

## Monster Delegation From Moose Jaw

(Continued from page 1.)

their hearts on having the university and they had a sincere desire to see the city get her rights.

Moose Jaw had reserved an excellent site of 30 acres for the educational institution. He thought all these institutions should not be on the one transcontinental line and he referred to the university of Alberta being on the transcontinental lines running through the north of the two western provinces.

He referred to Messrs. Calder and Scott having made their reputations in Moose Jaw. Further it was a plank laid down by the Liberals in their convention of 1905 that there should be decentralization of public institutions.

Before calling on the government to reply, Mayor Brogue tendered his thanks to Mayor Smith for the friendly way he had received the delegation on behalf of the city of Regina.

Premier Scott replied to the delegation along lines similar to that which he made in the assembly a few days ago. Of course he mentioned that the delegation was the largest and most influential looking that he had come in contact with in his public life. He complimented the people of Moose Jaw on the progress they were making and referred to their laudable ambition in trying to secure the university. He maintained that the government had not fallen short so far in their policy of decentralization. As far as he was concerned there ought not to be any antagonism between Regina and Moose Jaw. He was a taxpayer in both places, but paid more taxes in Moose Jaw than in Regina. In elections in the past he had got majorities in Moose Jaw and had many personal friends there. However, self interest should not in any way guide the location of the university.

Mr. Scott then quoted from the University Act showing that the board of governors of the university had the power to secure the site. He said, however, it must be approved by the lieutenant governor in council. He agreed that the university should be freed from politics and the government thought they were doing the proper thing when they had put this question in the hands of the board of governors. He thought the sanction of the government to the site chosen by the board at governors ought to be merely formal.

To this the delegates took exception, but Mr. Scott pointed out that that body was as representative as the government. He had not shirked his duty with regard to the capital question, neither had he used force with the members to get a decision, for Regina. He had, however, used persuasion. If the question of a site for the university was ever put up to the government they would not find them shirking their duty.

After the reply of the premier the deputation withdrew after singing the national anthem.

## ANNUAL CONVENTION

Third Annual Meeting of Christian Endeavor to be Held at Weyburn in May.

(Contributed.)

The executive committee of the Saskatchewan Provincial Union of Christian Endeavor have arranged to hold the third annual convention of the association in the town of Weyburn, on Thursday and Friday, May 28th and 29th, 1908. The program of subjects and speakers has not yet been fully completed but it is expected that leading endeavors of ability and experience will give papers and addresses on "Missions," "Temperance Work in Saskatchewan," "The World Wide Movement (Bible Study)," "Patriotic Citizen's League," "Relation of C. E. Societies to the Union," and other subjects of an interesting and specially practical character.

All C. E. Societies, Epworth Leagues and Baptist Y. P. Unions throughout Saskatchewan will kindly take special note of the foregoing, and appoint delegates without delay, and send their contributions to the association by their delegates, or forward them at once to Miss Nellie J. Lamont, General Secretary, Indian Head. Let there be a general and hearty response both as to delegates and money, and let all by their personal interest, their attendance, their prayers, and their giving, unite to make this the most successful and profitable convention yet held. Let our motto be—"Saskatchewan for Christ."

Pain, anywhere, can be quickly stopped by one of Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets. Pain always means congestion—unnatural blood pressure. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets simply coax congested blood away from pain centres. These tablets—known by druggists as Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets—simply equalize the blood circulation and then pain at last departs in 20 minutes. 20 Tablets 25 cents. Write Dr. Shoop Racine, Wis., for free package. Sold by Regina Pharmacy Stores.

## PROVINCIAL NEWS

Moose Jaw, April 11.—Three desperate criminals, led by a lad named Morenson, aged twelve years, and the other two younger lads, burglarized several offices here undetected, with small reward, and then broke into the offices of the Brewing Company, and with no small skill found a key which unlocked the vault, and then broke open the inner door, getting away with a cheque for \$43.15. This was cashed, but the thieves were traced therefrom. When the ring leader was arrested he was found with a belt, holster, revolver, and bowie knife. When questioned he said that the gang intended entering bandit life in Texas. He had given his mother \$22 which he said, was all that was left of the \$110 which she accused him of stealing from her.

A supposed case of anthrax near Maidstone was recently reported to the government veterinary department. On enquiring at the location, which was on the south side of Battle River, the veterinary inspector could find no stock to examine, and he name of the lunatic who sent in the report was unknown to any of the settlers in the vicinity. It is understood that the police have the matter in hand, and should the perpetrator of the hoax be caught, it is sincerely hoped that he will receive some recognition of his trouble in the matter.—Battleford Press.

Inspector N. F. Black will make his headquarters at Weyburn, that being about the most convenient post from which he can visit the schools in his inspectorate.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brownlee of Rouleau, celebrated their silver wedding last week.

There has been an agitation for changing from "Standard" to "Fast" time going on in Halibute recently. The recommendation came from the Board of Trade of that town but petitions have been largely signed protesting against the change.

Alderman J. H. C. Willoughby has entered an action for criminal libel against the editor of the Saskatoon Phoenix. The action arises out of the following editorial note which appeared in the Phoenix: "For Ald. Willoughby's special information we wish to say that there is not the faintest suspicion of graft against the mayor. But we do think that he should keep a sharp check on one or two men on the council board, and Ald. Willoughby is one of them."

The G.T.P. staff that has been located at Saskatoon for some time has since moved to Edmonton.

The ice on the South Branch of the Saskatchewan river began to break up at Swift Current on April 10th.

Saltcoats, April 11.—Word was brought into town about noon that Percy Clark, a farmer living at Crescent Lake, had been found dead by the side of his shanty.

A shot gun was found a few yards from where the body was found, and it is supposed he committed suicide. As far as can be learned there was no cause for such a rash act, as he was well liked by his neighbors.

Mr. Clark was a bachelor, living with a young lad, whose name is unknown at present.

## Municipal Ownership Pays

It is reported that in the town of Kilmegon, Germany, last year, no taxes were levied, but that each inhabitant was given a dividend of \$50 from the profits of a municipal brick works. Had a private company owned that industry, all the profits would have gone into the pockets of the shareholders, and the citizens instead of receiving any dividend would have been taxed, as in most other places. The Kilmegon system has been worked out on a large scale in Glasgow, the second largest city in Britain, and has proved a great success. Glasgow owns her light, and water systems, street railways, and also many factories and tenement buildings. Moreover, she not only makes the municipal property pay all its own expenses, but provides sufficient profit to relieve the citizens of civic taxation. What Glasgow and Kilmegon have accomplished is within the reach of towns nearer home.

## Health for the Baby

A mother who has once used Baby's Own Tablets for her children will always use them for minor ailments that come to little ones. The tablets are the best medicine in the world for the cure of indigestion, colic, constipation, diarrhoea, teething troubles and breaking up colds. And the mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no poisonous opiate or narcotic. Mrs. Wm. F. Gay, St. Demers, P.E.I. says: "I bought Baby's Own Tablets with the best of results and know of nothing to equal them for the cure of stomach and bowel troubles. I do not feel safe unless I have a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## A Day's Work

(By Rev. Chas. Stelzle.)

To some it is the completing of a task—so many bricks laid, so many shoes made, so many articles manufactured. To others it means a certain number of hours employed, eight, ten, twelve, in occupations in which one's efficiency can not be determined by a mathematical process. In was found.

most cases it usually means that the thought and ingenuity of a century, resulting in ideas and devices which enable one to produce a thousandfold more or better, have been concentrated into a single workday, so that the day really stands for a socialized effort, which has become possible only because others in the past have contributed their share of our day's work. To those we owe a debt of gratitude.

How may we repay these pioneers who blazed the way for us, making our lives more human and more comfortable, making our tasks lighter and less irksome? We cannot bring them from their graves, nor even thank them for the sacrifice of bygone days. But there is a way in which we may pay the debt we owe them—we have the privilege of building upon the foundation laid by our forefathers, so that other millions may be blessed because of our labors. We may pay to the future generations what we owe those in the past.

This is the motive which prompts the noblest endeavor. And the heroes of our present day industrial life are not those whose day's work is done simply so that they, themselves, may live, but those who plan and work so that others still unborn may reap where they have not sown, may garner where they have not sown. All this may seem idealistic and impossible for most men. But the law of progress demands this of us whether we will give this service or not, unless we are content to become parasites, even though we may work for himself. In a sense, every man is a parasite who is willing to receive the benefits which have accrued as the result of others' labors without contributing his share to the common good.

It is a cause for gratitude, also, that a life of service and of altruism may be lived in the daily grind. It is not necessary to go to foreign lands and distant climes to become soldiers of the common weal. Nor is it necessary to leave one's work to become a helper of mankind. For who does more to help mankind than the wives and mothers in our homes? Neither is it needful that we do great things. For life is made up of small deeds. It was the giving of a cup of cold water, and the contribution of the widow's mite which Christ commended. The gifts of the rich were not mentioned. Therein the humblest of us may take courage.

Prospectors in California are said to have discovered a new gem which is described as a transparent blue stone, with violet tints in the deeper colored portions. It surpasses the sapphire in brilliancy and rivals it in color, though it is not so hard, being about as hard as chrysolite, and harder than the moonstone or opal. Under heat it turns a bright red, but on cooling resumes its normal color. It has been given the name Benito, from the country in which it was found.

## THE BRITISH CABINET

Mr. Asquith Has His Cabinet Complete and it is Announced.

London, April 13.—The new cabinet was officially announced Saturday night as follows:

Herbert Asquith—Prime Minister and First Lord of the Treasury.  
David Lloyd-George—Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Lord Tweedmouth—President of the Council.  
Earl of Crow—Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Reginald McKinnon—First Lord of the Admiralty.  
Winston Spencer Churchill—President of the Board of Trade.

Walter Runciman—President of the Board of Education.  
John Morley—Secretary of State for India.

Mr. Morley and Sir Henry Fowler, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, are created peers, but they will retain their cabinet positions with appointments.

Col. J. E. Seely—Under Secretary for the Colonies.  
Lord Lucas—Parliamentary Secretary of the War Office.

F. D. Acland—Financial Secretary of the War Office.  
Thomas R. Buchanan—Parliamentary Secretary to India Office.

Weak women get prompt and lasting help by using Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. These soothing, healing, anesthetic suppositories with full information how to proceed are interestingly told of in my new book, "No. 4 For Women." The book and strictly confidential medical advice is entirely free. Simply write Dr. Shoop Racine, Wis., for my book No. 4. Sold by Regina Pharmacy Stores.

## By-Law No.

A By-Law to provide for the closing of the Lane in Block Four Hundred and Sixteen (416) in the City of Regina.

The Council of the City of Regina in Council assembled enacts as follows:—

1. All the lane in Block Four hundred and Sixteen (416) in the City of Regina according to a map or

plan of the said City on record in the Land Titles Office for the Assiniboia Land Registration District as Old Number 33 is hereby closed.

2. The said lane hereby closed may be sold or leased by the Council of the said City on such terms and conditions as may be expressed in any By-law passed in that behalf.

READ the first time, this 6th day of April, 1908.

J. KELSO HUNTER, J. W. SMITH City Clerk. Mayor.

READ the second time, this 6th day of April, 1908.

J. KELSO HUNTER, J. W. SMITH City Clerk. Mayor.

NOTICE

I hereby give Notice in accordance with the provisions of Section 311 of

the Regina Charter, that the foregoing is a true copy of a By-law intended to be passed by the Council of the City of Regina.

The By-law will not be passed until at least fifteen days after this Notice has been served upon the persons registered or assessed as the owners of the lands abutting upon the lane proposed to be closed and sold or leased, and published in at least two weekly issues of a newspaper published in the City of Regina.

Any person who claims that his land will be injuriously affected thereby and petitions to be heard, will be afforded an opportunity to be heard by himself or his agent.

DATED at Regina this 7th day of April, A.D. 1908.

J. KELSO HUNTER, City Clerk.

## COAL Domestic and Hard Coal Always on Hand

We are prepared to Buy Grain in Car Lots

A. D. MILLAR & CO.  
Hamilton Street .. Beside New City Hall

## FEDERAL BUSINESS COLLEGE Bank of Ottawa Bldg., Regina

One month's salary pays the entire cost

It is not necessary, nor is it wise for young people to spend years of the best portion of their lives in preparing for professions which are not so remunerative as is the work for which they may prepare in a few months. The majority of our graduates receive as much for their services in one month as would pay the total amount of their college fees. Our courses form a short cut to business success. During the last six months the Regina Federal Business College has placed more than sixty students in excellent situations; with initial salaries ranging from \$50 to \$60 per month. Every capable student is guaranteed a good situation upon graduation. The Federal Schools are open the year round and students may enter for instruction at any time. Free catalogue. Write today

GEO. S. HOUSTON, Manager

## "A Kingly Gift"

EARL GREY'S APPEAL  
On behalf of Needy Consumptives  
Strong words of Canada's Governor-General

At the official opening of the King Edward Sanatorium for Consumptives, near Toronto, His Excellency delivered an address that must have an important bearing on the future of the sanatorium movement in Canada. We quote:—

"The proceedings this afternoon commenced with a beautiful and reverent prayer from your old friend, Dr. Potts. He prayed that the light of the Lord might shine upon us. That prayer is abundantly answered. He also prayed that the White Plague might be removed. Well, whether that prayer will be answered or not depends upon yourselves."

"Is it not a standing shame and reproach to the governments and individuals that there is not more care taken by the people of Canada to protect themselves against the cause of consumption?"

On his way out to the King Edward Sanatorium, so named by permission of His Majesty King Edward VII.—the Governor-General's car was stopped in its progress outside the Canada Cycle & Motor Co. by a large crowd of its employees. A contribution of one hundred dollars was handed the Governor-General, a donation to the Toronto Free Hospital for Consumptives.

"'Twas a kingly gift," said His Excellency in making acknowledgment. "I will tell the King."

Addressing the large audience that attended these opening exercises, referring to this event, Earl Grey said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, when the workmen of Canada are setting an example of this character, I hope you will not be slow to follow, and I trust that the example of the Canada Cycle & Motor Co. may be followed, as I am sure it will, in every factory and manufacturing industry throughout the land."

We carry these words to the people of Canada in our appeal to-day on behalf of the

## Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives

An institution that has never refused a single applicant admission, because of his or her inability to pay.

Seventy-five patients can be cared for to-day. Accommodation could be provided for three hundred if the required money were forthcoming.

To make this possible, our appeal is for \$50,000, to be used in extension of buildings and maintenance of patients.

Where will your money do more good?  
Every community and every individual is interested.

His Excellency Earl Grey has shown his interest and sympathy in the work at Muskoka for needy consumptives, by accepting the position of Honorary President of the National Sanitarium Association.

Contributions may be sent to Sir Wm. R. Meredith, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto; W. J. Gage, Esq., 84 Spadina Ave., or J. S. Robertson, Sec'y-Treas., National Sanitarium Association, 247 King Street West, Toronto, Canada.



## E. I. D. CO FAVORS

A Large Number Unanimity at

## TUESDAY AFTERNOON

After lunch the credentials were made their report. It was found that some districts sent no delegate and as this was contrary to the constitution, was put to amend the constitution. The question was voted on and only one councillor from the district was allowed to speak in the convention.

The secretary announced that over 120 districts represented.

In delivering his address, the councillor got down to serious business. He dealt with the various matters before them, the chief of which were matters referring to the municipal commission's report and supplementary Revenue Tax.

He stated that there was no significance attached to the question, but their object was to watch and suggest legislative ratemakers in rural districts. Their duty was to abide laws after they were passed, they were the wisest in the opinion or not.

The question of how and money voted to the local district should be the special concern of their council again. In the past there has been a difference of opinion as to whether the work should be done in the form of status or whether the work should be done by road gangs.

The Supplementary Revenue had caused more discussion than any other law, and had become a question. This made it difficult to deal with the subject from an unbiased standpoint. Reference was also made to cultural college, from which there is no doubt the farmers receive much benefit.

The report of the municipal mission was then taken up. Clauses 6 and 8 were first as to whether there should be townships in a district, councillors or whether the districts should have one council each township.

The meeting seemed to be in agreement with the recommendation of the six councillors townships.

There was a feeling among the delegates that the petition should be amended and given trial.

There was a discussion of a reeve, a resolution introduced favoring the reeve choosing their reeve from themselves at the first. However it was decided that the district should choose the reeve.

There was a long discussion of the question of the qualification of reeves. It was moved that a son eligible to be a councillor or reeve or councillor must be born, write and speak English to make only the English a compulsory rule was also put forth, but voted down, and the qualification outlined in the report sustained.

The meeting also favored the giving of the property from 140 acres as suggested municipal commission to 80 acres.

"Residence," was also a question. It was decided that a ratepayer resident in the municipality would not be a person living in the municipality.

There was a feeling put forth that \$2 a meeting put forth was sufficient remuneration. A day however, was suggested as the payment of out of fifteen meetings.

Messrs. McDonald of Fle A. Salmon, of Riga, move councillors should not be remunerated except honor services. However, as only themselves voted for motion was lost.

On the question of spending voted for road improvement resolutions were introduced.

One motion was: That the convention desire to put that we believe that all money by the legislature for the improvement of roads within local districts or rural municipalities should be expended under the direction of the council of each municipality.

The amendment to the motion was:

That the councils work with the government in local districts.

The amendment was carried. The convention adjourned before six o'clock.

## EVENING SESSION

The meeting first took up the question of whether the work of adopting this system government, as outlined in the constitution, brought up by the following motion, moved by W. H. May and Dennis Duffy, L.

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