

Very little has occurred of a nature calculated to excite the commercial or general reader during the past week. No further operations on the part of the allies in the Baltic or the Crimea have been reported, but important news from the latter is hourly expected. The arrival of the despatches relating to the battle of the Tchernaya is anxiously looked out for. From the Australian colonies, advice of a fortnight's later date have been received by way of Ceylon. The state of commercial affairs was more favorable, although the markets were still oppressed with goods. The banks of Melbourne on the 23d of May increased the premium on the exchange on London from 1 to 2 per cent. Gold was worth 75s 6d per ounce.

The money market has resumed its easy position; the recent pressure has been succeeded by an abundant supply of money both in the Stock Exchange and "out of doors," and loans have again been obtainable at low rates. The minimum rate at the Bank of England continues without change, but in the discount market there has been a great increase of ease, mainly caused by the reaction consequent upon the return of the surplus deposits on the French and Turkish loans. The arrivals this week have been moderate, but, notwithstanding that, the demand for gold for export to the continent has not entirely ceased. Many parcels of the precious metal have been presented for purchase at the Bank of England.

THE BALTIC.

BERLIN, Aug. 29.—The allied fleet, which was before Cronstadt, has gone further out to sea. It has taken up a position (to the number of 15 vessels) west of Fort Tolboukin.

A Russian despatch, received from Berlin, 29th, says:—"It has been decided that the Russian fleet in the Black Sea shall be considerably increased. With that view ships of the line of 131 guns are to be commenced this winter at Nicolaief."

DANTZIC, Aug. 30.—The Geyser has arrived. Authentic information has been obtained in the fleet that the Russians lost upwards of 2000 men at Sweaborg.

THE SEA OF AZOFF.

The *Moniteur* of the 30th publishes a report from Vice-Admiral Bruat, giving an account of the battle of the Tchernaya, but does not contain any new feature of interest. The Admiral announces that the Descartes had left for Kertch with a reinforcement of 400 infantry and marines. The English were sending 800 men there.

We take the following notice of the leading news from the *Halifax Sun*:

The expected assault upon the Malakoff had not been delivered on the 1st inst., but, so it was reported, preparations for the bombardment were completed, and the batteries would open on the 3d.

The *Times*, and other leading British journals, are loud in denunciation of the shortcomings of the Fleet in both the Baltic and Black Seas. "If," says the *European Times*, "during the next six weeks, something still more decisive be not done, the return of the Baltic Fleet will not add greatly to the national rejoicing."

We remember that poor Byng was shot, not for cowardice, of which charge he was most honorably acquitted, but merely that "he had not done all he might have done to destroy the enemy. It is well, mayhap, that Dundas and others happen to have fallen upon other days, when a less sanguinary spirit infects the nation.

When intelligence reached us, via New York, that tempestuous weather, very unfavorable for harvesting operations, had prevailed in England, and that grain and flour had, consequently, advanced in price, we had our misgivings, that this was but another of the several lies invented by fraudulent speculators, and transmitted nearly weekly over the wires from the same quarter; it now turns out that our suspicions were well grounded.

The *European Times* of the 1st says:—"We are about to be blessed with a plentiful harvest. The gathering of the fruits of the earth has already proceeded so favorably, that a rough estimate can now be formed of

the result, and the weather for some days past has facilitated the labours of the husbandman, while the present state of the barometer points to continued warmth and sunshine. Every day of such weather at this critical time of the year, literally produces millions of capital, and the horrors of war are greatly relieved by the bounty of nature. The yield of the cereal family this harvest will be fully equal to the average of former years—in the judgment of many practical persons, above the average. In Ireland, more especially, the prospects are excellent, and the potato disease of that country has been greatly modified in virulence. This is a very gratifying fact, for more than the ordinary breadth of land has been sown this year with the potato. On the European continent, the same cause of congratulation exists, while from the United States and Canada, we receive the most favorable statements relative to the harvest."

HASZARD'S GAZETTE

Saturday, September 15, 1855.

The labour saving and economical inventions of the people of the Northern United States—and they are more numerous than perhaps among any other people—are better suited to the wants of the inhabitants of this Island than those of older countries. These States have undergone the same discipline that we are now subjected to, their wants were the same, and those appliances which time has made more perfect were originally called forth by the same wants which we now experience. We are always, therefore, glad to see Americans coming among us from time to time with their improvements in agricultural and other machinery, because we are the gainers as well as they, but we are still more pleased, when we see our own native or naturalized artisans taking the matter into their hands and making permanent establishments for works of general utility. The digging of a well is a matter of the first necessity to nine-tenths of the people, and sometimes this is not effected, until the earth has been penetrated to a considerable depth, and after the well is dug and stoned, and curbed, it is often difficult to construct an apparatus that shall enable the different members of the family to supply the house and cattle with water with ease and safety. "The moss-covered bucket that hangs by the well," sounds very prettily in the song, but the well-pole itself is one of those awkward primitive methods of drawing water that betokens a degree of barbarism in the people who still make use of it. The Chinese are familiar with it to this day, so for that matter are they with the chain pump, but theirs has undergone no improvement since the first invention. An improved chain pump has been for some time in vogue among the people of the neighbouring states. The machine is a very simple one. It is a common iron chain with a round disk of iron about two inches in diameter, at the distance of about a foot from each other occurring throughout the whole chain, these are called buckets or pistons; this chain passes round an iron wheel which is turned by a crank and at bottom round a sheave which is affixed at the lower end of the same piece of wood to which that at the top is fastened. In coming up, the chain passes easily through a tube made of wood, bringing with it a continuous column of water, which passes into a spout that may be directed to any part of the premises. The advantages of drawing water with this pump, are, that it is so easily performed, that a child of seven years old can work it in wells of ordinary depth without either difficulty or danger of any sort. It is not liable to freeze in the winter, for as soon as the wind ceases to be turned, the water round the chain returns to the well, leaving the tube completely dry; and there can be no waste—unless designedly—so that the usual dangerous and unsightly accumulation of ice round the well is avoided. There is another and in many cases no small advantage, the tube may be inclined to any angle that may be necessary or convenient, and works as well, if not better in this way. It may be used to draw from wells 40 feet deep which cannot be done so easily with the common pump. The iron is galvanized, as it is called, that is covered with a thick coating of zinc which at once prevents its rusting and giving a chalybeate taste to the water. Messrs. Todd and Brown have erected machinery at Summerside for cutting the requisite tubing, and are prepared to understand to execute orders in any part of the Island. We shall be happy if this notice proves of any service to them; they are spirited, enterprising men and deserve encouragement. We take this opportunity of stating, that we shall be at all times ready and willing to give insertion to notices of any similar industrial establishments, and take pride in seeing them multiply and prosper, convinced that nothing is wanting to render Prince Edward Island equal to any State or Colony in America, as a desirable residence, but industry and exertion on the part of her inhabitants.

THE BARRISH MAILS.—The Lady Le Marchant brought a British Mail on Wednesday.

The Royal Mail Steamship Africa, Capt. Harrison, arrived at Halifax on Tuesday morning, at 1 o'clock, after a passage of 9½ days from Liverpool. She had 197 passengers, 11 of whom were for Halifax. A carefully select summary of the latest and most important news from the seat of war, will be found in our pages. From the Crimea there is little or nothing, except the murmur of expectation. The bombardment, of which the former announcement was a mistake, is looked forward to with intense interest. Sorties have as good as ceased, the besieged and besiegers being almost face to face. The most active operations are carried on under ground, where mine meets mine, and fierce encounters occur. The impending bombardment, successful or not, will be a crisis in the progress of the siege.

PRINCE COUNTY CATTLE SHOW will be held at Princetown on Tuesday the 2d October.

KING'S COUNTY CATTLE SHOW will be held at Finlay's Cross Roads on Friday the 28th September.

The Premiums offered will be the same as those given for Queen's County, except that the following will be left out.

Best pen of 3 Ewes of any age,	£1 10 0
2d do do do	1 0 0
3d do do do	0 10 0
Best pen of 3 Ewe Lambs,	1 0 0
2d do do do	0 15 0
3d do do do	0 10 0
Best Ram of any age over 2 years,	1 0 0

At a meeting of the Passengers in the LADY LE-MARCHANT, held on board on Friday, 31st ult., the Hon. Charles Young, in the chair, and Mr. Paw acting as Secretary, it was unanimously

Resolved, That much praise is due to Mr. GEORGE LANG, the Mate and acting Commander of the Boat, for the skill and seamanship conduct exhibited by him to-day in her management during a very boisterous passage from Pictou to Charlottetown; and that the Steamship Lady Le Marchant displayed great power and excellent qualities, as a sea-beat in making the passage against a very heavy sea and violent gale of wind. Dated 31st Aug., 1855.

CHARLES YOUNG, Chairman.

Joseph Hensley, Wm. Hall, John Packer, G. R. Duncomb, C. W. Dixon, Edward Albro, James G. E. Lewis, J. Campbell, J. C. Binns, William Morpeth, William Harry, True Queenby.

WILLIAM T. PAW, Secretary.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

Mr. Henry Howat to be Secretary to the Tryon Branch of the Royal Agricultural Society for the current year, in the terms of the Act of Incorporation. Mr. Charles Slate, of Charlottetown, to be a Preventive Officer and Landwaiter, in the terms of the Act of 14th Victoria, cap. 8.

Port of Charlottetown.

ARRIVED.

Sept. 11, Dove, Robertson, Pictou; coal.
12th, John, Creelman, Richibucto; deal. Ariel, Moore, do, do. Mayflower, Fordie, Piquash; limestone.
13th, Lady Le Marchant, Pictou; mails, &c. Rosebud, passengers. Montana, Reynolds, Sidney; coal.

SAILED.

Sept. 12, John, Creelman, Pictou; bal.
13th, W. Nelson, Bay Verte.
14th, Rival, Match, Sidney; bal. Mary Ann, Anderson, do, do. Rosebud, Pictou; passengers, Lady Le Marchant, Shediac. Petre, Pictou; bal.

Arrivals in Europe from hence,

Liverpool, Aug. 24—Arthur, Atkinson; Lydia, Boyle.

Belfast, 29—Peri, Gordon.
Loading for P. E. Island—London—Sir Alexander. Liverpool—Isabel; Majestic.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Extraordinary Cure of a Bad Leg, communicated to Professor Holloway by E. Marchant, Esq., of the Gazette Office, Edgartown, Mass.—Mr. Daniel Norton, of Edgartown, had a soar on his leg, which defied all ordinary remedies, and instead of improving him he only became worse. At last, he had recourse to Holloway's Ointment and Pills, a few applications of the Ointment to his leg, effected a wonderful change for the better; it lost its swollen and angry appearance, and in a very short time he was completely cured. His leg is now quite sound, and he is able to resume his work, although sixty years of age! This astonishing agent will cure wounds and ulcers even of twenty years standing.

Passengers,

In Lady Le Marchant from Pictou, on the 12th—Messrs. John Campbell, S. Moore, Alex. Grant, Miss A. Ross, 2 Misses Rice, 2 Misses Rankin and servant.

In the Rosebud from Pictou, on the 12th—Mr. & Mrs. Brownrigg, W. F. Bogue, Esq., D. Macphoe, J. Libby, Miss Hamilton, and 9 in the steerage.

Died,

On the 22d August, at Kensington near London, Louisa Margaretta, the beloved wife of the Hon. Charles Hensley.

The Rosebud has changed her days of sailing, see advertisement.

The Great American Hair Tonic.

Bogle's celebrated Hyperion Fluid, for the growth and preservation of the Hair is well known to be without a rival on this continent. Hundreds of imitations have started into an ephemeral existence since the introduction of this unrivalled Hair restorative, and their doom been sealed, whilst Bogle's Hyperion Hair Fluid, with a popularity never attained by any other article, goes on "conquering and to conquer."

There is no malady, which can affect the Hair but can be cured by this incomparable preparation. To ladies it is invaluable; and on children's heads it lays the foundation of a good head of Hair. It is now patronized by Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain, and commands an extensive sale throughout Europe.

Bogle's Electric Hair Dye converts red or grey hair into a beautiful black or brown, the moment it is applied, literally dyeing the hair without staining the skin and leaves the Hair soft and glossy without injuring its texture in the least; a decided superiority over all other Hair dyes.

Bogle's Amole Shaving compound renders that usually unpleasant operation (shaving) a decided luxury.

Bogle's Hebeasans removes Freckles and tan from the face in the shortest possible time, and is acknowledged to be the very best article for beautifying the complexion.

To be had, wholesale or retail, of W. Bogle, 227 Washington street, Boston, U. S.

And by all Druggists and perfumers throughout the Canadas, United States and Great Britain. W. R. WATSON, Agent for P. E. I.

June 19th. 1 yw

FOR SALE

THAT beautifully situated farm at Darnley, known as the Subscriber's, it contains 100 acres of land in a high state of cultivation; it is a leasehold for 999 years, the yearly rent is £5 11s 1½d, currency, there are on the premises a large two-story dwelling House, a large and convenient Barn, with a Threshing Mill, and an out-house for a Granary.

Also, a small farm, containing 24 acres of freehold land, situate in Princetown Royalty, within a few chains of the Darnley Bridge; the above mentioned properties are well worth the attention of persons wishing to purchase. For further particulars enquire of

WM. E. CLARK.

Charlottetown, 12th September, 1855. wix

By the Mayor

of the City of Charlottetown.

THE Mayor of the City of Charlottetown, in pursuance of a Resolution of the City Council to that effect, hereby cautions all persons from dealing or trafficking in the sale or purchase of any part of the Common of Charlottetown, and from erecting or placing any kind of buildings upon the same, it being the intention of the Corporation to take all legal measures that may be necessary for putting the City in possession of its rights and privileges in respect to the said Common.

ROBERT HUTCHINSON, Mayor.

City of Charlottetown, Sept. 13, 1855.

CLOTHING

At a great Reduction in Prices.

CHARLES BELL

OFFERS for Sale his STOCK of READY MADE CLOTHING, Hats, Caps and Furnishing GOODS, at a great reduction in price, as his determination is to clear off his present Stock irrespective of profits.

The STOCK as usual consists of the best and most extensive assortment of Men's Wearing Apparel to be found in the City, and as every care has been taken to get the Clothing made up in a substantial manner, purchasers can rely on getting a good article at a low price.

CHARLES BELL.

Opposite the Market, Charlottetown.

September 13, 1855. E&A 4in

Great and Extensive sale of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, SHIP CHANDLERY, &c.

BY JAMES MORRIS.

TO be sold by AUCTION, at the Store of DENNIS REDDIN, Esq., on Monday, 1st of October, at 11 o'clock—the whole of his extensive assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Ironmongery, Crockeryware, Glassware, &c., &c.

For particulars vide Handbills. The Sale will be continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of. Country Merchants and Dealers would do well to attend this sale, as the Stock is one of the largest ever offered at auction in this City.

TERMS OF SALE.—£10 and up to £20, three months; £20 and up to £50, six months; £50 and upwards, nine months—credit will be given on good and approved joint notes of hand; all sums under £10 cash on delivery.

September 13.

For Sale

A VERY superior pair of MARES, by Saladin, rising 5 and 4 years old, trained to saddle and double or single harness, color brown,—will be sold by Auction on the Market Square, at 1 o'clock on Wednesday, the 20th September.