## Kome and Foreign Record

OF

## THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF THE LOWER PROVINCES.

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## THE CHRISTIAN MINISTRY.

The effort of the Presbyterian Church in these Provinces to train a native ministry les been crowned with gratifying success. Parents have gladly devoted their sons to the work of the ministry; young men have ressed forward to the goal of hallowed mbition in the face of most serious difficulies: the Church has taken a good deal of interest in the young men; Professors have priormed their work with exemplary faithbiness. The result is now open to the view if the world. Our Church need not be shamed of her ministers "in the gate." leither in scholarship, nor in popular talent, win devotedness to their sacred calling to they fall behind the ministry of other flurches. Young men trained among us wnow ministering to large congregations in Ontario, in various parts of the United States, in New Zealand and Australia.— Some also are engaged in translating the Emptures into languages in which the Supel had never before been preached, and bing brave pioneer work in heathen lands. h view of these facts we should surely bank God and take courage.

We cannot be too grateful for the able is faithful men who from time to time me among us from our sister Churches. Is tordially do we welcome them and my God to send us many more such true is, such skilful Gospel-workers. But we is unquestionably depend on our College is our own young men for an adequate as a permanent supply.

At the present moment we have but six seedingical Students in the Hall! Six

students—not half of whom will be ready for license this summer; and our Home Mission Board able and willing to employ double the number. It is true that there are five or six of our young men at other institutions—at Princetown, or in the Now College, Edinburgh. Still it seems obvious that the supply has fallen far short of the demand. Let us look at this subject very solemnly, as it deserves, and indicate a few of the causes that have led to the present state of affairs.

There have been great and well-founded complaints of the inadequate support provided for our ministers, and thus young men have been disheartened and kept back. The impression is general, that to devote one's self to the ministry is to make sure of poverty and hardships. This, to some extent, accounts for the smallness of the number of our Theological students. If the people do not think it worth while to support ministers as they ought, is it any wonder that young men should shrink from what may appear to them a life-long martyrdom, struggling with penury and debt? It is quite possible to present the case of ill paid ministers too darkly. Only a very few are actual sufferers for the necessaries of life. The great majority of ministers lead a life of average happiness and comfort, and their burdens and crosses are not heavier than they are able, by God's grace. to bear.

But the earnest student, the devoted young man, need not be scared from the holy calling by visions of poverty. He may count on his "daily bread," and with