

charge of Rev. Canon Cooper, a well tried missionary of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, and also Cariboo, a well known mining district.

The cost of living at Kamloops is very great. A set of horse-shoes costs \$6; a carpenter's wages is \$5 a day and all else in proportion. The people, however, are considerate in making reductions in the case of missionaries. Were it not so they would not be able to live there.

A very interesting account is given in the *Mission Field*

grand in the boldness of its outlines. One place called the "Chasm," 900 feet deep, a quarter of a mile wide and several miles long, was passed on the way.

The missionary at Cariboo was Rev. Mr. Blanchard, who carried on his isolated work four hundred miles away from the nearest priest, and five hundred miles from the bishop. This was in 1883. He speaks of the bishop as "a good sympathizing man, whom it does one good to see, if only for a short time."

A good idea of a mining camp in British Columbia may be obtained from the picture on the opposite page.

The bishop from time to time has reported progress of Church work in his diocese. As regards the finances, he mentions that in 1883 the amounts contributed within the diocese for Church purposes was \$6,685.39, as against \$3,980.23 of the previous year, and it is pleasing to note that the diocese sent \$61.35 in that year to the parent society as a contribution to its General Fund. In 1883 the bishop was obliged to call attention to the unsatisfactory condition of the Episcopal Endowment Fund, which yielded only \$1,840 per annum. This has since been increased, as the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel has been able to withdraw its supplemental grant towards the bishop's income of \$960.

Bishop Sillitoe has just returned home-wards after a visit to the old country, and has addressed himself once more to the work of his diocese. This work is of a varied nature, the population being divided into Colonists, Indians, Half-breeds and Chinese. The completion of the Canadian Pacific

Railway has opened up new channels for trade and commerce, which must act beneficially upon the country. There is a large timber trade, many of the trees being of an enormous size, a good trade in canning salmon and also good facilities for agriculture. The bishop tells us that the land is well supplied with streams and lakes, and offers a rich return in the matter of cereals, the wheat, barley and hops of the main land being considered superior to those of San Francisco—"the Garden of the Pacific." In all this then may be seen a fruitful field for missionary labor, and may God bless all those who are engaged in it and arouse all others to help them with their prayers and with their means.



YALE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

for April, 1882, by Mrs. Sillitoe of a drive from Yale to Cariboo. The quantity of fish in the river is spoken of as a wonderful sight. It was the year of the triennial run of the salmon, and their mad strugglings up the stream, jostling against one another, and even crowding one another out of the water, is well and graphically described. And so also is the scenery, which is