

At a Vestry Meeting of the Congregation of Trinity Church in the Town of Barrie, the Rev. the Rector in the Chair, the report of the Committee appointed at the last Vestry Meeting for the consideration of the erection of a New Church in this Town, was read and adopted. A plan of the proposed Edifice was presented, and met with the general approbation of all present, and it was determined that steps should be at once taken to enter on its construction. The following gentlemen were appointed as a Building Committee:—The Rev. Edward Morgan, Assistant Minister, James Patton, S. M. Sanford, H. R. A. Boys and Hewitt Bernard, Esqrs.—Barrie Herald.

A FAITHFUL TEACHER.—A valuable testimonial was recently presented to the superintendent of a Sabbath-school in Sittingbourne, Kent, England, who on receiving it said that he had been connected with Sabbath-schools in that town for more than forty-two years, during which time he had never been absent a single Lord's day.

SABBATH AND SUNDAY.—A correspondent of the Notes and Queries says, the only words in English for the first day of the week, before the existence of Puritanism, were Sunday and Lord's Day. The former of these expressions was used by our Saxon ancestors, with all Teutonic nations. The latter was adopted from the Christian form or Southern Europe. Saturday, in Italian, still retains the name of Sabbath. The word for Sunday, in Russian, means resurrection; "identifying the day, as the southern nations do, though more significantly, with the great triumph of Christian faith."

PROPOSED PROTESTANT CHURCH AT TUNIS.—The Protestant residents at Tunis contemplate the erection of a church in that city, where, amidst a population of 200,000 Mohammedans, Jews, and Romanists, they are without any place of public worship. They are unable to raise sufficient funds among themselves, but hope for assistance from this country. The British and Swedish Consuls at Tunis head an appeal for this object.

THE CHURCH IN JAMAICA.—The Legislature has passed a Clergy Bill, with a duration clause of four years, whereby a saving of twelve and a-half per cent. on the salaries paid to the clergy has been effected, or about 3,000, per annum.

COMPLETED.—The iron church and parsonage granted by the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, to the Diocese of Melbourne, have been erected at Williamstown, and are said to answer very well.

SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The stated annual meeting of the Episcopal Church Society was held at Edinburgh last week. Dr. Ramsay read the Seventeenth Annual Report of the General Committee. The available income was £3623, and grants had been made amounting to about £2240, of which £1250, to about 50 clergymen; £1250, for educational purposes (to 63 schools and to 2 training institutions); and £300, for expenses of management—making, on the whole, an expenditure of about £3656. The Rev. J. O. Millar moved the adoption of the report, and called on the Church to raise the society above its present stereotyped position. They should remember, he said, that their Church was increasing rapidly in the country, that congregations were being formed, new parsonages were being required, and new schools were being built, all which involved from year to year increased applications to the society. The motion was agreed to. The Rev. Mr. Sandford, seconded by Mr. Gibbon, of Johnstone, moved a resolution, recommending annual congregational collections exclusively for educational purposes.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MONTREAL BRANCH OF THE COLONIAL CHURCH AND SCHOOL SOCIETY was held on the 17th inst. The Bishop presided. The Report represents the Normal School as being in a very efficient state. The Model School contains 360 scholars, and the Infant School 70 scholars. The Missions are increasing in usefulness. Income from Government, £1000. From the Parent Society, £370. School fees, £250. Private contributions, £1576. Expenditure, £3850. The resolutions adopted were:—1st, Adopting the Report.—2nd, Thanks to Contributors.—and 3rd, Recognizing the importance of a sound and Scriptural education. The speakers were A. H. Campbell, Esq., Rev. Dr. Leach, Dr. Barber, Mr. Hicks, and Rev. Messrs. Bancroft and Duvernet.

### Correspondence.

The Barrie Herald and the Churchman's Friend.

MR. EDITOR.—In a communication in your last issue under the above heading, I notice that our friend errs in the too general supposition "that in order to remove the Popish symbols from off the Altar," the Cobourg church was broken into. Such is not the case; they were removed in like manner as they were introduced, without the consent or knowledge of the Vestry. Quietly done; and in the language of one of those few who introduced the Popish things "at a time when no one would have dreamed of a chance of removing them." And there are also gone those other elements of discord and strife which prevailed here for a short period; and in their place reign faith, hope, charity, and truth. Christ is no longer hid in the church; but Christ is all, and in all, and the church abideth in him. I have taken your paper from the first number of its publication, and would bear testimony to your faithful and earnest endeavours to raise and support the moral and religious character of the Royal Orange Association.

Yours truly,  
A SCARLET-MAN,  
of Cobourg.

I enclose you £5, and wish that I could afford to be one of the "Ten" for £25.

Simcoe, Norfolk County, C.W.,  
Jan. 17th, 1856.

MY DEAR SIR.—The wording of an article in the Echo of the 11th inst., would lead to the conclusion that the money subscribed for the maintenance of a Bishop in the new Diocese, (west), was promised on the condition that a certain individual should be the Incumbent. I beg leave to inform you that this is altogether a mistake. The condition on which the whole of our Fund has been subscribed, is that suggested by the Bishop of Toronto himself, and in his lordship's own words, namely, "that the Bishop shall be elected by the clergy and lay delegates of the parishes which shall constitute the new Diocese." It may be that in one or two instances, gentlemen, who had already subscribed handsomely, may have expressed their readiness to give more; if the individual elected should be a person enjoying their confidence;—but the subscription lists contain nothing of the sort. I may with safety say that, we are ready to pay our subscriptions, whoever may be the person chosen, provided the privilege of electing him be conceded to us.

I remain, my dear sir, faithfully yours,  
FRANCIS EVANS,  
Rector of Woodhouse, Rural Dean, &c.

St. James', Kingston, C. W., Jan. 21st, 1856.

MY DEAR BROTHER.—I have just received from the Secretary of the Irish Church Missions an acknowledgment of £50 sterling, which the friends of Ireland have enabled the Ladies Association to forward.

He adds,—"I suppose you have heard of our sad pecuniary emergency. Serious reductions have taken place in missionary operations, and expenditures; and still further reductions are contemplated. God, however, continues to own and to bless our work."

Having, during the last summer visited Ireland, and inspected the character of the wonderful work—hastily, and consequently, very imperfectly, yet most satisfactorily to myself, and having drawn up a report, which our Association is about to publish, would not our friends, generally, aid us in aiding the society by ordering each a few copies for circulation. I do not know exactly what the cost will be, but it cannot be much.

Does not God say to his servants, by the very critical state of Protestantism in the newly recovered parts of Ireland, "Drive and go forward; slack not thy riding for me, except I bid thee." (2 K., iv. 24) now that souls are to be rescued from death. My report will be ready for the press early in February.

Yours,  
R. V. ROGERS.

### Secular Intelligence.

USE OF CHLOROFORM IN THE ARMY.—At the last sitting of the French Academy of Sciences, M. Flourens, speaking on the subject of chloroform, justly remarked that its use in the field hospitals of the army doubled the strength and power of the surgeons. He is more master of his action when operating on a kind of inert mass, and he is no longer deranged by the cries or movements of the patient. In the campaign in the Crimea chloroform was employed more than 25,000 times, and always with success. "This immense result," said M. Flourens, "is the best reply to those who had felt apprehensions at the use of this powerful auxiliary in surgical operations. War is a scourge; but in the evils which follow in its train there are often to be found valuable instructions, which science avails itself of for the benefit of suffering humanity."

At the Meeting of the Geographical Society, a few days ago, Dr. Shaw read a communication, supplied by the Foreign-office, giving further details of the progress of Dr. Livingstone in Africa. He had penetrated to Calabango, a large trading station on the river Chibanga.

A great many travellers have arrived in Egypt to spend the winter months in her upper country, where the climate is very genial. Among others, there are now on the Nile the Earl of Portarlington, Lord George Paulet, and Lord Abercromby.

THE QUEEN AND THE CRIMEAN OFFICERS.—Her Majesty is making a collection of photographic portraits of the more distinguished officers engaged in the Crimean campaign. The artist who has been entrusted with the taking of the pictures is Mr. Mayall, the well-known photographer of Argyll-place, Regent-street. The most recent addition to the Royal collection is the portrait of Sir Colin Campbell.

ROYAL COURT.—It is notorious that Her Majesty is a very early riser. Seven o'clock often finds her upon the "slopes" while the majority of her subjects are wrapped in slumber. We do not know, however, that we ever read of the Queen's rising at four a.m., until the other day, when, for the purpose of doing honour to the departure of her Royal guest, the King of Sardinia, her Majesty arose and breakfasted with him.—London Paper.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to send £10 to Thomas Walker, 95th Regiment. It will be recollected on the last Royal visit to Fort Pitt that the Queen was struck with Walker's ingenuity in making a carpet, composed of squares of the different regimental cloths, and which has been recently forwarded through Colonel C. B. Phipps, for Her Majesty.

SCOTTISH ESTIMATE OF MR. CHARLES DICKENS.—In the van of those who are labouring to sever the working classes from what little hold religion yet retains on them, we are sorry to find Mr. Dickens marching, and in a style of harlequin bravado, anything but creditable to one claiming his good feeling, and possessing his amount of common sense.—Aberdeen Free Press.

The poultry at the Birmingham Show brought great prices. A Dorking cockeril and three pullets, seven months old, were sold for no less than £30 10s. The rare spectacle of a lunar rainbow was seen at Bristol, on Sunday, about five a.m.

TORONTO AND GUELPH RAILWAY.—A trial trip was made yesterday on the Grand Trunk Railway, from this City to the Town of Guelph. The affair was of a strictly private character; but a more public opening is expected to come off about a fortnight hence. The excursion party consisted of His Excellency the Governor General, Capt. Bataillon, the Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench; the Chancellor of Upper Canada; Mr. Justice Richards; the Mayor and ex-Mayor of Toronto; the two Members of this city; and several of the Directors and Engineers of the Road. The expedition left town at 9 in the morning, and arrived at Guelph without accident at 2 P. M. On his Excellency's arrival at the Guelph station, he was most enthusiastically received by a large assemblage of the citizens of Guelph, who were anxiously awaiting his arrival. His Excellency immediately proceeded to the Court House, where he was presented with addresses from the County Council, Town Council and the Farmers and the Mechanic's Institute. After briefly replying to the several addresses he was escorted to the British Hotel, where with about 40 others, he sat down to a luncheon neatly served up by Mr. Moran, proprietor of the Hotel.

The party left Guelph on the return trip at 3 o'clock, and arrived safely at home shortly after seven. We heartily congratulate our citizens on the prospect of this important line being opened for traffic. The impetus which will be given to the trade of our city cannot but be very great.

THE RESULT OF RELIGIOUS LIBERTY.—Louisiana was originally settled by papists, who had consequently the prestige of respectability, wealth, and numbers in their favor, when that territory was annexed to the United States. Since its admission into that Union, forty-three years of religious toleration have elapsed. What is the result? Romanism has but fifty-five churches in the State, while Protestantism has two hundred and fifty? Religious liberty is death to Romanism.

RELIGIOUS TYRANNY IN AUSTRIA.—Protestants must be well satisfied if they are simply tolerated in Austria. There is, perhaps, no country under the sun in which the authorities so much delight in vexatious measures, which have not even the merit of being of service to the State, as in this. Every person who frequents the Exchange is obliged to take a ticket, for which he pays a trifling sum, and on the 1st of this month, notice was given by the police authorities, that in future every ticket would, in addition to the name and address, have the religion of its possessor inscribed on it. This new regulation has excited extreme indignation among the Hebrew frequenters of the Exchange, and its consequence will assuredly be felt when their assistance is again required by the State.—Vienna Correspondence of the Times.

BED CLOTHES.—Three-fourths of the bed covering of our people consists of what are miscalled "comfortables," viz: two calico cloths, with glazed cotton wadding laid between and quilted in.

The perfection of dress for day and night, where warmth is the purpose, is that which confines around the body sufficient of its warmth, while it allows escape to the rest. Where the body is allowed to bathe profusely in its own vapors, we must expect an unhealthy effect upon the skin. Where there is too little ventilating escape, what is called insensible perspiration is checked, and something analogous to fever supervenes. Foul tongues, ill taste, and lack of morning appetite betray the error. In all cases the temper suffers, and "My dear, this is execrable coffee," is probably the table greeting.

How much of the rosy health of poor children is due to the air-leaking rooms of their parents, and what a generator of pale faces is a close chamber! To be healthy and happy, provide yourself with the lightest and most porous blankets. The finer the better. The cheapest in price are the densest in health. "Comfortables" are uncomfortable and unhealthy. Cotton, if it could be made equally porous and kept so, we should prefer to wool. The same for daily under-clothes. But more than all these, let your chamber be ventilated. Knock in a hole somewhere to give your escape breath exit, and another to give fresh air to your lungs, in the place of what they have expired. So shall you have pleasant dreams at night, and in the morning cheerful rising, sweet breath, and good appetite!

THE DUCK OF LEINSTER'S MANSION BURNED.—A destructive fire broke out on Friday morning at Carton House, the residence of the Duke of Leinster, near Maynooth. Every man in the town of Maynooth, with the students from the college, and great numbers of people from the surrounding country were on the spot, and under the directions of the Duke himself and of the Marquis of Kildare, or Lord Gerald, every possible effort was made to stop the conflagra-

tion. The gale, which unfortunately blew with considerable violence at the time, spread the fire, and fed its fury with more effect than all the exertions that could be made were able to overcome. The Duchess of Leinster having been confined for some time from illness, it was found necessary to remove her Grace to the steward's house.

EARLY MARRIAGES IN MASSACHUSETTS.—Two little girls of 13, twelve of 14, thirty-five of 15, one hundred and seventy-two, of 16, and three hundred and eighty-three of 17, were married when they ought to have been whipped instead. Two boys of 16, also tried it.—Congregationalist.

Actors are shorter lived, on the average, than any other profession, 30 in every 1000 dying annually. Late hours and excitement soon wear out even a strong constitution.

The Egyptian government has abolished slavery in Egypt, not only forbidding that slaves be bought or freed, but informing all the enslaved that they are free.

By the express desire of her Majesty, six easy chairs of the newest construction have been forwarded to Mr. George Russell Darrell, at Fort Pitt, Chatham, for the wounded under his care.

GAMBLING IN CHICAGO.—O. T. Cadwell, conductor on the railroad to Burlington, has been convicted of embezzlement in that city, and sentenced to a year's imprisonment in the Penitentiary. The Chicago Democrat states that the following night, a number of blacks went to the Judge and threatened him if he did not grant him a new trial, and if he did not recommend him to the mercy of the Governor, &c., that he never should be taken to Alton. That paper also states it is believed that Cadwell will make developments that will startle the whole community respecting the extent to which gambling is carried on in this city, and to which clerks and others in confidential positions expend money which they could not possibly come honestly by. The Railroad Companies have resolved to discharge all of their employees who have taken side in this matter, or are in the habit of visiting gambling houses. Indeed, some have already got their discharge.

SUFFOCATION BY COKE.—On Monday last the district coroner held two inquests in the Town-hall, Middleborough, upon the bodies of two men who had been cut down and named Thomas Eden and James Garrity. Their bed was made in an attic, and their landlady, thinking the room would be cold and damp, made a fire of coke in an iron pan, and placed it in the room. The men retired to rest, and in the morning the landlady called them several times, without receiving an answer. She entered the apartment, and was horror-struck to find both men quite dead.

A PROFESSOR CALLED TO ACCOUNT FOR LECTURING.—In the Edinburgh Town Council last week, Dr. Renton said he was anxious to give Professor Miller an opportunity of explaining the reason for his deserting the duties of his class to deliver a lecture in London. This he had seen was the case, by a paragraph in one of the papers. Unless on professional duties, he thought a professor was not justified in leaving his class, and therefore he drew attention to the matter. The Lord Provost said he was in London when Professor Miller gave his lecture in Exeter Hall (for the Young Men's Christian Association). The Professor had left Edinburgh on Monday evening; had travelled all night, and had lectured on Tuesday evening, and left London on Wednesday morning, and so would arrive in Edinburgh on the evening of that day. He thought Edinburgh should be proud of possessing a man of the abilities of Professor Miller, whose lecture gave the highest pleasure to a crowded audience in Exeter Hall. No further notice was taken of the subject.

DAY VS. GREEN WOOD.—A writer in the N. Y. Times combats the opinion that burning green wood is more economical than dry, upon scientific principles. He says that in burning green wood, the carbon unites with the oxygen of the air, and gives out heat; the water does not burn, but is converted into steam, and in that condition conceals or renders latent a certain amount of heat.—A cord of solid green wood weighs from 6,000 to 8,000 lbs., and when dry, from 3,000 to 5,000 lbs., a difference of more than a ton weight in a solid cord. The carbon which is required to heat this ton of water to the boiling point is entirely wasted, as heat is not developed till the water is driven off in the form of steam which steam conveys away in a latent state a large amount of heat.

### TORONTO MARKETS.

With rather a good supply of farmers' produce at market, we note prices firm—the local demand being so great, that heavy buyers are kept from operating, and consequently trade is confined to a mere retail one.

About 16 loads of wheat in market—which readily brought \$8 to \$8 9d for fall; two loads of spring going for 7s per bushel.

No change in flour—a fair quantity at market, which sold for \$7 to \$7 7/8 for farmers'.

Oats came in freely; prices 2s 7s to 2s 9d per bushel.

Beef—country slaughtered, weighing 100 lbs. to 120 lbs. the fore quarter, \$5 1/2 to \$6; hind quarters, \$7 to \$8.

Mutton—eighty carcasses of steaks were on market, and sold in lots at 5d per lb.—average weight 75 lbs. to 85 lbs.

Pork—not much in market; \$8 to \$8 1/2.

Other articles without any change in value worth notice.—Globe, Thursday.

### BIRTH.

Jan. 19th, at Oshawa, Whitby, the wife of the Rev. John Pentland, of a son—still-born.

### DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

Friend Davis.—Although a stranger to you, I feel the liberty of addressing a few lines to you, for the purpose of saying a few words in favor of your invaluable medicine. I have used your Pain Killer more than a number of years, and for several complaints, and in fact for pains of all kinds, I think it pre-eminent. Before I became acquainted with your medicine, I had a violent attack of dysentery, which reduced me to bed, and in fact my mind could not survive, but by the treatment of a Boston Physician, the best remedy I then knew, I recovered.—Since then, I have had several attacks, one of which, about four years ago, I was attacked at three o'clock in the morning, and at sunrise, I was not able to get off my bed. I sent and got a twenty-five cent bottle of your Pain Killer, which I commenced taking, according to directions, and at six o'clock in the evening my bowels were regular, and I was up and moving about, although somewhat weak. I would recommend to all similarly afflicted, to avail themselves of your invaluable medicine.

I am, sir, yours respectfully,  
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Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir—A gentleman by the name of Lavin, living in this place, who has been under the doctor's charge, and confined to the house for two years past with Liver Complaint, which had turned into Dropsy, and was pronounced beyond cure by the principal Physicians of the place, and his friends expected him to die daily, is now, after taking five bottles of the German Bitters, out of bed, and attending to his daily business. The Bitters are, consequently, in great demand.

JOHN G. CARRLE,  
2-in.

### A MARRIED TRIBUTE.

From the Vermont Chronicle.

actual effects of the medicine in cases of Dyspepsia, Asthma, &c., in terms that would be thought extravagant but for the intelligence and character of the gentlemen that sign them.

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MRS. URLIN.  
January 1st, 1856. 5.7-12-in.

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