NO CHANGES IN THE TARIFF

Minister of Finance Presents His Annual Budget.

Hon. Mr. Fielding Did Not Make a Sensational Statement This Year, and Beet Sugar People, Woolen Men, Market Gardeners, and Others Who Are Suffering From American Competition Will Find No Relief in It—Mr. Borden's Amendment.

The Conservative Amendment.

Mr. Borden, in his speech in the House, gave notice of the following amendment, which he will move: "That this House, regarding the operation of the present tariff as unsatisfactory, is of opinion that this country requires a declared policy of such adequate protection to its labor, agricultural products, manufactures and industries as will, at all times, secure the Canadian market for Canadians; and, while thus formally maintaining the necessity of such protection to Canadian interests, this House affirms its belief in a policy of reciprocal trade preference within the Empire."

Ottawa, March 18.— Yesterday Hon. Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, made his annual budget speech in the House. Proportionately to the Conservative and Liberal membership, Mr. Borden had more followers in the House than the Minister. The principal item in the speech was the announcement that there would be no tariff changes; otherwise the Budget was tame and tamely received. The Budget speech follows:

Better Than Expected.

"It is my happy privilege to present to the House to-day," Mr. Fielding began, "another chapter in the continued story of Canada's prosperity. A year ago, when addressing the House under similar circumstances, I ventured to express the opinion that, in view of the very rapid progress which our country had been making for a number of years, we might almost suppose that we had reached the crest of the wave. I did not anticipate any immediate depression, or for that matter any serious depression at all, but it did seem to me that after a number of years of very rapid progress it would not be unreasonable if we should expect something like a check, a period of rest, when the country would no longer go forward with rapidity, though after that period of rest it might again go forward with leaps and bounds. Some hon. gentlemen on the other side of the House thought I took somewhat too hopeful a view. The signs of the times, they thought, indicated that already we had entered on a period of depression. Now, with the operations of another year before us, and with a very pleasant outlook for the future, I think we can congratulate ourselves that conditions have turned out better than any of us expected—much better than some of our hon. friends on the other side thought—better even than the more hopeful view which I had taken myself.

Splendid Farming Conditions.

"The past year has been one of great activity throughout the Dominion. In nearly all the great branches of industry there has been a fair degree of prosperity; in the paramount industry of agriculture, which is, and I believe must long continue to be, the foundation of our country's prosperity, the conditions have been particularly gratifying, especially in Manitoba and the Northwest, where an increased acreage and an abundant harvest gave us vast stores of grain which taxed all our facilities of transportation and warned us as to the need of making fuller provisions for handling those glorious treasures of the west.

"The one disappointing feature," continued the Finance Minister, "was the census returns. Although that was for the moment disappointing, I do not think we need consider them very discouraging. We are all aware of the fact that during the first part of the ten years' period there was not a great activity in the business affairs of Canada. I think if it were possible to divide the period into two terms of five years each, it would probably be found that the whole increase had taken place during the past five years, and viewed in that light the result would be by no means discouraging."

Revenue Increased.

From the financial point of view the Finance Minister went on to say the results of the year 1901 had been exceedingly satisfactory. The revenue, $52,514,700, was an increase over that of the previous year and the increases had been general, $51,136 in customs, $450,190 in excise, $255,409 in postoffice, $439,219 in railways, $129,275 in Dominion lands and $18,895 in miscellaneous. The excise duties showed an increase in all branches. The consumption had been greater in spirits, in malt, in cigars, cigarettes, tobacco and snuff and in the consumption of raw leaf.

He thought the Postmaster-General had reason to congratulate himself on the fact that the revenue of his department had increased to $3,441,504. The expenditure was $3,939,446, leaving a deficit of only $489,941, as compared with a deficit of $700,000 or $800,000 a few years ago, while in the meantime the English rate of postage had been reduced from five to two cents and the Canadian rate from three cents to two cents. A still more gratifying showing would be made for the current year. The sale of stamps during the eight months of it just closed amounted to $3,172,931, compared with $2,909,128 for the corresponding period of last year, an increase of $240,000. The expenditure showed an increase of only $45,000, so that there was a net betterment for the eight months of $200,000.

Bolstering Up Mr. Blair.

The receipts from railways were interesting, because the Opposition seemed only to look at the increased expenditure, but, compared with 1896, there had been an increased revenue last year of $2,172,702, so that if Mr. Blair made large demands on the treasury he was able to show very large returns for it. During the seven months ended Jan. 31, 1900, there was a loss on the operation of the Intercolonial of $537,479, but in the seven months ended January, 1902, the deficit was only $89,787, which indicated a fairly satisfactory statement for the whole of the current year.

The consolidated fund expenditure for the last fiscal year was $46,866,367, an increase of $3,891,088. The total capital expenditure was $11,116,498, as against $9,742,187 in 1900, an increase of $1,374,311. The total expenditure, capital and consolidated, was $57,982,866, as against $52,777,467, an increase in total expenditure of $5,265,399.

Coming, now, to the public debt, Mr. Fielding said the net debt on June 30, 1901, was $268,480,003, an increase of $2,986,196 since the preceding year. But during the past five years the average annual increase had been but $1,996,514, as against an annual average of $6,563,075 during the eighteen years previous to 1896.

Surplus Was $5,648,333.

The surplus last year was $5,648,333, and these surpluses were not arrived at by any change in the method of book-keeping, as some hon. gentlemen opposite charged. The average surplus for the past five years had been $3,348,705, against an average surplus of $1,554,539 a year during the 18 years of Tory rule.

Expenses Also Increased.

"Coming now," continued the Finance Minister, "to the affairs of the current year, there is a considerable increase in the revenue and a corresponding increase in the expenditures. We are lucky people when we can make the two go hand in hand." He went on to say that he estimated the revenue for the current year at $56,800,000, as against last year's revenue of $52,514,701, a probable increase of $4,285,298. The expenditure he estimated at $51,000,000, an increase over last year's expenditure of $4,133,632. Thus the increases in revenue and expenditure would about balance each other, leaving the surplus at $5,800,000, nearly the same as last year's.

"As to the capital expenditure of the present year," said Mr. Fielding, "it is exceptionally large, the largest we have had for some years. I estimate that at the close of the year we shall have to charge capital $14,250,000, as against $11,116,000 for last year." Among the many expenditures which would bring this about were railway subsidies, iron bounties, amounting to $700,000, Intercolonial equipment and $950,000 representing awards to two of the provinces.

Addition to Public Debt.

The result is a larger addition to the public debt than in any previous year in the history of this Government. The gross estimated expenditure will be about $65,250,000, and the amount which I anticipate we shall have to add to the debt of the Dominion for the current year will be close upon $6,000,000. This will be, as I have stated, the largest addition to the public debt under the present administration, and will be almost in a line with, though a shade above, the addition made to the public debt in the last year of the late Government, when the addition was $5,422,000. You see it has taken us five years to catch up to them in that one matter. But even with this addition to the debt the average for the present administration was but $2,793,000 a year during their term of office, against $6,563,000 added yearly during all the years of Conservative rule.

Depends on the Harvest.

With respect to the year which will begin on July 1 next, Mr. Fielding thought it too early to attempt anything like a close calculation. He saw no reason why we should not look forward to a very hopeful year, but much would depend upon the harvest. If it should turn out as good as last year, the country might look forward hopefully. Should there be a bad harvest or anything of that sort, it would be the duty of the Government to observe the signs of the time and limit the expenditure accordingly. There had been no loan from the money markets of London since 1897, when he borrowed $10,000,000. Since then the necessities of finance had been met by temporary loans, of which there was considerable outstanding, which had to be provided for in addition to the loans maturing. But whether he would borrow now or next year would be determined by the condition of the money markets, and in the meantime he would ask Parliament for power to borrow.

Canada's Prosperity.

Mr. Fielding then quoted figures from the trade and navigation returns to show the increase in Canada's foreign trade, and referred also to the increase in bank deposits, note circulation and railway traffic as indicating the growing prosperity of Canada. During the eight months of the current year, as compared with the corresponding period of 1901, our total imports had increased from $114,000,000 to $123,000,000; our exports of domestic products had increased from $126,676,000 to $135,200,000.

Next he noticed the great increase in immigration, indicating that at last the great work of filling up the Northwest Territories had begun in earnest, so we might look forward to a splendid development of that country in the next few years.

The Finance Minister next referred to enquiry into the paper manufacturers' combine, in consequence of which the Government had reduced the duty on news print from 25 per cent. to 15 per cent. The reduction had been intended to apply to ordinary newspaper, but it had been represented to the Government that the change did not go far enough to cover the paper used by weekly newspapers. When the Canadian Press Association furnished the necessary information to show that the reduction did not carry out the intentions of the Government in this respect, it would be amended to do so.

Nothing For Sugar.

Dealing with the applications which had been made to the Government for encouragement to the beet-root sugar industry, either by way of a bounty or by increasing the customs duties, Mr. Fielding said that neither proposition commended itself to the judgment of the Government. The duty on sugar was high enough already; as for a bounty it was debatable if it would help the industry, it had certainly failed to do so in years past. The present customs duty of $1.26 on sugar afforded sufficient incidental protection and the competition from continental countries promised to become a less disturbing element owing to the probable abandonment of the bounty system. Besides, there was the Ontario bounty of one-half cent, which also afforded an encouragement. In addition, the Government admitted machinery for beet root sugar factories free; also structural material for building, and these concessions would be continued for another year. In order that Canadian manufacturers of machinery might not be injuriously affected it was proposed to grant them a drawback on all duties paid upon iron or steel entering into the manufacture of machinery or structural material for beet sugar factories.

No Tariff Changes.

"We do not propose any tariff changes this session," said Mr. Fielding.

He did not claim that the tariff was perfect; but it proved well adapted to the requirements of the country. Tariff stability was most desirable. Still, as conditions changed at home and abroad, the Government would be obliged to take notice of such changes, too. (Hear, hear.) Yet the Government thought the time was not opportune to make changes. In the first place, before yielding to the claims for further protection, on the part of certain industries, the Government should have the industrial census, which he expected would be ready next year.

As to Germany an erroneous impression had prevailed in that country. It was owing to Canada's efforts that the most favored nation treaty between that country and Great Britain was denounced. In consequence of this Canada came into the class of non-treaty countries, the products of which were subject to the higher tariff in Germany. But the privileges which Germany lost in Canada, were not privileges which rightfully belonged to any foreign nation, but privileges which properly belonged to the family circle of the British Empire. Canada was quite willing to give to the products of Germany the same treatment as given to those of any other foreign nation, and that was all Germany could ask.

Two Conferences.

Another reason against immediate changes in tariff was the present position of our trade relations with the Mother Country and with our sister colonies. "We are about," said Mr. Fielding, "to participate in two important conferences to take place in London. One of these has been called at the suggestion of our Government for the special purpose of considering the possibilities of enlarging the trade between Canada, Australia and New Zealand. The other conference is of a broader character, and has been called by the Imperial Government. The ceremonies attending the coronation of the King will take to London representatives, public men from all parts of the empire, and the Imperial Government desires to avail itself of the opportunity to discuss various matters, including questions of trade and commerce affecting the interests of the empire. Canada will be expected to take an active part in the consideration of these questions, and at the close of these conferences we shall be in possession of a knowledge of the disposition of other portions of the empire, which will undoubtedly be valuable to us, in consideration of any proposed tariff changes. I do not under-estimate the difficulties in the way of bringing about such trade relations within the empire as are desirable from the Canadian point of view. However, it is our duty to avail ourselves of the opportunity to discuss these matters with the public men of the other parts of the empire, and to use every effort to bring about such improved arrangements as would be beneficial to Canada and to the empire. For these reasons we postpone for the present the question of tariff revision. When the moment for revision arrives, the public of Canada may rest assured that the Government will undertake the work in the spirit of moderation and caution that has prevailed in their past actions in tariff affairs, avoiding the extremes which almost always find advocates, and having regard to what is best, not for particular industries, or particular sections of the country, but for the interests of the people of the whole Dominion."

MR. R. L. BORDEN.

Mr. R. L. Borden, upon rising to reply, was received with cheers from his followers.

He went on to say that it was remarkably late in the day for the hon. gentleman to come to the conclusion that improved tariff treatment should be impressed on the

Continued on page 11.

Three Operations Failed to Cure Itching Piles.

News of a Marvellous Cure Flies Across the Continent—Father and Son Unite in Praising Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Some cures effected by Dr. Chase's Ointment seem like miracles. Here is a case where doctors labored in vain and operations failed to cure.

Mr. Donald McLeod, Tarbotvale, U. S. writes:—

"I received the sample box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and it has done me a considerable amount of good. I am now enclosing payment for a large box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, which you will please send to my address.

I have had itching piles for four years and did not know of any medicine that would relieve me until last fall, when I received a letter from my son in Winnipeg, who said that three doctors treated him and operated for piles, but failed to cure him. He now thanks God and Dr. Chase's Ointment for a perfect cure. He had piles in the worst form, and suffered terribly. He is now working hard every day, and does not feel any symptoms of piles returning. You are at liberty to use this letter for the benefit of others."

There is little use trying to cure piles unless you use Dr. Chase's Ointment. It is certain to afford quick relief and ultimately thorough cure. 60 cts a box, at all dealers or Edmanson Bates & Co., Toronto.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM
Cures Deep seated Colds Coughs Croup Bronchitis
LARGE BOTTLES $1.00 MEDIUM 50c TRIAL SIZE 25c

EVERYONE CAN HELP THE CONSUMPTIVE.

The New Free Consumptive Hospital Will Admit Consumptives Absolutely Without Charge.

The appeal being made on behalf of the new Free Consumptive Hospital, built under the auspices of the National Sanitarium Association—the first Free Consumptive Hospital in Canada—is one that touches closely the heart-strings of every man, woman, and child the broad Dominion over. Where is the community, far or near, without its sufferers from this dread white plague? We are all interested in bringing these relief and restoring them to health, family, and active citizenship again.

One important step in this direction has been taken in the erection of the new Free Consumptive Hospital, due to the munificence of two Toronto citizens, and which is now nearly completed. When the workmen go out of the building, and that will be almost immediately, all that is wanted to make it ready to receive the consumptive is that it be supplied with beds and other furnishing appointments, no charge whatever being made for admittance.

The National Sanitarium Association are already carrying too heavy a debt to undertake the furnishing themselves, but the way is open for each one to help in raising the $10,000 needed for this purpose. The sum is not a large one. Ten thousand individual contributions of $1.00 each out of a population of nearly 5,000,000 people would accomplish this end. Some, of course, with their hearts racked by the sufferings of relatives, friends, or fellow-citizens, will, out of their abundance, do better than this. Fifty dollars will furnish a bed. What is needed is that the amount be raised quickly, that the many knocking at the doors of the National Sanitarium Association may find a place open for them.

Contributions for this purpose, $1.00 or more, will be received by Sir Wm. R. Meredith, Chief Justice, 4 Lamport Ave., Toronto; W. J. Gage, Esq., 54 Front St. West, Toronto; or National Trust Co., Limited, Treasurer, 22 King St. East, Toronto. Fifty dollars will furnish a bed.

Asthma.

You've tried almost everything for it, haven't you? And we presume you are about discouraged. Now what do you think of our idea of breathing-in the medicine, bringing it right up to the diseased part? It looks reasonable, doesn't it? And it's successful, too.

When you inhale Vapo-Cresolene your breathing becomes easy, the wheezing ceases, and you drop to sleep. For croup and whooping-cough it's a quick cure. 16

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Cresolene complete, $1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. VAPO-CRESOLENE CO., 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

SOLD BY J. E. RICHARDS.

HEROIC HEART "FOOD"

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart is heroic because in cases of heart disease seemingly beyond all human aid it goes to the very brink of the "Black River" and snatches from it the heart-sick victim.

In a trice it allays pain—in a twinkling it gives strength and vigor and it works a quick and permanent cure as by magic. It is the one great heart remedy which rightly bears the crown of supremacy and on which is inscribed the life words, "It never fails." Thirty minutes after taking the first dose, the sick heart forgets its pain. Try it. 43

SOLD BY J. E. RICHARDS.

Hands and Feet Swollen.

THE SERIOUS CONDITION OF A WELLAND WOMAN WHOM DR. PITCHER'S BACKACHE KIDNEY TABLETS CURED.

Mrs. Joseph Young, Division Street, Welland, Ont., says: "I have suffered from backache and kidney troubles for four or five years. At times I could hardly shut my hands, they were so swollen, and my feet the same. Going upstairs hurt my back so, I thought I would die, and my breath grew awful short. I tried almost everything with no relief. Black specks floated all around and my eyes were very bad. The pain ran from the small of my back to the base of the brain. I could not sleep lying on my back. I went and got a bottle of Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets, and they have been a great boon to me. They are just splendid. I can see to thread a needle, and the pain in the head is just about gone. All the old feeling of cracking and creaking in the base of the head is gone, and the back comfortable. The old spells that came on, night or day, are gone, and I feel like living again. I can work now with comfort and go upstairs fast with no trouble. I am only too glad to recommend them to everyone. I used to be afraid to turn over at night, and could not sleep, and now I am not afraid at all and can sleep well."

Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets are the newest and most effective remedy for backache, lame or weak back, Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, puffiness under the eyes, swelling of the feet and ankles, gravel, rheumatism, specks floating before the eyes, kidney weakness of children and old people and all urinary troubles. Price 50¢ a box at all druggists or by mail. The Dr. Zina Pitcher Co., Toronto, Ont.

Health

"For 25 years I have never missed taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring. It cleanses my blood, makes me feel strong, and does me good in every way."—John P. Hodnette, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Pure and rich blood carries new life to every part of the body. You are invigorated, refreshed. You feel anxious to be active. You become strong, steady, courageous. That's what Ayer's Sarsaparilla will do for you.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.
J. C. AYER Co., Lowell, Mass.

"Gather thistles, expect prickles."
Haunt "bargain sales" and expect dissatisfaction.
Good things don't go a begging; and insurance is worth having.
Sure value, up to the Makers' price.
"The Slater Shoe"
"Goodyear Welted"
Christie & Caron, sole local agents.

You May Need
Pain-Killer
For Cuts Burns Bruises Cramps Diarrhoea All Bowel Complaints
It is a sure, safe and quick remedy.
There's only one PAIN-KILLER
PERRY DAVIS'.
Two sizes, 25c and 50c.

NURSERY STOCK.

Grown at home. Anything you need. Fruits, Ornamentals, Evergreens, Climbers. Correspondence or inspection solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.
LAKEVIEW NURSERY,
H. L. McConnel.

MEN AND WOMEN. $12.00 a week, bonafide salary, to represent us applying agents. Some to travel, others for local work. Rapid promotion and increase of salary. Steady employment, new brilliant lines, best plans, old established house.
BRADLEY-GARRETSON CO., Limited, Brantford, Ont.

Grip-Quinine Tablets

TRADE MARK GRIP-QUININE TABLETS PREVENTIVE & CURE
ON EVERY BOX.

Ward-off, break-up and cure colds of all kinds. Everybody catches cold. Everybody needs Grip-Quinine Tablets (chocolate coated). When you feel mean, take Grip-Quinine. If you want to feel fine, take Grip-Quinine. The best personal and family medicine. Relief in a dose. Cure in a day. For sale by dealers generally. Price 25 cents.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—store and dwelling combined, and ½ acre of land, in the village of Mt. Salem, ought to be a good business stand. There is a set of hay scales goes with the property, buildings in good shape, and is offered right for cash or will exchange in connection with a 70 acre farm in the 2nd con. of Malahide, for a larger farm. For particulars apply to C. O. Learn, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

A nice home for a little money in the village of Belmont—a good 10 roomed house on main business street, one-fifth of an acre of choice, handsome young fruit trees. The owner's business is in another town is the reason the property is offered at a low price. Apply to C O. Learn, Real Estate, Broker Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE.—One and one-half story brick house, good sized frame barn and two-fifths of an acre of land, on the west side of St. George St., in the town of Aylmer. The house is well built and in good shape. The land is A 1 soil, plenty of choice fruit and plenty of good water, both hard and soft, and a first-class location. For particulars apply to C O LEARN, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—100 acres of choice clay loam land, being the south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of Sec. 2, and the south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of Section one, and the north half of south-east quarter of south-west quarter of Section one, in Township 18, North Range. Two in the State of Michigan, adjoining the City of Glenwin; medium house, good out-buildings. Is offered cheap and on easy terms. Apply to C. O. LEARN Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—100 acres, being the south half of lot 26, con. 3, Township of Bayham, 75 acres cleared and free from stumps. All the necessary farm buildings in fair repair, orchard 150 trees; 2½ miles to Vienna Station. Price, $8,000, small payment down; balance on easy terms of payment. For further particulars, apply to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block Aylmer

FOR SALE.—One hundred acres of choice sandy loom land with good fair farm buildings, 14 acres of timber, 86 acres cleared, good sugar bush, 5½ miles south and ½ mile east of Aylmer, being the north half of lot 13, in the 2nd con. of Malahide. A small payment down and balance on long time. Interest 4 per cent. The above is a good farm and is offered at a great bargain. Apply to C. O Learn, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE.—Three storey brick store, in the Mansion House Block, rented at present which pays over 10 per cent. on the amount that will purchase the property. Apply to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—100 acres, being the north half of lot 7, in the 10th con. Township of Charlotteville, in the county of Norfolk. About eighty acres cleared, and free from stumps, good farm buildings, house nearly new, with stone cellars, large barns in good shape, and all other out-buildings necessary. Large orchard of grafted fruit, and a large quantity of small fruit. The farm is situated 2½ miles from the village of Delhi. Is offered very cheap for cash, or will exchange for a small farm, from ten to twenty-five acres, near the town of Aylmer or Tillsonburg. For further particulars apply to C. O. LEARN, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE.—12 acres of land, small frame house, about 2½ miles south-west of the town of Aylmer, suitable for a market garden. Must be sold at once. Apply to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—200 acres being parts of lots 1, 2 and 3 in the first con. of Malahide, 235 acres cleared, 25 acres of timber. The buildings consist of 5 large bank barns, nearly new; 1 medium grain barn large drive barn, large granary on stone wall 30x50, good 1½ storey frame house with cellar, full size. A large portion of the farm is first class for grazing purposes; the soil is sandy and clay loam, all in a good state of cultivation; would take a small farm in a good locality as part payment. Apply to C. O. Learn, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer Ont.

FOR SALE.—A fruit farm of 10 acres with good brick cottage nearly new, good cellar small bank barn situated three quarters of a mile south of Orwell, there is about two acres of small fruit now in full bearing, and a new patch put out last year, this property is offered cheap. Apply at once to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate, Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer Ont.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—50 acres of good sandy loam, being a part of lot 22 in the first concession of the Township of Yarmouth, within three miles of Sparta, good school on the farm, is offered cheap or will take a small property in the Town of Aylmer as part payment. Apply to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate Broker Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—50 acres of choice sandy and clay loam land, with good buildings and in a first-class location, being only a few rods to a grist mill, ½ mile to church, post office, blacksmithshop, school, &c., 4½ miles from Aylmer. There is about five acres of timber, the balance cleared and stumped. The farm is well watered both for stock and domestic use, being the south east quarter of lot 12, in the 4th con. of Malahide. Will exchange for a good 100 acre farm in a good locality. Apply to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE.—Good brick house, with barn 1-5 of an acre of land, first place east of the Methodist church. Everything in good shape. House well adapted for boarding house. Apply to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE.—Two of the best building lots in town, one immediately opposite the Methodist church, the other nearly opposite the Blue Ribbon house. Apply to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE —100 acres of choice land, being the N H of the N H of lot 33, and the N H of the N H of lot 35, in the 4th con. of Malahide, two good sets of farm buildings; soil clay loam and sandy loam, well tiled and fairly well fenced, on a good gravel road, convenient to church, school and Post Office, will divide the farm in three parts if desired, and sell either fifty acres or one hundred acres; or the whole lot Here is a snap for someone. For further particulars, apply to C. O. LEARN, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block, Aylmer, Ont.

FOR SALE.—A comfortable home for a little money, within two minutes' walk of the Post Office For particulars apply to C. O. Learn, Real Estate Broker, Brown House Block Aylmer, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Easter Holidays

RETURN TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AT
SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE
Going March 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st, 1902.
BETWEEN ALL STATIONS IN CANADA.
All Stations in Canada to and from Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.
All Stations TO but not FROM Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., Suspension Bridge, N. Y.
TEACHERS AND STUDENTS
of Schools and Colleges, on Surrender of Standard Certificate signed by Principal, at
SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE AND ONE-THIRD
Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, returning up to and including April 8th, 1902.
For further particulars apply to Agents Grand Trunk Railway System.
N. A. McCALLUM, Agent, Aylmer. M. C. DICKSON, D.P.A., Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN On Real Estate. Five per cent. any amount. Mortgages purchased.
A. E. HAINES, Aylmer, Ontario.