

Merchants, - - - - -	\$1,500
Globe, - - - - -	16,000
Mutual, - - - - -	14,000
Phoenix, - - - - -	10,000
Jefferson, - - - - -	15,000
North River, - - - - -	12,000
City, - - - - -	17,000
Bowery, - - - - -	5,000
United States, - - - - -	7,000
Contributionship, - - - - -	12,000
Eagle, - - - - -	10,000
Etna, - - - - -	8,000
Guardian, - - - - -	7,000
Equitable, - - - - -	6,000

Total, - - - - - \$217,000
[N. Y. Sunday News.]

NEW YORK.—LOSS BY FIRE.—Some of the papers have stated this at two millions, which we have no doubt is more than fifty per cent too high. The estimate of the Journal of Commerce seems to us much nearer the truth—and that calculates the entire destruction of property at \$750,000—about one third part of which only is insured—leaving a total loss of half a million to the proprietors.

This falls heavily on a great number of persons. Many of whom were young men just commencing business, and getting on prosperously, who in one disastrous hour, are deprived of their all. Nor was it alone the occupants that suffered. A large amount of property belonging to others was consumed—especially in the binderies and printing offices—such as books in the sheets, bound, or in the process of binding, stereotype plates, &c, on which there was no insurance.—*Transcript.*

Out of more than a hundred granite pillars which supported the majority of the buildings destroyed by the late fire, only two have been found, the remainder having crumbled into small pieces. Builders should take warning from this circumstance, and more especially so, as the firemen now shun premises so constructed as they would destruction.—*Id.*

The Evening Star says, a pregnant woman, far advanced, whilst being removed during the fire on Wednesday, from a building in Ann street, through the fright, was safely delivered of a fine child. His name should be *Blaze*.

FIRE IN NEW JERSEY.—We were informed by a gentleman who came from Jersey city last evening, that there was a serious destruction of property by fire yesterday afternoon on Bergen Hill, a number of buildings and other property being totally consumed. We did not learn any particulars, nor how the fire originated.—*N. Y. Transcript, Aug. 15.*

FIRE IN BUFFALO.—Jordan's Joiner's shop and Brainard & Lush's bakery establishment, situated on the island near the canal basin, Buffalo, were, with their contents, destroyed by fire on Thursday morning last.—*Id.*

FIRE AT NEWARK.—A fire broke out at Newark, on Saturday evening, which destroyed fifteen or sixteen houses before it was quelled. The loss is estimated at about \$50,000.

BALTIMORE.—The efficient measures adopted by the new Mayor of Baltimore, have had the effect wholly to suppress the recurrence of any riotous outbreaks in that city. To render the peace and safety of the citizens more secure, he has recommended the organization of a permanent City Guard, by the voluntary enrollment of citizens in their respective wards. The measure does not appear to meet with very general approbation. We doubt much whether the people of that, or any other city in the union, are exactly prepared to succumb to the rules of a military establishment, whether it be in the shape of a regular or an irregular standing army, to keep them in awe. In this free country, the people are constitutionally, not only the makers, but also the keepers of the law; and it is far foreign to their spirit, or the spirit of their institutions, to be placed under the surveillance of a self-selected and self-constituted military despotism. If the legal provisions of any state are not competent to the protection of the lives and property of its citizens, the great mass of the people will be found ready to co-operate, heart and hand for an extension of judicial strength; but they will scarcely be found willing to allow a volunteer corps of armed exclusives, to ride rough shod over their necks. It would be a dangerous experiment in any city, Baltimore especially.

All opposition to the election of Gen. Smith, as Mayor has been withdrawn, and he will deservedly be unanimously elected.—*New York Sun.*

The Disturbances at Washington have been incessantly in agitation since the arrest of Crandall.—The free blacks have fled in all directions for their lives, leaving their little all to the merciless hands of the infuriated mob. The Public Officers are garrisoned by the clerks, and U. S. troops are posted about the city to protect the lives and property of the citizens. The legal tribunals and constituted authorities

are no more regarded, than if such things were not.—*Id.*

CAPTAIN BACK arrived in town on Saturday evening, from his Arctic expedition, and took lodgings at the City Hotel. He proceeded for England in the packet ship North America, which sailed yesterday morning for Liverpool. A large crowd attended to pay their respects to the intrepid officer, previous to his departure.—*N. Y. paper, Aug. 18.*

FOREIGN.

LATE FROM FRANCE.

The ship Orleans has arrived at New York from Havre, bringing papers to July 10. Gen. Moreno has been appointed by Don Carlos commander in chief of his troops, in place of Gen. Zumalacarraguy. The first division of British troops, 500 in number, had arrived at Bilbao. The ex-King of France, Charles X. was not expected to live. There was no confirmation of the report of the death of the young Duke of Bourdeaux, son of the late Duke de Berri, at Prague. It was said however that he was in ill health. It is said that the design of a meeting between the Emperors of Austria and Russia has been abandoned. The Turkish government has refused to admit a French and English ship of war within the Dardanelles, and the refusal caused some sensation at Paris, being regarded as the result of a secret understanding between the Porte and Russia.

DUELING DISCOURAGED IN THE FRENCH ARMY.—M. Vial, Colonel of the 8th Dragoons, has been superseded, and placed on the list of officers not in active service, in consequence of his having fought a duel with Lieut. Colonel Gerard of the same regiment.—*French paper.*

The city of Paris is protected at this moment by fourteen regiments. Thirteen other regiments are in barracks in the vicinity, the whole of which would form an array of from 50,000 to 60,000 men.

THE CONSPIRACY.—The parties in custody, charged with a conspiracy to assassinate the King, amount already to the number of 20. The prime mover of this plot is a man of the name of Bergeron, who has already been tried and acquitted of a similar offence, having been charged, with firing a pistol at the King, at the corner of the Pont Royal, when his Majesty was proceeding from the Tuilleries to the Chamber of deputies, to open the session of the Legislature. His acquittal having secured him impunity, this man has since been heard to boast that his was really the hand that fired the famous pistol shot; but although he is now in custody, it seems to be doubtful whether this new conspiracy can be brought home either to him or his supposed accomplices. Apart from their ulterior designs, which certainly could not be innocent, the facts which can be proved against them amount to little more than their having taken a house on the road to Neuilly, and having made it a sort of magazine of arms and ammunition. It is supposed that a principal part of their plan consisted in the construction of a second edition of the celebrated infernal machine, which was to have been directed against the King's carriage on his Majesty's return from his suburban villa to the Tuilleries. The preliminary proceedings are still in progress, and as soon as they are brought to a close, some official announcement will be made of the course which it is intended to pursue.

The raising of an auxiliary force makes little progress in France. The Prussian Government has given an evasive answer to inquiries respecting an extensive military force which is at present raising.

Several severe shocks of an earthquake were felt in the Island of Majorca, about the 20th of June. The town of Palma was entire-

ly deserted of its inhabitants. No material damage appears to have been done.

SPAIN.—The Queen Regent of Spain has appointed a commission to prepare a plan of elementary education for her people, and to establish at Madrid, a central school, founded on the English system. Two deputies have been sent to London to examine the model school there.

TEXAS.—The schooner Columbus, from Aranzas, brings intelligence that two hundred Mexican troops had been landed at that place on the 12th inst. destined for Texas; and that many other detachments having a similar destination, were marching through the interior to different places of rendezvous. An armed sloop, named the Cameo, alias the Henrietta, formerly of this port, was lying at Aranzas, under the command of the notorious Thompson, who threatened to seize the Columbus and take her to Vera Cruz as a lawful prize. He threatened the same with regard to all American vessels he might fall in with. He had on board of his vessel two American Seamen whom he forcibly detained, and who belonged to the vessel lately seized at Galveston Bay.—*New Orleans True American*

NEW ZEALAND TIMBER.—The British Government having received satisfactory information of the fitness of the timber of the Cowdee tree of New Zealand for spars for the navy, sent the Buffalo to that country for specimens. That vessel has just returned, and brought a cargo far exceeding all expectations. Before the return of the Buffalo, an enterprising and experienced naval officer, who has formed an establishment of his own in New Zealand, had offered, and we believe contracted with Government, to furnish spars of this kind for that Island, at a lower price, and of better quality than those from the Baltic—a circumstance which, in the not impossible contingency of a war with Russia, may be of essential importance to this country.

For Sale.

BY THE SUBSCRIBER.

 THAT valuable Property on which he now carries on his Chain and Anchor Manufactory, situated on the south end of Patterson's Wharf: the premises are so well known that further description is unnecessary. If not disposed of before the 15th day of September next, it will then be offered at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises.

JOHN RUSSEL.

For Sale as above, on reasonable terms, Best Chain Cables, from 1-2 to 1 1/8 inch; Anchors from 3 cwt. to 12 cwt.; hose Pipes and Windlass Irons, all sizes.
Pictou, July 8, 1835.

PICOU ACADEMY.

AS the third Teacher in the Institution, is about to relinquish his charge, no notice is hereby given, that the first Wednesday of August next is the day appointed for the examination of such as may feel disposed to appear as Candidates for the situation. The Branches to be taught are, English, English Grammar, Writing, Arithmetic, Book Keeping, Practical Mathematics including Navigation, Geography, Latin, Greek, and French. The salary is £100 currency annually.

All who make application must be provided with certificates of their moral character.

By order of the Trustees,

JOHN McKINLAY, Sec'y.

June 2, 1835.

Editors of Papers will confer an obligation by giving insertion to the above.

The examination of Candidates for the above situation is unavoidably postponed until Tuesday, the 8th September next.

200 American CHAIRS for Sale by
July 1.] ROSS & PRIMROSE.

HANDBILLS & BOOK WORK
Done at this Office, in the most handsome style, and at very moderate prices. May, 1835