

WHISKARD'S

Two Busy Stores.

230-232 Dundas St.

Our clerks keep moving here, our goods keep moving out, we keep moving goods in at special prices for the benefit of our customers.

LACES

See our window for Laces. Just view the prices. It will astonish you. No regular prices for goods at Whiskard's. Prices are always cut here.

See our Ladies' Trilby Hats, at
75c Each.

In Ladies' Silk Mitts, we show a beautiful line, our own importation, in cream, black and colored, regular price 35c, Whiskard's price,
25c Pair.

See our Ladies' Fine Taffeta Gloves, beautiful goods, worth 35c, our price,
25c Pair.

Special line of Ladies' Black Gloves, in large quantities, only
5c Pair.

Full lines in Peek-a-Boo Curtaining, single and double border, from
15c Yard up.

See our splendid line of Heavy Curtain Net, worth 15c, our price
8c Yard.

In Stainless Black Hosiery we show a very fine line, which we are selling at
15c Pair.
SPECIAL VALUE.

We have any quantity of Children's Hosiery in black and colored, worth 10c; we are clearing them at
5c Pair.

All new goods. - - All sizes.

Gents' Black Cashmere Hose, our own importation, we show a splendid line at
25c Pair.

Gents' Seamless Unbleached Hose, very fine goods,
15c Pair.

Ladies' Egyptian Cotton Underwear, fine goods, special; we bought large quantities at job prices. We show you a line, regular price was 50c, Whiskard's price
25c Each.

We have sold a lot of these already. Come before they are all gone.

Ladies' Half Sleeve Vests, only
5c Each.

See our 2-yards wide Sheeting, at
15c Yard.

See our beautiful line of yard wide White Cotton, soft finish for sewing on the machine, our price is only
7c Yard.

We are right in Cottons.

Just purchased, special line of Fancy Cretonne, which we are selling at
5c Yard.

Did you ever see it any other way. We always get there.

Whiskard's

The Disciples' Convention.

Text of the Position Taken by the Organization,

As Outlined by Rev. George Munroe, of Hamilton.

Has the Y. P. S. C. E. Served Its Purpose as a Factor Toward Christian Union—"The Forward Look."

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.
In the afternoon Mr. T. L. Fowler read the report of the board of managers. It detailed the progress made during the year at the different mission points, the whole report going to show that the mission work was flourishing. The report also indorsed the establishment of a Bible school in Toronto. Altogether the work throughout the Province was most encouraging.

W. W. Coulter, St. Thomas, read the Christian Endeavor report, which showed that the total membership in the province was 751-520 active, 153 associate and 68 honorary; accessions from the society to the church, 42. The expenses of the society had been \$391.26. The society had contributed \$392.69 to the support of the home church; home missions, \$110.57; foreign missions, \$73.30, and to the educational fund, \$11-a total of \$738.46.

Mr. Coulter pointed out that the amount raised this year for missionary purposes was six times as large as in 1893, and four times as large as in 1894. One society is educating a boy in China. Another is giving one-fourth of the support of a girl in Miss Riech's school in Japan; another has organized a mission Sunday school, and two members have decided to enter the mission field. The report was heartily approved of by the meeting at large.

Rev. George Munroe, Hamilton, the able editor of the Disciple of Christ and Canadian Evangelist, gave an address on the subject, "What Doest Thou Here, Elijah?" The address took the form of an inquiry as to the position and prospect of the Disciples of Christ, a statement of their position from their standpoint, and the necessity of maintaining it and advancing their work. The position of the Disciples was, he said, a plea for primitive Christianity, for union on the basis of the Bible alone, and opposition to all human creeds as tests of fellowship and conditions of church membership. The Disciples believe that this is the original basis of union. They hold that the conditions of membership in the Church of Christ, as ordained by himself and preached and practiced by his apostles, are that they should believe in Jesus Christ as the Son of God with all their hearts, repent of their sins, and confess before men Jesus as Lord, and who are immersed (baptized) in the name of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit. Also that they are entitled to membership in the Church of Christ so long as their walk and conversation becometh the Gospel of Christ. The address maintained that these principles should be energetically proclaimed and urged, and that the signs of the times indicated that they were propitious times for the advocacy of these principles.

The speaker also said that the International Union of Christian Endeavor has apparently served its purpose in the providence of God as a movement for Christian union, as they saw such leading denominations as the Methodist and Baptist establishing young people's unions of their own. In view of this it was now necessary that the original New Testament doctrine of union should be faithfully and energetically preached.

Mr. Arch Sinclair, Lobo, spoke on "The Demands of the Cause in Ontario." He urged the placing of the cause as a likely field to go in and possess. There were Disciples there who were obliged to go to the great and because of the lack of one of their own denomination. "We have a tent and 200 soap boxes, in a year I could win the whole of Kent county for Christ," said this enthusiastic man.

M. M. Stevens, Glenora, one of the oldest and most liberal laymen, made a speech in regard to the demands of the work.

Rev. R. A. Burriss, of Bowmanville, preached the evening sermon, which was a very eloquent address on the subject of "The Forward Look." He chose for his text: "Forgetting the things which are behind and stretching forward to the things which are before" (Philippians, iii, 13).

The preacher began by dwelling on the fact that the past with its successes and failures, its joys and sorrows, its irreparable. The present was the only contribution which the past could give them. From the vantage ground of the present he asked them to glance at the future of the Christian Church. He had before them new opportunities for making their lives better, and new opportunities for obtaining knowledge. There were no more new duties and new difficulties. To the preacher's mind, the future was as bright as the sure movement of the divine purpose could make it. There was before them the era of applied Christianity—less of vision and dreams and more regard for Christianity that goes into the world and fights for the oppressed, succors the weak and carries healing into hearts and homes. Sentimental religion whose effort is confined to a sigh was at a discount; religious rapture does not rescue "the submerged tenth." A Christianity that offers to a hurrying world dogmas instead of bread, fine speculations instead of shelter, cannot find place very much longer in a world where the cries of the needy break through our comfortable studies and elegantly appointed churches, merging themselves in the rich tones of the organ and making them weep and wail.

The time was at hand when Christianity must justify its existence by an imitation of its founder. That they were approaching this era the signs of the times proclaimed. The effort was being made to realize more of the kingdom of God on earth, in work done in harmony with divine law, in better social habits, better business practices, better politics and better citizenship. The era of simple Christianity was before them, also an era of free and unfettered inquiry into the Christian truth. Simplicity of aim and effort had been and ever would be the secret of all noble human accomplishment.

NOTES.

Mrs. Candace Lhamon Smith, former missionary in Japan, was present at the afternoon meeting and made a few remarks with regard to the infidelity of the Disciples in Japan. The Disciples proposed union on the basis of the New Hampshire confession of faith, and closer communion, which the Disciples could not agree to.

At the meeting of the O. C. W. B. M. devotional exercises were conducted by

Mrs. Brown, of Warton. The principal business transacted was the decision to affiliate with the Co-operation for another year for carrying on the home mission work. Extension of the work in Japan was also discussed. The organization convened again this afternoon at 3 o'clock, when it will be addressed by Mrs. C. Lhamon Smith, a returned missionary from Japan. Officers will also be elected.

(Continued on Page Six.)

LOCAL BREVITIES.

—The Mission to Lepers meet in Somerset Hall on Monday at 4 p.m.

—Police Magistrate Parke was not required at the Carling station this morning.

—At the local observatory yesterday at 2 p.m. the thermometer reached 91 degrees in the shade.

—David Williams, of Oneida, president of the Oneida Agricultural Society, was dismissed from the county constabulary this morning. He was convicted last fall of selling liquor on the reserve.

—Yesterday was the 29th anniversary of the battle of Ridgeway. Mr. Sheriff Cameron remembers the battle well, having been to the front as correspondent of the Toronto Globe.

—Police Court Clerk Moule has completed his report for the quarter ending May 31. Eighty-three convictions were made by the magistrate, the total fines imposed amounting to \$380.

—Alf Johnston, of the Gore of London, has been summoned before Squire J. B. Smyth on Tuesday on the charge of "milkmaid and white cow" belonging to Ed Bourne, a neighbor.

—Rev. G. N. Hazen, of Victoria University, Toronto, will preach in Wellington Street Methodist Church tomorrow evening, and Prof. Whyte will assist in the musical part of the service.

—The local union of Christian Endeavor at its last regular meeting passed a resolution condemning the action of the license commissioners fixing the closing hour of saloons at 11 o'clock instead of 12.

—The blouse of a little boy got ignited in London when letting off firecrackers. He was badly burned.—Woodstock Sentinel Review. These new kind of blouses that let off firecrackers should be prohibited.

—Mr. N. D. Hurdon, lately manager at Ridgeway for the Molsons Bank, has been transferred to the Exeter branch of the same bank. Mr. E. E. Ward, formerly of this city, succeeds Mr. Hurdon at Ridgeway.

—An order in council has been passed amending the fishing regulations as follows: In the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec no one shall fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell or possess any bass between the 15th day of April and the 15th day of June, both days inclusive, in each year.

—The June session of the Middlesex County Council opens in the county buildings on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The most important business will be the presentation of the equalization bill, the committee on the erection of a new bridge opposite con 7, between Caradoc and Metcalfe, are to be opened.

—Judge Edward Elliott has remanded Milnick, Milton, Howard and Fitzsimmons to jail for 48 hours for several robbery cases. Fitzsimmons has no clothes now. He threw his own away and put on the suit stolen from Mr. Lee, of Kilworth. Lee, however, wants his returned, and Fitzzy has had to wear the green and yellow. The rule at Kelly's Castle is that no prisoner wears the uniform until convicted. If Fitzsimmons is sentenced to Kingston or the Central, the county will have to purchase a suit of clothes for him.

—Friday's Brantford Express says: "The deputation of London aldermen were shown around the city yesterday afternoon by Ald. Duncan, Ald. Halloran and Chief Calder. They visited Molokah Park and the city and themselves as highly delighted with the beautiful scenery and the extensive accommodations afforded, and altogether were well pleased with their visit here. They left for Toronto at 4 p.m. "Tommy Atkins," a member of Wolsey Barracks, writes to the "Advertiser" regarding the report of the Vauxhall bridge sham fight between several medical men with postscript says: "The Free Press of May 27, Tommy Atkins claims that the idea of the thirteenth having advantage over the regulars is absurd in the extreme. "In actuality been an enemy they would never have crossed the bridge in the first place, and as to having the best of it, not a man could have escaped the thirteenth. The thirteenth, from which we have kept the bridge and the roads, making them impassable."

For 18 Months Unable to Lie Down in Bed—A Toronto Junction Citizen's Awful Experience With Heart Disease.

L. J. Law, Toronto Junction, Ont.: "I consider it my duty to give to the public my experience with Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. I have been sorely troubled with heart disease and unable to lie down in bed for 18 months owing to smothering spells and palpitation. Each night I would have to be propped up by pillows in order to keep from smothering. After treating with several medical men without benefit, I procured a bottle of the Heart Cure. After taking the first dose I retired and slept soundly until morning. I used one bottle and have not taken any of the other medicines since, but the heart trouble has not reappeared. I consider it the grandest remedy in existence for heart disease."

CATARH RELIEVED IN 10 TO 20 MINUTES.—One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder, diffuses the powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. 60 cents. At W. T. Strong's and B. A. Mitchell's.

Feather beds and hair mattresses renovated. We do all renovating on the premises. First-class work guaranteed. We are manufacturers of first-class mattresses and pillows. Dealer in stoves, spring beds and furniture. JAMES F. HUNT, 593 Richmond street north. Telephone 997.

Locomotive engineers and others requiring the finest possible time in a watch will find that C. H. Ward, Jeweler, keeps the best. The most complicated watches repaired satisfactorily. 374 Richmond street, opposite Masonic Temple.

Coal-Wood.

Messrs. Bowman & Co. beg to inform their customers and the public that they have appointed Frank B. Clarke, 416 Richmond, as their agent. He will continue to take orders for coal and wood. Best beech and maple blocks, \$4.50; half cord, \$2.25; quarter cord, \$1.15. Mr. Clarke will also continue the ticket and exchange business at the old stand.

The Scrap Bag.

A new profession for "gentlefolk" has been discovered in London, England, by two impetuous members of the class. They have discovered that there is a livelihood to be obtained by "polishing off" the nouveaux riches and others whose manners "have not that repose which stamps the caste of Vere de Vere." They are a well-born, well-bred married couple who are still sufficiently young to be adaptable. They have been used to the ways of the leisure class, and they are clever enough to make anything from the cure of the Cockney accent to the proper way to entertain a duke is taught for a "consideration."

The wife describes her share of the work thus: "I generally," she says, "undertake to engage the services of all specialists, such as superior maids who know what is what, and can give judicious and useful hints to their mistresses. I also manœuvre teachers of deportment and sometimes teachers of elocution. I have cured one every bad case of mere outward vulgarity in three weeks for ten guineas, and I have cured certain Cockney accents in three months for three guineas; while, on the other hand, a certain city man, who never aspired to anything better than heavy British dinners Fridays to Mondays at Brighton, and Mansion House balls, until he married the daughter of a West End restaurant manager—she knew nothing of life beyond her narrow sphere—gave us carte blanche to make 'fin folks' of them. Not much could be done for him beyond keeping him quiet, but she lent herself to our process. Now they have a very pretty place in Hampshire, and are some rather nice people in the summer. We ourselves received a hundred guineas for our advice, but the husband must have spent over twenty-five thousand in adopting our hints as to mode of living, and he tells us that he has got for it is worth double as much."

The work of the other member of this remarkable firm is equally interesting. "I have more outdoor work than my wife," he says, "because my tuition includes shooting and riding. You know a man who has just made his money seldom likes to be taught by his own gunkeeper or groom, so I am sometimes requisitioned to do it on the quiet. I only wish some of my pupils got on as quickly in drawing-rooms and smoking-rooms as they do with partridges and horses."

Doctor—I would advise you, dear madam, to take frequent baths, plenty of fresh air and dress in cool gowns. Husband (an hour later)—What did the doctor say?

Wife—He said I ought to go to a watering place, and afterwards to the mountains, and to get some new light gowns at once.

There are frocks and frocks this season, and, strange to say, the most hideous are the most truly swaggers. Though we are glad to note that once in a while a really pretty frock lifts its affrighted face, and is surprised by the royal welcome its prettiness elicits.

That most essentially feminine garment, the chemise, is said by saleswomen to be more worn than it has been for years. It is made to serve for two garments, taking the place of the corset cover and the short under petticoat. There is nothing new in their construction, though they are made rather wider at the top than formerly, the effect of the effect of baby waists, when outside the corset. They have no sleeves, the armholes being merely edged with lace or embroidery, quite narrow and slightly gathered.

The mayor of a western city, noted for its healthful situation, not long ago received the following letter from one who desired information:

"Please to let me know the weekly and monthly death statistics of your city and what they died of and also what the favorite diseases of your climate is and when they prevail the worst and how many result in fatal death. Also the high and low barometer and in regard to the wind blowing at what per cent per mile it blows and if cyclones are frequent enough to be unpleasant and what precaution is necessary to escape being blown away. Anything else about your climate and its eazes will be thankfully received."

"The fashionable woman is achieving a carriage that gives her the air of a duchess," so a writer declares. The rules for it are: Shoulders straight, head well back, eyelids drooping and eyes looking out from under them as if they were saving something so low as the earth. It is most effective."

It isn't "May I have the pleasure?" when a man wishes to dance with a woman at the country dances in Italy. He does not go up to the lady and ask her if she will dance, but fixes his eye upon her from a distance and nods. She nods in return, and then both kick off their shoes, advance towards each other and begin to dance.

Diamond buttons appear to a vast extent on the summer gowns and are a very pretty addition, although to dignify them by the name of diamonds is rather absurd, as few if any can lay claim to being genuine.

DAILY HINTS TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.

Life's cares are comforts; Such by heaven designed.

BREAKFAST—Apples and dates. Oatmeal. Dried beef in gravy. Lyonnaise potatoes. Corn bread.

DINNER—Breast of lamb. Mashed potatoes. Canned succotash. Tomato pickles. Lettuce, cream dress. Ing Cranberry sauce. White and graham bread. Custard in cups. Vanilla cream.

SUPPER—Cold meat. Graham mush with cream. Butter toast. Canned grapes. Cookies. Cocoa.

Each person requires 2,000 gallons of air in a day. How many invest in second-hand air?

ALLSTON SCORCHED.

Alliston, May 31.—About 3:30 this morning fire was discovered in Rogers & Co.'s woollen mills, and despite the heroic efforts of the fire brigade the buildings and machinery were almost totally destroyed. A large quantity of raw and manufactured stock was also destroyed. A large number of hands will be thrown out of employment.

THE WARM WAVE

Makes Itself Felt in New York, Pittsburg and Chicago—Several Cases of Sunstroke—Cyclone in Nebraska.

New York, May 31.—The warm wave which struck the city yesterday increased in intensity today, making this the hottest day so far of the year and the hottest May 31 since the weather bureau was established, 26 years ago. The mercury at 2 p.m. registered 93 degrees in the shade.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 31.—Yesterday and today more cases of sunstroke and prostrations from the heat were reported than is usual in the warmest days of midsummer. The workmen employed in the iron mills suffer greatly and a number have been prostrated.

Chicago, Ill., May 31.—The intense heat which prevailed yesterday continued today with undiminished vigor. At noon the thermometer registered 91 degrees. Many victims of the heat were reported.

Chapman, Neb., May 31.—A cyclone struck near here yesterday and demolished everything in its path. The house of A. Bailor was blown to pieces. Mrs. Bailor and two children were fatally injured.

CHANCE FOR FRENCH JINGOES.

A Fight in Brazil Between Natives and French.

New York, June 1.—The Herald's Buenos Ayres special says advices from Rio Janeiro state that the Official Gazette says a fight took place between French marines and Brazilians on May 29. The French force was the victor, but the latter resisted and shot Lumier. The French force advanced and burned the village of Cabaro, but the Brazilians returned and compelled the French to retreat. Two Brazilians and one Portuguese were taken prisoners by the retreating troops.

The Brazilian Government declares that the French had no right to invade neutral territory. The episode, taken together with many other foreign complications, may cause the resignation of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Gen. Caravello. The Foreign Minister has been ordered to make a vigorous protest.

ITS FAME SPREADING.

A New Remedy in General Use in Manitoba and the Northwest.

Winnipeg, May 27.—The effects of the regular waves of sickness which sweep over this portion of the Dominion in the spring are noticeable in the increasing amount of the druggists' sales. There has been quite a run on the kidney remedy now so well known under the name of Dr. Scholl's Kidney Pills. The recovery from Bright's disease of Mr. Arthur Coley, of Somerset, through their use, an account of which appeared in the papers, gave a considerable impetus to the sale, and the remedy has become indispensable in many Manitoba households, its fame having penetrated into the remotest parts of the Province and Northwest Territories.

DIED FROM THE HEAT.

Tilbury, Ont., June 1.—A prominent farmer of Mersea township, named Edward Daney, dropped dead here this morning in Jackson's Butcher shop from heart disease brought on by the extreme heat. Deceased was about 60 years of age and leaves a widow and family.

TROLLEY ACCIDENT NEAR GALT.

Preston, Ont., June 1.—The first serious accident on the Galt and Preston Electric Railway took place last night at midnight. Motorman Jenkins was coming down the hill near the power house with a car and two trailers crowded with people from both Galt and Preston, who had been spending the evening at Preston's Coney Island, when he collided with a car from Galt which Motorman Laurie was about to run into the power house for the night. Jenkins' car was thrown from the track. The occupants, men, women and children, screaming, made a rush for the door, and even tried to jump out of the windows. No one was hurt but Jenkins, who, till the last, kept his place, and had a leg broken and his face badly cut by splinters of wood and glass. He was taken at once to Galt hospital, where the rest of the people, about 200 in number, arrived at Galt about 2 o'clock this morning.

They Never Fail.—Mr. S. M. Boughner, Langton, writes: "For about twenty years I was troubled with inward Piles, but by using Parmelee's Pills I was completely cured, and although many years have elapsed since then they have not returned." Parmelee's Pills are anti-bilious, and a specific for the cure of Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Headache, Piles, etc., and will regulate the secretions and remove all bilious matter.

The best man living is no better than he should be. We build monuments to men, not for what they were, but for what we think they were.

ELECTRICITY

MOTORS

1 to 25 horse power.

DYNAMOS

10 light to 200 light.

We are now placing a 5 horse power motor with Messrs. Burns & Co. Ltd. in run sewing machines and elevator, making a total of 28 in the city.

Specialties—Electrical and general repairs.

London Electric Motor Co.,
90 York St. Phone 1103.
W. BARTON, Manager.

To Smokers

To meet the wishes of their customers The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont., have placed upon the market

A Combination Plug of

"T & B"

SMOKING TOBACCO.

This supplies a long-felt want, giving the consumer one 20-cent plug, or a 10-cent piece or a 5-cent piece of the famous "T & B" brand of pure Virginia Tobacco.

The tin tag "T & B" is on every piece.

CAN CANCER BE CURED?

Two eminent German physicians have discovered a method of treating cancerous ulcers which they hope to develop into a radical cure. Like Professor Koch and other scientists, they warn against sensational reports regarding their discovery, but it is expected that the newspapers will publish accounts out of all proportion with the actual results of Professor Emmerich and Dr. Scholl's experiments. Cancer has been regarded as incurable. According to the Medicinische Wochenschrift, Berlin, this is no longer the case. We summarize as follows:

"The treatment of cancer has not made any progress for a thousand years; if we except surgical operation, all attempts to cure the disease were futile until comparatively recent times. Within the last 5 years, however, German, French and English scientists noticed that cancer and sarcoma seemed to heal very quickly if the sufferer became subject to erysipelas. Observations have led to the certainty that certain tumorous swellings disappear if erysipelas passes over them. Upon this Messrs. Emmerich and Scholl have their treatment. Sheep are artificially infected with erysipelas; the serum taken from them is filtered and kept in a dark place in small vials. The trials made with the serum now extend over a number of years, and are entirely satisfactory. Only two cases are recorded in which no beneficial results were obtained, and in both these cases the cancer had progressed until it became ulcerated. The effects of the serum soon became evident. An infection of a few grains of the serum was followed by a disappearance of the knotty part of the cancer, or at least its reduction to half its size. The question whether the new remedy is effective against all varieties of cancer cannot as yet be answered. The two scientists have made their studies at their own expense, and consequently not on a large scale. It seems, nevertheless, that the form of the disease is of less consequence in its successful treatment than the progress which it has made. When the cancer is in its early state, there is much greater chance of a complete cure. Small injections of the serum are not followed by any disagreeable consequences; neither fever or headache has been noticed in the patients. On the contrary, the patients become bright and cheerful; their appetite, and consequently their strength, increases. It is as yet impossible to say whether the cancer parasites are destroyed by the serum. Its application will probably be most effective after an operation, to prevent a relapse."

Messrs. Scholl and Emmerich are to enlarge their private hospitals, in order to extend their experiments. The erysipelas serum may be obtained by applying to Herr Dr. Scholl, Thalkirchen near Munich. To the poor the remedy will be given free of charge.

"SAVING POWER"

REV. J. FRANKLIN PARSONS,

Cathcart, Ontario: "The package of K. D. C. and Pills which you sent me some time ago has done me a wonderful amount of good. I have advised it well and have confessed of its saving power. Test these wonderful remedies."

FREE SAMPLES OF K. D. C. and PILLS

MAILED TO ANY ADDRESS.

K.D.C. COMPANY, Ltd.
New Glasgow, N. S., and 127 State St., Boston, Mass.

NOTICE OF FURNITURE.

GEORGE W. HARRIS.

Just arrived—Another lot of my Bedroom Sets, from \$8 to \$12. Made to order. A few good cooking stoves for outer kitchen. Also a few good stoves for inner kitchen. Before buying, 357 Talbot street, south King.

ESSENCE OF SIMPLICITY

THE MILD POWER CURES.

While Humphreys' Specifics are the essence of simplicity in choice or use, yet some may be puzzled over the disease, or the particular specific required, a letter to the Company will receive full professional attention and due medical advice free.

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for nearly half a century by the people with entire success.

SPECIFIC FOR

- No. 1—Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.
- 2—Worms, Worms, Worms, Worms.
- 3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Worms.
- 4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.
- 5—Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.
- 6—Colera Morbus, Cholera.
- 7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.
- 8—Nervous, Toothache, Faceache.
- 9—Headaches, Sick Headaches, Vertigo.
- 10—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.
- 11—Suppressed or Painful Periods.
- 12—Whitish, Thin, Pale, Faded.
- 13—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.
- 14—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.
- 15—Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica.
- 16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.
- 17—Piles, Wind or Bleeding.
- 18—Whooping Cough.
- 19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.
- 20—Asthma, Oppression, Worms.
- 21—Bar Discharges, Impaired Hearing.
- 22—Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling.
- 23—General Debility, Physical Weakness.
- 24—Dropsy, and Scarcely Secretions.
- 25—Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding.
- 26—Kidney Diseases.
- 27—Nervous Debility.
- 28—Sore Mouth, or Canker.
- 29—Urinary Weakness.
- 30—Diabetes, or Gravel.
- 31—Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance.
- 32—Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria.
- 33—Chronic Congestions and Eruptions.