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THE EDUCATIONAL REVIEW, St. John, N. B.

THE CLOSED SCHOOL.

At a time when the calls of patriotism and the gaps in the ranks caused by prolonged warfare have resulted in a number of male teachers donning the khaki, and also the demand for women in almost every section of the business world has been so great, it may not be opportune to criticise

as to the scarcity of teachers; but we cannot help drawing attention to the conditions of affairs as they have recently appeared to be in many of the rural districts. Since the beginning of the new year, the writer has been in receipt of a large number of letters from school children dealing with general subjects, but in many of which they have stated that they were unable to attend school as there was no teacher or the schoolhouse was closed. Is there nothing to prevent this? Is the closed school not a good argument in favor of the consolidated school, or are there other ways of dealing with the matter?

We refrain from further remarks and leave the subject for consideration.

EDUCATIONAL ADVANCEMENT.

In spite of the fact that the British authorities have so much to consider regarding matters relating to the furtherance and a victorious conclusion of the war, much attention is being given to that of after-war educational reforms. In an address recently given by Bishop Welldon, he expressed a preference for British educational liberty over German educational tyranny. "But the duty of Great Britain after the war would not be a slavious imitation of German principles and methods in education or elsewhere. It would be the appropriation of all that was good in those principles and methods, with due regard to British traditions and opportunities."

The Germanic method of education fostered a passion for construction, and outside the schools other teachers were at work fostering a passion for destruction; hence the amply demonstrated mischief. Combined with the humanities there ought to be a vocational education, and therefore all teaching should be carried along these lines. Children, for instance, who, at an early age are obliged to leave school, should have the door to the study of all that is best in literature thrown open. Whilst the selections in the readers are