

The Amherst Sensation.

The *Borderer* is responsible for a "mystery" very similar to the Newfoundland wreck story that set the world in a future a year or two ago. A girl by the name of Esther Cox, living with a Mr. Teed in Amherst, has recently become the subject of mysterious influences, the first indication of anything unusual being a mesmeric trance by which she was overcome during her illness several weeks ago. The most extraordinary occurrences are reported, such as the violent overturning of boxes in the room in which she slept; the removal of the quilts from the bed, the forcible pulling of pillows from under her head and rappings—these would be both light and heavy. The *Borderer* says there are the most reliable witnesses of the manifestations, and that even scientific men have gone to the house and left it baffled. The latest from the *Borderer* is that "Miss Cox, having been assured by the Unknown that she would not be troubled by its demonstrations if she came to Sackville, arrived here on Saturday, and intends to remain for a time. No manifestations have taken place since her arrival—a fact at which she is no doubt well pleased."

The *Moncton Times* says "that it is just possible that Reynolds, who has been in Amherst interviewing the parties may have been spiritually affected himself." It seems to be admitted however that there is truth in many of the facts stated.

STRANGE DOCTRINE.—Several of our conservative contemporaries state that the liberal candidates elected in their respective counties will have no influence in the Dominion Parliament—in fact that they will be powerless. In has also been stated that ministers elected, will exercise the patronage in Counties they do not represent, there by ignoring the local representative. Has it really come to this—that the people of Counties who elected liberal members are to be disfranchised? Or is it mere brag in those flushed by success. How true it is that some when "dressed up in a little brief authority, play such fantastic tricks &c. Those who have been defeated must bear their disappointment with becoming patience. The end is not yet; and proof that those who asserted that the Press had been "subsidized," now that they are in power, do not hesitate to extend a most liberal patronage to their advocates which is to be commended. The tide of prosperity ebbs and flows, and the government of one day may be the opposition of the next.

THE FISHERY AWARD.—There appears to be an undignified attempt on the part of American officials to quibble about the payment of what was adjudged by the commissioner for the use of the Canadian Fisheries. No effort has been spared to evade the payment of the award; the latest is, that they claim damages for the destruction of seals, and the seizure of fish from U.S. Fishermen at Newfoundland—for violation of local laws. They forget that their fishermen were on the water, they were on British territory, and that they should, and were bound to obey the statute laws of the country, which have been on the Statute Book for many years, and were as fair for the United States fisherman as the Newfoundlanders. Canadians were granted by treaty the right to use American Canals—but they were subject to their local laws, and obeyed them. American journals underrate and undervalue one of England's statesmen—Lord Salisbury, because he honestly joined in the decision to pay Canada the Fishery Award which is scarcely half the amount it is justly entitled to. But the amount will be paid yet and then they will crow over the great bargain they obtained.

SCOTCH BANKING.

A correspondent of the *London Times* describes the banking system of Scotland, and brings out details in regard to methods that will be very new to many of our readers:

The Scotch banks, stimulated largely by the spirit of rivalry, have of late years become more and more aggressive in their policy. As there are many towns in which the banks, which are also the agents' houses, are the handsomest buildings, so there are many villages in which the only respectable building is its single bank. There are, indeed, villages which consist merely of a bank and a few cottages. In the Middle Ages, the village was an accretion on the feudal castle. In modern Scotland, the village seems to have grown upon the bank, so completely does the latter dominate all other heritages, not excepting the ecclesiastical. The reason of this will be readily understood when it is remembered that the bank, like the parish church, exists not only for and by the village, but also for a wide surrounding district—probably more for the latter than for the former. There is many a village in Scotland with 200 or 300 hundred inhabitants in

which there is now only one school-house, while it boasts of at least two rival bank agencies. Thus it happens that in this poor country there are no fewer than 345 provincial towns and villages in which banks of deposit exclusive of savings banks, have been established. I find from the Bank Directory that the total number of provincial banks and branches in Scotland is 950, so that the average approaches very nearly to three in each town or village. As all these banks pay interest on deposits, the thrift is attended with direct profit, as well as with interest.

I have spoken, hitherto merely of the ordinary banks of deposit. But these are not the only banks that encourage thrift among the people. If to the 950 provincial banks we add the 53 national and the 569 Post-Office savings banks, we have a total of 1,569 separate money receiving offices, every one of which commends itself to the community by offering interest at a lower or a higher rate. The City of Glasgow Bank excelled all its rivals in the zeal with which it cultivated local business. It had 130 branches—a larger number than any other Scotch bank—and 30 of these were in towns and villages in which no other bank was represented.

The St. Andrews Standard.

Saint Andrews, Nov. 13, 1878.

CIRCUIT COURT.

The Circuit Court was opened yesterday 12th inst. His Honor Mr. Justice Weldon presiding. There was a full attendance of the Grand Jury, of which J. R. Bradford, Esq., was chosen foreman.

His Honor in his charge to the Grand Jury, dwelt at length on the importance of their duties, and remarked that he had seldom seen a better attendance of grand jurors in obedience to the law. Their duties were very important, all cases entered on behalf of our Lady Sovereign the Queen, for violations of the law, were brought before them for investigation. There would be laid before them three cases—one for the highest crime on record. It appears by the evidence given at the Coroner's inquest, that a man living on the road between here and St. John, had left his home on Monday morning, the 9th of September, and for eight or ten days had been missing; when found, his body showed marks of violence. Suspicion fell on a man who had been frequenting the house of Ward, also on Mrs. Ward, the wife of the murdered man. An axe that had belonged to Dowd had been found with blood and hairs on it, which looked very suspicious. No eye had seen the deed committed, but circumstances might arise that would form a chain of evidence which would be as good as though the eye had seen it; when a chain is made to the evidence, all converging together, it was as good in the law as though seen by the eye.

The medical man testifies that the body had received violence, so they would have to consider whether there is sufficient evidence to put them on their trial. If the wife of the murdered man did not commit the deed, if she knew of it either before or after the act was committed, she is equally guilty. Their finding a true bill against them did not prove their guilt, but would only put them on their trial for a full investigation before a petit jury. The other case is one for concealment of the birth of a child. Another for an assault. Though there is a crime of the highest nature before the court, it is seldom it occurs in this county; it was very seldom that Charlotte had any such cases to deal with.

The Grand Jury returned a true bill in the assault case. The Murder trial is to take place on Friday.

POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS are the order of the day, and speculation is indulged in as to the character of the trade policy to be inaugurated. Some writers it appears to us, are unreasonable, they assert that no benefit has arisen from the change of government, and that the protection policy has not nor will not be carried out, as stated prior to the election, when it was promised that better times were to follow, with plenty of work and lots of money. This reminds us of a common saying that "talk is cheap." Why the ministers were only re-elected last week, and have not had time to put on the harness of office and even when they do, it will be some months before "the policy" which is promised, can be acted upon—certainly not before the Dominion Parliament meets. Several millions must be raised to meet the liabilities maturing, and looking at the unpleasant state of trade in Britain, and the tightness of the money market, a difficult and responsible duty devolves upon the Finance Minister to obtain the large amount required. We look upon it as undignified to be carping, and otherwise censuring the Prime Minister for not having accomplished the change he promised. Exercise a little patience, and give fair play to an opponent; if his measures succeed, all will be well, if not the power that elevated, will as quickly and surely reduce him to the ranks.

THANKSGIVING.—His Honor, the Lieut. Gov. has appointed Thursday, 21st inst., as a public holiday, and day of thanksgiving.

TONICS OF THE WEEK.

SAD ACCIDENT.—We learn that Capt. W. Cook, of Deer Island, went last Monday in an open boat for a load of coal to L'Etete while returning during the evening which was stormy, his boat was dashed against a rock within a short distance of the shore, and upset. The Capt. grasped an oar to which he lashed himself on the rock, and called for assistance. Some persons heard him but could not launch a boat owing to the heavy sea. The Capt. talked with them and said "if you do not take me ashore you will find me here when the tide goes down." He was found next day, but sad to state was dead. Capt. Cook was formerly a ship master, and commanded a steamer from Great Britain, where he was known as a successful seaman. He has left a wife and several relatives to lament his sad death.

ORDINATION.—We notice that our young friend Mr. F. Bradley, son of Charles Bradley Esq., of this town, was ordained on All Saints day at Quebec, by his grace the Archbishop—*tenure*. This is the second son of Mr. Bradley, who is a Priest of the R. C. church. Rev. Mr. Bradley is favorably known in St. Andrews, his native place.

COURT WEEK.—His Honor Mr. Justice Weldon, Jas. G. Stevens and Mr. McMonagle Esqs., and legal gentlemen, Chas. Campbell Esq., and Mrs. Campbell are among the arrivals this week. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell are visiting our respected Postmaster.

THE U.S. ELECTIONS resulted in a decided victory for the Republicans, in almost every State. Butler was defeated by Tilden in Massachusetts for Governor by 3,000 majority.

As usual, during the sittings of the Courts there is an abundance of rain which has taken off the snow, rendering walking rather muddy.

A cargo of Anthracite coal, imported by Mr. Ross, and which arrived on Saturday last, meets with ready sale.

WELL MERITED.—The Queen has thanked Lord Dufferin for his ability, and judgment in the discharge of his duties as Governor General of Canada.

Messrs Blair and Thompson, Dr. Dow and H. Hanson were nominated in Fredericton, on the 9th inst. for the Local Legislature.

Dr. Dow was handled without gloves by the two former gentlemen. It is said that Blair and Thompson will be re-elected by a large majority.

AFGHANISTAN.—Late intelligence from Europe states that Russia has backed down, as its government press advocates neutrality, for the purpose of obtaining peace. It would be instructive to know, that Russia did not use means and give encouragement to the Afghans to create the trouble which has arisen.

Mr. Leggo has written a valuable book on Lord Dufferin's career in Canada, which has been published by the Lovell Printing and Publishing Company. This makes the third book on the same subject. We have not yet received a copy.

The "beautiful snow" as the poet describes it, fell in such quantity on Friday last as to require the use of runners instead of wheels, and the sound of the merry sleigh bells were heard for the first time this season.

Cape May has had a \$400,000 fire. The Ocean House, Merchant's Hotel and other buildings were consumed on the 9th inst.

The Sun Publishing establishment has been removed to Jones' building, Canterbury Street, St. John. The paper is ably edited, well printed from its own types and on its steam presses, and takes a front rank among the dailies. It also publishes a Weekly edition.

ABANDONED.—We learn on reliable authority that the protest against the return of Mr. Gillmor for the Commons, has been abandoned. This will tell in favor of a prominent gentleman, who it is probable will be a candidate at the next election, whenever it takes place.

The talented troupe who gave the representation of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," here last summer, are meeting with great success in Canada. The Academy of Music at Montreal, on the 1st inst., was filled by a respectable audience to witness the play.

Partitions have been filed against the return of Sir Albert J. Smith, and Mr. Rogers. There are now eleven election trials.

Counterfeit Canadian Bank of Commerce notes are in circulation. It will be well to examine all bank bills.

MANITOBA.—During the past season upwards of 1,000 emigrated from the Ottawa Valley to Manitoba.

Michael Farrell, is to be hanged at Quebec on the 10th of January for the murder of a neighbor; he confessed the crime.

The Earl of Dufferin is to visit the Queen at Balmoral, by command, this week.

It is stated that the following gentlemen will compose the personnel of the Marquis of Lorne's suite:—

Major DeWinton, Governor-General's Secretary.

Hon. Colonel Littleton, Military Secretary.

Hon. Mr. Montar, Comptroller.

Hon. Mr. Harbord, of the Scots' Guards, and Captain Chater, of the 91st Regiment aides-de-camp.

Lady Sophia MacNamara will accompany the Princess Louise.

The appointments of the Hon. Mr. Campbell as Receiver General, and the Hon. R. D. Wilmot, as Speaker of the Senate have been gazetted.

DE. JOHN CANTY states that he never has lost a case since he began practice.

A PAPER in the NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for November that cannot fail to be amusing and interesting, is "The Caricature History of Lord Beaconsfield," by G. H. F. This is an account of all the cartoons of Mr. Benjamin Disraeli which have appeared in *Punch*, the first of which appeared in 1845. Fourteen of the best of these are given, and also a short sketch of his life. The author of the "Monograph of the Esquimaux Tehiglit" continues as in the "Monograph of the Done-Dindie," to show many points of resemblance between them and Oriental nations which go far to confirm many in the belief that the Indians of this continent are of Eastern origin.

For the Young Folks is a Chinese story of "The Dragon's Gate." The puzzles this month are unusually interesting.

In the HOME there is the usual illustrated paper on "Foods in Season," by Giuseppe Rudmani, *Chef de Cuisine*; and "Edna's New Plan"—something on Domestic Economy.

Under Literary notices are extracts from "Haverholme, or the Apotheosis of Jingo," a satire, by Edward Jenkins. The frontispiece is a portrait of Lord Beaconsfield.

The public feeling in Scotland is not much allayed by the melancholy collapse of the City of Glasgow Bank. As the matter is more fully investigated and understood two things become more certain, first that there had been trickery and fraud of the worst kind; and second that absolute ruin stares hundreds in the face. On the ground of the former evidence the directors of the bank have been committed to await their trial upon a criminal charge, but even being very properly refused, except in the case of Mr. John Stewart, for whom it is said, the Lord Advocate has accepted bail to the amount of \$75,000. This apparent severity of treatment is warranted by the facts of the case. On the other hand a feeling of deep sympathy exists for the unfortunate shareholders; and at a private meeting the other day no less than \$150,000 were subscribed for their relief. This is noble; and is a true exemplification of the spirit which prompts Scotsmen all the world over to bear each others' burdens.

The fishery dispute between Canada and the United States is not yet disposed of. As the time approaches for the payment of the \$5,500,000 to the British Govt. terms of the Halifax award sundry captious objections are started by the representatives of the United States, obviously for the purpose of delaying payment. The latest phase of the subject is that suggested by the despatch of Mr. Everts, Secretary of State, to Mr. Welch, the American Minister in London.

SORE TEATS IN COWS.—When the teats of a cow are sore in any way, (having blisters or cracks in them,) it is well to wash them clean before milking, and have a vessel of water in reach, and often wet the teats while milking. This softens the skin. After milking apply butter and salt mixed of about equal proportions in bulk. The salt cleanses the sores, and the butter keeps the skin soft. In a few days all are well. Never wet the teats with milk while milking.

Preparations are being made in Montreal for the reception of the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise, as the Mayor has been officially informed that they will remain two days at Windsor Hotel en route from Halifax to Ottawa. Mayor Blandy declines to get official robes

like those of the Mayor of Ottawa, and says he looks on such things as a foolish expense. He thinks a black coat good enough to appear in, even before royalty.

The Greek Archbishop of Symrna was almost mortally wounded the other day by a man desiring to be married. The latter, upon being informed by the prelate that, among the formalities to be complied with, the consent of parents was indispensable, stabbed him three times and left. At last accounts the Archbishop was in a precarious condition, and the assassin had not been captured.

The Steam Saw Mill of Messrs. Robinson & Glenn, on the N. B. & C. Railroad, four miles below Canterbury Station, was destroyed by fire on Thursday morning. It was an excellent saw mill; had been shut down for the winter; loss \$30,000, on which was \$9,000 insurance.—Origin of the fire unknown.

The *Winnipeg Free Press*, in a very temperate article, discusses a question which just now has for the people of Manitoba a more vital interest than almost any other—What will the Government do with the Pacific Railway? Fortunately for them, the late government was able before leaving office to place their railway connection with St. Paul beyond the risk of failure, and in a few weeks they will have one outlet for traffic available all the year round.

Potatoes require a good deal of potash, and farmers cannot make a mistake in applying to the land on which they are grown either ashes or commercial fertilizers that contain a large percentage of potash.

A **SHIRT COUGH** that we are so apt to consider a mere annoyance and treat with corresponding neglect, too often proves to be the seed sown for an inevitable harvest—CONSUMPTION. Immediate and thorough treatment is our only safeguard. A testimonial full of Robinson's *Phosphorized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Lactio-Phosphate of Lime* given whenever the Cough is troublesome, will afford immediate relief, and if persevered in will effect a cure even in the most obstinate cases.

Prepared solely by J. H. ROBINSON, Pharm. Chemical Chemist, St. John N. B.; and for sale by Druggists and General Dealers. Price \$1.00 per bottle; six for \$5.00.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Nov. 7, Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, general Cargo.

Mary Ellen, Clark, St. John, ballast.

CLEARED.

Nov. 4, Harriet, McQuoid, Boston, 3300 bushel Turnips, P. McLaughlin.

5, Esther, Maloney, Eastport, 55 cords wood, Beckford & Co.

Mary Ellen, Clark, St. John, ballast.

9, Ned. Hooper, Boston 2550 bus. turnips, 5 bbls. potatoes, Jas. Dargherly.

11, Dauntless, Tatton, Boston, 2300 bus. turnips, J. Russell.



GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

Debates of the Assembly and Departmental Printing.

SEALED TENDERS, indorsed "Tenders for reporting the Debates of the Assembly," and addressed to the Chief Commissioner of the Board of Works, will be received by the undersigned Committee of the Executive Council, at the office of the Board of Works, Fredericton, until the twentieth day of November next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the Synoptic Reporting and Publishing the Debates of the House of Assembly during the continuance of the present House, according to the directions and Specification on file in the Office of the Board of Works.

Also, separate Sealed Tenders, indorsed "Tenders for Departmental Printing," for Printing and Binding the Reports of certain Departments, and "Public Offices of the Government, for the report of any other person than the Contractor for the said report."

The Tenders in each case must contain the actual signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract—otherwise the Tender will not be considered, and the Committee reserves the right to prescribe other provisions for the due completion of each Contract.

In case of the adoption of any Tender for Reporting the Debates, it shall be subject to the approval of the Assembly, and upon such approval, no allowance will be paid by the Government ending 31st October, 1879, according to the directions and Specification on file in the Office of the Board of Works.

The Committee shall not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

W. A. WEDDELBURN,
P. A. LANDRY,
M. ADAMS,
Committee of the Executive Department,
Fredericton, 23d Nov. 1878. nov 6/8

NOTICE.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Equity under the firm of "STRAKER & STEVENSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. Street is empowered to settle all debts due to and by the partnership.

Dated St. Andrews, 27th August, A.D. 1878.

GEO. D. STREET.

BENJ. R. STEVENSON.

Printer.—A steelperience, capable of all department of a for an engagement, and understands work References furnished D., STANDARD OFFICE, A few barrels Kiln

WANTED AGENTS for "Popular History of Maritime Provinces," including the Maritime Provinces, in or administration, in or accurate, and copious opportunity for agents; address W. H. & Co., corner Union John.

Canned Salmon. good and cheap.

DR. LAWRENCE, Surgeon, those who intend call soon as possible, as I is limited.

VISITORS to St. As able and pleasant of the best hours rooms are large, well furnished, and command every of the surrounding land and water, and conveniences. The with the boat from markets, while ever found at the table, waiters. The location of the Railway and near the bathin the establishment, i a word, the house i of business, and visi

BENJ. R. BARRISTER & Solicitor, Conveyancer, Real Estate and Offices.

Circuit.

The Circuit Court will sit at St. Andrews, next, at two At which time and other persons re are publicly notified

St. Andrews, Oct

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SEPARATE Te... Department... vember next, for t house Towers with buildings, one at G at South-West Hea week.

Plans and specific of Tender procure at this Department Department, St. J Collector of Custor Tenders to be a end marked on st West Head," or leuse," as the case

Department of Ma Ottawa, 2nd

St. Anne

NOTICE.

THE letting of... unavoidable... Tenders will b the 22nd DAY (Plans and Spec after TUESDAY BER.

By on

Department of Pu Ottawa 21st Se

First

The Proprietor... 7.13 ocs... furnished... moderate pre... ment, Plan... cost, and warn... E. WII

Factory, 320

Orders left at... will be p