

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
St. John and St. Alexis Streets, MONTREAL.
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Pinet, Castillon & Co.'s Cognac Brandy,
A. Montman & Co.'s double bottled Holland Gln,
Dunville & Co.'s old Irish Whiskey,
H. Thorne & Co.'s fine Scotch Whiskey,
F. G. Sandoman's celebrated Port Wines,
MacKenzie & Co.'s (Cadiz) Sherry Wines,
Jules Mumm & Co.'s Champagne Wines,
F. A. Mumm's Sparkling Hock and Moselle Wines,
Guinness' Dublin Stout, bottled by Machon & Co.,
McEwan's Sparkling Edinburgh Ale, &c. 1-ly

LIFE ASSURANCE—FIDELITY GUARANTEE

THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY,
Empowered by British and Canadian Parliaments.
CAPITAL.....£1,000,000 Sterling.
ANNUAL INCOME, over £300,000 Sterling.
HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA—MONTREAL.
9-ly EDWARD RAWLINGS, Manager.

1868. SPRING. 1868.

DRY GOODS

T. JAMES CLAXTON & CO.,

Are now receiving,

Per Steamship "HIBERNIAN,"

42 PACKAGES,

And by "NOVA-SCOTIA,"

84 PACKAGES.

These, with their former large stock, completes their

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

Inspection and careful comparison invited.

CAVERHILL'S BUILDINGS,

St. Peter Street,

1-ly MONTREAL.

2,000 cases FINEST FRUIT SYRUP,
1,000 " GINGER WINE—"McKay's"
Also, in Kegs, Qr-Casks and Hhds,
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

WEST BROTHERS,
14-ly 144 McGill Street, MONTREAL.

JEFFERY BROTHERS & CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

44 ST. SACRAMENT STREET,

MONTREAL. 1-ly

JAMES BAILLIE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,

480 St. PAUL STREET,

MONTREAL. 5-ly

WM. McLAREN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS and SHOES
STORE:
18 ST. MAURICE STREET,
(In the rear of Joseph Mackay & Bro.)
MONTREAL. 3-ly

BLACK & LOCKE,

**GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,**

MONTREAL 36-ly

NELSON, WOOD & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
European and American FANCY GOODS,
Paper Hangings, Clocks, Looking Glasses, and Plates,
Stationery, Combs, Brushes, Mats, Toys, &c., &c.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Brooms, Matches, Painted Pails, Tubs, Wash-
Boards, and Dealers in
WOODEN-WARE of every description.
29 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 36-3m

THE TRADE REVIEW

AND

Intercolonial Journal of Commerce.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1868.

The Business Office of the "Trade Review" is
removed from No. 4 Merchants' Exchange to
No. 58 St. Francis Xavier Street, Room No.
5, Up Stairs.

The payments on account of Fenian prosecutions in
1866 and 1867, amounted to \$36,629 92.

The Carillon and Grenville Canals are hereafter to
be closed on Sundays.

The sums voted for fortification purposes are to be
expended only on condition that Government are en-
abled to raise a loan under the Imperial guarantee.

The Halifax papers have given currency to a report
that the Hon. Joseph Howe has received the appoint-
ment of Governor of South Australia.

The salaries of the Lieutenant-Governors have been
fixed at \$8,000 for Quebec and Ontario, and \$7,000 for
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick respectively.

A Bill has been introduced to give effect to the re-
commendation of the Select Committee of the Senate
with regard to an improved form of bank returns, as
published in our last issue.

The "Merchants' Express Company of the Dominion
of Canada" have obtained a charter, and intend, as
soon as possible, to undertake the transmission of
goods between the Eastern and Western Provinces.

The London Economist of May 2nd quotes an ad-
vance of over one per cent. in Hudson's Bay Shares,
on a statement that the Company have received a de-
finite offer from the Canadian Government regarding
their lands.

A Bill has been introduced to extend the privileges
of the Canada Vinegrowers' Association, relieving
them from liability to duties of excise or other im-
ports, for a further period of ten years.

Mr. James McKay, mail agent at Hamilton station,
has been arrested for robbing the mails. Money had
been abstracted from a number of letters for some
time, and suspicion having rested on Mr. McKay, a
decoy letter was prepared, and its contents after-
wards found in his possession. He has been commit-
ted for trial at the assizes.

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE

IRON MERCHANTS,

AND

IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE

Office and Warehouse, 355 and 387 St. Paul Street

MONTREAL.

Manufactories on Lachine Canal. 1-ly

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO'Y
19 & 20 CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL £2,000,000 Stg.—INVESTED over £2,000,000

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—Insurance granted on all
descriptions of property at reasonable rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.—The success of this branch
has been unprecedented—90 PER CENT. of pre-
miums now in hand. First year's premiums were
over \$100,000. Economy of management guaranteed.
Perfect security. Moderate rates.

Office 385 & 387 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,

General Agents for Canada.

FRED. COLE, Secretary.

Inspector of Agencies—T. C. LIVINGSTON. P.L.S.
9-ly

We have received a letter from a Western grain
dealer, drawing attention to reports which touch the
honorable standing of Montreal Commission Houses.
The charges are that such houses are becoming specu-
lative, and that they sell to themselves on an ad-
vancing market the consignments made to them, in-
stead of doing the best they can for their customers.
We are sure that this cannot be the usual practice
here, although we know there always exists a very
strong temptation to it, and there are always in every
trade to be found men not governed by the highest
principles of honor and integrity. Unfortunately,
honest men suffer to some extent from the loss of
credit caused by disreputable practices of their neigh-
bours, but we trust that in general the charges refer-
red to by our correspondent will prove to be un-
founded.

Statement of the Post-Office Savings' Bank account
month of April, 1868:

Amount received from depositors during the month.....	\$81,951
Amount withdrawn by depositors during month.....	1,214

Due to depositors at 30th April, 1868.....	\$80,737
Bearing interest at 4 per cent.....	\$55,937
Bearing interest at 5 per cent.....	24,800
	\$80,737

THE PATENT LAWS.

THE Ottawa Times, in referring to Mr. Masson's
Bill (now withdrawn) informs its readers erro-
neously, that the United States make a discrimination
against British subjects in the matter of patents,
charging them \$500, while other foreigners can obtain
one on the payment of \$300. The Times is altogether
wrong in this matter. Canadians must pay \$500 to
obtain a patent in the United States—and not unfair-
ly, as citizens of the United States cannot obtain a
patent in Canada on any terms—but all other British
subjects may take out patents in the United States on
equal terms with the citizens of that country, the en-
tire cost, including the Government fee, being from
\$80 to \$120.

We are sorry Parliament is opposed to free trade in
patents, as we believe the inventive genius of Cana-
dians is fully equal to that of our republican neigh-
bours, and that the larger markets opened to Cana-
dians would more than offset any deficiencies in skill
or inferiority in manufacturing power.

The United States Government has always declared
its willingness to place Canadians on an equal footing
with their own subjects, provided Canada was thrown
open to them, and we cannot but consider the policy
followed by our Government on this point as narrow-
minded and detrimental to the true interests of our
country.