

NATURALIZATION CHANGE NEEDED

Representatives of Dominions
at Imperial Conference
Urge Adoption of System of
Imperial Citizenship

LONDON, June 13.—The Imperial conference today discussed a resolution introduced by Hon. Egebert Bachelard, minister of external affairs for Australia, declaring that the conference favored the creation of a system which while not limiting the right of a dominion to exchange in regard to local naturalization, will permit the issue to persons fulfilling prescribed conditions a certificate of naturalization effective throughout the empire.

New Zealand also introduced a resolution declaring that it was in the best interests of the empire that there should be more uniformity in the law of naturalization.

Premier Laurier said that all the dominions had availed themselves of the naturalization powers granted them by their constitutions, but in no two dominions were the conditions the same. A certificate by a self-governing dominion was limited to the territory of that dominion. For instance, one hundred thousands Americans came to Canada every year, the greater part of whom sought naturalization at the earliest possible moment. They were British subjects while they remained in Canada, but if they came to Britain they were American citizens. Such a position required modification. He strongly urged the adoption of the principle that there should be uniformity in effect of naturalization wherever granted, and that every man who was a British subject anywhere should be recognized as a British subject everywhere.

A resolution was adopted in favor of the principle of imperial naturalization under an act open to adoption by the dominions with the view to securing uniformity in recognition everywhere of British subjects.

Resolutions also were adopted in favor of uniformity throughout the empire on the law of accident compensation and for reciprocal action regarding the deportation of undesirable aliens.

Sir Joseph Ward, premier of New Zealand, in a speech at the Imperial conference tonight, pleaded for a closer union of the empire than can be attained by conference every four years. The present system excluded 15 million of people from the full imperial citizenship. In the hour of national peril, he declared, neither Great Britain nor her children could stand alone. Closer union for defence was a vital necessity.

HEAVY BIDS EXPECTED

New Three Per Cent Loan of U. S. Government Likely to be More Than Covered by Tenderers

NEW YORK, June 13.—Wall Street's bid for the government's new \$50,000,000 three per cent loan is expected to cover considerably more than the amount of the issue.

One or more bids for blocks of \$20,000,000 or \$30,000,000 each were said to be in the course of preparation, while the probability that at least one bid for the whole \$50,000,000 offering would be forthcoming was indicated.

All of the large bids, it is said, will take in small applications from interior banks, and several of the larger banks are expected to handle numerous offers sent in by out-of-town correspondents in the west and south. Sales of the new securities on a "when issued" basis were offered on the curb today at 102 1/2.

CATHOLIC FORESTERS

Biennial State Convention Opens at Spokane—British Columbia Delegates Present

SPOKANE, June 13.—With 22 officers and delegates present from Washington, Idaho and British Columbia, the sixth biennial state convention of the Catholic Order of Foresters opened this morning in Our Lady of Lourdes church.

A high mass was attended previous to the meeting, which was opened with a prayer by Rev. Father E. J. Leschne. The state officers present were: State Chief Ranger M. J. Niet; State Vice-Chief Ranger Richard Evans; State Secretary John T. McDonnell and State Trustees W. J. Reuter, Dr. A. N. Flynn and Charles E. McAvoy.

Vancouver, B. C., is a strong contender for the next meeting. The coast delegates present included William D. Gleason, Tacoma; George J. Niet, Seattle; Rev. H. P. Sandon, Everett; Frank J. Pickel, Bellingham; Rev. G. Achtergal, Seattle; John J. Needham, Vancouver, B. C.; John J. Cashion, Vancouver, B. C.; J. D. Cameron, Seattle.

Found Dangerous Lodgings.

MONTREAL, June 13.—Albert Anderson broke into a shed of the small-pox hospital on Moreau street last night, covered himself with blankets used by patients, went to sleep. He was arrested and about to be placed in a cell when the circumstances became known and a panic followed. Recorder Wey refused to allow any of the prisoners to be moved and finally, under instructions of the health authorities, he was placed in a dark room in the cellar and segregated.

Work on Wreck of Maine

HAVANA, June 13.—The steel framework of the "U.S.S. Battleship Maine" was shipped aboard the West line steamer Bayano today. It probably will be taken to Governor's Island, New York. The work on the wreck was hampered yesterday and today by heavy rains.

VICTORIA CENTRE OF BIG INDUSTRY

Head Office of Five Million Dollar Lumber Merger to be Located in This City—Officials Named

VICTORIA, June 13.—The head-quarters of one of the largest lumber mergers on the Pacific Coast, the recent amalgamation of the Michigan Pacific Lumber company and the Michigan Puget Sound Lumber company, has resulted in the selection of this city as the central point whence the operations of the new concern, the Canadian Puget Sound Lumber Company, Limited, will be directed.

With a capital of \$5,000,000 the new company will be one of the largest, if not the largest, of its kind in this country.

Yesterday Mr. Delbert Hankin, who has been local manager of the Michigan Puget Sound Lumber company, succeeded to the dayward lumber company, confirmed the rumor that Victoria was to be the headquarters of the new company. In addition he stated that extensive additions to the present plants of the two companies would be made, extensions which would call for the expenditure of some \$750,000. The head offices of the two companies have heretofore been located in Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Will Erect Large Sawmill

Among the additions to the new company's plant which is contemplated is the erection of a large and thoroughly up-to-date sawmill to be located either here or in Vancouver. This new plant will cost in the vicinity of \$800,000 and have an output of about 250,000 feet every ten hours. Negotiations are now in progress for the site for this addition to the company's plant.

The Canadian Puget Sound Lumber Company, Limited, now owns 30,000 acres of timber land at Jordan river, near at Menzies bay on the east side of the mainland, a short distance north of Vancouver as well as some holdings on the west side of the island, a total of 55,000 acres which has been cruised and estimated to have a yield of 4,000,000 feet, though actual cuttings have demonstrated that output will be larger than estimated by the cruisers. The Jordan river holdings belonged to the Michigan Puget Sound Lumber company. The capital of the new company will be \$5,000,000. That of the Michigan Puget Sound Lumber company was \$2,500,000 and of the Michigan Pacific Lumber company, \$1,500,000.

Headquarters Here

With the amalgamation of the two companies will come a redistribution of the officials. Mr. Hankin will be in charge of the mills and lumber at the Jordan river and Powell river camps, and Mr. Guy S. Brown, treasurer of the amalgamated concern, will come to Victoria and oversee the office and general arrangements of the big merger. There are three gentlemen formerly of the Jordan river camp, who will constitute the executive board of the company.

At present there are employed at the local plant some 285 men and both companies have on the payroll some 800 employees.

Speaking yesterday of the plans of the new company Mr. Hankin said: "We expect to put in one more thoroughly complete and up-to-date sawmill to cut 250,000 feet every ten hours. Just where this mill will be erected is not certain, but either here or in Vancouver. It all depends upon the question of the cost of site. Independent of this it is the intention of the company to broaden out in every department and equipment and additions will call for the expenditure of some \$750,000. We will erect office headquarters here but that again is a matter to be settled later. Victoria will be the headquarters of the business and a large staff of clerical help will be engaged which will be the improvements contemplated to the local mill, will call for an increased payroll."

Prices Will Hold

Discussing the lumber outlook Mr. Hankin stated that with the stagnant conditions on the other side of the line prices have been greatly reduced, a circumstance which accounted for the letting to American mills by the G. T. P. Railway company of a contract for railway purposes. On the other hand the demand for a good demand from the Pacific section for dressed lumber. At present this demand has not become apparent as buyers there are expecting a break in B. C. prices in sympathy with the decline on the American side. But he predicted that this expected slump will not occur, and while stocks here at present are probably above the average there will be a sudden demand from the sections east of the mountains which will maintain prices and take care of the offerings. There is a duty on finished lumber which prevents the American mills from competing with the Canadian output, though on rough, or chantable lumber, the transboundary mills have the edge. It is Mr. Hankin's estimate that the miller selling to the G. T. P. Railway company have done so at a figure below actual cost.

The export business for lumber is completely dead, Mr. Hankin's company will soon ship via the "Arctic Stream" about 1,500,000 feet of lumber for South Africa and later further business will be done. Mr. Hankin is anxious that British Columbia holds the key to the lumber situation and

he refers to the proposed increased expenditures of his company as evidence of the confidence which his principals have in the future success of the lumbering business in this province.

Str. Wilfrid Better

LONDON, June 13.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who was slightly indisposed yesterday, better, and attended the Imperial conference today.

CASTRO IS DISCOVERED

Exiled Venezuelan Dictator Arrives at Key West Port on Board Vessel of Government

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Cipriano Castro, exiled president of Venezuela, whose return to his native country the United States and foreign governments are trying to prevent, has been discovered at Port of Paix, Hayti, aboard the steamer Consul Groschuk, under mysterious circumstances. American consuls at Port au Prince called the State department today of this fact.

Mr. Furness, minister to Hayti, reported that the consul of this vessel, which has lately begun to fly the German flag, has been suspicious, no one but its officers and crew being allowed on board, even the Haytian consul being refused permission to go on board. The Consul Groschuk is an obsolete Italian ship formerly named the Umbria. Its ownership is unknown.

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The vessel, it was announced, was purchased for the Haytian government. Owing to bad weather, the Groschuk has been delayed at Port de Paix, but is expected to arrive here tomorrow. Rumors that the steamer had been purchased for ex-President Castro of Venezuela, it is stated by government officials, are without foundation.

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NOVA SCOTIANS VOTING TODAY

Fortunes of Murray Government Put to Test Again After Many Years in Office—Four Times Successful

HALIFAX, June 13.—The electors throughout Nova Scotia tomorrow will express their political preferences, and on their verdict depends the fate of the Liberal government, which under the leadership of Premier Murray, has been in office for many years. The campaign has been hotly contested, and the electors are expected to express confidence in the outlook, though local opinion inclines to the belief that the Liberal government may count on four years more in office.

Since 1887 only one Conservative government has been in power in Nova Scotia, and that was twenty-nine years ago. Four times has Premier Murray appealed to the people, and four times has he been returned to power with overwhelming majorities.

On the other hand, the Conservatives profess confidence that, even if not defeated, the government's majority will be reduced very close to the vanishing point. The Conservatives have attacked the government with a general criticism of their policies, and with the declaration that it is time for a change.

From a broad viewpoint the results of the election will be of interest as indicating opinion on the reciprocity pact. It is not a direct issue between the local contestants, yet there can be no doubt that the proposed agreement, if it is disapproved in Nova Scotia, will seriously diminish support of the Murray ministry, since the ministry not only favors the agreement, but procured an assembly vote of approval for the Laurier ministry's course in negotiating it.

The present election is the first important election held since reciprocity came to the fore. From wide and influential inferences will be drawn all over Canada. If the Murray government is notably weakened the result will be to strengthen the Conservative and the west to Nova Scotia, dislike of reciprocity. For this reason the results of the election are awaited with unusual interest by politicians and the public generally all the way from Charlottetown to Vancouver Island.

MEANS CHEAPER SUGAR

Head of American Refining Company Predicts Result of Lowering Tariff on Raw Sugar

WASHINGTON, June 13.—A reduction of the sugar tariff, which the American people was predicted today by Edwin P. Atkins, head of the American Sugar Refining company, as a probable result of the reduction of the tariff on raw sugar, in testimony he gave to the House special sugar committee.

Putting raw sugar on the free list, however, he said, would result in driving many sugar beet producers in the United States out of business. Representative Madison of Kansas sought to induce the witness to fix a point to which the duty might safely be reduced. He declined.

The tariff discussion occurred in connection with testimony regarding the prices of sugar, about which Mr. Atkins testified practically all day. At the conclusion of the session Chairman Hardwick announced that the committee tomorrow would hear Charles R. Helke, formerly secretary of the American Sugar Refining company.

The committee sought to find out if the refineries would reduce sugar any cheaper as the result of the low prices attending the marketing of the Cuban sugar crop. Mr. Atkins was not sure and will file a statement covering the point.

Chairman Hardwick took the witness through a lengthy review of sugar prices. Mr. Atkins said the differences between the cost of the raw sugar and the selling price of refined sugar left the refiners a profit of 30 to 40 cents per hundred pounds to cover the cost of refining and profits. This difference was only 71 cents in 1885 and 76 cents in 1887. In 1888, after the merger resulting in the organization of the American Sugar Refining company, the difference rose to \$1.25.

In 1892 the amount claimed by the refinery as profit, it was shown, had risen to \$1.03. Mr. Hardwick asked if the Pennsylvania refineries were still competing.

"No," responded Mr. Atkins. The reduction of the differential to fifty cents in 1899 was explained as probably due to a trade war between the American Sugar Refining company and the Arbuckle refineries.

When in 1900 the differential rose to 75 cents, the witness agreed that it might have been that President Haverly, of the American, and the Arbuckles had reached an agreement.

Wreck of Jabez Howes

SEWARD, Alaska, June 13.—Diver Finch and his crew, who were sent to Seward today on route to Seward after completing their inspection of the wrecked canner ship Jabez Howes, which went on the rocks at Chignik last winter. Only a part of the cargo of the Howes was salvaged. Vessel and cargo were owned in Astoria, Oregon.

Charmer Completing Overhaul

After completing her repairs, which included the installation of two new boilers and off burning apparatus, the steamer Charmer of the C.P.R. has returned to the C.P.R. wharf from the Seward Machine and Tool company's shop. The vessel is expected to be ready in about two weeks to act as a relief steamer. Many new plates and frames have been installed.

Against No Temper Decree

TORONTO, June 13.—The Toronto Methodist conference has passed a strong resolution condemning the No Temper decree. The speakers made strong speeches and protested vigorously.

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A Grand Medicine For Old People

"Fruit-a-Lives" Restores The Health and Strength of Youth

Grande Ligne, Que. Jan. 2nd, 1910. "Heartily" recommend "Fruit-a-Lives" to all who suffer from constipation and the painful consequences. I am now over 80 years of age and suffered for more than 10 years with Constipation and Piles. I tried all kinds of remedies, but nothing cured me.

About four years ago, I received a sample of "Fruit-a-Lives". After taking a few doses, I felt that "Fruit-a-Lives" were doing me good. As "Fruit-a-Lives" were not sold here then, I wrote to Ottawa for several boxes.

After taking four boxes, I felt well. My bowels were regular, and the Piles had disappeared. N. JOURNET.

By taking one "Fruit-a-Lives" tablet half an hour before meals—or one or two at night—old people can correct all Stomach, Liver and Kidney Troubles. "Fruit-a-Lives" the famous fruit medicine is mild and gentle in action—pleasant to the taste—yet no other remedy has been found to be so effective in keeping old folks in good health.

50c a box. 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent in receipt of price by Fruit-a-Lives Limited, Ottawa.

SUMMER SKIN TROUBLES

Sunburn, blistering and irritation are the commonest form of summer skin troubles, and Zam-Buk ends these very quickly. It works in two ways. As soon as applied, its antiseptic powers get to work and kill all the poison in a wound, a sting or a sore. This generally ends the smarting and the pain. Then Zam-Buk begins the healing process, and fresh healthy tissue is built up. For aches, blisters, heat, sores, heat rashes, baby's heat spots, sore places due to perspiration, etc., you can't equal Zam-Buk. It also cures cuts, ulcers, abscesses, piles and all inflamed and diseased conditions of skin and subjacent tissues. Zam-Buk 50c box. Use Zam-Buk Soap also, 25c per tablet. All stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

WILSON'S Fly Pads

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LAND ACT Form No. 9.

Form of Notice. District of Victoria, Land District. District of Comox. Take notice that F. W. Brown, of Victoria, England, occupation lumberman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands, commencing at the post planted at the N. W. cor. lot 140 Range 10, Comox (3) chains, thence north 1/2 chain, thence east 1/2 chain, thence north 1/2 chain, thence following said river in a southerly direction to a point due north of initial post, thence south 200 chains more or less to point of beginning. FRANK W. BROWN, Agent.

LIQUOR ACT, 1910—SEC. 49

Notice is hereby given that on the sixth day of July next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the transfer of the license for the sale of liquor by retail in and upon the premises known as the Port Augusta Hotel, situated at Comox, British Columbia, from Joseph B. Holmes to John C. Clarence, of North Beach, British Columbia. (Sd.) J. B. HOLMES, Holder of License. JOHN C. CLARENCE, Applicant for Transfer.