ise. We have ple in the East,

applied to, or in as if we wished minent members n recommending npany, that the cease as soon as this was used by e for and elec y candidate who is power to de

s follows:

for the construc and the North

y Co., or by any railway carriage between all the Provinces is essentially necessary.

"It is, therefore, not a policy of progress, but a policy of portion of the tardation, injurious alike to the Northwest and to the rest of the ominion, and, as such, it is inconsistent with the principles of onservatism."

Under these circumstances it is pretty hard to be told now that th the Canadian he Province having returned a majority of Government supporters, e have thereby endorsed the policy of disallowance.

The next points to be considered are:

1st. If the Canadian Pacific Railway is charging excessive rates and between places in the Province of Manitoba; and,

2d. What effect a competing line to the international put up with this oundary will have on inter-provincial trade.

RATES.

Wheat, lumber and fuel are, as everyone knows, the most o given by the portant articles in the settler's economy. Wheat is the staple st formulated by roduct; lumber is used for the construction of his house and farm overnment in the illdings; coal is an urgent necessary of life in a severe climate and h treeless plains. It is evident that, other things being equal, if ereby pledge our se railroad rates for these three articles in Manitoba are exhorbito the House ontly high in comparison with similar rates elsewhere, farming in to oppose that ir Northwest cannot pay simply because it cannot compete.

any Governmen Mr. VanHorne assured the Board of Trade, voluntarily, in ry means in hi 382, in the most solemn words, that our fuel and lumber would be rried at cost while wheat would be ole Conservativerried at a bare margin over cost to assist the settlers; and that we ve candidate folloust expect to pay fair rates for our merchandise. The following cts will show how far this promise has been kept.

Mr. VanHorne lays stress upon a wheat rate of 33 cents from ace of Manitoh algary to Port Arthur, a distance of 1,269 miles, and relies on this te for comparisons with other roads having a monopoly in their rritory. But as a matter of fact that rate is given from all points est of Indian Head, which is only 741 miles from Port Arthur. ide between the explanation is that no wheat is shipped from Calgary; Regina, nion, and in the 86 miles west of Port Arthur, being practically the most westerly