

Bad for Bronchitis

but extremely good for the sufferer from that harassing disease is Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. No medicine can compare with this great remedy in the prompt and permanent aid it gives in all bronchial affections. It stops the cough, soothes the irritated throat, and induces refreshing sleep.

"I had a bronchial trouble of such a persistent and stubborn character that the doctor pronounced it incurable with ordinary remedies, but recommended me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. One bottle cured me."

J. C. WOODSON, P. M.,
Forest Hill, W. Va.

"A short time ago I was taken with a severe attack of bronchitis, and neither physicians nor ordinary remedies gave me relief. In despair of finding anything to cure me, I bought a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Less than one bottle entirely cured me."

GEO. B. HUNTER, Albion, Pa.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Medical advice free to all. Address, Med. Dept. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

WESTERN ONTARIO

Miss McCullum, of Richmond, died at her home there on Wednesday last, aged 72.

Charles Williamson, of Tuckersmith, was probably fatally kicked by a horse a few days ago.

James Lawrence, of McKillop, paid \$7,500 for the E. C. Coleman farm, adjoins Seaford.

Robert Scott, a well known Seaford merchant, has retired from business owing to ill-health.

The Dufferin Rifles of Brant county have been invited by the Norfolk Regiment to spend May 24 in Seaford.

Mrs. Harry Goodwin, of Oil Springs, received the sad intelligence that his mother was dead. He left immediately for his parents' home in Michigan.

Efforts are still being made at Tilsonburg to secure a mail service on the B. and T. and the council of Tilsonburg and Norwich are co-operating for that purpose.

Constable Thomas A. Sheebottom, of Lucknow, died on Tuesday. He had been village constable for five years. He was 42 years old, and leaves a wife and nine children.

The annual meeting of the Campbellton Cheese Company was largely attended. The year's business was very successful and the affairs of the company are in an excellent state.

Raleigh township has been quarantined so far as hogs are concerned, and movements of hogs in or from the township are forbidden. An exception is made in favor of fat hogs, which may be slaughtered for immediate delivery.

The death occurred Wednesday at his home, east of Dutton, of Mr. Arch Munn, aged 81 years. He was born in Scotland, and came to Canada settled in Elfrink, where he resided for many years. He moved to the farm, on which he died, 20 years ago.

He leaves a family of nine, Duncan, and Mrs. Andrews, Nebraska; John, Crinan; Mrs. Mark, and Mrs. Talmon, Middlesex; Mrs. Bell, Rodney; Arch and Angus, at home. His wife died eleven years ago.

Arch McFavish, an old and esteemed citizen of Dunwich, is dead. He was 83 years old. Mr. McFavish was one of the first pioneers of the place, having, for nearly half a century, lived on the farm on which he died. He was for many years a member of the Presbyterian Church at Cowal. He leaves, besides his wife, three sons and three daughters: John and Dugald, on the homestead; Duncan, on his farm near by; Mrs. McColl, Detroit; Mrs. D. Ferguson, Yarmouth, and Mrs. Mungo McFarlane, Dunwich.

"We had five elections in the Province of Ontario while the Conservative party was in power at Ottawa. Did Mr. Whitney argue that while Sir John Macdonald was in power in the Dominion, Sir Oliver Mowat should be allowed to remain in power at Toronto? Quite the contrary."—(Hon. George W. Ross.

"77" BREAKS UP COLD

If it's a Cold Take "Seventy-seven."

If it is La Grippe—It's a Cold Take "Seventy-seven."

If it is Influenza—It's a Cold. Take "Seventy-seven."

If your Throat is sore—It's a Cold. Take "Seventy-seven."

If you Cough—It's a Cold. Take "Seventy-seven."

If you have Catarrh—It's a Cold. Take "Seventy-seven."

If your Chest hurts—It's a Cold. Take "Seventy-seven."

If it is Bronchitis—It's a Cold. Take "Seventy-seven."

At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price, 25c. per box. Ask for Dr. Humphrey's Specific Manual of all Diseases at your druggist's or mailed free. Humphrey's Medicine Company, New York.

The Hand of Death.

Demise of the Late Premier Abbott's Widow.

Mr. Dupont, M.P. for Bagot, in a Serious Condition—The Late Archbishop Cleary.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 26.—Lady Abbott, widow of the late Sir John Abbott, died yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock, at the residence of her son, after a very short illness. Her maiden name was Mary Bethune, daughter of the late Dean Bethune, of Montreal, and she was married to Sir John Abbott in 1849.

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 26.—The remains of Archbishop Cleary were taken to the state drawing-room yesterday and hundreds viewed the remains. On Monday the body will be taken to St. Mary's Cathedral, to remain until the funeral on Tuesday. Flowers will not be allowed, as only emblems of hope of resurrection through the cross are permissible at funerals of archbishops. Mr. Farrelly, Belleville, has been appointed administrator of the diocese. Vice-Chancellor Kelley and James Swift are the executors of Archbishop Cleary's will.

Shenandoah, Ont., Feb. 26.—Mr. Dupont, the member for Bagot, who was on the overturned car on the Grand Trunk near here Wednesday night, is now at the hospital, and fears are expressed that he may not recover. He is badly lacerated on one side, and his skull is broken.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—News was received at the Parliament buildings yesterday that M. J. McLean, M.P. for Liberal candidate in South Huron, is seriously ill at his home in Seaford. Mr. McLean has been working hard in his constituency, and his sickness is a result of a bad cold.

PLAY BALL!

The Local Baseball Season Opens on May 2—Nearly All London's Players Sign Contracts.

Manager Holman has secured contracts from nearly all the men he desires to sign for the London baseball team of 1898. They will report on April 25 for practice. The public will have its first opportunity of witnessing the work of the new men on May 2 and 3, when the Niagara University team will visit London and play two games. The Londoners open the championship season on May 5, in Michigan. The schedule has yet to be drafted.

Manager Holman is making no boast, but says with an air of quiet confidence, that the team he has chosen will be one that London will not be ashamed to back. Care has been taken to prevent the deception practiced last year by several players who had good records in print, but proved to be "has been" when the test came. Local patrons will be glad to see several of last year's team in London uniforms again.

IN THE CITY.

Socialist and Commonweal Candidates Held Meetings Last Night.

A meeting was held in the city hall last night in the interest of Mr. Henry B. Ashplant, the candidate of the socialist labor party, and was attended by about 200 or 400 people. Except on the part of the interrupter, excellent order prevailed, and the speakers were heartily applauded.

Mr. D. Ross was chairman. He had been drawn out of obscurity, he said, because of his convictions. Many of his friends had warned him not to take this stand, but when he considered his family he decided that for their future he ought to do so. Mr. Ross gave a history of the socialist labor party since it was formed in 1889 up to the present time, and dwelt upon the fruits of the present form of government, including the recent election trials. The effect of socialism was brightly pictured.

Mr. Barker was the next speaker. He gave a philosophic interpretation of socialism as opposed to the individualism exemplified by present conditions. Socialism in production had proved a success, he said, and there should also be socialism in distribution.

Mr. Ashplant spoke over an hour and was frequently applauded. He held that his party's programme for legislation was well suited to the needs of the people and the conditions of the time. He said that nothing could be done by the socialists of our day or in the near future was wrong. In the past, he said, the socialists had been looked upon as a party of revolution, but that from cable dispatches in the local papers during the past few months he had been convinced that in Germany, France, Belgium, Italy, Spain and other countries a vast deal had already been accomplished. He said that he was not a revolutionary, and concluded by stating his platform.

The meeting closed with cheers for the S. L. P.

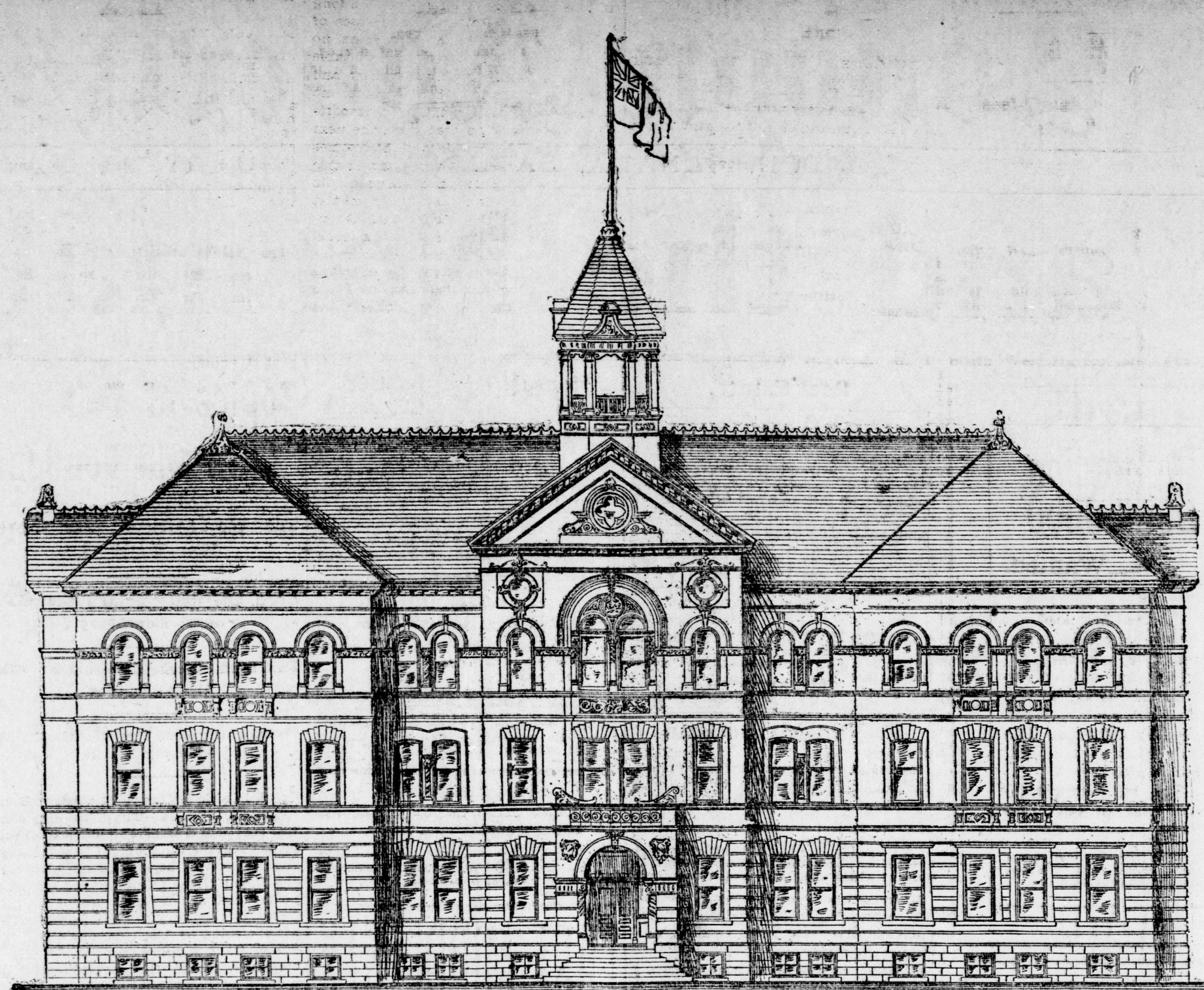
Mr. C. H. Gould's meeting in the city hall last night was attended by about 75 persons. Mr. Joseph Brown filled the chair. Mr. Fred W. Daly, the last speaker, strongly favored Mr. Gould's candidature, and condemned the existing economic conditions. He argued for the nationalization and municipalization of natural monopolies, and other planks of Mr. Gould's platform. Mr. Gould followed with an outline of the principles which he advocated. Mr. Gould held that the evolution of thought and the progressiveness of the human mind was due to the adoption of those principles, which, he said, were those of righteousness and truth, and would solve the problem of human suffering.

Mr. R. M. Price, of St. Thomas, also condemned prevailing conditions. The platform of neither of the old parties, he said, provided a remedy for present evils, which were largely due to the competitive commercial system.

Dr. Swann, the last speaker, instanced the all-devouring trusts and companies of the United States as natural products of the present economic system, which was oppressing the multitude. The meeting closed with cheers for the Queen and Mr. Gould.

PARNELL'S APPEAL

London, Feb. 26.—John H. Parnell, M.P. for South Meath, and brother of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, is a candidate for the post of city marshal of Dublin. He has issued a circular from Avondale, in which he says: "The poverty and almost absolute want which mother and sister and I are facing renders it imperative for me to ask the corporation to intrust me with the duties of city marshal. Through the devotion of my brother to the cause of Ireland, Avondale, the home of my family for generations, has been the scene of the most successful prevention of the plague and the ancient family roof tree that I am a candidate."



The New Normal School for London.

The above is an exact reproduction of the front elevation of the new Normal School, to be erected and maintained free of cost, in London, as placed on view in Ald. Hunt's window by Mr. T. S. Hobbs, the retiring M. P. for the city.

"Beyond defending my own good faith and the good faith of the Government in the matter, as evidenced by the placing of money in the estimate to buy the site and go on with the building this spring, I had not intended to project the Normal School into the city campaign," said Mr. Hobbs.

This forenoon, "but the advocates of Mr. Beck, in their speeches, have told the people that the new public institution, which, after earnest effort, has been procured for this city, is a myth, that the plans had not been prepared, and that if we were in earnest the plans would be seen here, and so forth. I saw the plans before the Legislature rose, and The Advertiser representative in the press gallery at Toronto then described them. But that fact did not satisfy those who are bound on making believe that the new

Normal School is not coming to London. I accordingly wrote to the Department of Public Works, and have received the plan of the new institution, the erection of which will be begun as soon as the frost is out of the ground this spring. Ald. Hunt has kindly consented to place the plans on view, exclusive of the boiler house in the rear. It is designed in Italian renaissance, and it is proposed to build the foundations of stone with brown stone facings, and superstructure of brick with brown stone and terra cotta trimmings and enrichments.

The ground floor consists of the main entrance hall leading to a corridor 25 feet in width, in the center of which a grand central staircase is located, leading both ways to the upper floors. The secretary's and principal's rooms will be to the right and left of the en-

trance, with reading room and library adjoining, and the assembly hall is located in the rear, with two entrances from the main corridor from this floor. The class rooms, teachers' rooms, cloak rooms and lavatories are located on the upper floors.

Exclusive of site, the building and internal fittings and furnishings will cost in the neighborhood of \$100,000. It will be up-to-date in all its arrangements, particular attention being paid to the heating, ventilation and equipment generally, and when completed it will be the model Normal School of the province.

The plans have been prepared in the Department of Public Works from the designs of the Provincial Government architect, Mr. F. R. Heakes.

This new public building will be put up at no cost to the city. It will be maintained without cost to the city. It is a provincial institution, just as the asylum for the insane is, and the taxpayers of London will not have to pay a cent for its construction or maintenance. Instead of that, between \$25,000 and \$30,000 a year will be spent by the Government in running the

school. This money will be for the pay of teachers, officers, janitors, engineers, watchmen, printing, repairs, furnishings, etc. We arrive at this conclusion from the fact that \$25,334 was expended last year in running the Ottawa Normal School—a smaller institution than the London Normal School will be. In addition to this, the new Normal School will make London more and more an educational center, and cause to be spent in this city large sums of money which have hitherto gone to Toronto and Ottawa.

Our late member has done well to respond to the challenge to produce the plans of the new institution, and to emphasize the importance of having the work of construction placed in the control of friends of the city, rather than in the hands of those who contend that the school should not be erected here.

The Government of Ontario hold that the populous western district, of which London is the center, has no need for the institution, and that the people should still be compelled to send their young men and women to Ottawa and Toronto to complete their education.

Mr. Emerson explained these unchanging customs when he said that the English god was Precedent. What- ever is right, because it has been done for centuries.—Youth's Companion.

THE DUTY OF HAPPINESS. I cannot think but that the world would be better and brighter if our fathers would dwell on the duty of happiness, as well as on the happiness of duty; for we ought to be as cheerful as we can, if only because to be happy ourselves is a most effectual contribution to the happiness of others. Everyone must have felt that a friend is like a sun, which sheds its brightness on all around; and most of us can, as we choose, make this world either a palace or a prison. There is no doubt some selfish satisfaction in yielding to melancholy, in brooding over grievances, especially if more or less imaginary; in fancying that we are victims of fate. To be bright and cheerful often requires an effort; there is a certain art in keeping ourselves happy; in this respect in others we require to watch over and manage ourselves almost as if we were somebody else.—Sir John Lubbock.

Victory at Hand.

More Indications That the Government Will Be Handsomely Sustained.

A Gain of Additional Constituencies Concided.

Great Meetings at Windsor Addressed by the Premier and at St. Thomas by Hon. George W. Ross.

THE PREMIER IN ESSEX.

Windsor, Feb. 26.—Liberalism in North Essex received a fresh impetus last night by the visit of Hon. A. S. Hardy, premier of Ontario. The meeting in the hotel was as enthusiastic as it was large, and was a fitting climax to the vigorous campaign of the Liberals here. The meeting was held in the hall of the hotel, and was attended by a large number of the local population. The premier spoke for an hour and was frequently applauded. He held that his party's programme for legislation was well suited to the needs of the people and the conditions of the time. He said that nothing could be done by the socialists of our day or in the near future was wrong. In the past, he said, the socialists had been looked upon as a party of revolution, but that from cable dispatches in the local papers during the past few months he had been convinced that in Germany, France, Belgium, Italy, Spain and other countries a vast deal had already been accomplished. He said that he was not a revolutionary, and concluded by stating his platform.

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Tea-time-House Horror!

Terribly Fatal Fire in Charleston, S. C.

Nine Lives Lost by the Destruction of a Dwelling.

Charleston, S. C., Feb. 26.—Nine lives were lost in a fearful fire which raged for a short time in Church street this morning. At 2:10 a policeman on duty noticed big sparks flying from the tenement house at No. 169 Church street. The police rushed upstairs, but when they reached the top story, the life-saving work was stopped by the flames, which seemed to be playing over the entire building. Screams from the women were heard, and Officer Bagby rushed in and pulled out three charred bodies. The quick work of the fire department checked the fire, and it was soon under control, but not until nine lives on the third story had been lost.

A SARNIA WONDER.

W. Barton Got Health and Strength from Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sarnia, Feb. 21.—The case of Mr. T. Johnston of Sarnia, excites widespread interest here, as Mr. Johnston is well known in Sarnia, and the published report of his case is known to be true. But William Barton, of Sarnia, claims to have been a still worse case than Mr. Johnston. Mr. Barton was afflicted with Bladder Trouble for many years.

Doctors and medicines utterly failed to relieve him. His sufferings were almost beyond endurance. At length he tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. As in scores of other cases in Sarnia, a cure followed in astonishingly short time. Six boxes were all he used. But they gave him perfect health and manly strength.

From the annual reports just furnished by the London gas companies it would appear that each foggy day in London represents to the gas companies extra receipts to the extent of over \$100,000.

Yonge St. Fire Hall, Toronto, March 16, 1897.

Gentlemen,—I have used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for Biliousness and Constipation, and have proved them the best I have ever used—will use nothing else as long as they are obtainable. Remaining yours, respectfully, E. C. SWEETMAN.

Feather and down cushions, 50 cents each. Large stock of goose feathers, pillows and mattresses. Fancy rockers, bedroom suites. Stoves bought and sold at the Feather Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory, James P. Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street North, Telephone 997.

How to Cure All Skin Diseases.

Slightly apply Swayne's Ointment. No internal medicine required. Cures teat, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents. Avoid substitutes.

THE GUNPOWDER PLOT.

Old-Time Inspection Beneath the British Parliament Still in Vogue.

It is nearly three hundred years since the British Houses of Parliament were searched, and the barrels of gunpowder under the custody of Guy Fawkes, a soldier of fortune, were discovered a few hours before the opening of the session. The Gunpowder Plot was not exposed by vigilance, but by means of a letter written by one of the conspirators to a relative, warning him against attending parliament on the first day. If there was lack of official vigilance then, there has been none since, for parliament has not been opened any year for three centuries until the cellars have been searched.

The lord chamberlain of the court is charged with the duty of examining the vaults and secret passages, but ordinarily it is the vice-chamberlain who conducts the search. With him are associated the deputy sergeant-at-arms of the House of Commons, the clerk of the board of works and an inspector of police.

These four officials are preceded by four yeomen of the guard in uniform and fully armed. They tramp through one corridor after another, and look into every dark corner, and finally reach an agreement that no gunpowder has been stored in the cellars, and that it is safe for parliament to meet.

When the earliest searches were ordered during the reign of King James I., the guardmen carried lanterns through the dark passages. The corridors and underground rooms are now flooded with electric light, but the yeomen of the guard respect the old custom and have lanterns in their hands.

Under the Stuart's a customary, when the inspection had been finished, for the lord chamberlain to send a messenger to the sovereign, a custom which would be entirely safe for him to attend the opening session of parliament.

The mounted soldier no longer rides post-haste to the Queen at Windsor or Osborne, but every year the vice-chamberlain sends the traditional message to her by private wire, and she is assured that there are no explosives in the cellars, and that she will not be exposed to unusual risks if she chooses to meet her lords and commons. She may not have the remotest intention of opening parliament, but the message is received and acknowledged.

The lanterns are swung in the full glare of electric light by the yeomen of the guard because the plot of the first Guy Fawkes was unmasked by lamplight, and it is the impressive and stately method of looking for conspirators. The mounted messenger has been dispensed with and the message entrusted to the wires. This is the only concession made to modern progress. Otherwise the traditions of three centuries are respected in detail whenever this strange and interesting function is repeated.

Mr. Emerson explained these unchanging customs when he said that the English god was Precedent. What- ever is right, because it has been done for centuries.—Youth's Companion.

ITCHING CREEPING CRAWLING STINGING

SKIN DISEASES RELIEVED BY ONE APPLICATION

Dr. Agnew's Ointment, 35 CENTS.

Mr. James Gieson, master, Wilkesbarre, Pa., writes: "For nine years I have been afflicted with itching on hands and face. I have tried all the remedies, but I have found a cure in Dr. Agnew's Ointment. My skin is now as soft and free as a baby's. The first application gave relief."—50.

Neave's Food

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

"An excellent Food, admirably adapted to the wants of Infants and Young Persons, and being rich in Phosphates and Potash, of the greatest utility in supplying the bone-forming and other indispensable elements of food."

SIR CHAS. A. CAMERON, M.D.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE

BACKACHE LAME BACK RHEUMATISM DIABETES BRIGHT'S DISEASE DIZZINESS AND ALL KIDNEY & URINARY DISEASES ARE CURED BY DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Feather and down cushions, 50 cents each. Large stock of goose feathers, pillows and mattresses. Fancy rockers, bedroom suites. Stoves bought and sold at the Feather Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory, James P. Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street North, Telephone 997.