## Order Paper Questions

G. Bonnart, Middlesex, England, Marketing Services, \$14,583.31: M. J. Maerten, Ypres, Belgium, Marketing Services, \$12,499.98; Contracted employees working in Tokyo—H. W. Hoppener, Toronto, Marketing Services, \$61,822.03; K. Moriguchi, Tokyo, Marketing Services, \$18,581.92; Y. Ito, Tokyo, Marketing Services, \$38,802.91; sub-total: \$289,177.06. Other Professional Services—Rourke Bourbonnais and Associates, Montreal, P.Q., Consulting services in the area of organization planning, \$25,181.46; Groupe de Gestion P.M. Inc., Montreal, P.Q., Management Services, \$102,800.54; Informetrica Ltd., Ottawa, Ont., Development and monitoring of a management information system on production, inventory, sales and shipments, \$59,653.43; Stewart and Morrison Ltd., Toronto, Ont., Coin and Case designers, \$23,197.00; Dr. Edgar Schubert, Agent of Public Relations, Frankfurt, Germany, \$11,401.83; Intertask Limited, Ottawa, Ontario, Project Management and Logistic Support, \$72,535.32; Harshe-Rotman & Druck Inc., New York, N.Y., Counsel on public relations in U.S.A., \$128,255.30; Via le monde Inc., Montreal, P.Q., Production of audio/visual tape capsules of Olympic Games for domestic and international marketing, \$88,819.00; Programmed Communications Ltd., Montreal, P.Q., Audio/visual or slide program, \$18,806.64; Ronald-Reynolds & Co. Ltd., Montreal, P.Q., Design consulting services, \$25,000.00; Torreson-Rose Marketing Co. Ltd., Montreal, P.Q., Public Relations Services, \$26,175.52; Scott-Atkinson, Vicari, Only International Limited, Public Relations Counsel and Services, \$18,334.96; Berger, Tisdall, Clark & Lesly Ltd., Montreal, P.Q., Public Relations Counsel and Services, Brussels, Travel Agency, Trans-Ocean, \$10.341.82; \$16,845.15; Paul Winner Marketing Communications Ltd., London, England, Public Relations Consultants for Europe, \$19,559.35; Admiral Travel Service, Ottawa, Ontario, Travel Agency, \$12,068.50; Air Canada, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Travel Agency, \$24,484.67; Inter-Image Company, Tokyo, Japan, Public Relations for Pacific and Phillipines, \$76,509.32; Michael W. Moynihan, New York, N.Y., Public Affairs Consultants for U.S.A & Mexico, \$10,006.68; Herbert A. Watts Contests Ltd., Toronto, Ontario, Coin Design Competition, \$16,618.47; Miscellaneous-\$52,227.98. Total: \$1,128,000. A number of the Professional Services received were from Corporations as the list of names indicates. We do not have a list of the principal shareholders and officers of these corporations.

## OLYMPIC GOLD COINS

Question No. 3.063-Mr. Jelinek:

1. How many Olympic gold coins will be minted with (a)  $\frac{1}{2}$  ounce of gold (b)  $\frac{1}{4}$  ounce of gold?

2. What is the proposed date for the coins to be available to the public?

3. What is to be the duration of this programme?

4. What will be the surcharge on each coin?

5. Who will be the official gold coin distributors in (a) Canada (b) United States (c) Europe?

6. What will be the seignorage from both coins?

7. What portion of the seignorage will be available to COJO?

Mr. Paul E. McRae (Parliamentary Secretary to Postmaster General): 1. The number of gold coins to be issued will not exceed 1 million in total. The ratio between <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> oz. and <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. has not yet been decided. It is understood that [Mr. McRae.] the face value of the silver and gold coins is not to exceed \$450 million face value. It is also understood in accordance with the original Olympic Coin (1976) Act that the profit will not exceed \$250 million.

2. The coins will probably be available to the public on an order basis by April or May 1976.

3. As per the Coin Act the duration of the program will not go beyond December 31, 1976. This however does not preclude orders being placed in 1976 and fulfillment possibly taking place in 1977. It is not our objective to become involved with this particular timing situation.

4. Pricing of the gold coin is probably \$10 over face value of the uncirculating 14K coin and possibly \$50 on the proof 22K coin.

5. With respect to naming official distributors it is not possible to do so at this particular time. We will probably use the existing network of distributors, but again this has not been finalized as yet.

6. Seignorage for the coins can only be determined on the basis of the price of gold on the days designated for the costing of the gold. This refers to the last five days in the month of February 1976. When the cost of gold and other factors are determined we would be in a better position to advise of the seignorage.

7. The portion of the seignorage to be made available to COJO would be the total sales value less marketing and manufacturing costs as is the case with the silver coin program.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—GROSS REVENUE DERIVED FROM SECOND-CLASS MAIL

Question No. 3,104-Mr. Clark (Rocky Mountain):

In each of the past three fiscal years, what was the gross revenue derived by the Post Office Department from second-class mail?

Mr. Paul E. McRae (Parliamentary Secretary to Postmaster General): In thousands of dollars, 1972-73, \$14,899; 1973-74, \$15,007; 1974-75, \$14,968.

## SUPPLY AND SERVICES—CONTRACT FOR TOBOGGANS

## Question No. 3,164-Mr. Reynolds:

With reference to a contract awarded January 16, 1975 to Magline of Canada Limited, Renfrew, Ontario, for the supply of toboggans at a cost of \$215.54 delivered to Lancaster Park, Alberta and \$211.65 delivered to Montreal, Quebec, how many were shipped to each location and what was their size and specifications?

Hon. Jean-Pierre Goyer (Minister of Supply and Services): In so far as DSS is concerned, a quantity of 1,204 toboggans was to be delivered to Lancaster Park, Alberta of which 356 have been shipped, and 1,500 to Montreal, Québec of which 304 have been shipped. Regular shipments are continuing. The toboggan is 80 inches long and 22 inches wide and is manufactured in accordance with Department of National Defence Specification CDA/DID/ Unit 5-1-2.