

SIX NATIONS TRIBE NEAR BRANTFORD NOT TO VOTE ACROSS LINE AS PROTEST

Dispatch From Syracuse, Declaring That the Indians Had Decided On Such Action, Is Branded by Chief As Untrue—Some Indignation Is Felt Because of Compulsory Enfranchisement.

Brantford, March 12.—The Syracuse dispatch, which declares that the Six Nations Indians located on a reserve ten miles from here, angered by compulsory enfranchisement, would return to a United States reservation in New York State, where the other body of Six Nations still resides, came as a surprise here. There has been some feeling over the measure for enfranchisement of the Indians of Canada as a whole, but the Six Nations council has never discussed such action as told of in the dispatch. Chief J. S. Johnson, Oshewen, the only member of the chiefs' council, which runs the reserve, who could be located this morning, stated that the council has never taken such action as reported, and he could not understand where the story could have originated. Local persons closely in touch with the Six Nations believe that the story is made up out of whole cloth. They point out that the war record of the Six Nations was better even than that of Brant County, which claimed leadership in voluntary enlistments. They also point to the proverbial loyalty of the Indians to the British crown, which they are not subjects, but allies, bound by treaty still in existence, and never repealed. Thus during the war

BATTLED FOR EIGHT HOURS WITH GIGANTIC DEVILFISH

Palm Beach, Fla., March 12.—Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., and J. Leonard Replogle, battled for eight hours yesterday with a gigantic ray, or devilfish that towed two boats 40 miles from Palm Beach and seven miles to sea, and then escaped when the cables broke, although its body bore four harpoons, eight rifle bullets and fifteen wounds from lances. The sea monster was in sight of the bathers near the breakers pier when discovered. Immediately two fast motorboats started in pursuit. Occupants of both boats threw harpoons into the big fish, which immediately sped away to sea. Army rifle bullets were fired into its body, but the fish did not slacken speed. At nightfall the cables to the harpoons parted and the fish escaped. Aeroplanes followed the boats and watched the struggle.

ALBERTA TREASURER SEES BIG FINANCIAL PROBLEMS TO SOLVE

Hon. C. R. Mitchell Delivers Annual Budget Address. Edmonton, Alta., March 12.—Placing stress on the fact that the Provincial Government had been able during the reconstruction period following the war to fairly meet the great demands of the province in nearly all matters of public service, and yet, without extravagance, keep within the bounds of ordinary revenue, but referring also to the serious financial problems ahead if these services and others are to be maintained and expanded under popular demands (without more drastic measures of taxation being imposed), Hon. C. R. Mitchell, provincial treasurer, delivered his annual budget address in the Legislature yesterday afternoon.

ASSASSINS OF SPANISH PREMIER ARE CAPTURED

Madrid, March 12.—According to the newspapers here the assassins of Premier Dato have been captured at Ciudad Lineal, near Madrid.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S POSITION OF MAGISTRATES; CONDEMNED

Liberal Leader Declares Attorney-General's Treatment of Police Magistrate Suggests Crying Need For An Appeal To Some Tribunal Not Under Raney's Control.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Toronto, March 11.—Characterizing Attorney-General Raney's attitude toward the police magistrates of Ontario as autocratic and on that precipitated an entirely new doctrine in British judicial institutions. Hon. G. Howard Ferguson in the Ontario Legislature formally moved the adjournment of the session, and brought on a discussion of the Dunneville case, which took up the whole afternoon. When, rather late in the afternoon, the last member had had his say on the subject, Premier Drury moved the adjournment, and the House dispersed over the week-end without touching upon a single one of the orders of the day. Contention Upheld. Hon. Mr. Ferguson's contention that Magistrate Hastings was quite justified in giving to the press the letter of the attorney-general suggesting his resignation, thereby amounting to the public necessity for his temporary withdrawal from court proceedings, was most emphatically upheld by H. H. Dewar, the Liberal leader. "I take issue entirely with the attorney-general's suggestion that he may treat the magistrature of this province as officials of this province," declared Mr. Dewar. "When he makes that

HARDING AND HIS CABINET



This is the first picture ever taken of the new U. S. Cabinet. Seated from left to right are: Secretary of War, John W. Weeks; secretary of treasury, Andrew W. Mellon; secretary of state, Charles E. Hughes; President Warren G. Harding; President Calvin Coolidge; and secretary of navy, Edwin Denby. Standing from left to right: secretary of interior, Albert D. Fall; postmaster-general, William M. Hays; attorney-general, Harry M. Daugherty; secretary of agriculture, Henry C. Wallace; secretary of commerce, Herbert Hoover; secretary of labor, James J. Davis.

NATIONS URGED TO REDUCE ARMY EXPENDITURES

Members of League Receive Appeal From Secretary. DECISION BY MAY 1 All Are Requested to Enter Into Agreements.

Geneva, Switzerland, March 12.—Governments have been asked to enter into an engagement not to exceed during the next two fiscal years, the total military expenditures providing for the present year, in a letter sent to members of the League of Nations by the secretary of that organization. Another letter sent to members of the league concerns a convention relative to control of the traffic in arms and munitions. In order that regions "not well civilized" need not receive stocks of arms, which accumulated during the war. The governments have been asked to make known their attitude to the league by May 1, and the letters emphasize the urgency that all enter into these agreements.

Chinese Parents in Famine Areas Selling Children

New York, March 12.—Two hundred and seven children have been sold, three abandoned and one killed in famine-stricken parents in the province of Chi Li, Northern China, according to a dispatch received here today by the American committee for the China Famine Fund. These figures, the report said, were the result of a famine survey made in 17 villages of the province, where more than 10,000 persons were found destitute.

PARLIAMENT SUMMARY

YESTERDAY IN PARLIAMENT. Ottawa, March 12.—House of Commons: Sir Sam Hughes brought in his resolution favoring the restoration of patronage in civil service appointments. The opposition charged that patronage was still rife in Parliament. A. E. Fripp (Ottawa) said the civil service commission was a failure, and condemned the employment of efficiency experts to bolster up its administration. The debate, in which a score of members spoke, lasted all afternoon, and until after 11 o'clock in the evening, when it was withdrawn. The Senate did not sit. TODAY IN PARLIAMENT. Neither House will sit today. LADY SOMERSET DIES Was at One Time Head of World's W. C. T. U. London, March 11.—Lady Somerset, at one time president of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union, and president of the National British Temperance Association, died today. Lady Henry Somerset was the daughter of the third Earl of Somerset. She married Lord Henry Somerset in 1878. In addition to her deep interest in the temperance movement, Lady Henry for many years had looked after the welfare of women and children. She maintained a home for the training of workhouse children, and also established the Children's Village at Duxhurst for the purpose of saving child life. In 1895 she also founded at Duxhurst the first industrial farm colony in England for inebriate women.

DON'T DELAY

Those who have not yet tried their hands at securing a solution to The Advertiser puzzle have just one more week to enter the contest and reach out for that \$700 first prize. A little effort and a thought may pull it down for you, as well as someone else. Why not decide today that one of the winners will be you? Any one of the prizes await the result of your work. You can start now and mail in your solution by the 19th, with the assurance that it will stand an equal chance with the others for the last solution received. Don't let March 19 pass without having your solution on file. ADOPT SUMMER TIME Quebec, March 12.—Quebec will daylight saving on May 1, if approved by the city council at its next meeting, which is certain.

PRESENT INSINUATION THAT ASHPHANT AND E. A. POCOCK REPRESENT ORGANIZED LABOR

Trades and Labor Council Officials Declare That While Posing Under Name of Labor These Men Have No Connection With Organization—Resolution Will Be Passed At Next Meeting.

Because it is believed that the recent notoriety gained by E. A. Pocock and Henry B. Ashplant was injurious to the labor movement in this city, some action will probably be taken at the next meeting of the local trades and labor council to protect organized labor from any individual who in the future makes sweeping political statements under the name of labor. The trades council in this city is purely an industrial body, organized to deal with industrial problems, it is not concerned with the political activities of the council that the organization they represent should be used for the purpose of making political speeches at will. It was pointed out by Mr. Pocock that the trades council is not a political body, and that it is not a labor union. It is a body of men who while posing under the name of labor, are not connected in any way with the council. According to Mr. Pocock, the local trades and labor council will be brought in at the next meeting to prevent the making of such speeches. The delegates from the trades and labor council will be given the floor to make political speeches at will. It was pointed out by Mr. Pocock that the trades council is not a political body, and that it is not a labor union. It is a body of men who while posing under the name of labor, are not connected in any way with the council. According to Mr. Pocock, the local trades and labor council will be brought in at the next meeting to prevent the making of such speeches. The delegates from the trades and labor council will be given the floor to make political speeches at will.

BOLSHEVSKI ARE DRIVEN OUT OF PETROGRAD CITY

Revolutionary Forces Are Reported To Be In Full Control. COMMUNISTS KILLED Insurgent Movement Spreading Around Minsk.

Warsaw, March 12.—Petrograd is in the hands of revolutionary forces and the Bolsheviks have been ousted, it was declared in a wireless dispatch received here today. A dispatch from Vilna says anti-Bolshevik forces fought their way into Minsk and held control of the city for five hours, but were later driven out by Soviet forces. While occupying the city, the revolutionaries killed many local Communists, it is said, and when the Bolsheviks re-entered the town they executed more than 200 persons, many of whom were Poles, who were accused of sympathizing with the insurgents. The reports received in governmental quarters here say the revolutionary movement continues to spread in the region surrounding Minsk. The Soviet authorities are described as making desperate efforts to control the situation. A wireless appeal from the Polish government was picked up today by the Polish Government radio station here. It made an urgent plea for supplies and for outside reinforcements.

BOARD OF EDUCATION IN LAST MAD DASH TO REVISE ESTIMATES

Committees Will Meet At 9 a.m. Monday. BOARD GATHERING AT 10 Final Figures Must Be in the Hands of City Clerk by Noon.

As the result of a conversation with City Clerk Baker last night, Trustee Coleridge, chairman of the Board of Education, announced that the revised estimates at a special meeting of the board on Wednesday next, for the year ending June 30, 1922, will be presented to the board of education officials on Monday morning to revise their estimates. The letter of notice also states that a general meeting of the board will be held at 10 a.m. To deal with the letter regarding a revision of the estimates. To deal with the reports of committees. To consider, revise and pass all estimates. A note is appended stating that the chairman of the board of education will be presented to the board of education before noon on Monday.

DIVER SEARCHING For Girl's Body

Montreal, March 12.—No trace has yet been found of the body of Lilly Manning, the 8-year-old girl who, when walking with her mother on St. James' street, this city, Thursday afternoon, stumbled and fell headlong into a manhole. Last night an effort was made by a diver to recover the body, and at an early hour this morning he was still at work, but without result. Several divers were asked to undertake the work, but all refused after they had seen the entrance of the sections of the sewer through which they were required to pass. Late yesterday C. Choquette, who has a plumber's business in Verdun, volunteered for the work.

SEVERAL LIVES LOST DURING FIRE IN HOTEL

Okla. City, Okla., March 12.—Several persons lost their lives in a fire which destroyed a hotel at Clinton, Okla., early today, according to reports received here. One man is said to have jumped from a third-story window and was killed. The fire was believed to have started from a defective oil stove.

official of the city or any organization. What Mr. Pocock said, Mr. Hevey continued, was done on his own initiative. Not only did he not receive the support of the other delegates present, but several of the statements were challenged. It must be understood he reiterated that Mr. Pocock did not represent labor when he made those statements, and that he did not have the sanction of organized labor. The same thing was true of Mr. Ashplant, Mr. Hevey claimed. Mr. Ashplant, although he was a member of the high cost of living committee, did not represent labor when he addressed the city council. The charges he was alleged to have made were made without the knowledge of organized labor and without their sanction. It is true that Mr. Ashplant made the statements about the Provincial House the sympathy of organized labor will be entirely with the Drury Government. Mr. Hevey continued. "It is significant that the charges were brought to the attention of the House by a Labor member. If Mr. Ashplant is called before the bar he will have to fight his battle alone." Mr. Hevey wished it understood that Mr. Pocock's use of education estimates connected in any way with the trades and labor council.

Whether revised estimates of the board of education are ready or not, the board of education will meet Monday afternoon, Mayor Little declared today. If the board's figures are not available, a rate will be struck covering all the other departments of the city. A rate for the board of education will be struck later. There is even a possibility that their taxes will be collected separately. The delegates from the board of education will be asked to form a separate tax collection department the city taxes and the school taxes might be collected on different dates. This would have the same effect of impressing on taxpayers just the proportion of their own share for general purposes and what proportion for education. Striking a general rate without waiting for the board of education estimates would be without precedent in the history of the city, but there is nothing to prevent it. All other department estimates are in, and have been examined and revised by the board of estimates. Striking the rate will take a comparatively short time. As estimates stood at their last revision, a rate of about twenty-three mills for general purposes would be likely.

Paris, March 12.—Premier Briand will appear before the Chamber of Deputies on Tuesday and submit a report on the Allied conference in London, and it is expected that he will speak on both the German and near eastern situations. After his arrival here last night from the British capital, M. Briand expressed himself as greatly pleased with the solid front shown by the Allies during negotiations at London, and denied reports imputing to France a desire to annex German territory as a result of the occupation of towns on the Rhine. He declared if the amount of German territory occupied should be extended, such action would be taken only because the Allies had decided upon further penalties.

time past, was accorded a fine ovation from both sides of the House when he took his seat, and again when he resumed his seat. He held that the present system was inconsistent with responsible government, and was frank in his opinion that the old system should be replaced by a new one. Mr. Lapointe supported him, and gave some startling figures regarding the increase in the cost of the civil service commission in the past two years. Only a Pretence. It fell to Ernest Lapointe to close the hypocrisy of the whole matter. The Government, he declared, had the pretence of having a responsible government, and he therupon proceeded to read certain correspondence that had passed between him and Coates, chief statistician. Lapointe then turned to the Hon. Mr. Coates, and asked him to read certain correspondence that had passed between him and Coates, chief statistician. Lapointe then turned to the Hon. Mr. Coates, and asked him to read certain correspondence that had passed between him and Coates, chief statistician.