M. J. HENRY Westminster Road Vancouve

NOTICE

ty days from date I intend to apply the Hon. the Chief Commissioner or is and Works for permission to pure the following described lands: Startfrom W. BZ. Pollard's S.W. corner situate on the north side of lot No. on the north side of the West Arm. Cottensy lake, about two miles from ter, thence 20 chains east more or less to N.E. post of L. 1978, thence 20 chains e or less to N.W. post of L. 6498, ce east 20 chains more or less to N. k's S.W. post, thence, north 30 chains or less, thence west 20 chains more or less, ce west 30 chains more or less, thence head of the side of less, thence west 30 chains more or less, thence had chains more or less, the had chains more or less, the had chains mo ed this 31st day of March, 1906.

W, B. POLLARD.
J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

ty days after date I intend to apply the Hon the Chief Commissioner of and Works for permission to purticular the following described lands; Startat a post marked "J. R. McBain's neast corner post," on the south bank Mile creek, about two miles from enay lake; thence 40 chains west; enay lake; thence 40 chains west; the 40 chains south, more or less; thence the 40 chains north or less to point of commencement to r less to point of commencement ted this 22nd day of March, 1906. J. R. McBAIN. W. T. BUGGINS, Agent.

NOTICE

y days from date I intend to apply Honorable the Chief Commissioner ds and Works for permission to purthe following described lands: Situtbe south side of the West Arm of lay Lake, about one mile from commencing from southwest post 908, west 20 chains, then north 20 more or less, then cast 20 chains, outh 20 chains more or less to point smencement.

mmencement.
d this 24th day of March, 1906.
FRED STEVENSON, Locator
WM. T. BUGGINS, Agent.

NOTICE

TCE is hereby given that \$0 days after the undersigned intend to apply to Honorable the Chief Commissioner of as and Works for permission to pure the following described lands: Comeing at a post planted at the southcorner of Thomas Greenwood's aptition to purchase, and being on the tern boundary line of Lot 222, G.I., tensy District, thence south 20 chains, ce asst 40 chains, more or less to western boundary line of Lot 306, G.I. tensy district, thence north 20 chains, ce west 40 chains more or less to the e of commencement.

mmencement.
FRED J. SAMMONS.
GEORGE ADAMSON.
Procter, B.C., this 2nd day of

NOTICE

TICE is hereby given that 60 days ter date I intend to apply to the Hon-Chief Commissioner of Lands and er date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and as for permission to purchase the folge described lands in West Kootnay let: Commencing at a post marked rence Billings northeast. corner, to ne mile east of Joseph Genelle's hase claim on the southeasterly bans he Columbia river, thence south 20 in the Southeasterly bans and 2 links; thence east 54 chains and 20 links more of to the bank of the Columbia river, ce following bank of the Columbia river, ce following bank of the Columbia river, and the columbia properties of the columbia bank of the Columbia fiver, and the columbia fiver of the columbia bank of the Columbia fiver, and the columbia fiver of the columbia bank of the Columbia fiver of the col

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days te I intend to apply to the Hon. Commissioner of Lands and permission to purchase the for permission to Purchase the for Chief Commissioner of Lands and ks for permissioner of Lands and ks for permission to purchase the foing described lands in West Kootensy int: Commencing at a post marked ry Tireman's N.E. corner post," on southeasterly bank of the Columbia r, one mile east of Joseph Gennelle's hase claim, thence south 57 chains claim, thence west 40 chains; thence he last chains and 21 links more or less he bank of the Columbia river; thence heasterly following said bank 60 chains eo r less to the place of beginning aining 130 acres more or less.

MARY TIREMAN KENNETT, Agent.

TIFICATES OF IMPROVEMENTS rth of July No. 6, Jenny Long No. 2, and Teuro Mineral Claims. Situate in he Slocan Mining Division of West Cootenay district. Where located: On he North Fork of Lemon Creek. the North Fork of Lemon Creek.

EE NOTICE that I, C. D. Blackwood, ting as agent for A. T. R. Blackwood, Miner's Certificate No. B87845, and T. Teeter, Free Miner's Certificate No. 1, Teeter, Free Miner's Certificate No. 1, Teeter, Sixty days after date hereof pply to the Mining Recorder for a ficate of Improvements, for the purfect of obtaining Crown Grants of the claims.

of ciaims.

If further take notice that action, unsection 37, must be commenced before Issuance of such Certificates of Imments. ated this 10th day of March, A.D., 1905 C. D. BLACKWOOD, Nelson.

that any date after September 20 next,

THE WEEKLY NEWS, NOLSON, N. C. SATURDAY, APPLL M. 1000 THE WEEKLY NEWS

NEUSON, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1906

ISOLATION OF KAISER

VOL. 4

Triple Alliance Forming Against Pretensions of Germany

Russia Invited to Enter the Entente Cordiale Now Existing Between Great Bri tain and the Republic of France

St. Petersburg, April 13-Great Britain St. Petersburg, April 13—Great Britain has begun to vigorously press negotiations for an Anglo-Russian entente, with the purpose of completing the triple alliance of Great Britain, France and Russia against Germany, which has been long the afm of British policy.

The developments at the Algeciras conference, where Great Britain, France and Russia acted in mison and the participation of English bankers in the big Russian loan, furnishes a particularly favorable moment, and Great Britain is striking while the iron is hot. More-

favorable moment, and Great Britain a striking while the iron is hot. Moreover the British government has recently given Russia proof of her desire to settle outstanding difficulties by inducing English bankers not to take the Persian loan on the ground that it might be regarded as prejudicial to Russian

Sentiment here in favor of the entente sentiment here in tayor of the entents has also been aided by the refusal of Germany to participate in the Russian loan and by publications from Russia hostile to Germany, which have been directly inspired from British sources. Count Lamsdorff, and latterly premier

Witte, have favored an Anglo-Russian entente and the consummation is regardentente and the consummation is regarded as practically certain. The pour parlers between the two governments have only reached the point referring the delimitation of each one's respective sphere of influence, including the apportioning of railroad and banking concessions in Parsia. Generally speaking. sions in Persia. Generally speaking, Great Britain wants the southern, and Russia the northern half of that country. There is reason to believe that when the consent of Persia is secured, the branch of the Trans-Caucasian railway, now authorized to the Persian frontier, will be extended to Bagdad, which point, the beautiful the process of the persian frontier, will be extended to Bagdad, which point, the persian frontier, will be extended to Bagdad, which point, the persian frontier, will be extended to Bagdad which point. it is estimated, can be reached before the famous German Bagdad road is completed. When the Persian question is settled all matters relating to the Indian frontier, which constitutes a source of possible misunderstanding, chiefly concerning the countries on its borders, Afghanistan, the Pamirs and Tibet, will

MORE PAPER REFORMS

Latest St. Petersburg Edition of the Habeas Corpus Act.

St. Petersburg, April 13.-A commission for the revision of the exceptional laws designed for the safeguarding pub-lic order, of which general count Ignatieff was president, has just completed the elaboration of laws containing guarantees of personal liberty, which was submitted to the lower house of parlia-

The principal features of this projec are provisions that a person arrested shall be confronted with the charges against him and begin a hearing within without a warrant. The use of troops is forbidden except at the request of the civil authorities. All secret societies are unconditionally forbidden.

GRANBY EARNINGS.

Makes a Profit of Nearly 10c a Pound on Copper.

It is stated that the Granby company is reaching a monthly out put of 1,750,000 pounds of copper, 30,000 ounces of silver, and 5300 ounces of gold. Its local costs sheets are showing 6.34 cents pound of copper, on the basis of 1,766, 640 pounds produced within a recent month. Its mining costs were 3.76c a pound; freight 1.18c; smelting and converting, 6.64c; general expenses .72c; total 12.2c; foreign ore cost 1.08c, making total costs 13.28c a pound. Deducting gold and silver values of 6.94c, that lef a net cost of 6.34c at the smelter in Brit-ish Columbia. The cost, landed in New York, was 8.34c, and the profit for the month 9.71, or nearly 10 cents per pound.

FRECH STRIKERS.

Paris Postal Officials Latest to Join 8

General Movement. Paris, April 13 .- A section of the telegraph messengers and pneumatic tube men, forming about one-third of the personnel of the Paris branch of the general postoffice, has decided to strike tonight. The minister of public works to day dismissed three hundred of striking postmen. Half of the me hundred of the of the staff of the Lyons postoffice have

delegation from Lenz, representing the striking miners of the department of Pas de Calais will meet the employers in Paris tomorrow with the view of ar ranging a settlement of the disputes

NEXT HAGUE CONFERENCE Washington, April 13.—Secretary Root las informed the Russian government

will be convenient to the United States for holding the segond Hague conference. An effort is being made to obtain the admission of the South American delegates to the conference on an equality with others by allowing their governments to adhere formally to the arbitration agreement prepared by the first Hague conference.

LETHBRIDGE ELECTION

SIMMONS, LIBERAL CANDIDATE, WINS OUT.

SHERMAN WAS A GOOD SECOND BUT TORY LOST DEPOSIT.

Lethbridge, April 13.—The liberal have carried the provincial bye-election for Lethbridge constituency caused by the elevation of Dr. L. G. deVeber to the senate. W. C. Simmons, barrister of this city, has a majority of \$4 over F. H. city, has a majority of \$4 over F. H. Sherman, of Fernie, B. C., the labor candidate and a majority of \$155 over A. E. Keffer, a farmer residing near here, the candidate of the conservative party. Three small polls have yet to be heard from, but they will not materially affect the result. The election caused a good deal of excitement owing to the miners' strike at the Galt mines, which is still on. Hon. W. H. Cushing, of Calgary, provincial minister of public works, and Duncan Marshall, have been here during the closing days of the campaign. ing the closing days of the campaign.

Mr. Keffer, with three polls to hear

from, has lost his deposit, not polling half of the successful candidate's vote. The only place where Mr. Keffer had a majority was in his own neighborhood.

Mr. Simmons surprised his friends by polling a majority in Lethbridge town.

polling a majority in Lethbridge town. The towns of Stirling, Tabor and Raymond stood by him splendidly.

Mr. Sherman had a big majority in Staffordville, or No. 3, as it is better known. He also had a big lead in the North Ward. At Oliver's Hall he made a surprising run, standing second.

Little Bow, North and South, and Bow Island are to be heard from, and there is a possibility the vote there may save

sland are to be heard from, and there is a possibility the vote there may save Mr. Keffer's deposit, but it will not affect the general result.

The liberals are jubilant over the result. The fight was a hard one, the presence of a labor candidate in the field making the result particularly doubtful. The majority is highly satisfactory to the liberals, being just about what they anticipated.

In Staffordville 50 votes were challenged by the liberals, and in Raymond about 50 were challenged by the conservatives. It is expected that these will not affect the result materially.

The total vote so far in resulted as follows:

ollows:

GOOD FRIDAY IN GOTHAM

Day Was Very Generally Observed—Business Largely Suspended
New York. April 13—Good Friday was
generally observed here today. The
churches of all denominations were open
to worshippers and particularly in the Roman Catholic and Protestant Episcopal
churches impressive special services were
held-in commemoration of the crucitation
impressive ceremonies were conducted at
St. Patrick's Roman Catholic cathedral,
at which archbishop Farley officiated. During the mass of the presentitled The
Passion was sung by students from St.
Joseph's seminary. At the conclusion of
the ceremony archbishop Farley, holding
aloft the host, and attended by four Christian brothers, who held over him a canopy, led a procession of the clergy in the
cathedral aisles and back to the sanctuary. Recent Catholic churches a three

cathedral aises and because the curry.

In all Roman Catholic churches a three hours' devotion was held between noon and three o'clock, in memory of the hours of suffering of Jesus before death came. Similar services were held in the Protestant Episcopal ohurches throughout the city. Nearly all the churches were filled

with worshippers.
Business was to a great extent suspended. Tomorrow will be holy Saturday, when in the Roman Catholic churches the holy water, to be used during the year, will be blessed. During the afternoon the funereal decorations in the churches will be removed and during the evening the altars will be transformed into bowers of beautiful spring flowers, to ready for Easter Sunday. vith worshi

NEAT LITTLE GRAFT

Insurance Investigation in Milwaukee Exposes Fraud
Milwaukee, April 13—The most sensational feature of today's examination of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company by the special legislative investigating committee, was the production of documentary evidence, tending to snow that Mrs. Henry L. Palmer, wife of the president of the company, was a frequent investor in loans on policies of the company and that one of these loans, negotiated in 1899 but still running in 1905, she obtained eight per cent interest. Juring a portion of the time Mrs. Palmer was obtaining this interest rate, policy loans were being made by the company itself at 6 per cent.

The records of the company for its election in 1904 were produced showing that a majority of the persons who vated were not policy holders of the Northwesten Mutual Life, the result being that non-policy holders actually elected the officers who controlled the company's business.

RUSSIAN PEASANTS STARVING RUSSIAN PEASANTS STARVING
Kharkoff, April 18—The famine among
the peasants in Wazan, Kazan Simbirsic
and the Tula provinces has assumed an
acute stage. The grain has all gone and
among the peasants who are absolutely
without bread, hunger and typhus have
appeared. The mortality is especially
large among the children.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS YESTERDAY New York—Astoria, Glasgow.
Havre—La Touraine, New York.
Boulogne—Rhyndam, New York.
Boston—Corinthian, Glasgow.
Portland—Pomeranian, Havre.

ELLEN TERRY'S JUBILEE London, April 13—It will be 50 years of April 23, since Miss Ellen Terry made he first appearance on the stage as the Frincese theatre under Charles Rean's management. To celebrate this occasion, Beer

bohm Tree has prevailed upon Messrs Vendrenne and Parker to close the Court on the 27th, so that Ellen Terry may play Mistress Page, in "The Metry Wives of Windsor," to be revived during the Shakespeare festival week at His Majesty's. At the conclusion of the performance there will be an informal demonstration and a congratulatory address will be read.

Meanwhile a project has been set on foot to present the popular actress with a tangible token of the regard in which she is held by playsoers the world over. This has taken the form of a shilling subscription. Franklin Thomasson is the chairman of the executive committee, which comprises many gentlemen prominent in dramatic, literary and other circles.

WEEKLY TRADE REPORTS

TRADE OVER WHOLE CONTINENT IS IMPROVING

LUMBERING IN THIS PROVINCE DO-

Montreal, April 13-R. G. Dunn and com pany's weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

will say:

Stringency in the money market has caused no interruption to the wholesome progress of trade and industry. Weather conditions accelerate the distribution of seasonable merchandise, and retail business is of large volume, outside the immediate vicinity of the local coal mines and a few other places. Building operations are only limited by the supply of labor and material. The heavy consumption of all commodities is shown by the highest leve; of quotations since Feb. 18. Manufacturing plants are fully engaged. Pig iron production is at the maximum Shipments of footwear in Boston exceed those of previous years. The textile market is also-strong. The railway earnings for the first week of April were \$1. per cent larger than last year, in an Macch exports of farm staples were valued at \$40.750,000, an increase of \$2.30,000 as compared with the corresponding period last year, when the movement was exceptionally heavy. Structural shapes and steel rails continue the prominent feature of the iron and steel industry.

Canadian milis are getting much business from the transcontinental lines, because American rail milis cannot make the desired deliveries. Failures this week numbered 193 in the United States, against 24 last week.

Bad roads are a source of complaint in Stringency in the money market has

desired deliveries. Failures this against 214 last week.

Bad roads are a source of complaint in eastern Canada but in the Northwest and west and in new Ontario the demand is active. Even with weather drawbacks, the eastern trade is of good volume. Heavy rains have helped fail wheat and reports are that crops have come through the winter well, despite the lack of snow.

There is a rather better appearance to collections. Montreal reports city collections better.—Canned tomatoes are still in demand for export to the United States. Butter is easier, but cheese is firm. The rush to mining sections in northern Ontario helps Toronto trade and building is active throughout the province. Hides and skins are advancing, hardware is active and ry goods and milinery self well.

Winnipes reports a good reorder business, goods and building material self free. Collections are improving in British Columbia, the lumber mills are behind on orders for lumber and shingles.

Failures for the week number 15, as againg 17 last week and 21 in this week a year ago.

The following are the weekly bank clearings as compiled by Bradstreet's for

the following are the clearings as compiled by Brad	street	s 1
the week ending April 12.		De
Montreal \$28,088,196	- I detect	
Toronto 22,150,612	47.2	
Winnipeg 3,312,321	20.0	1.0
1.645,042		
Vancouver 2,293,709	66.1	100

1,553,175 1,295,005 1,044,234 1,076,476 894,176 NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

Nominal Session Held Upon the Good Friday Holiday. New York, April 13.-Today's stock narket was not much more than nominal. The attendance was small and th

dealings were left in the hands of hab-itual traders. The exchanges for other commodities were all closed, as were the foreign stock markets. The hold-ing of the session was designed, in fact, almost exclusively to arange outstanddence, that tomorrow's bank statement would show the deficit in the reserve be-

low the legal requirements made up.

This was the ground underlying the firm tone in the stock market. Special trength in one or two of the prominent idividual stocks helped to sustain the market. Amalgamated copper rose on reiterated rumors of an intended dividend increase. Money on call was steady, the highest being six per cent; lowest 4, ruling 5 to 5½; last loan 4; closing bid 4, offered at 4½. Time loans were easer: 60 days, 40 days and six months at per cent.

REFORMING ITS FINANCE New York, April 13.-It was reporte today that a proposal to establish a bank with a capital of \$50,000,000, for the purpose of regulating money and exchange rates during times of financial stringency, such as that recently experienced in Wall street is in consideration by insuch as that recently expe terests connected with the stock exchange and by the National bank of this city.

FRENCH STRIKERS

Paris, April 13—The attitude of Franc towards Venezuela has not changed in consequence of general Castro's retire-ment. The French government is determined to await a propitious moment to seek satisfaction for the manner in which Castro treated the French Cable company and M. Taigny, the former charge

Reassuring Reports Come From Observatory on the Volcano

Cessation of Eruption is Predicted Within Next Few-Days-Flow of Lava ilas Now Almost Entirely Stopped

Naples, April 13.—No better evidence of the improved condition of affairs in the section affected by the eruption of Mount Vesuvius can be presented than the following telegram from director Matteucci, sent this evening from the observatory on the mountain.

Matteucci, sent this evening from the observatory on the mountain.

"Last night and today the activity of Vesuvius and the agitation at the surface of the volcano have sensibly diminished. Electric discharges ceased today and the lava discharged was less abundant. From the presumed formation of the crater and from other indications, and from the news coming to me, if true, of the cessation of the lava flow at Bosco Reale, I predict, with reserve, that in two or three days volcanic calm will reign."

The publication of this reassuring des-

two or three days volcanic ealm will reign."

The publication of this reassuring despatch has brought joy to the people and tonight's Good Friday services at the churches, which were attended by large congregations, took the form of fervent thanksgiving, for danger past. Conditions at Naples were so much better today that the people were almost incredulous of the tales of terror told by those who had escaped from the towns, villages and country farther within the zone of devastation. The weather was fine and the wind had shifted so that the clouds of ashes from the volcano, instead of reaching Naples, were carried in the direction of Caserta. The apprehensions of the populace gave way to a smiling confidence, displaying the reflexion of the terror which had prevailed for the past week.

But in other quarters there is no escaping from evidences of the volcano's fury. The work of salvage is one of great cost of money as well as of danger and ardivousness to those engaged in it.

great cost of money as well as of danger and arduousness to those engaged in it. Many of the bodies are merely shapeless, unrecognizable masses of flesh and bones, while others are but little disfigured. As quickly as possible they are buried in quicklime, to lessen as far as may be, the danger of an epidemic. None but those engaged in the work of recovering the corpses are permitted in the vicinity.

vicinity.

After the last great eruption in 1872
the land covered by cinders did not produce crops for seven years and the losses in this respect alone averaged \$20,000,000 yearly. It is believed it will take ten years to bring the land under cultiva-tion again. The people enthusiastically greeted the sailors of the French squadron when they landed. The duke of Abruzzi arrived here today in his motor car. He had passed through the ash belt and was hardly recognizable, being covered with ashes and ciders.

inal. The attendance was small and the dealings were left in the hands of habitual traders. The exchanges for other commodities were all closed, as were the foreign stock markets. The holding of the session was designed, in fact, almost exclusively to arange outstanding call loans, which were carried over rumblings come from the bowles of the ing call loans, which were carried over until Monday. The fear of attempts to arrange loans yesterday to carry over until Monday, which would have been necessary in the event of observing the dood Friday holiday today was what prompted the opening of the exchange for trading today. The arrangement of loans was concluded at an early hour this morning and was followed by the departure of many brokers, leaving the market in a condition of practical stagnation. The easier tone of the money market gave rise to a feeling of confidence, that tomorrow's bank statement Today not the slightest outline is vi ble of the crater crest or foothills, all being swallowed up in a dense black pall.

being swallowed up in a dense black pat.
There is the same obscurity tonight unrelieved by flashes or reflected light such
as seen during quieter periods. Vesuvius quiescent is picturesquely grand,
but active or smoldering it is terrible
only in its blackness and obscurity.

The Associated Press correspondent

travelled today in the belt over which ashes continue to fall. This lies to the north of Naples as the wind now car-ries the discharge away from the city. At Rome there was sunshine, but twenty miles south a veil of smoke made nearby mountains dimly visible, their snow peaks soiled and sooty. The zone of semi-obscurity began 25 miles above

Naples.

There was an uncanny phenomenon.
The sun, though shining, was invisible, its light seemed to come through smoked glass, shedding a sickly glare upon whitened vegetation. Everything was covered with a thin white powder. The locomotives were coated as though they had ploughed through tar. Pretty white villas were daubed and dripping with mud and the people were busy on the roofs shovelling off the ashes. The guards at the stations resembler millers their clothing covered with simphite powder. The campagna presents the appearance of a Dakota prairie after a bitzzard, except that everything is gray instead of white. The ashes lie in drifts knee deep. Villas, trees, and churches ened vegetation. Everything was cov-

have been beaten with mud on the sides exposed to the volcanic storm. Several miles north of Naples the train enters a waste. The railway telegraph poles become invisible twenty feet away. The train moves with extreme caution to avoid collision. Breathing is difficult, and the smoke makes the eyes water. This obscurity lasts until a short distance north of Naples, where the sky clears and normal conditions are re-

FINE AND IMPRISONMENT

FORMIDABLE SENTENCES

BUT THREE YEARS' CONFINEMENT WILL COVER IT ALL.

Savanah, April 13.—Benjamin D. Greene and John F. Gaynor were sentenced today to serve four years in prison and to pay each a fine of \$575,794.90, the amount they are charged with having embezzled. Upon one indictment the sentence was two years and upon each of the other indictments four years, but the court directed that the sentences be all served concurrently, which reduced the term to four years, with the allowance of three months off each year for good behaviour.

The fine need not be paid if on completing the sentence the prisoners make affidavit that they are not possessed of more than \$20. In lieu of paying the fine they then may serve 30 days longer. Savanah, April 13.—Benjamin D

they then may serve 30 days longer.

Counsel for the prisoners announced that an appeal will be taken. An order of court grants ten days for the filing of a bill of exceptions upon which a motion for a new trial will be presented.

NOVA SCOTIA'S SURPLUS.

Year's Revenue Was Largest in the History of the Province. History of the Province.

Halifax, April 13.—Premier Murray has presented to the legislature the annual statement of the finances of Nova Scotia, making one of the best budgets presented in recent years. The total revenue for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1905, was the largest in the history of the province, amounting to \$1,324531. The largest item of revenue was that of royalties from coal and other minerals totalling \$613,811. Next came the subsidy from the tederal government the amount of \$432,805, and from the succession duties was derived \$50,388.

The total expenditures on revenue account was \$1,363,708, leaving a surplus on the year's tranactions of \$20,822. Since 1898, when Mr. Murray became premier, every year has shown a surplus total for the past eight years amounting to 282,432 or an average yearly surplus of \$30,304.

HOPPE AGAIN VICTOR.

Progress of Championship Billiard Tournament at New York.

New York, April 13.—Willie Hoppe, the young American expert, who holds the world's championship title at 18-1 billiards, defeated Morningsiar in the afternoon game today in the championship series by 500 to 207. The game was misshed in the 28th innings. Hoppe played in masterly fashion all the way through. His best run was 105 in the 12th innings, during which he resorted to every known shot in balk-line billiards. Neither man scored in the opening attempts but Hoppe got the balls rolling nicely in the second innings which was productive of 93 points.

Morningstar did not play as well as in his previous games this week, but some New York, April 13.-Willie Hoppe, games this week, of his work was very clever. His best effort resulted in a run of 37 in the ninth innings. Hoppe's average, 19 6-26; high runs 105, 93, 52, 50. Morningstar's aver-age was 7 25-26; high runs, 37, 25, 22, 22.

POLISH RELIGIOUS SCHISM

Fatal Rioting Between Mariavites and Roman Catholics

London, April 14.—The correspondent of the Chronice at Warsaw reports that the conflict between the Mariavite sect and the Roman Catholics is increasing in intensity. A pitched battle, in which 3000 persons participated, occurred on Friday in the environs of Warsaw resulting in two Roman Catholics being killed and 30 wounded. Grave fears are entertained of disturbances during the Easter feast. The pope the correspond-Easter feast. The pope the correspond-ent adds, has written to the Polish archishop denouncing the Mariavite priests

OTTAWA NOTES

No Rural Free Delivery in Canada—The New Ross Rifle
Ottawa, April 13—It is learned that the C.P.R. has decided to await the outcome of experiments by the New York Central, and the New York, New Haven & Hartford railway companies before taking steps for the electrification of any part of its

for the electrification of any part of its system.

The time has not arrived when Canada should inaugurate a free rural delivery service. This is the opinion of Messrs. Wm. Smith and George Ross, who were sent by the postmaster general to the United States to look into and report upon the system in operation there. The report of these gentlemen which was tabled recently, states that rural delivery as carried on in the adjoining republic, is operated at an enormous loss and for the year 1804, showed a deficit of \$12.68.57. If the \$6,000 or \$6,000 other services spoken of are put on, the deficit will run from It to 29 million delizers. The cost of rural delivery has risen from \$46,000 in 1891 to an estimated sum for 1906 of \$26.522.900. The experience of the United States, the report says, would not appear to justify the experience of canada.

In conducting experiments in the Coverleid, Quebec, with a new eartridge, ad apted to the Ross rifle some remarkable

results were obtained. A mussie velocity of 2735 feet per second was obtained as compared with a present velocity of 2000 feet per second given by the present service ammunition. The tremendous advantage this new cartridge will give to troops prevoided with it is so great that it is difficult for a fixed sight to be used up to a 700-yard range.

A delegation of postmasters from all over Canada waited on the postmaster general. They asked that their positions be improved asd their salaries increased. Tagy asked for 60 per cent on actual or proper stamp sales up to \$1000 per annum in small country offices; where this will not net the postmaster a remuneration of \$50, that \$50 be fixed as the minimum; that 40 per cent be allowed on stamp sales from \$1000 to \$3000 per annum, and 30 per cent on sales from \$3000 to \$10,000 per annum. They asked that 10 per cent of legitimate postal revenue be allowed for rent, fuel and light. Time before \$ o'clock and after 7 o'clock should be allowed as "night allowance, or overtime allowance"; they saked for a depot of postal stores and supplies at Winnipes for the convenience of the service in the west.

Mr. Lewis, M.P. for Huron, thought the application of the postoffice department surplus should be used to keep Village and rural offices open during the evening for the convenience of tarmers and workingmen.

Hon. Mr. Aylesworth sald he was glad to meet the postmasters and would sonsider the case. It seemed to him he had to decide whether it would be better to increase the pay of postmasters or use the surplus the department was now earning for the improvement of the rural mall routes so as to give more frequent mall service.

DEFINITELY ANNOUNCED

CASTRO WILL RETIRE FROM THE GOVERNMENT.

Caracas, April 10, via Williamstadt, April 13.—General Castro yesterday transferred the presidency of Venezuela to vice president Gomez. In the address which he made on that occasion, general Castro said that his retirement was due to ill health, but he did say whether it to ill health, but he did say whether it was temporary or permanent. It is generally understood, however, that his retirement will last about three months.

During the course of his remarks, general Castro said: "Our present international position is completely defined and cleared up, and leads us to hope that everything will proceed with the utmost harmony on the foundation of mutual respect and consideration for our rights as universally recognized, and that all pending matters will necessarily be settled by some friendly arrangement or by arbitration the last report of civilization. The mancial situation of venezuela cannot be more flattering. It is known in Venezuela and abroad that all Venezuela's engagements are religiusly carried out."

As a result of Castro's retirement the Venezuelan cabinet has retired.

Venezuelan cabinet has retired.

Washington, April 13.—President Cas-Washington, April 13.—President Castro's temporary retirement from the head of the Venezuelan government has no political significance, so far as is known, according to a despatch received by the American state department, from W. W. Russell, the United States minister to Venezuela. Mr. Russell's despatch was dated April 10th, and was sent by ship by way of Williamstadt. Curapatch was dated April 10th, and was sent by ship by way of Williamstadt, Cura-coa, and cabled from that point. The despatch says that president Castro says he is exhausted physically and desires to take a rest. He is going to La Vic-toria, which lies on the line of the rail-road connecting Caracas and Porto Ca-bello.

It has been the custom of president Castro for several years to visit La Vic-toria for several weeks at a time.

RECEIVED AT FORT WILLIAM

Prince Arthur of Connaught on His Tour Through Canada.

Fort William, April 12—Despite the un-favorable condition of weather some 2000 out of the 11,000 citteens of Fort William favorable condition of weather some 2000 out of the II,000 citizens of Fort William, turned out this morning to welcome prince. Arthur of Connaught and a right hearty welcome he received on this, his first visit to the Chicago of the north. The train arrived shortly after 8 o'clock, but not until after 10 o'clock did his royal highness, accompanied by superintendent Winner of the C.P.R., pay a visit to the elevators, where his highness showed a keen interest in the mode of handling grain. He had many questions to ask as to the workings of the different pieces of machinery and the route of the grain from the car to the boat. Upon his return to his car he was met by the mayor and aldermen, and members of the board of trade, who were presented to his highness. The Fort William band, together with the local cadets, were out in full force and their soldierly appearance was commented on by the prince.

PLATT WILL RETIRE

Well Known Senator Finds Politics Has
Had Enough of Him
New York, April 13—The Herald wiss
say tomorrow: "Seated at his desk in his
office in the United States Express company's building, senator Thomas C. Pist,
declared that he would make no effort to
be re-elected to the United States senate
at the expiration of his term in 1999, it
is true, he said, with a touch of sadness
in his tone, that I do not expect to return
to the senate when my present term ends. the senate when my present term ends will have gratified my desire for public ffice by that time. Further than this he senator for New York would make no comment on his intended action."

EXPEL REVOLUTIONARIES

manian Government Yields to Pressur From Russia Roumanian Government Yields to Pressure From Russia.

Bucharest, April 13—Yielding to the repeated demands of the Russian police, the government has desided to expel Mastuschenko, the leader of the mutiny on board the Russian battleship Knias Potenkine, despite the promises to the mutineers at Kustesii. Matuschenko will depart tomorrow. It is stated that the government will expel every Russian evolutionary now visiting relatives in this country.

DEATH OF SIR R. THORBURN St. Johns, Nfid., April 13.—Sir Robert Thorburn, who was premier of New-foundland from 1885 to 1890, died here

Apparent Effort is Made to Placate Chinese Government

Meets With Open Disapproval From British Settlement in Peking -Dangerous Tendencies of Chinese Mob

London, April 14.—The Tribune's correspondent at Peking telegraphs of the feeling in the foreign community that the European and American governments are unwise in weakening their position in the eyes of the Chinese. "Major general Vintries, commander of the British troops in North China, and chief engineer Blair have proceeded to Weihaiwei, ostensibly to disband the Chinese regiments, but really. I have reason to believe to return the harbor and port to China. Even in case of local disturbances the burden of the first defence will fall upon the Americans. The Chinese have a fort on the wall which secretly commands the American position. This would demand capture by a rush but the American garrison is too weak to afford the necessary men. Meanwhile incendiary literature is being spread throughout the country."

TO GET A MILLION.

Dowie's Price For Surrendering His Title of Blijah.

Chicago, April 13.—Peaceful settlem of the strife between John Alexander Dowie and those of his followers who recently rebelled under the leadership of Wilbur Glenn Vollva, is in sight, according to statements made tonight be the legal advisers of both Voliva an the ownership of the property of Ziocity by Voliva to deacon Alex. Grange to be paid and wil lawait further developments."

cision of the court on the validity of Dow is telegraphic revocation of the power of attorney conferred upon Voliva will decide in whom rests the control of

Zion city.

H. V. Barnes, legal adviser of Zion city, said: "Dowie desires to be vindi-cated and reinstated with the full powers cated and reinstated with the full powers attending the First Apostleship of the Christian Catholic church, whereupon he will issue an edict declaring that 95 per cent of the property of Zion city belonged to the church and that 5 per cent belonged to Dowle. This would give to Dowle \$1,000,000 and to the church \$19,000,000. He would then retire."

NO MORE CONCESSIONS

Coal Operators Will Not Give Way to

Coal Operators Will Not Give Way to
The Workers.

Philadelphia, April 13.—There was but
little hope for industrial peace in the
anthracite region today. It is regarded
as settled that the mine operators have
gone as far as they will go. Following
was the word which came over the telephone to Scranton from New York today from an important official of one of
the largest coal companies to the telethe largest coal companies, to the local office there: "There will be no more concessions, there will not one jot be conceded by the operators. That is settled. There will be no more counter propositions, just a simple refusal to consider the miners' latest propositions." The D. L. & W. claims to be minimal one-sixth of its normal output and that in case a strike is declared it will put on enough men to produce one-half its

THE KING IN A COLLISION. London, April 14.—Telegraphing from Cortu, a correspondent of the Standard says: "A carriage in which were king Edward and queen Alexandra, collided with a cart in which were a number of drunken peasants." The royal carriage was not damaged but several of the peasants were injured. The king ordered the doctor of the British flagship to attend them."

ST. LOUIS BUILDERS' STRIKE St. Louis Builders' Strike St. Louis, April 42-Two officers of the Bricklayers' and Stonemasons' international union droe around St. Louis today. Calling off bricklayers from every building job on which the stonemasons employed were not affiliated with the international union. Work, it was reported, stopped on 100 buildings. It is estimated that 2000 men quit work. Officials of the union say they believe they have the better of the situation, and the strike will be over within a week.

MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARS Winnipeg, April 13.—Lawrence Kennedy, who came here several days ago from Glacier, Minn, with several associates, on a land purchasing expedition, has mysteriously disappeared and foul play is suspected. He had a large sum of money on him when last seen.

LAKE NAVIGATION OPENS Fort William, April 13.—Navigation will open from the head of the lakes on Sunday morning when the steamer New Mount will sail with a cargo of grain. The river is clear of fce.