**Table 3.** Estimated number of nuclear explosions 31 March 1976 (date of the envisaged application of the 150-kt explosive yield limitation under the TTBT and the PNET) - 1 July 1987.

a = atmospheric

u = underground

Year	USAa		USSR		UKa		Fr	France		China		dia	
	a	u	a	u	a	u	a	u	a	u	a	u	Total
31 Mar					1861				1,8				Ligaro II
31 Dec.													
1976	0	8	0	16	0	1	0	4	2	1	0	0	32
1977	0	19	0	18	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	44
1978	0	17	0	28	0	2	0	7	2	1	0	0	57
1979	0	15	0	29	0	1	0	9	0	0	0	0	54
1980	0	14	0	21	0	3	0	11	1	0	0	0	50
1981	0	16	0	22	0	1	0	10	0	0	0	0	49
1982	0	18	0	31	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	55
1983	0	17	0	27	0	1	0	7	0	1	0	0	53
1984	0	17	0	28	0	2	0	8	0	2	0	0	57
1985	0	17	0	9	0	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	35
1986	0	14	0	0	0	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	23
l Jan											U	U	23
l July													
1987	0	9	0	9	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	23
Γotal	0	181	02	238	0	14	0	87	6	6	0	0	532

a See note a, table 4.

**Table 4.** Estimated aggregate number of nuclear explosions 16 July 1945—1 July 1987.

USAa	USSR	UKa	France	China	India	Total	
895	606	606 40		30	1	1719	

All British tests from 1962 have been conducted jointly with the United States at the Nevada Test Site. Therefore, the number of US tests is actually higher than indicated here.

## Sources used for the tables:

Swedish National Defence Research Institute (FOA), various estimates; Norris, R.S., Cochran, T.B. And Arkin, W.M., 'Known US nuclear tests July 1945 to 16 October 1986', *Nuclear Weapons Databook*, Working Paper no. 86-2 (Rev. 1) (Natural Resources Defense Council: Washington, DC, Oct. 1986); Sands, J.I., Norris, R.S. and Cochran, T.B., 'Known Soviet nuclear explosions, 1949-1985', *Nuclear Weapons Databook*, Working Paper no. 86-3 (Rev. 2 June 1986) (Natural Resources Defense Council: Washington, DC, Feb. 1986); Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR), Geophysics Division, New Zealand, various estimates; and US Geological Survey.