The Rev. William McHutcheron, of Beckwith, was chosen Moderator for the ensuing year. He being absent, Mr. White, the former moderator, was requested to occupy the chair, which he did accordingly.

After several items of routine business arising out of the minutes of last meeting were disposed of, reports from Messrs. Thompson and Canning as to the Missionary appointments given them at last meeting were read and sustained.

A leiter was read from Arnprior, praying the Presbytery to continue to grant Presbyterial supply, and thanking the Presbytery for the liberal supply granted at its last meeting.

The Clerk read a memorial from the Congregation of Douglas, signed by $R$. Smith, Esq. and others, praying the Presbytery to appoint one of its number to moderate in a cal!, at some convenient day, in favor of the Rev.W. T. Canning, who is at present lahouring among them as the Presbytery's Missionary; also one from the Congregation of Ross and Westmeath, signed by John Kerr, Esq. and others, praying the Preslyytery to appoint one of its number to moderate in a call, at some convenient day, in favor of Mr. David Camelon, a licentiate of the Church, at present residing in the Presbytery of Toronto.

The Rev. G. Thompson, of Renfrew, was appointed to preach at Jouglas on Wednestay the 2Sth day of September at 12 o'clock M., after which to moderate in the call in favor of Mr. Canning. The Hev. Mr. Spence, of Ottawa, was appointcd to preach at Forester's Falls in the Congregation of Ross and Westmearh at 11 o'clock, A.M., after which to moderate in the call in favor of Mr. Camelon.

The Preshytury agreed to meet at Perth on Tuesday the 4th of October at 12 o'clock M., in the view of sustaining these calls in order to expedite their settlement.

The Rev. Mr. Spence introduced to the Court Mr. H. J. Borthwick, formerly a probationer in the Kingston Presbytery but now a resident in this Presbytery, who laid on the rable an extract of his license from the Presbytery of Hamilton, bearing date of August 1 Sih, 1858.

In accorlance with Aet of Synod, Mr. Georgo Porteous, student of the 3rd year iil Diwinity, appeared and was examined in the rarious branches of study pursued by hom last Scosion in the Hill. Alsc, Mesers. Joshua Fiaser and Jamrs b. Molian, stulents in the Arts, app,cared and were cxamised in Latin, Greck and Mathematios, Natural, Mental and Moral Philosoply and Ingic in the view of entering the Divinity lall. The Presbytery agrecc', upon a conjunct view of the whole examinations, to susisin the same, and ordered the Clerk to grant these students certifinates in terms of the aforesaid Act.

A large number of Presbyterial appoint-
ments were then made for Spencerville and Arnprior. The fullowing Missionary appointments were also made, namely Mr Thompson was appointed for six Sabbath: at North Augusta, for three al Fitzroy and Tarbolton, for three at Arnprior respectively, and for the remaining Sabbaths, up to the next regular merting at Litchfieh. Mr. Canning was requested to continue his labours at Douglas, where he is soon to be settled.

The interim Act of Synod anent ministerial support was then taken up, but, owing to a difierence of opinion prevailing among the members as to its practical worhing in connection with Church extension in the present state of the Church and coun iry, it was deemed advisable to let it remain on the table until nest regular meeting to see what can be done in the way of raising a Presbyterial fund with a view to ad weak and struggling congregations.

The question of dividing the Presbytery next came up, but upon this also there was a diversity of opinion : some were prepared to have the Presbytery divided into two separate Presbyteries, others were prepared to oppose a division on any account. It was said by a third party that. owing to the geographical dimensions of the Presbytery, it would be as well to allow it to remain as one until two or three ministers were settied in the northern section of the Presbytery, say, in Douglas, Ross and Veetmeath, Litehfield, and Arnprior, which must soon take place, $\mathrm{n}^{\text {hen }} \mathrm{m}$ it could be divided, so as to be more convenient to all parues, into three Presby* teries, which misht be known as the Presbgteries of Ottawa, Perth and Renfrew, having Ottawa, Perth and Renfrew as their respective places of meeting.

Owing to some of the members having left, and no report having been sent in by the absentees, the Court delayed until next regular meeting to enquire as to whether all the congregations withan the bounds of the Presbytery have taken up a collection in aid of the Jewish Mission Fund.

By !ooking at the Srnod Roll it will be seen that there are 33 members in the Presbytery of Bathurst, whose duty it is to be present at all the regular meeting: of that Court, yet there were only 14 presentat this mecting. What kept the 19 at home? We cannot allow ourselves to believe that the 19 absentees would pleat inability to attend. It is quite true that, when the Presbytery must be attended on certain fixed daya, circumstances over which man has no control mas prevens some from attending, but that a good and valid reason should simultaneously come in the way of 19 members of a Church Conrt is a supposition that requires no lenghy argument to refute.

It is of the highest importance, and inseparably connected with the prosperity of our Church, that those who are appoint-
ed to look after her interests shou'd attend to that important duty which they voluntarily undertook to perform.

It is true that this is accompanied with much self-denial both by ministers and elders; but truc lore knows no self-denial, but reckons all inconveniences as insignificant trffles in comparison to the great work of extending the Reduemer's Kingdom. Those who love father or mother more than Me, says our Saviour, are not worthy of Me. Would it be nore uncharitable for us to say that those ministers and clders who love their home, ease, farms and business more than the interests of Christ's Church are not worthy to be rulers in that Chureh? It is to be hoped that members will see it to be their solemn duty to attend to all the duties of their office as rulers in the Church of God. We may advert to this subject at some future tume, hut we sincerely hope and trust that it will be altogether uncalled for.

This meeting of the Preshytery was exceedingly interesting, as all its ineetings are. Much valuable informationwas elicited during several lively conversations regarding church polity, which was of great importance to the younger members of the Court. We agree with Dr. Hhll, who says, that a minister or elder cannot spend a day more profitably than in a Church Ccurt.

Condensed from the London Frec Press, :
LAYING OF THE CORNER STGNE OF ST. JAHES CHURCH, LONDON, C. W.
On the 9th day of September the Most Worshipful Grand Master of Canada, accompanied by the officers of the Grand Lodge and a largo body of Brethren from the various Westernand Eastern Lodges, performed the ceremons of laying the corner-stone of the new Church of St James, in connexion with the Cluurch of Scotland. The day was rery fine, and the ceremony passed of with the greatest possible eclat.

The Bretbren assembled at the Lodge Room at high noon, and, having formed in due order, proceeded to the Tecumsch House, to escort the M. W. Grand Master, Col. Mercer Wilson, and the other Grand Onierrs to the Lodge Room. After a short delay the procession relurned to the Lodge Room, when the Grand Lodge was opened in due form.
After certain business bad been transacted, the procession, under the command of the Grand M. of C., again formed. The Military Band headed the procession, performing appropriate airs. The Brethren then proceeded to the ground on Richmond Strect, where the ceremony was to take place; and we renture to say that a more imposing array of Brethren belonging to the Order of Ereenasons nerer before gathered in this city since the laying of the foundation-stone of St. Paul's Cathedral. The number could not hare been fererer than 200 to 300 Brethren, and, as they proceeded two and two, arrajed in the full insignia of office, from the M. W. G. M. of Canada down to the simple master Mason, presented an imposing spectacle.
Arrived at the ground, the Brethren, under the able direction of Bro. T. Francis, G. 31. of C., formed two lines, between which the M. W. Grand Master, accompanied by the Grand Stewards, followed by the Offiecrs of the Grand

