping all before them. They reached the summit shortly after. On the highest point, despite the continuous rain of shot and shell, one of our infantrymen waved the flag triumphantly, signalling to the artillery that the position was ours, and now to direct the fire to the eastern slope. The Germans, utterly put to rout, dropped their guns in the flight, we capturing what remained of one company—80 men."

Hope Abandoned

NORFOLK, Va., April 4.—Steamers which went to the assistance of the Dutch steamer Prinz Mauritz reported tonight they were unable to find any trace of her and had received no response to wireless calls to her.

The tug Edward Luckenbach sank off False Cape yesterday. Sixteen of the crew of 18 men are reported lost.

Ten Seamen Drowned

LEWIS, Del., April 4.—Ten seamen were drowned yesterday off the Delaware Capes in the coast storm. They were members of the crews of the Consolidation Coal Co.'s barges Nos. 8 and 9, which foundered in the gale.

Three German Steamers Foundered in Baltic Sea

Floating Mines in Proximity to Former Busy Trade Routes Proved Deadly—Twenty-five Sailors Perished When Grete Hemsoth Sank.

LONDON, April 5.—(2.02 a.m.)—"A despatch from Malmo, Sweden," says Reuters Copenhagen correspondent, "asserts two German coasting steamers during the last few days have struck floating mines and sunk in the Baltic Sea, in immediate proximity to the route between Treleborg and Sassnitz, with which points traffic has been temporarily suspended. The crews of the steamers were saved. Some of the men have been landed at Sassnitz."

A Reuters despatch from Stockholm says the German steamer Grete Hemsoth has struck a mine in the Baltic and sunk, and that 25 members of her crew were drowned. The Grete Hemsoth was a vessel of 1554 tons. She was engaged in traffic between Sweden and Germany.

ITALY WITH ALLIES BEFORE APRIL ENDS

Editor and Parliamentarian Convinced Action Near at Hand.

CANNOT COMPROMISE

Italy Not Waiting for Crushing Defeat of Germanic Forces.

PARIS, April 4.—Giuseppe Bovione, editor of The Turin Star and also a member of the Italian chamber of deputies, told the Associated Press today that he had a deep conviction that Italy would emerge against Germany and Austria before the end of April.

STEAMER LOST FIFTY PERISHED

Prinz Mauritz, Dutch Vessel, Foundered Off Cape Hatteras.

A WIRELESS APPEAL

"Sinking Fast" Message Was Received Too Late for Succor.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Fears that the steamer Prinz Mauritz of the Royal Dutch West Indies Co. Line had gone down, possibly with all on board, were expressed tonight in a wireless message received from the steamer Algonquin, which yesterday went to the aid of the Prinz Mauritz, reported in distress off Cape Hatteras.

Hope Abandoned

The Prinz Mauritz, which left New York Thursday for West Indies ports, carried only four passengers. She was commanded by Capt. H. J. Vanderboom. The steamer is of 1328 net tonnage, 285 feet long, 35 feet beam, and about 20 feet depth. She was built in Hamburg in 1900. She carried a crew of 40 to 45 men.

Word that the Prinz Mauritz was in distress came in a wireless message yesterday, supposed to have been sent by a British cruiser. She reported her latitude and longitude and asked for prompt help. Several vessels, including the Algonquin and the City of Maccon, went to her assistance. No further word came from her or other steamers which had gone to the rescue until tonight's message from the Algonquin.

TURKISH FORTS MANGLED PAST HOPE OF REPAIR

Dardanelles Fortifications Are Converted Into Condition of Appalling Chaos.

BIG GUNS DESTROYED

Preparations Under Way for Administering Finishing Stroke to Turks.

BY GEORGE RENWICK.
Special Cable to The Toronto World.

ATHENS, April 2, via London, April 4.—I have just returned here from a stay in the Dardanelles region, and I may briefly sum up the present position there. Since the battle of Thursday of last week there has been no activity with the exception of that reported last Sunday, and the work of mine sweeping. A close watch, however, is being kept on the further coast of the Gallipoli peninsula and on the Hellespont up to the narrows, and I believe that I am correct in saying that Sunday's bombardment was to prevent the enemy from repairing any damage already done by the allied fleets. There can be no question of the result already achieved being rendered nugatory by the delay. I have heard on good authority that the destruction wrought was very severe, so severe in fact that it is practically impossible for the Turks to repair effectively any of the forts and works already destroyed. The heavy guns of the fleet have mangled them into a condition of appalling chaos. When the attack is resumed it is believed that the enemy will feel the severity of the loss which he has sustained in guns.

Prepare for Final Attack.
Meanwhile, during the cessation of active operations, preparations for the final attack are being pushed forward. For obvious reasons, it is impossible for me to say what these consist of, but from what I have seen, it is clear that nothing is being left to chance, and that the dimensions, both naval and military, of the problem involved are thoroughly recognized.

It is reported that the Turks are now in strong force in the Gallipoli Peninsula. The best Anatolian troops and part of the Smyrna division are now concentrated there, and it may be

(Continued on Page 3, Column 3.)

RUSSIANS TAKE MORE POSTS IN BESKIDS RANGE

Great Success Gained Again Over Austrians North of Bartfeld Road.

GERMANS DEFEATED

Cavalry Battle in North Poland Ends in Flight of Enemy.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

PETROGRAD, April 4.—What the Russian War Office describes as a "great success" was gained in two sectors of the Carpathians on Friday. It was officially reported here today. The scenes of the fighting where this victory was gained are in the sector north of the roads to Bartfeld, and also in the sector between Mezolaborz and Lutoviska. Over 2000 Austrian soldiers, three guns, and three machine guns were captured. Further details are not announced, but will be given out later.

Survivors of the Austrian division, which was badly cut up, and partly annihilated at Chotin, in Besarabia, have fled from Russian territory and are entrenching themselves on the frontier. The war office says that the Cossacks showed unexpected bravery by dismounting and attacking the enemy on foot with the bayonet, sabre, and lance.

Germany Put to Flight.
A cavalry fight with the German divisions west of the Niemen River, in north Poland, on the zone between Kallwara and Surviki, ended in a dash Russian charge which put the Germans to flight, many being sabred and others being captured. The Germans were entirely driven out of this region, which they had been occupying, and they are now being pursued by Cossacks.

SEVEN THOUSAND PRISONERS.

The result of Thursday's operations in the Carpathians was announced by the war office on Saturday night. Over 7000 Austrians and Germans were taken prisoner, including 100 officers. Ten machine guns were also captured by the Russian forces. The army of the czar also forced the Volla-Michael sector of the enemy in

(Continued on Page 3, Column 2.)

"OH, I WILL MARRY YOU, BERT COME HOME NOW AND GET DRY"

Young Lover Won His Sweetheart Yesterday After He Had Run Into the Lake to Carry Out His Threat When She Refused Him.

From eight o'clock until noon Sunday a young couple sat on the breakwater at the foot of Beach avenue, near Scarborough Beach. It was a nice day and a dozen of people passed close by, but this fact did not discourage the young lovers who apparently saw nobody but each other. For two hours the young man, whose name the police were unable to ascertain, pled with the girl, but the interested spectators saw her repeatedly shake her head as a refusal. At length, about 12 o'clock, they arose and walked over to the foot of Victoria avenue where the unknown refused for some minutes. Upon repeated refusals the pedestrians noticed he assumed a threatening attitude, but still there was a refusal.

Suddenly the girl screamed and the lake gazers turned around and saw the young man running at full speed for the lake. Everybody looked, but no person thought it worth while to say or do anything until the young fellow waded out into the water up to his waist. There was confusion. The lover turned down was about to commit suicide in accordance with his threat to his young lady.

Stopped and Looked.
When the water reached his waist the young man looked around at his sweetheart screaming at the top of her voice on the beach. A moment's hesitation and further in he went until the cold water touched his chin.

BRUNT OF WAR ON WORKING CLASSES.

NORWICH, Eng., April 4.—(11.10 p.m.)—Unable to secure a hall large enough for a demonstration tonight to precede their annual meeting, the delegates of the Independent Labor party met in the Labor Institute. A large crowd surrounded the building, singing the national anthem while the meeting was in progress.

WEEK

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