FORMULARY.

SALICYLIC ACID SHAMPOO.

Salicylic acid	25 gm, or	380 grs.	
Chamin	- ()	and grs.	
Alcohol of 68 p. c	950 **	307 tray	(17.5.
this of Wintergreen . Oil of Rose	l drep.	•	
Oil of Neroli	1 drap.	***	

Mix and filter. Directions: Wash the head well with warm soapsads, then with pure warm water, and dry it with a towel. Then pour two tablespoonfuls of the shampoo into a wineglass, fill this with warm water, and apply the mixture thoroughly, by means of a small sponge, to the scalp and hair.—E. Deiterich in Pharm. Centrally.

PARASITICIDE GINTMENT.

Make into an sintment and apply to part affected.

MIGRAINE POWDERS.

Migraine Powders consist of	
Caffeime citestis	.H grains.
Phenacetin Sarchar factis	1 dr.

Mix. One powder is given every two hours until pain stops.—D.A. Ap. Zty.

LAUFIC ACID AS A DESTIFRICE.

Von Otto Herting, in D.A. Ap. 219., recommends factic acid as a good remedy for cleaning the teath that have become yellow. It is used in the form of a tooth powder:

R Acid lactic												- 2	
Water met				• •	٠.		٠	٠.	•	٠.	•	.30	
Of Corvonavil.									٠				
Ol. mentine pip	an	9 ;	;11:	3		٠.	•	•			٠	•	3
Mix.													

SACHET MARKCHARE.

Sandalwood, fin	cly	ground	٠.	. S omees.
Orris root.	41	٠,,		. Sounces.
Red rose leaves	16	**		4 ounces.
Cloves.	• •	• •		t onnecs.
Cassin bark,	••	**		4 onnces.
Touquin musk.				. į draelius.
Mix.				

EAR DESTIFRICE DU PIERRE.

1,500 parts tincture of cedarwood (1 to 9 alcohol), 45 oil staranise, 0.5 helitropin. In place of the cedarwood tincture, vognac or brandy with a little cognac oil, may be employed.—Phar. Record from Randschau.

RACAROUT.

A preparation for making a nourishing drink for invalids is made according to Popular Science News, by mixing half a pound of rice flour, half a pound of chocolite, three-quarters of a pound of arrow-root and half a pound of white sugar. The chocolate must be finely grated and all the ingredients thoroughly mixed. Prepare for drinking the same as cocoa.

REMEDY FOR RINGWORM.

The application of the following, once

daily, for two or three consecutive days, will generally prove successful:

Care should be exercised not to paint too large a surface, as the above mixture is toxic. If an excoriation exists, it should not be applied as it is irritating to the wounded integument.—Med. Chips.

THEATRICAL FACE-PAINT.

Torjesen gives the following formula:

White.—Oxide of zine, subnitrate of bismuth, and plumbate of alumnia—of each, I oz. Mix, and make into a paste with almond oil (5 to 6 drachms required), and perfume with 12 minius of peppermint oil, 12 grains of camphor, and a drachm of ess. bouquet.

Bright Red.—Oxide of zinc, subnitrate of bismuth, and plumbate of alumnia- of each, 10 drachms; cosin, 21 grains, dissolved in a drachm of ess. bouquet; oil of peppermint, 12 minims; camphor, 12 grains; almond oil, a sufficiency to make a paste. Mix as above.

Deep Bordeaux Red.—Oxide of zinc, submitrate of bismuth, plumbate of alumni—of each, 15 drachms; oil of peppermint, 12 minims; camphor, 12 grains; carmine, 30 grains; (dissolved in 80 minims of solution of ammonia); almond oil, a sufficiency; ess. bouquet, 1½ drachm. Mix.

Skin Color.—Vermillion, 3 drachms; tincture of saffron, 2 drachms; powdered orris, 5 drachms; precipitated chalk and oxide of zine, of each, 20 drachms; camphor, 20 grains; oil of peppermint, 20 minims; ess. bouquet, 1½ drachms; almond oil, a sufficiency. Mix.

Black.—Drop black (made by burning camphor and washing the soot with spirit), 2 drachms; oil almond, 2 drachms; cocoanut oil, 6 drachms. Mix, perfume, and cast into sticks.—Chem. and Drog.

Medical Formulas.

QINTMENT FOR PHTHISIS.

L'Union Medicale states that the following ointment is useful in the treatment of pulmonary phthisis:

B Creasore	, 2 <u>1</u> drams,
Landin Olive Oil Land of each	. 14 omices.

This ointment is to be applied with friction each night to the thorax, and the absorption of the creasote from the skin will be of value to the patient.

PRESCRIPTIONS FOR FLATULENCE.

Journal de Medecine de Paris gives the following prescriptions for the relief of statulence:

R Naphthol	l dram.
Carbonate of magnesium	ી તેદરામ
Powdered charcoal	dram.
Essence of perpermint	2 draps.

This is to be divided into 15 powders, and one taken at the beginning of each meal.

When the flatulence is accompanied by constipation the following may be used:

R Magnesium	I dram.
Flowers of sulphur	I dram.

. To be made into 15 powders, 1 of which is to be taken at each meal.

When diarrhes accompanies the flatulency:

R Ricardonato of sodium.	.36	grains.
Prenared chalk	. 14	atimis.
Powdered nox vonica	. 3	grains.
	Prenared chalk	B Bicarbonate of sedium

May be made into 10 powders, 1 of which is given with each meal.

In still other cases, where neuralgia of the stomach or true gastralgia accompanies the tympanites:

R Hydrochlorate of cocaine	4 grains.
Quining sulpluste	લ લેક્સપ્યન્ન.
Cinnamon water	Somees.

Distil, and order a teaspoonful every two or three hours.

THE TREATMENT OF DIPHTHEMIA.

Lottler recommends the following gargle in the treatment of dipatheria:

R Carbolic acid	 15 drops.
Alcohol	 2 onnces
Distilled water	 5 omees.

This should be used as a gargle

In other cases a solution of 1 to 2,000 of corrosive sublimate can be used in the same manner, or the following antiseptic mixture, which is not poisonous, may be employed:

R Thymal		٠.												3.	ĭ	grains.
Alcohol						_				_					š	ounces.
Water												٠		ì	2	ounces.

It is stated that the gargle of corrosive sublimate acts generally more favorably than does that containing carbolic acid.—

Medical News.

Mercuric Chloride in Diphtheria.

Dr. F. A. Cowann, of Huddersfield, reports to the British Medical Journal that since he commenced to use liq. hydrarg, perchlor, in the treatment of diptheria, he has not had a single fatal case, and he has treated 60. His formula for a child of three or upwards is:—

"Tr. fer. perchlor	 	l dram.
Liq. hyd. perchl	 	I ounce.
Glycerin. ad	 	2 onnees
	 _	

Dosc. —A dessertspoonful every hour from burto six hours, and then every two, three or four hours, as the case may require.

For an adult he gives :-

Tr. fer. perclor	2 drams.
Lin. hvd. perebl	I onnce.
Give	z ounce.
Give	8 mncca.

Dose. - 1 onnee each hour, and repeated as in the case of a child.

The addition of petass iedid to this mixture does not appear to have any beneticial effect. With this treatment local applications, such as painting the fauces, spraying the throat, or the use of gargles, are not needed, and appear to do far more harm than good. In severe cases poultices and the steam-kettle are certainly beneficial.

Sorrow sobers us and makes the mind genial.

Temperance and labor are the two best physicians for a man; labor sharpens the appetite, and temperance prevents him from indulging in excess.