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FRIDAY,
MAY 15.

PROBS—Moderate variable winds; warmer.

A BRIDGE IN THE NIGHT

Some Items of Supply Passed—Leaders Will Confer—Decision of Caucus.

OTTAWA, May 15.—(Special.)—While the Conservatives offered no objection to the house going into supply this afternoon and actually agreed to pass a few items, this pacific attitude is not to be taken as meaning that they have given up the fight on the election bill.

An artistic agreement to give time to the leaders till Monday to give time for further negotiations looking to settlement of the difficulty. A caucus of government supporters was held this morning, after which word was given out that the government would insist on minor modifications to be left to Sir Wilfrid to arrange with Mr. Borden. Items aggregating a half a million dollars were passed this afternoon and evening, relating to Manitoba and Saskatchewan public works.

This was government pay-day. Some of the civil servants were paid in full, the estimates for civil government in their branches having been passed.

These were the governor-general and privy council of state, and the Indian, auditor-general's, finance, customs, revenue, agriculture, marine, public works, mines and trade and commerce departments.

Those who received cheques for only half were employees in the departments of justice, militia, printing, interior, mounted police, railways, postoffice and labor.

Before the house went into supply, R. L. Borden asked when the new treaty between Britain and the United States would be submitted to the house, and the premier said it had not yet been received. Mr. Fleiding was not able to tell Mr. Borden when the civil service bill would be brought down.

The house adjourned at midnight, having passed items aggregating \$445,000, including all the public buildings for Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, with the exception of the military buildings.

Just before the house adjourned, Mr. Fleiding said the Aylesworth election bill would be taken up on Monday, "and if we get thru that," he added, "we will again take up supply."

The Conservatives are being deluged with telegrams from their friends in all parts of the country, urging resistance to the Aylesworth election bill.

To-night the speaker received a telegram from Premier McBride of British Columbia, and similar words of encouragement have been received from Premier Roblin of Manitoba, and many other leaders.

"Congratulations on splendid fight you are making," said Mr. Fleiding. "Opposition to an unjust measure is only course."

SAYS CANADA WILL QUIT BRITISH FOLD

Justice Longley Makes Prediction at Banquet of Canadian Club in New York.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Five hundred members of the Canadian Club of New York held their annual dinner at the Hotel Astor last night, in a banquet hall which was decorated with maple leaves and enlivened by the presence of a man in kilts, who played patriotic airs upon the bagpipes.

All of the speeches had to do with the advisability of preserving friendly relations between the United States, Great Britain and Canada, although Justice Longley, who presided, said that he believed that it is almost inevitable that Canada will one day cease to be a colony. She will demand autonomy and will be an ally of Great Britain rather than a dependency. As against the world the interests of the United States and Canada are identical. It would be in common and they would make joint efforts to resist aggression from without. If by any mad mischance power became vested in the United States in any body of men so mad as to attempt to infringe upon Canada's right of self-determination, he said, there is some good stuff on the other side of the line, and when Canada has fifteen millions of people she will not be averse to challenging the issue with all the spirit of a proud and independent race.

The British ambassador looked pained at the utterance and as soon as he rose to speak he replied to part of it.

Bryce Pleads for Unity.

"There never was a time," said Mr. Bryce, "when there was a greater desire on the part of Great Britain to maintain friendly relations with Canada than now exist. I believe I speak understandingly when I say that there was never a time when there was a more general desire on the part of the people of Canada to remain part of the British Empire."

"I wish that Canadians would learn from President Roosevelt, whom I honor for his foresight in many things, the lesson of preserving their natural resources. At there are great natural parks in both the United States and Canada, and let both the United States and Canada preserve to the best of their ability their great natural resources."

"I wish to say that in the treaty negotiations I learned to admire more than ever the great abilities of that great man, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. All of us recognize the fact that the friendship of nations is largely based upon the friendship of individuals. That is why I am glad that the United States sends so many men to Canada, and that Canada sends so many men to the United States."

REBUKE TO LONGLEY.

British Press Censure Him for N.Y. Canadian Club Remarks.

LONDON, May 15.—The Financial News, referring to Justice Longley's speech at New York, says it is not the first time that the politicians have made vain-glorious boasts of the independence of the colony, which were regarded as quite the proper thing in some small towns of the Dominion, forgetting what that country owes to British capital and enterprise and may in future have to owe to British warships.

The Standard says: "It is probable Justice Longley 'knows a good deal more about law than the politician knows about Canada. At any rate he ought to, to adequately fill his position on the bench."

The press gives the speech some prominence, there is little comment.

Official Canadian circles here depreciate any tendency to exaggerate its importance.

Alleged Shuffling.

Mary Jane Walter, 54 West King street, was arrested in the Eaton store yesterday by Detective Wallace, charged with shoplifting. She had taken two umbrellas and a pair of gloves.

MOIR WAS NOT DRUNK SO WITNESSES SWEAR

Lieut. Morris Will Not Admit Nor Deny Rifle Was Discharged by Accident.

LONDON, May 15.—(Special.)—William Moir, accused of the murder of Color-Serjt. Lloyd, appeared to-day before Police Magistrate Love and was released on Monday.

The court-room was crowded and fully 500 people were unable to gain admission. Moir was seemingly indifferent.

Evidence was given by Lieut. Morris, ex-Lieut. Snider, Sergt. Caster, and Pte. Brady. The chief point in their testimony was to the effect that while Moir had been drinking he was not really intoxicated.

Ed. Meredith, K.C., appeared for Moir and endeavored to get Lieut. Morris to admit that Moir, having held the loaded rifle, it had been discharged in the attempt to take it from him. Meredith would neither admit nor deny this possibility.

ROAST FOR CANADA

Anti-British Feeling in Labor Matters is Criticized.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, May 15.—At a meeting of the Central Unemployed Association, the chairman presented a report that, in view of Canadian restrictive regulations, arrangements had been made for the placing of the whole facts before the local government of the board with a view to seeing if it could influence the Dominion Government to give Obed. Smith a free hand.

Mr. Lansbury denied that the regulations were the result of a political move by the Canadian Labor party, and declared that Canadians preferred the raw-boned Italian or Pole to the Londoner on railroads. Canadians loved the English flag and the old country, but said, "For God's sake don't send any more of your people." The manner wherein a Southwark man had been treated by officials in Canada was infamous, and the Canadian Government should be brought before the bar of public opinion.

ALLEGED PICTURE FRAUD.

NEW YORK, May 15.—William Claiborn, one of the most prominent art dealers in the city, was arrested to-day on a charge of having sold to William T. Evans, a well-known collector of paintings, a number of pictures as genuine, which afterwards are alleged to be forgeries.

CARDINAL AT FALLS.

NIAGARA FALLS, May 15.—(Special.)—Cardinal Logue and party were the guests at luncheon at the Hospice of Mount Carmel this afternoon of J. H. Gilmour, the manager, and Father Murphy, the prior of the monastery.

Seeding on Sunday and Other Things

Editor World: The farmers of Ontario will be justified by the awful weather conditions of this spring in trying to get in some of their seed on this coming Sunday should it be dry enough for that purpose. I have been advised that it is quite legal to do so; but, more than that, it is an absolute work of necessity. It is at times in Scotland.

I've two other remarks to make: First, that we are being punished by long spring rains for the way we have slashed the trees and forests of our country without any attempt at replanting; and, secondly, under the weather conditions that now exist, namely, frequent wet springs, the only farmer who is at all safe is the one who has fields that are tile-drained or naturally drained. I see everywhere drowned land, and I see some drained fields, and many of these fields are already sown; the wet fields may have to wait for a June crop of buckwheat. The greatest investment for the Ontario farmer these days is brick tile well put down.

M. D.

MUSKALANS DE SCHE BOSS

Roosevelt Declares Himself on State and Federal Control of Corporations.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The first conference of the government and the states of the American Union ended to-day. Like many of the important events of history, time is needed to reveal the epoch which the president and the governors believe has been made. The accomplishment of the conference, which has been in progress at the White House for three days, cannot be set forth with mathematical precision. The printed record of the conference will later be available to every American home.

Of the last day the story is one of many features. The president presided through it. He interjected remarks and speeches. He brought to the platform men who made plain the prevailing feeling that thought and care must be exercised for the future. Wm. J. Bryan was presented by the president. He touched the same chords which had produced the vibration of harmony and co-operation.

President Roosevelt himself answering the one criticism—that of Governor Folk of Missouri—the declaration, aroused the conference its warmest demonstration of approval. It swept aside the "academic" question of where the line of authority should be drawn between the states and the nation. He wanted action, and what he said received endorsement at each period. It was this:

"Just a word of what has been called the 'twilight land,' between the powers of the federal and state governments. My primary aim in the legislation that I have advocated for the regulation of the great corporations has been to provide some appropriate legislation for each corporation. I do not wish to keep this twilight land one of large and vague boundaries by judicial decision, that in a given case the state cannot act, and then a few years later, by other decisions that in practically similar cases the federal government cannot act. I am trying to find out where one or the other can act, so there shall always be some government power that, in the interest of the people, holds every big corporation, every big individual, to an accountability, so that its acts shall be beneficial to the people as a whole."

"Take such a matter as charging a rent for waterpower. My object was simply to enable our children at the individual grantee, he asked from the federal government, then the federal government should put into the grant a condition that it shall not be granted in perpetuity. Under that condition, the grantee would be powerless to attach conditions to the grant. Make it long enough, so that the corporation should state its material reward. The corporation deserves it."

"Give an ample reward to the captain of industry; but not an indefinite and indefinite reward. Put in a provision that will enable the next generation to share the benefit of the grant. At the end of a certain specified period, say what, in their judgment, should be done. If the grantee is to have power which is of use to the grantee only because the people as a whole allow him to use it."

POLICEMAN ACTS AS NURSE.

Cares for Youngster Found Deserted on Street.

Many and curious are the tasks of the policeman, but he is usually found adequate, and so it was when Mrs. O'Neil, 76 Bond street, found a healthy 15-day-old male infant in her vestibule. She at once notified the police and the patrol wagon was sent.

Bert Scott is the "inside man" on the wagon. The child was handed over to him for nursing. The mother, however, had none of her own and was not just quite sure as to how the little fellow should be handled. But he took him in his arms and, easing the jolts of the none too smooth springs of the wagon, landed the child at the home sleeping peacefully.

"The boy was well nourished and beautifully clad. No trace or mark which might reveal its identity could be found."

AT LOWEST COST.

Object Aimed at in Government Power Policy.

GUELPH, May 15.—(Special.)—At a largely attended mass meeting in the interests of J. P. Downey, Conservative candidate for South Wellington, Hon. Adam Beck spoke on the power question. The power question was not being used as political capital, he said. The Whitney government had been anxious that this question would not be a political issue, and that was the reason they had not used it as the main plank in their platform.

The government had made one promise, to give the people power at cost. This promise might have been redeemed had the commission accepted the offer of the Electric Development Company, but the people were to promise meant that the people were to get power at the lowest possible cost.

SASKATCHEWAN FINANCES.

\$250,000 Voted for the Telephone Construction Policy.

REGINA, Sask., May 15.—Estimates for the year were tabled at the legislative assembly this afternoon, showing revenue from all sources of \$2,771,079.49 and expenses of \$2,521,079.49. The government announces a surplus at the beginning of this year of \$250,000.

Larger items voted are \$100,000 for the provincial contribution to the Quebec centenary celebration and the Plains of Abraham and a quarter of a million for the commencement of the telephone construction policy.

The Toronto World

SIXTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING MAY 16 1908—SIXTEEN PAGES

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28TH YEAR

NOT PARTICULARLY IMPRESSED.



OLD MAN ONTARIO: The hat's up to date, but the rest of the outfit's the same as Georgina Ross used to wear.

J. B. HAY AND G. G. MILES FOR LIBERALS IN WEST

Barrister Douglas Runs Second to Ex-Alderman in Competition for Class B.

G. G. Miles in Class A and ex-Ald. J. B. Hay in Class B are the Liberal candidates in West Toronto, chosen at a convention held in Brockton Hall last night. The convention was very well attended, the hall being too small to accommodate the crowd, and an enthusiastic enthusiasm pervaded the meeting.

In the selection of the class A candidate, there was no contest. Other names brought forward were A. T. Hunter, J. J. Dunbar, J. B. Hay, G. W. Dower, ex-Ald. John Maloney, J. J. Ward and L. V. McGray. Confratier Ward was not present, and all the others retired. J. B. Hay said that if he was to run at all it would be in class A.

"I'm afraid of Crawford," said J. J. Dunbar. "He has more time and money than I have for a fight like this."

The contest for class B was between J. B. Hay and William Douglas, but he got after Hon. A. G. MacKay of the former. Other names brought forward were Dr. J. H. McConnell, J. L. Ross, J. E. Atkinson, W. O. McLaughlin, George McKenzie and John Aldridge.

"I'm not afraid to go up against Crawford," said Mr. Miles. "If J. B. Hay says, 'Miles, we want you to go, I'd go. If you ask me to face the music I'll play.' Campbell is Hunter, said that the meeting looked to him as if they intended to interfere with some vested interests. As a party, they were not as good as themselves, but as Liberals they were sorry that Mr. Whitney had lost an opportunity of a lifetime, an opportunity to be bolder than Sir John A. Macdonald and honest than Sir Oliver Mowat.

J. B. Hay said that he believed that the Toronto members should be prepared to devote the greater part of their time to the legislative work in London after the needs of the city. Toronto needed a fighting member.

George E. Gibbard, candidate in South Toronto, gave a brief address, in which he said he had plenty of criticisms of the Whitney government which he would offer at his meetings.

GUINEAS FROM THE KING FOR THE NATIONAL PARK

Subscriptions Announced at Meeting at Mansion House Attended by Celebrities.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, May 15.—The lord mayor presided at a representative meeting at the Mansion House to support the proposal to present a British memorial of Wolfe and Montcalm to Canada in connection with the conversion of the Plains of Abraham as a national park.

A number of packages, containing from \$300 to \$2000 have disappeared as mysteriously within the building as they had sunk into the ground. Suspicion at first rested upon the clerk at the registry wicket, who received and checked off the money and then passed it on to the entry clerk. It was thought by the officials that sufficient circumstantial evidence had been obtained to connect this clerk with the disappearance of a package containing \$800 mailed by the Merchants Bank, although it was impossible to convict him. He was accordingly discharged accordingly, and his father was compelled to reimburse the post-office department to the extent of \$1200. The disappearance of a package containing \$300 mailed by the Merchants Bank, although it was impossible to convict him. He was accordingly discharged accordingly, and his father was compelled to reimburse the post-office department to the extent of \$1200.

Amongst the subscriptions announced were 100 guineas from the King, 50 guineas from the Prince of Wales, £200 from Lord Strathcona and Lord Mount Stephen. It was decided to form local committees to support an influential head committee.

MACKAY IS AN ENEMY OF THE UNIVERSITY

Premier Whitney Says Opposition Leader Has a Knife Out for the Institution.

NORWOOD, May 15.—(Special.)—Premier Whitney addressed a large meeting here to-night in the interests of the Peterboro candidates. He was given a fine reception, and was enthusiastically applauded.

In the main he repeated his address at Hamilton, but he got after Hon. A. G. MacKay, declaring:

"I say this after a great deal of careful thought, that Hon. A. G. MacKay has a knife out for the University of Toronto, and he is an enemy of it."

Rev. J. A. Macdonald, "editor of The Globe and occasionally a preacher"—was a member of the university board of governors and approved of what has been done, but he hadn't the courage to take issue with Mr. MacKay on the matter.

Referring to the three-fifths clause, the premier said it was not irrevocable, but it must be shown to be unfair before any change could be made.

PLANS MODIFIED.

Ottawa City Council Receives G.T.R. Station Estimates.

OTTAWA, May 15.—(Special.)—The city council to-night referred to a committee the revised plans of the new G.T.R. station and Chateau Laurier submitted to Mr. Wainwright.

The plans call for an expenditure of \$250,000 on the station and \$1,500,000 on the hotel, whereas the original idea was that each was to cost \$1,500,000.

JUDGMENT FOR \$100,000.

MONTREAL, May 15.—(Special.)—Word was received here to-day that the Sharrow Amusement Co. of Montreal had won their case against the Columbia Amusement Co., which also backs the board of directors of the Theatre of Toronto for \$100,000 damages in New York.

QUICK RESPONSE TO WORLD'S APPEAL

Those Interested in Suburban Railway Service Will Join in Bringing it Before the Railway Board.

The people of Toronto and the towns and villages which cluster about the city are earnest in their demand for an adequate suburban service. No reform which The World has advocated in years has been backed up with greater enthusiasm and determination than this demand upon the railways radiating from Toronto.

The World and the suburbanites will descend upon the railway commission next week in such numbers as to impress that body that these people mean business and are in deadly earnest. The names of the delegates are coming in in response to the invitation to participate in The World's fight for a suburban service.

The first letter received in response to the invitation to delegates reached this office only a few hours after publication. It is as follows:

W. P. Maclean, M.P., chairman of suburban railway services committee: Please add to list of names the following, who will take part in meeting of deputations to railway commission in this matter: A. S. Book, J. C. McCone, Toronto; W. M. Shaw, R. J. Davis, John McClelland, W. Wilbur, Fort Credit; Charles Pearson, Toronto; Geo. Faulkner, John Ellis, R. B. Johnson, Thomas Kennedy, Swansea; Robert Kennedy, Kennedy Park, Toronto. All of which is respectfully submitted—George Faulkner.

A. E. Woodcock of the Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Co. writes: "I hope to get your proposed meeting and to induce several friends living in Lambton Mills and locality to accompany me."

Elgin Schoff, the well-known barrister, writes:

"I have a hearty sympathy in your movement for a Toronto suburban railway service. You are to be congratulated on what you are doing. Our street car service does not do as it should to accommodate suburbanites. A service to be any good must be ample and complete. Then people will buy homes and go outside the city limits. Many citizens would be glad to go outside and get a garden plot and make a home where land is cheap enough to give them a good-sized plot."

S. G. Curry, the architect of this city, writes: "I hope to get your proposed meeting and to induce several friends living in Lambton Mills and locality to accompany me."

"The people in the towns and villages around Toronto are earnest in their demand for an adequate suburban railway service. You are to be congratulated on what you are doing. Our street car service does not do as it should to accommodate suburbanites. A service to be any good must be ample and complete. Then people will buy homes and go outside the city limits. Many citizens would be glad to go outside and get a garden plot and make a home where land is cheap enough to give them a good-sized plot."

"I agree with The World that there will have to be the service before the people will be there to use it. I have a house at Meadowdale, but cannot use it because of the poor service into the city. At one time there was a fair service and a good many built houses in Cooksville and Dixie and came into the city every day, but what a degradation there was has been taken away."

"The Chicago train used to get in last summer at 11:30 and 9 o'clock and arrived here at 7:30. Another train from Guelph that used to arrive here about 10 o'clock does not get here now until about noon, so that anyone living within thirty miles of the city cannot get into the city before noon unless he gets up at an unreasonably early hour and takes chances with a train that may be anywhere from 15 minutes to two hours late. What is wanted is a certain train service and not a service which originates 150 or more miles away."

"The track from here to Streetsville Junction should be doubled," declared Mr. Curry. "The trains going out in the evening have to pass the trains coming in and that generally means a wait and a whole lot of unpleasant jostling and shunting about switches. As it is now, if one train is late the whole service is upset."

"There is no question but that if a good service were established to Lambton, Streetsville and Brampton the whole district would in time be made a goodly suburb. There are any number of market gardeners about Dixie and now they have to drive into town with their produce."

"From Streetsville to Brampton the line runs up the credit Valley, a beautiful stretch of country, and one well suited for suburban residences and summer homes. All that is needed is a railway service to fill it up. One point within 300 yards of the track is called El Dorado. There is an old mill there and a pond and it is said a good deal by Brampton people. With a railway service to fill it up, it will be a suburb in all respects."

At the Church of St. Mary Magdalene
Rev. G. F. Davidson, rector of St. George's, Guelph, will be the morning preacher at the new Church of St. Mary Magdalene to-morrow, and Rev. T. W. Powell, rector of St. Clement's, Eglinton, will preach at 7 p.m.

Continued on Page 7.