CASE REFUSED.

on Thursday the 30th Jult, in the On Thursday tine 30th Jult, in the Superior Court Mr. Justice Johnson gaye judgment on the rule his applied for by Mr. Double, of the Install Concaler, to require the Fabrique to show cause why they should not pay a fine for failing to comply with the decree of the Privy Council ordering them to permit the burial of Guibord. His in them to permit the circumstance of the Superior Honour, after reciting the circumstances of the Honour, went on to say that in regard to the place of tender of the customary fees, which the Institu was to make preliminary to the burial, the language of to many was not very definite, and there was room for doubt whether the Institut had a right to require respondents to go to the cemetery in order require responsible there receive the fees. With respect to there being no return to the original writ, there was certainly none before the Court—nothing but the bailiff's return of service, and what is called a certificate of non-compliance. It had been ed a common of the Institut Canadien that there could be no return to a peremptory writ of mandamus, according to the practice in England. The Gourt was not prepared to go so far as that. In the present case no return day was ordered by the writitself, and no return day was mentioned in it. Whatever the English practice was, under Quebec law such a return not only could be made, but must be made.

As therefore there had been no proper return of the writ before the Court, it was impossible to judge whether it had been complied with or not. The Court needed to have evidence whether there had been a refusal to comply with the writ, and no such evidence had been presented. The bailiff's return furnished no evidence on the subject of noncompliance. He stated that the gates were closed and kept closed notwithstanding his request to the guardian. The quostion remained, by whom were they kept closed? Was such a serious and incredible charge that the ecclesiastical authorities had incited the disturbance and the opposition to the law to be accepted on such evidence as has been presented? The bailiff's statement, taking it to be true, showed no refusal of permitting the grave to be dug, or of permitting the burial to take place. The Court was quite prepared to say, under the circumstances, that even assuming the statement of the bailiff to be true, unless it could be proved that the gates had been closed and kept closed by the respondents, there was no ground for the conclusion that there had been any refusal to permit the remains to be buried. And if there had been no such refusal, the terms of the decree had not been opposed, and no fine could therefore be incurred. The Court, therefore, discharged the rule, and ordered each party to pay its own costs.

A TRAIN MALICIOUSLY WRECKED.

FULL LIST OF THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

SoreL, Sept. 29, 1875 To-night Sorel is in mourning; scarcely a door is there that does not bear some record of sorrow, and emblems of grief are everywhere to be seen. The facts are as follows :- On Tuesday night. about seven o'clock, engine No. 2 of the Drummond and Arthabaska Railway returned from St. David with six platform cars, with seventy-five men em-ployed on the road. These men had just completed their day's work, and were going to their homes or lodgings. The number, though large, was considerably less than usual, inasmuch as a large number had been left behind at Sorel by the morning's train. Providence seemed to have interfered, for had all the employees been on hand the catastrophe would have had ten fold intensity. These platforms came in front of the engine, and a man with a lantern was placed in front as a look-out. Within about two miles from the Sorel side of Yamaska, when near a bush, the signal of alarm was given, which was well understood, but was too late, the train immediately receiving a terrible shock. the cars being telescoped and smashed in hundreds of pieces, amid the most piercing cries and shricks. Many of the men, on receiving the alarm, jumped off the cars, receiving various injuries in the venture. The train at this time was only going at about eight miles an hour, still the speed was sufficient to cause a great disaster—fiesh head and limbs flying in all directions. The cause and limbs flying in a of the trouble seems to have been that wooden raiis had been placed across the track, evidently with a malicious intent, by persons unknown. What may have been the reason for such a diabolical action is yet to be found out, but certain it is that the endeavors of miscreants were murderously successful. Immediately on the alarm being given Mr. Swan the conducter, ordered "breaks on" and then jumped from the train, but not before he had received severe injuries on the leg. Upon the engine and tender were the principal employees of the company, Mr. Senecal the contractor, and Mr. Phelps the superintendent of the road, together with several strangers who, however, were enabled to afford some assistance to the more unfortunate, Mr. Senecal did all he could for the unfortunates. Dr. Mignault being sent for to attend their wants. Priests were also brought to the scene and they administered all the comforts of the church. Coroner was also brought into requisition and took the necessary steps for holding an inquest. The name of the dead are Johnny Roucher, Charles Latour, Cote, Cartier, Thouin, Berthiaume, Plante, Blois, of Sorel; McClure and Aussint, of St. Robert. The seriously wounded were: Laurier, broken leg and broken rib; Contaire, wounded on the head and also internally; Louis Lapointe, injured on the hand and leg, also the small joint of the spine; Jean Nadeau, internal injuries; Jean B. Nadeau, broken thigh; Lafrancois, leg broken in three places; Larue, broken arm; Latour, shoulder out of joint; Parent, crushed leg; DeaRosiers, internal and spine injuries; Cotte, internal injuries; Swan, ankle sprained; besides all the rest more or less injured. In the evening an inquest was held by Coroner Turcotte when evidence was given by Mr. Phelps, Julien Lequien, foreman of the section, the conductor of the train Mr. Swan, Lachapelle, the brakeman, and a medical man, all of whom bore out the above facts - Cor. Monireal Herald.

ANOTHER SOREL DISASTER.

Sorel, October 1.

AN ENTIRE FAMILY DROWNED.

One would have thought that the accident here which cost so many lives would be sufficient to report, but unfortunately another, which, while it has bearing, has to be recorded. An entire family has been swept out of existence, and their bodies are level be always willing to answer letters as far been swept out of existence, and their bodies are level be always willing to answer letters as far been swept out of existence, and their bodies are as I am able, and I will be glad to see and to rethe facts are as follows —About 5 o'clock yesterday ceive everybody no matter of what nationality— The facts are as follows :- About 5 o'clock yesterday morning, while it was yethardly daylight, a batteau or barge, laden with bricks, and bound for Montreal, was at the head of Lake St. Peter; the wind was high, and it was remarked by those on board that the wind became very strong and the waves swent the wind became very strong and the waves swent over the boat and in a little while there was quite a squall. The boat was evidently sinking, and the Captain, who was also proprietor of the battenu, jumped into the dingy which they stowed behind, and called upon his wife and, with them came two many the state of or barge, laden with bricks, and bound for Montreal, was at the head of Lake St. Peter; the wind was squall. The boat was evidently sinking, and the country of Southwest Missouri.

Gaptain, who was "also" proprietor of the batteny faithfully yours not support to the dingyr which they stowed abelind, and called upon his wife made called upon his wife made called upon his wife made to the cine of the dingyr which they stowed a subject to the country of Bouthwest Missouri.

Tam, ever faithfully yours in the country of Southwest Missouri.

Tam, ever faithfully yours in the country of Identity of

THE RULE NISI IN THE GUIBORD Eusebie Lussier, fils, master of a batteau, who was was sunk, and now lies an obstruction in the channel. Efforts will be made to raise it by the vessels of the Montreal Harbor Board. As for the bedies of the drowned, unsuccessful endeavors have; been made to recover them, but it is not believed that they will be found. Hamel, the captain and proprietor, was a man of about 40 years of age, his eldest hoy was about 15, a girl was 12, and the youngest, a boy, was 11; he was well-known in Montreal; he and his wife belonged to Yamaska, and there is terrible feeling there to-day. Tonsyant is here to-day and tells a terrible story of the accident, though he is still dazed by the recollection of the events. When all appeared lost and there was no hope of the frail boat into which the party had jumped surviving the force of the waves. Mrs. Hamel said to her husband: "We may as well say good-bye for ever; It vaut mieux se dire adieu pour toujours," and, thinking to save her children, jumped into the water before her husband could stop her. The unfortunate husband was not long in following her, and the children, one after another, took their way to the same watery grave.—Evening Star Correspondence.

SOUTHWEST MISSOURI.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC ACCOUNT OF THE COUNTRY.

To the Editor of the TRUE WITNESS.

Peirce City, Mo., Sept. 14.—Owing to the large quantity of letters which I have received from New Tork, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, &c., asking me for intelligence about the land in Southwest Missouri, and owing to the very little time at my disposal, I feel it sometimes difficult to answer all separately and satisfactorily. I therefore deem it wise and becoming to give to my correspondents all their required intelligence as briefly as possible and by means of the press.

Indeed, I would have written these few lines sooner, but that my correspondents all, without exception, confided in me for the "true account of this country;" and afraid lest they and I might be deceived, and anxious to maintain the kind trust reposed in me, I waited until I saw the whole country and the crops.

Already I have had many interviews with some espectable old gentlemen living for the last thirtyfive years in Southwest Missouri, and they all agree in saying that there never was as good a crop of everything as there is this year, and I have been speaking to others, on whose authority I can greatly rely, and who have just returned from a visit with their friends who live further east, and they all say that "our worst corn crop here is as good as the best they have seen in other places."

Although born and raised myself on the genial and healthy soil of dear old Ireland, I am conscientiously constrained to say that I never lived a day in a healthier country than Southwest Missouri The winter is never extremely cold here. The days in summer are never so intensely warm as that we cannot wear a cloth coat, and the nights are so refreshingly cool that we are sometimes to wear a

blanket over us to sleep. We have had no mosquitoes, no grasshoppers and no insects of any kind to annoy us or to take away our crops. We challenge America to produce better water than the water of Lawrence county, and almost always a well has been found wherever

it was sought. What shall I say of the other products of the country. Of the lovely vineyards and gardens full of vine and of fruit and vegetables of every kind, of the fields covered over with a plentiful harvest, of the beautiful and almost endless prairies. all the year round, grazing numerous herds of fat cattle of every kind and giving countless tons of fine hay to the farmers, of the lofty and majestic forest, of the subterraneous stores of zinc, of lead and of precious minerals of every kind, and of the wells of pure water spontaneously bubbling up by the roadsides, and sometimes forming grand and noble rivers, rolling proudly on and turning many and different kinds of mills before mingling their limpid waters. with the far-off, foaming sea? A minute and worthy description of such a mighty mining, grass, crop, corn and cattle country would far transcend the limits of a letter, and, tresspass on the time and space of the press. I must only then refer you to a pamphlet entitled "A Guide to the Irish Settlements in Southwest Missouri," and giving a description of this country and the inducements and advantages it affords to the emigrating farmer or intending settler. It is written by Mr. Michael O'Dowd, land agent for the A. and P. railroad. 25 South Fourth street, St. Louis, Missouri, and I am authorized to state that Mr. O'Dowd will send this pamphlet free from all expense to any person in the world upon application. I have very carefully examined the pamphlet and the country it describes, and upon comparison I find a close correspondence in almost every particular. Besides, I distributed copies of it amongst these of my parishioners whom I knew to be the oldest inhabitants of this country and whom I considered best calculated to decide upon the merits of the pamphlet, and they unanimously agree in saying that it is very properly demonstrated. "A Guide to the Irish Settlements, &c.," And that if Mr. O'Dowd has not underrated he certainly has not, exaggerated the happy and prosp-rous condition of the people and country of Southwest Missouri. Here I desire to say that Mr. O'Dowd is an Irishman and a man whom I have reason to hope and to believe will never forfeit or abuse any trust reposed in him by his countrymen or his employers. He is highly recommended by some of the Catholic bishops of America, and amongst others by the Rt. Rev. John Hennessey, the noble bishop of Dubuque, and by the lately deceased and much lamented Bishop O'Gorman of

Nebraska. In conclusion, I would say that it has oftentimes been a matter of no little astonishment to me why some of our great capitalists would not come out here and invest in land that is destined to make one of the greatest farming countries in America; and I am not a little pained, from time to time, when I reflect upon the large number of poor families living in our large cities and depending, in a great measure, upon a man's daily wages for their support, and that, too, at times when employment is very unsteady, and when perhaps the saloon is better patronized by the husband than are his family and wife. Why do not such parties go and purchase a little land, where they will be independent and happy in a few years? There are at present in this parish those who came here five years ago, with very slender means, indeed, and without fear not involved such a loss of life, is sad enough in its of confradiction I say it, their individual property to day is worth bayond \$7,000. -

from the first down to the last generation of them and I will be always happy to see my countrymen,

DOMINION ITEMS.

The Rev. T. J. Morris is succeeded by the Rev. Father Ray, as Parish Priest of Mara and Rama. Orillia Packet.

Mr. Alex. Henry has offered a reward of \$100 for the detection of the parties who wilfully and maliciously girdled certain of his fruit and ornamental trees, and destroyed a large number of vines upon his premises in West Napanee.

The woods are beginning to show the effects of the recent frosts, and already the maples are beginning to assume all those varied gorgeous colours which give such a wonderful charm to the forests of Canada in the autumn of the year.

On the 7th inst., the Catholic Church at Almonte will be consecrated. The many improvements made to the edifice are now completed, and the new organ is being put in place. It is expected that a large number of clergymen will be present, among them some very distinguished

As Mr. Prior, of Fingal, was getting into his hay mow on Monday morning last week, a man rose up in the hay and taking a pistol from his pocket fired at him, the ball entering the breast of his coat. Immediatly after firing the shot the tramp made off and has not since been heard of.

The St. Thomas Times has been shown a cucumber grown in the garden of Mr. S. Barrett, Rossalmost equal size.

Mr. James Millar, of Spencerville, has made about to Mr. Gill, of Prockville, for 11c per lb. The contract was made in the spring when prices were considerably higher than they are now, and the maker did not hold on as many have done for a ous and lyrical selections that gave good scope for maker did not hold on as many have done for a aigher fizure.

Bean pulling has at last been made easy. One man near Rond Eau has pulled a large field with a plow, and has done it well. The plowis pulled by one horse, runs on the top of the ground, and has on the "share" a wide wing with a sharp edge, made from an old saw. This cuts the stalk off just under the surface of the ground.

The Monck Reform Press says:-"The recen rains have raised the water in the river so that navigation to the Feeder can be resumed. The water has risen about a foot, and is still slowly rising. Vessels drawing five feet six inches can pass through and it is expected that the grist mills will be allowed to run a portion of next week.

present year, says the Bowmanville Statesman, has ed in Canada, on and after that date, October 1st, been unusually large, and the delivery in market is to go by mail to places within the Dominion, are already greater than ever known so early in the required to be prepaid, by postage stamp, the orseason. About seventy thousand bushels have been brought in. The grain is plump and weighs been brought in. The grain is plump and weighs heavy, but the greater portion of it is rather dark colored.

The Great Western Railway has been infested for a long time past with a gang of card sharpers, who ply their nefarious profession between Windsor and the Bridge, but more particularly on the western division of the road, with the utmost audacity. Numerous complaints have been made by the victims of their rescality to the railroad officials, but, unfortunately, without redress, they not being able to bring these pests of society to account.

The big potato season has fairly opened. Mr. Robert Teeple, of London, has one weighing 21bs. 2 oz. and in the exultation of the moment he asked the Free Press to call for a better. A few moments after A. Christian a Delaware man, walked into phlets, occasional publications circulars, and such that newspoper office with a potato that outweighed general miscellaneous matter as may be admitted Teeple's pride by seven ounces. Teeple is not so proud of his potato now; Tut Christian-just fancy !

The specimen of gold-bearing quartz on exhibition in Halifax was taken from the British Gold Mining Company's mines at Waverly, and is to be sent to the Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition. It is a rough chip of quartz, just as cut from the solid rock It measures 10 x 16 inches, is about three inches thick at the thickest part and weighs about 17 pounds. The face of it is streaked with veins of rold, whi ch doubtless extend through the rock from which it was taken.

The Paisley Advocate says:-This portion of Bruce seems likely to become celebrated for flowing | And when such letters are posted unpaid, or insufwells. We have already spoken of two or three instances where strong subterraneous streams of water have been struck. Another of these underground creeks have been touched on the farm of Mr. John McMillan, lot 29, con. 5, Eldersie. The workmen had dug down far past the stream, which could be distinctly heard in the earth, but the cause of the noise was not suspected until the water burst from the side of the well, filling up the excavation and flowing over.

The Fredericton Reporter says :- Mr. Peter White of Queensbury, some time ago took to his bome a little boy whom he adopted, and who is now about eight years of age. This child is possessed of a terrible temper, which manifests itself on the most trifling occasion. A few days ago he was told to rock the cradle, and not liking the occupation, while the good-wife's back was turned he seized a card of matches, ran over to the barn, set it on fire, and was back again at his post without being missed. The fire consumed the barn and its contents-30 tons of hay, 200 bushels of oats, and all the crop of the farm which had been harvested up to that date. He confesses the deed,

A correspondent of the Strathroy Dispatch, writing of the crops in Adelaide township, says :- Fall wheat has turned out as low as eight bushels per acre, and as high as 44; the latter crop was grown by Mr. Nickle, Mainroad, Adelaide. The eight bushel crops were partly caused from being winter-killed and partly from rust. I will put the fall wheat at the very high average of 25 bushels per acre. Barley has turned out well in all cases, and has yielded from 30 to 50 bushels per acre. Spring wheat as yet thrashed has turned out from 20 to 25% per acre. William Gale, Main-road, having grown 166 bushels Red River wheat on 61 acres. Peas are good, but very few are yet thrashed. Oats as yet thrashed turn out from 30 to 92 bushels per acre, Mr. T. Calahan having the astounding amount of 276 bushels on three acres.

The Waterloo Chronicle says :- The seduction case tried at the assizes in Berlin this week was the means of revealing a somehwat surprising degree of looseness of morals in our rural communities. If the evidence of a number of witnesses for the defence is to be believed, and we fear there is little doubt of its substantial accuracy, the numerous country dances held during the winter season are more frequently than many people think the convenient occasions of the indulgence of the baser passions. Parents cannot be too careful to keep their children from frequenting such gatherings, and probably the best way to do so well be to provide innocent and pure recreations for their children at home. It is certainly a most painful sight to see respectable parents brought to grief and shame by the folly of wayward children, compelled to wit-

triangle was erected in the front yard of the gaol, and all the prisoners confined in the gaol, seventeen in number, were drawn up in line to witness the punishment. There were only a few spectators admitted. The prisoner was led into the yard by the turnkey, and he stripped and took his place on the triangle without displaying any particular emotion. After he had been fastened so as to be unable to move, the individual who was to administer the flogging walked in with the "cat" in his hand. He

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.—(Gazette) was masked and otherwise disguised so as not to be recognized by those present. Harrison's sentence

is twenty lashes, ten of which were to be administered at a time. At the fourth stroke the pain compelled him to cry out, and his cries were conlinued during the infliction of the punishment. On being taken down from the triangle he was asked if he could walk to his cell, and answered in the affirmative. He was then led back to the gaol. The surgeon was in attendance during the punishment.

MR. DAVIN'S LECTURE AND READINGS .- Last Friday evening Mr. N. F. Davin (who has been the guest of Rev. Mr. Stafford while taking a brief holiday) lectured in the Town Hall on Daniel O'Connell. The audience was not as large as it should have been; but the frequent and vigorous applause showed that they were pleased with the lecture. An elaborate sketch of O'Connell's life and times, and an impassioned but just and careful review of his public policy and its grand results was given in street, from California seed, and measuring 44 the hour and a half devoted to the subject, with the inches in length and 132 in circumference at the skill and grace for which Mr. Davin is well known. the hour and a half devoted to the subject, with the thickest part, and weighing eight pounds and a-half. Mr. Barrett says he has grown several of the conclusion a vote of thanks moved by Col. Deacon and seconded by Mr. John Knowlson was heartily accorded and briefly acknowledged. By 30 tons of cheese this season, all of which he sold | request Mr. Davin gave Readings Tuesday evening before a large audience for the benefit of the poor of the Town. The chair was occupied by His Worthe fine elocutionary and histrionic powers of the reader. "Horatius," "Marmion," a scene from Hamlet, and two or three from " Handy Andy," Carleton's "Pudding Bewitched," and "Vivien," with other selections were rendered, in a masterly manner. One of the finest pieces and one that elicited warm applause was the "Old Colonel on fashionable Poetry, and the 42nd Highlanders at Waterloo" read with great spirit and fidelity. The frequent applause testified that the audience heartily appreciated the efforts of the reader to entertain and amuse.—Lindsay Post, Oct 1st.

THE NEW POSTAL LAW .- A notice has been issued

by the Postmaster-General, in reference to the Postal Act of last session, which went into operation on Friday last, and the following information con-The yield of barley in this section of country the tained in it will be useful to know:-Letters post Letter Office, Ottawa. When the sender of such letters has put on less than the right amount of postage stamps, the letter will be forwarded to its has been prepaid, but letters thus insufficiently prepaid will be charged with double the amount of deficient postage to be collected on delivery.-Letters posted to delivered at the same Post Office known as "drop letters," must be prepaid by postage stamp, one cent per half ounce. Newspapers and periodicals printed and published in Canada, and sent from the office of publication to regular subscribers, are to be posted prepaid by the publishers at the rate of one cent per lb. bulk weight. Other Newspapers and periodicals, books, pamto pass by mail, may be posted in Canada for any place in Canada, Newfoundland and the United States, on prepayment by postage stamps, at the rate of one cent per four ounces, except packets containing samples and patterns addressed to the United States, which are to be prepaid a unifo-m rate of 10 cents each packet, and are subject to a special limit in weight of 8 oz. Every postmaster is required to keep on hand a sufficient quantity of postage stamps for the wants of the public. From the 1st Oct. the postage on letters passing between Canada and the United Kingdom, whether sent by Canadian Packet or in the closed mails via New York will be a uniform rate of 5 cents per half ounce (21 sterling), to be prepaid by postage stamps. ficiently prepaid, they will be forwarded to destination charged double rates. Five cent postage stamps have been prepared for the use of the pub-

> EIGHT COUSINS; or, The Aunt-Hill. By Louisa M. Alcott. Author of "Little Women," &c. Canadian Copyright edition. Montreal, Dawson Bros. This is a story for the young folks and will not fail to interest them. The author promises to make amends for any short-comings in a second volume entitled "The Rose in Bloom."

We have received Chisholms International Railway and Steam Navigation Guide for October.

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

St Remi, P O'S, \$2 ; Emerald, P McD, 2; Almonte O'R, 4; Sandwich, A ES, 2; Starnesboro', P L, 4 River Bourgeois, Rev W M L, 2; Stc Agathe, M M 1.50; Spencerville, J E D, 2; Kars, J O'C, 2; Kichibucto, H O'L, 4; Grenville, T J, 2; Williamstown, P P, 2; Sherrington, M McC, 1.50; Morrisburgh, J B, 2; St Foye, Rev J S, 3; Marshall, Mich., J W G, 1.25; Fawn, J H, 2; Richibucto, Mrs C McD, 2; Aylmer, G R, 2; Upper Wakefield, PO'F, 2; Pembroke, JC, 2; Eganville, DM, 4 Admaston, J M, 2; Antigonish, J McD, 2; Pomquet Forks, Rev J J C, 4; Quebec, G M M, 2 Lower Ireland, P McC, 2; Glennevis, D J McL, 2 St John, W C, 2; Monckland, M M, 4; Hamilton, N J P, 2; Pembroke, J G, 2; Downeyvill, J O'L, 6: Springford, G F, 2.

Per P. N. Thurso-Mayo, J. McA, 1.50. Per F. L. E, Kingsbridge—J. D,4. Per Rev. B. C. B, St. Patrick's Hill—J. G, 2. Per J. C. H, Read, J. M, 2. Per R. M, Helena—Self, 1.50; P. B, 1.50. Per J. Q. Hamilton-H. L. B, 4; C. D, 2; M. F, 2; C.C, 2; DS, 2. Per P. C, Tweed—D. G, 2. Per J. H, Guelph-B. C, 2; Mrs. K, 2.70. Per M. McA, Hallerton-A. McA, 1.50; Hem mingford, J. R, 1,50.

AGENTS

The undermentioned gentlemen have kindly consented to act as Agents in their respective localities, for the TRUE WITNESS :-

Sillery, Quebec-Mr. M. H. O'Ryan. Hamilton and Vicinity-Mr. James Quinn. Alliston, Ont.—Mr. P. D. Kelly, Notary Public. For Waterville, P. Q., and neighborhood-Mr T. M'Govern: Parish of Mount St. Patrick.—Mr. Patrick Fitz

gerald. oraid. Std. Brigide Mr. W. Donnelly. Souris, P.E.I. Mr. James Moynagh, jr. Sarnia, and the County of Lambton-Mr. John

Married.

At Arichat, N.S., on the 6th ult., by the Right Rev. Bishop Cameron, uncle to the bride, assisted by the Rev. F. Broussard, P.P., Arichat, and Rev. Dr. Cameron, P.P., brother to the bride, Hector F.

3	MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.—	(Gazette)
•	Flour # bri. of 196 h. Follards \$3.40 6	. 63 60
3	Superior Extra	5.50
•	Fancy	5.25
•	Spring Extra 5.10	5.29
•	Superfine	4.95
ì	Extra Superfine 5.30	5.40
•	Fine 4.25	4.35
•	Strong Bakers' 5.35	5.50
•	Middlings	4.10
•	U. C. bag flour, per 100 lbg. 245	0.00
	City bags, [delivered] 2.60	0.00
	W Deat - 0 00	0.00
	do Western	0.00
,	Oatmeal per bushel of 200 lbs 0.00	4.75
1	Corn, per bushel of 32 lbs 0.00	0.64
	Oats 0.41	0.42
1	Pease, per 66 lbs0.921	0.95
١.	do afloat	0.00
	Barley, per bushel of 48 lbs 0.70	0.72
1	Lard, per lbs	0.00
	do do do pails 0.15	0.00
	Cheese, per lbs 0.101	0.11
	do do do August makes 0,10"	0.10
	Pork—New Mess	24.00
	Thin Mess	22.00
	Beef-Prime Mess, per barrel 15.50	16.00
٠	Ashes—Pots	5. 05
	Firsts	0.00
. [Pearls— 0.00 Butter—Steady. Western at 18c to 20c;	_0.00
.	Dutter-Steady. Western at 18c to 20c;	Town-
١	ships', 21c to 22c	
1	MONOVINO TARREST NO SELECTION	
ļ	TORONTO FARMERS' MARKET.—(G	lobe.)

Wheat, fall, per bush...... \$1 12 do spring do 1 12 Barley do 0 75 do 0 38 0 00 do 0 75 Peas Dressed hogs per 100 lbs...... 0 00 Beef hindage was be Beef, hind-grs. per lb..... 0 00 " fore-quarters 0 00 Mutton, by carcase, per lb 0 00 Butter, lb. rolls...... 0 25 " large rolls...... 0 20 0 28 tub dairy..... 0 20 0 22 Eggs, fresh, per doz..... 0 17 packed 0 15 Apples, per brl..... 0 00 Geese, each..... 0 55 Turkeys..... 0 70 1 00 Cabbage, per doz..... 0 40 0 00 Onions, per bush..... 0 99 Turnips, per bush..... 0 20 Potatoes, per bus..... 0 50 Hay new..... 14 00

	THE KINGSTON MARKET.—(Britis	A W	hig.)
i	FLOUR—XXX per bbl 6.50	to	7.00
	" " 100 lbs 3.40	to	3.50
	Family " 100 " 3.00	to	3.50
	Grain—Barley per bushel 0.80	to	0.00
ĺ	Rye " " 0.00	to	0.G5
j	Pens " " 0.00	to	0.75
1	Onts " " 0.40	to	0.00
1	Wheat " " 1.10	to	1.15
	MEAT-Beef, fore, per 100 lbs 5.00	to	6.00
i	" hind " " " 6.00	· to	7.00
	" per lb 0.10	to	0.12
Ì	Mutton per lh 0.06	to	0.07
ļ	Ham " in store 0.14	to	0.15
1	Veal " " 0.00	to	0.00
	Bacon " " 0.10	to	0.15
	Pork 9.00	to	10.50
	Hides—No 1 untrimmed 4.00	to	0.00
1	" 2 " 3 00	to	3.25
۱	Lambskins, 0.30 Poultry—Turkeys, each 0.75	to	070
ì	Poultry—Turkeys, each 0.75	to	1.00
	Geese " 0.50	to	0.60
	Ducks per pair 0.30	to	
	Fowls per pair 0.25	to	0.35
	GENERAL-Potatocs, per bushel. 0.55	to	,
	Butter, tub, per lb 0.16		0.18
	_ do _ print 0.20		0.22
	Eggs, per dozen 0.15.		0.17
	Cheese, home made 0.07	to	
	Hay, per ton, new 9.00		10.00
	Hay, per ton, old11.00	_	00.00
	Straw, 4.00 Wood, Hard 3.50	to	
•	wood, Hard 3.50		4.00
•	Coal, per ton, Idelivered. 6.50	to	
	Wool, per lb 0.00	to	0.00

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May 1st, 1874.

MONTREAL 37-52

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Evening Classes for Adults will be opened during six months from the 20th September instant. from half-past seven till half past nine o'clock, for the fuition of Reading, Writing, Calculation, the French and English languages, Book-Keeping, &c., &c., &c., at the following places, viz. St. Mary's Academy, corner Craig and Visitation streets.

St: Vincent's Academy, Fullum street. St. Patrick's Academy, Grand Trunk st., (Point St: Charles. St. Joseph's Academy, corner St. Joseph and Versailles street: (1) attai Tersailles street; \$3 for six months, payable in

advance.

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Calculation, Calligraphy, &co., &c., will also to
taught in the evening for the benefit, of persons
tengaged during the day. This Class will, be open
from eight to ten o'clock during the whole scholastic year. Diplomas will be granted during the year.
to any pupil who shall pass a satisfactory, examination.

J. Admission fee, \$3, per month, or \$25 for the
course.