TRADE REVIEW.

Office of CANADA LUMBERMAN, April, 10, 1894.

THE GENERAL SURVEY.

GENERAL spring activity is observable in lumber business at all points. The men, have, in most cases come out of the woods and preparations are being made for the drives. Just how successfully these will come along is a matter of some uncertainty at the present time. From reports received from the Ottawa section, it is anticipated that there will be considerable logs hung up this season. The weather broke up suddenly, and left loggers at some points in an awkward predicament. The quantity cut in Ottawa will run, probably, 20 to 25% less than last year's cut. In the Georgian Bay territory, whilst some individual lumbermen have put in as large a cut as last year, yet, taken altogether, there has not been the same activity, and there will be a decrease in the quantity at those points. In another page of the LUMBERMAN we have noted the fact that Howry & Sons, large Michigan lumbermen, will operate the S. G. Smith saw mill at Fenelon Falls this season, which means that lumber will be cut there that would otherwise have gone to this firm's mills in Michigan. The decrease in the cut here is finding a counterpart in Michigan, Winconsin, and other states, the financial depression of the past year being suggestive of caution.

This decrease in the output of logs from the bush, will not have any effect on the market, for a large quantity of lumber has been held in the United States owing to the depression and consequent decrease of consumption. It is hardly to be expected prices will be maintained at the same figures as last year.

As regards the local trade of Ontario we are hearing favorable reports from the rural sections. There is no startling boom, but dealers have figured so closely for months back, that with anything like a revival in trade they will find it necessary to stock up their yards, and there will be a fine trade done throughout the province this spring and summer. So far as Toronto is concerned building operations will be slow and lumber, will, of course, be in sympathy with this dullness.

British Columbia lumbermen are anticipating a fair season's trade. In that province, both in shingles and lumber, the trade has had to fight a war of price-cutting for some time. This spirit worked havoc with the shingle trade, but a combination was formed a month or more ago, which has placed that branch of lumbering in an improved position and our advices are that the combination is holding firm. The local lumber mills have come together and are in hopes of thwarting the cut-throat policy pursued for some time. No combination has been formed but a new scale of prices has been fixed, which we understand has been agreed upon by all. An important feature of the new arrangement is, that all persons purchasing lumber will be required to furnish security for the payment of their bills. This arrangement will have the effect of putting the contractors on a better basis, for it will prevent unscrupulous men from taking contracts at ruinously low rates, which in the main has cost the mills heavy losses. The export trade of British Columbia is not showing any very surprising signs of improvement, freights are lower than they have ever been before, but foreign buyers are few. A revival of business in South America, China, New South Wales and Australia is much needed to help the export trade. A considerable portion of last year's cut of shingles still remain on hand and it is not thought that there will be a very large shingle trade done this year.

The opinion has been expressed by Mr. Kennedy, the well-known New Brunswick lumberman, that trade in the lower provinces will be better this year, owing to an expected improvement of lumber business in the United Kingdom.

UNITED STATES.

Were it to be a case of making comparisons between conditions of the lumber market on the opening of spring trade this year with conditions of a year ago the contrast would be very marked. Buyers were then thick as the proverbial mosquito in the summer months

and sellers could be as saucy as they liked without fear of losing sales or not securing their price. Nothing of this kind exists to-day. From all leading lumber centres comes the report of extreme carefulness and caution. What we say under the heading of Saginaw presents as dull a feature of the market as is found anywhere at Tonamanda and Buffalo there is a little less apthy with lumbermen, but still no activity. Not at any point is there a strong desire to do any large buying. Dealers are buying as they want stock, but do not care to stock up and carry any volume. All along, prices have held up as would hardly have been expected throughout a continuous dull period, but the impression grows that this pertinacity will not continue and that prices will break. No doubt, it is in anticipation of a movement of this kind that many buyers are holding off at the present time. Lumbermen do not hesitate, whatever may be their politics, to attribute a large share of the dullness to the tariff bill. Two months ago it was taken for granted that the Wilson bill would have become law almost right away and whether that would have meant free lumber as it looked then or something else the matter would have been definite. But political complications now makes the outlook very uncertain and politicians apparently would talk the question all summer, though this conduct might send business to the

FOREIGN.

Signs are not wanting that the lumber trade of Great Britain will show a marked improvement this summer. The feeling in this direction is stronger than it has been for some time. Certainly the period of depression has been a very continued one and commerce, generally, is still far from active, but if no untoward condition arise in the shape of a strike or something of that character, it is thought a good deal of lumber will be distributed during the next few months. This is the view that is entertained by our Canadian lumbermen, who have large dealings in the United Kingdom. Quite encouraging news comes from South America and it is believed that from the Ottawa section and also from British Columbia a large volume of lumber will go out to South America the present season. So deep has been the commercial depression that has overshadowed Australia for the past three years that it is hardly safe to predict too much of a revival, but it is believed that things have taken a turn and this important field of export will commence to call for a good share of lumber from Canada.

HARDWOODS.

Local hardwood men with whom we have talked do not express any reason for complaint with the business that they are doing. Nearly all find a good market for whatever output they are able to complete. Taking the broader field, there are some signs in connection with the export of hardwood lumber that call for caution. We are told that in foreign markets, Germany for example, that altogether too heavy consignments of hardwoods have gone forward lately, and this fact is causing some suspicion in the minds of foreign lumbermen. The report is given of a Germany firm that it is said has 10,000 walnut logs on hand. These people say that in March 1893, they had a stock of about 2,000 walnut logs on hand, they have this year 12,000. Other indications seem to tell of a demoralized condition of affairs in Germany and elsewhere.

TORONTO, ONT.

TORONTO, April 10, 1894.

CAR OR CARGO LOTS.

1 1-4 in. cut up and better	33 00	36 00
1x10 and 12 dressing and better	20 00	22 00
1X10 and 12 mill run	16 00	17 00
1X10 and 12 common	12 00	14 00
1x10 and 12 spruce culls	10 00	11 00
IXIO and 12 mill culls	10 00	11 00
r inch clear and picks	28 00	32 00
1 inch dressing and better	20 00	22 00
1 inch siding mill run	T# 00	15 00
r inch siding common	12 00	13 00
r inch siding ship culls	12 00	12 00
inch siding ship cuits		-
1 inch siding mill culls	900	10 00
Cull scantling	8 00	9 00
1 1-2 and thicker cutting up plank	24 00	26 00
1 inch strips 4 in. to 8 in. mill run	14 00	15 90
r'inch strips, common	12 00	13 00
1 1-4 inch flooring		16 no
1 1-2 inch flooring		16 00
YVV slimbo of inch		
XXX shingles, 16 inch	2 50	2 60
XX shingles 16 inch	1 50	1 60
Lath, No. 1		2 15
Lath No. 2	T 80	7 R.

YARD QUOTATIONS

F	Mill cull box	ards and	scantling	510	00 i	F. M.	
	Shipping cu					1 1-2 in. flooring, dres'd 26 00	30 00
•	cuous w	idths .		13	00	" " rough 18 oo	22 00
		sto	cks	τŏ	00	" " dres'd 25 00	28 00
l	Scantling at	nd joist,				1 1-4 in. flooring, un-	
	14	. "	" 18 ft			dressed, B.M 16 00	18 00
,	"	"	" 20 ft			11-4 in. flooring, dres'd 18 00	20 00
	"	"	" 22 ft			" " undres'd 12 00	15 00
	"	**	" 24 ft			Beaded sheeting, dres-	
3	ſ	44	" 26 ft			sed 20 00	35 00
	44	"	" 28 ft	22	00	Clapboarding, dres'd.	12 00
7	"	**	" 30 ft			XXX sawn shingles	
	44	"		27		per M 2 60	2 70
•	"	"	" 34 ft	29	50	Sawn lath	2 60
					50	Red Oak 30 00	40 00
-	•	"	" 36 fi	31	00	White " 37 00	45 00
3	,	"	" 38 fi	33	00	Basswood, No. 1 and 2 28 00	20 00
1	•	"	40 to 44 fi	37	00	Cherry, No. 1 and 2 . 70 00	90 00
1	Cutting up	planks,	1			White ash, 1 and 2 24 00	35 00
ı	and thi		7 . 25 00	28	00	Black ask, 1 and 2 20 00	30 00
_			rd 18 00		00		
t	Dressing bl			20	00		
	Picks Am.	inspectio	n.	30	00		
ı		**	nnwaan		en	M. FEET CAR LOTS.	
Ŧ							
	Ash, white,			\$20	00	Elm, soft 1 "11/2\$11 00	\$12 00
-			20 00		00	2 3 12 00	13 00
_	" black,	1 " 1	½ 16 oo		00	TOCK 1 174 14 00	18 00
f	Birch, sq.,	1 . 4	17 00		00	1/2 3 15 00	18 00
s		4x4" 8	x8 20 00		00	HICKORY 172 2 20 00	30 00
9	" red	х ;	½ 20 00		00	Maple 1 1/2 10 00	17 00
_		2 ,,4	22 00		0	2 4. 17 00	18 00
_	" yellow	1 4	14 00		00	Oak,red,p n 1 1/2 28 00	30 00
ı	Basswood		ı¼ 15 ∞		00	2 430 00	32 00 30 00
			16 00		00	willte 1 1/2 26 00	35 00
g	Butternut	1 ,, 1	1/2 23 00		00		52 00
1		23	3 25 00	28	00	"quart'd 1 "2 48 00	52 00

OTTAWA, ONT.

			OTTAWA, Ap		
Pine, good sidings, per M i	feet, l	o.m	 	\$32 00	40 00
Pine, good strips, " Pine, good shorts, "	"	"	 	27 00	35 00
Pine, good shorts, "	"	"	 	20 00	27 00
Pine, 2nd quality sidings, p					25 00
Pine, 2nd quality strips,	"	"	 		22 00
Pine, 2nd quality shorts,		"			18 00
Pine, shipping cull stock,	"	"			16 00
Pine, box cull stock,		"		11 00	13 00
Pine, s.c. strips and sidings					14 00
Pine, mill cull					10 00
Lath, per M			 	1 60	1 90

QUEBEC, QUE.

QUEBEC, April 10, 1894-WHITE PINE-IN THE RAFT.

For inferior and ordinary as measured off	ding to	<i></i> .				14 (16 23 28 29 33	@ 18 20 27 30 35 36 40
Measured off, according to av In shipping order, 35 to 45 feet	. " -	nd qual	ity				22 30
OAK By the dram, according to ave	-	d quali				45	51
By the dram, according to av	"	id quali		o 50 fee o 35 fee		30 25	32 28
14 inches and up, according t	AS o averag BIR	ge and	quality			30	34
16 inch average, according to		ge and	quality			20	23
Square, according to size and Flatted, "	quality	· · ·	: : :	: : :	: :	17 15	19 18
Merchantable Pipe, according W. O. Puncheon, Merchanta	STAY g to qua ble, acco	l. and s	p'efet'n- to quali	–nomin	al . \$	330 90	\$350 100
DEALS. Bright, according to mill specification, \$115 to \$123 for 1st, \$78 to \$82 for 2nd, and \$37 to \$42 for 3rd quality. Bright spruce, according to mill specification, \$40 to \$43 for 1st, \$27 to \$28 for 2nd, \$23 to \$25 for 3rd, and \$19 to \$21 for 4th quality.							

SAGINAW, MICH.

SAGINAW, Mich., April 10th.—More so than at other points, the spring season opens up with little evidence of life in the lumber trade. Few sales are being made and the disposition is firm with many buyers to hold off in anticipation of a break in prices. The statement is made that log run is selling now at probably \$2 below price of a year ago. From \$13 to \$20 are quotations on log run. \$8.50 and up is being asked for the Norway bill stuff and \$11 and \$11.50 for boxes. The reports of trade that reach this point from the East do not give encouragement for large trade. Affairs there, we are told, are dull. No alterations in shingle quotations is to be noted.

FINISHING LUMBER-ROUGH.	
Uppers, 1, 1¼ and 1½45 oo 2 in46 oc 2 in46 oc 2 in46 oc 2 in46 oc 2 in47 oo 2 in47 oo 2 in49 oo 2 in42 oo 2 in49 oo 2 in49 oo 2 in42 oo 2 in40 oo 2 in42 oo 2 in40 oo 2 in42 oo 2 in	œ
SIDING.	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00 00 00
TIMBER, JOIST AND SCANTLING.	
2x4 to 10x10, 12, 14 and 16 ft.\$11 00 20 ft	o