N. W. PARLIAMENT AND PROSPECT
Solid brick grocery store. Must be sold to close an estate. Look it over, then make an offer.
ROBINS, LIMITED.
Kent Building. Adelaide 3200.

The Toronto World

BUNGALOW--BARGAIN
$13,500.
Cherry Gardens, eight fine rooms. Hot-water heating. Hardwood throughout. forty-foot lot. Fixtures, etc., included. Must be sold.
ROBINS, LIMITED.
Kent Building. Adelaide 3200.

PROBS: Winds mostly easterly; unsettled and showery.

TUESDAY MORNING OCTOBER 26 1920

40TH YEAR—ISSUE NO. 14,594 TWO CENTS

PRAIRIE PROVINCES AND NOVA SCOTIA VOTE "BONE DRY"

REMOVE SECRETLY MACSWINEY'S BODY TO AVOID TROUBLE

Probable That Government Will Take This Action to Prevent Demonstrations in England and Ireland—Last Moments in Brixton Prison of Late Lord Mayor.

London, Oct. 25.—Death early today claimed Terence MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, the most prominent of the Irish hunger-strikers, and said to have been the brains of the Republican army in Ireland.

The end was not unexpected, for the lord mayor had been unconscious for several days in Brixton prison, where he was incarcerated. He was entering upon the seventy-fourth day of his hunger-strike as a protest against a sentence of two years' imprisonment on several charges, including one of having in his possession seditious documents.

Only his brother, John MacSwiney, and his private chaplain, Father Dominic, were with the lord mayor when he died. Mrs. MacSwiney and the prisoner's two sisters, Annie and Mary, were at a nearby hotel.

The lord mayor, who was terribly emaciated as a result of his long abstinence from food, for many hours permitted to inform Mrs. MacSwiney. When she received the news she came to the prison, accompanied by her parents and the Misses MacSwiney, and the family group, stoical and dry-eyed, prayed over the body as it lay on the cot.

No Demonstrations.

There were no untoward demonstrations outside Brixton prison after the news of the death of MacSwiney became generally known. A large force of police had been concentrated to put down any disorder that might occur. It was said at the prison that the reason for withholding permission to John MacSwiney to inform other relatives that the mayor was lying was that it was in the prisoner's interests.

Just before MacSwiney died Father Dominic and John MacSwiney knelt

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3).

DEATH ENDS LONG FAST.
Late Patrick MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, who died in Brixton jail yesterday, when entering the 74th day of his hunger strike.

SOLDIERS BURN HOSIERY FACTORY

Reprisals at Bandon Send Terrified Townspeople Into Country.

Dublin, Oct. 25.—More reprisals occurred at Bandon last evening, when men said to be soldiers, burned a large hosiery factory. Hundreds of terrified townspeople again remained thruout the night in the outlying country districts.

A sergeant and two constables were shot dead and three constables wounded this morning when 100 armed men ambushed a police patrol between Grange and Apemlish, County Sligo. There were nine men in the ambushed patrol.

Exciting scenes occurred here today in consequence of numerous military raids thruout the city. Armed soldiers occupied Mansion House and a search followed.

Hotels and private houses were raided and shots were fired. One soldier is reported to have been wounded.

MASS FOR MACSWINEY IN OTTAWA WEDNESDAY

Ottawa, Oct. 25.—High requiem mass for the repose of the soul of Lord Mayor MacSwiney will be held in St. Briget's Church here on Wednesday morning, under the auspices of Thomas Davis, Ottawa branch of Irish Self-Determination League.

MEIGHEN DESIRES HOME INDUSTRIES TO STAY IN CANADA

Opens Western Tour by Tariff Policy Speech—Calder Meets Interruptions.

CRITICISM FOR KING

Winnipeg, Oct. 25.—(By Can. Press.)—A defence of the government's course over the past three years, an attack on what he termed the "political jig dancing" of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King in his present western tour, and a statement on the government's tariff policy, featured the address here tonight of Hon. Arthur Meighen, premier of Canada, in the opening meeting of his tour of the western provinces. He was preceded by Hon. J. A. Calder, who is to accompany the premier on his trip, and who reviewed briefly tonight what he considered some of the outstanding achievements of the government in recent years.

Five thousand people were present when I. Pitblado, K.C., called the meeting held in Convention Hall, Industrial Bureau, to order.

Interrupt Premier.

When the prime minister was half thru his speech there were a number of interruptions. The premier remarked that there were those who said: "The government should go out," but when an election came it would be found—

"That they will go out," some one cried, and there were cheers.

Mr. Meighen phrased his sentence differently, "It will be found," he said, "that like the wolves at night, a few can make an awful noise." Thereupon there were great cheers.

Hon A. J. Calder gave hint in his address that there would be an appeal to the country perhaps earlier than generally expected.

What Tariff Must Be.

"There must be," said Premier Meighen, "such a tariff as will make it pay Canadian industries to remain in Canada, and make it pay industries to grow and to make good within this country. Up to that point, and not beyond that point, the tariff of Canada in any class of goods should go. I ask the people of Winnipeg if you first of all decide that you must take account of the needs of industry and the need of keeping them in this

(Continued on Page 2, Column 1).

FOUR PROVINCES HAVE VOTED TO BAR IMPORTS OF LIQUOR

Manitoba is Definitely in Dry Column, Winnipeg, Which Gave Majority of About Six Thousand Against Measure, Being Conspicuous Exception to the General Trend—Rural Districts Vote Strongly for Complete Prohibition.

Winnipeg, Oct. 25.—Incomplete returns from all over the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta indicate a complete victory for the temperance forces in the referendum taken in the prairie provinces today. In Manitoba the striking figure is the wet majority in the city of Winnipeg, which now totals 6328, but 12 of the county districts will roll up large majorities of around 10,000, and the net result will likely be a majority for the drys of from five to six thousand. The large wet majority in Springfield is accounted for by the big liquor vote in St. Boniface, where 13 polls went wet by a majority of 1164, the drys only having all told 674 votes.

The main thing with all the prohibitionists tonight is that, at last, they have accomplished a "bone-dry" west, so far as the prairies are concerned. In mostly all of the cases it would appear that the full strength of the electorate would not turn out to vote, and thus only about half of the voters exercised the franchise today at the polls.

Approximately 50 per cent. of the whole electorate have voted "yes" on the ballots, which will cause the cessation of the liquor supply of the province from interprovincial houses

How They Voted.

Some of the results follow:

Provencher, No, 780; Yes, 732. MacDonald, No, 1109; Yes, 2103. Neepawa, Yes by 1245 majority. Nelson, Yes by 221 majority. Springfield, No by 400 majority. Selkirk, No, 1003; Yes, 1540. Portage la Prairie, No, 1092; Yes, 2540. Brandon, No, 2047; Yes, 2498. Dauphin, No, 223; Yes, 178. Souris, No, 1412; Yes, 4284. Lisgar, No, 859; Yes, 1927. Marquette, No, 739; Yes, 1283.

Brandon City—Complete gives the wets 29 majority. All the rural places heard from give dry majorities.

Trans-Cona returns, complete, were: Wets, 541; drys, 328.

Portage la Prairie gave a dry majority of 588.

Morden gave dry majority of 113.

Emerson went dry by 24.

NO DOMESTICS ARRIVING

Reports that domestics are arriving in large numbers were denied by Mr. J. A. Miller of the government employment bureau yesterday. No news of such arrivals have reached the bureau nor the hostel on Carlton street, was the statement given.

RESULT IN BRIEF.

Manitoba—"Dry" by 5,000 to 6,000.

Alberta—"Dry" majority about 15,000.

Saskatchewan—"Drys" win by about 8,000.

Nova Scotia—"Drys" win by about 40,000.

NOVA SCOTIA GIVES PROHIBITION FORCES SWEEPING MAJORITY

Indications Point to Lead for "Drys" of About Forty Thousand.

"WETS" CARRY HALIFAX

Halifax, N.S., Oct. 25.—Forty thousand is the estimated majority by which the "drys" won over the "wets" in the vote today on the referendum whether or not the importation of liquor into Nova Scotia will be forbidden. County majorities all the way from six hundred to over six thousand polled up the huge majority which by all indications will eventually be recorded for the victorious "dry" forces. With the exception of Halifax and Dartmouth, no large centres of the province had recorded a "wet" majority. Halifax gave the wets a majority of 1,094, while Dartmouth added thereto 114 and Woodside threw in its lot with the antis by another 216, making a total majority of 1,424 for Halifax and suburbs. Cape Breton county, with such large centres as Sydney, Glace Bay, New Waterford, Sydney Mines, and North Sydney, recorded a majority for the "drys" of over five thousand.

The largest county majority yet given is that of Pictou, which while still incomplete, was 6,000 late tonight.

Rev. H. R. Grant, the leader of the prohibition forces, who is in Pictou, said tonight that the returns showed that there would be a forty thousand majority when all the returns were in. The counties heard from and the majorities they polled were as follows:

Votes by Counties.

Antigonish (incomplete): Dry, 1302; wet, 653; majority of 649 for dry.

Cape Breton (incomplete), majority of 5091 for the drys.

Colchester County, majority of 5635 for dry.

Cumberland, majority of 3600 for dry.

Digby: Dry, 2204; wet, 336; majority of 1868 for dry.

Guysboro reported ten to one for dry.

Hants, 407 majority for dry.

Inverness, 1500 majority for dry.

King's, 4500 majority for dry.

Pictou County, over 6000 dry.

Queen's, 2000 majority for dry.

Shelburne, 2500 majority for dry.

Victoria, 1500 majority for dry.

CYCLIST KNOCKED DOWN AND DRIVER IS ARRESTED

When he was knocked from his bicycle on the Lake Shore road, near Swansea last night, J. Brown, 294 Western avenue, was injured about the head and legs. Arthur Demers, 217 Ontario street, driver of the car, was arrested on a charge of being drunk while in charge of an auto, and David Pilot, 283 Barton, who was with him in the car, was arrested on a charge of drunkenness.

According to the police Demers was driving east on Lake Shore road in the same direction as the cyclist, when in turning out to pass the latter his auto struck him and knocked him to the street. Brown was taken to his home by the driver of the auto that had struck him.

REDUCTION IN WAGES A COUNTER-DEMAND

New York, Oct. 25.—The Merchant Truck Men's Bureau, it was announced here today, will refuse the demands of the teamsters for an increase of 40 per cent. in pay and reduction of daily working hours from nine to eight. The bureau will take action tomorrow night. The reply, it was stated, will be a counter-demand that the teamsters work 10 hours a day and accede to a decrease in wages.

The New York Trucking Company owners yesterday took similar action, demanding that the teamsters work 10 hours for the same pay they now receive for nine.

A Day of Important Events.

The four Canadian provinces that voted yesterday declared, as far as the returns are in, for the prohibition of the importation of liquor.

Rum-running across the Detroit river from the Canadian shore is causing much feeling on both sides of the boundary.

The death of Lord Mayor MacSwiney has widened the feeling and interest over the condition of Ireland; not only in that country, but in Britain, America, Canada. This feeling is further enlarged by the murder of more constables while on duty.

The king of Greece is dead. He may be succeeded by a brother; but it is not likely that his father, Constantine, will come back, notwithstanding his plottings. It may end in a wider Greek republic, with Athens as the centre.

Alberta, According to the Estimates, Will Go Bone Dry by a Vote of About Fifteen Thousand, But in Saskatchewan the Result Is Fairly Close—Regina Goes Wet, But Other Leading Cities Give Dry Majorities.

Edmonton, Alt., Oct. 26.—(Can. Press.)—In Alberta, returns completed at the provincial prohibition headquarters at Edmonton at 10 o'clock indicate that the voters of Alberta have decided by a majority estimated at 15,000 in favor of prohibiting the importation of liquor into the province. Edmonton city has given a majority of 1,300 for the drys. Calgary 1,200, while Medicine Hat has a majority of a hundred. Lethbridge is the only city so far reported to go wet, with a majority of 216. It is asserted that each of the twelve federal constituencies will show a majority ranging fro 1,000 to 1,500 in their favor.

The strongest votes for importation of liquor were recorded in the mining sections of the province and in the French-speaking districts.

Close in Saskatchewan.

Possibly the comparatively narrow vote for temperance in Saskatchewan is one of the surprises of the day, for the province is a stronghold of the drys. The total figure may be about 8,000 of a majority for the temperance reformers for all the province and this, as in the other provinces, has been mostly got in the rural constituencies. The cities totalled dry by rather narrow majorities, and Regina, the capital, is stated to be in the wet column tonight. This may be changed on the official counting.

C. P. R. WILL BUILD LINE TO TIMISKAMING

Signs Agreement With Quebec Government to Construct 54 Miles of Rails.

Quebec, Oct. 25.—Hon. Antonin Galipeault, minister of public works and labor, received this morning a contract signed between the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and the government of the province of Quebec, for the building of 54 miles of railway line in the Timiskaming region, which will open to transportation one of the most fertile sections of the province of Quebec. The contract was signed by Messrs. Beatty, president of the C.P.R., Grant Hall, vice-president and Mactier, second vice-president, while Hon. Antonin Galipeault signed for the provincial government.

EDUCATION IS CURE FOR LIQUOR TRAFFIC, GENERAL BOOTH SAYS

Head of Salvation Army Does Not Think British Strike Warranted.

MINERS HAVE CLAIMS

General Bramwell Booth, head of the Salvation Army, passed thru Toronto last night on his way to Ottawa, where he opens the campaign which will spread thruout the Dominion. The general, who had traveled from England on the Mauretania, told The World that he had had a very rough passage thru being a bad sailor. He was also exceedingly tired and miserable.

Questioned about the strikes in England, General Booth said he was not in favor of strikes, and he was very sorry about the trouble. Concord, he said, was better than discord, but sometimes a little discord made things healthy. Further, he said he thought that the miners had some claim for consideration, but not enough to warrant a strike.

Speaking of prohibition, the general stated that he was out for prohibition, bottle and glass, but he did not consider the present legislation any good when it comes to stopping liquor traffic. "You must educate the people," was the general's remark.

"The Salvation Army," the general stated, "is going ahead and it has become rooted in the life of the people, and is proving itself despite all changing conditions. We interpret religion not merely as the love and service of God, but with the love of our fellowmen. There is no condition of life for which the Salvation Army has not some help for the people, and we are religious in the sense of the word, and in saying that, I mean we are out for Christianity—Christianity with its head screwed on right."

Quite a large crowd of Salvationists were on the platform to meet the general, including Commissioner D. C. Lamb and Col. McMillan, of this city. General Booth will speak in Ottawa tomorrow and proceeds to Montreal on Wednesday, returning to Toronto on Friday.

GREECE LOSES KING THRU MONKEY BITE ALEXANDER IS DEAD

Monarch Succumbs After a Long Fight for Life—Case Had Been Hopeless for Some Time—Question of Succession to Throne Now Arises—Brother Paul Likely Successor.

Athens, Oct. 25.—King Alexander of Greece died this evening at 5.20. His death was due to wounds which he had received in an attack on him by a pet monkey early in October, the king being badly mutilated.

Thruout last night the heart action grew weaker, his general debility became more pronounced and pulmonary symptoms were intense. Breathing at times was most difficult and alarming, and it was announced today the king's condition was hopeless.

The death of King Alexander gives rise to the question of succession to the Greek throne.

Premier Venizelos on Sunday last, expressed himself as confident that Prince Paul, Constantine's third son, would not be prevented from taking the throne by his father, as the latter would learn from the coming elections that there was no prospect for his return.

Both Prince Arthur of Connaught and Prince Charles of Belgium have been mentioned as possible candidates for the Greek Throne. Premier Venizelos has said that foreign candidates were not being concerned. It is probable that the old chamber will be reconvened owing to the king's death to consider what steps are to be taken before the new chamber meets.

Sketch of His Career.

Alexander succeeded to the throne of Greece in June, 1917, when his father, King Constantine, abdicated in response to the demand of France, Great Britain and Russia, the three powers which had guaranteed the constitutional liberties of the Greek people. Alexander was the second son of Constantine, and at the time of his ac-

(Continued on Page 8, Column 6).

KING ALEXANDER,
Ruler of Greece, whose death occurred yesterday from the bite of a monkey.

RENEW CONFERENCE ON MINERS' STRIKE; NOTHING DECIDED

New Proposal Believed to Be Along Lines of Temporary Increase.

PREMIER IS HOPEFUL

London, Oct. 25.—After renewed conferences of the miners' leaders with Mr. Lloyd George and other members of the government today, and prolonged consideration of the government's new offer by the executive of the miners' federation, no definite decision had been taken tonight. The executive will meet tomorrow morning to renew its consideration of the matter.

Both sides continue secretive regarding the nature of the government's proposal, which, however, is believed to be framed along somewhat similar lines as those suggested by Wm. Brace, president of the South Wales Miners' Federation, in the house of commons last week. This was to the effect that the two shillings demanded by the miners should be granted temporarily, pending the creation of a

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3).

Washington State Flooded With Good Canadian Whiskey

Spokane, Wash., Oct. 25.—So plentiful is the supply of "high grade Canadian Whiskey" that the price has been reduced to $7.50 a quart, or only $2.50 a quart above the "pre-prohibition" price, Captain of Detectives Martin J. Burns declared in a newspaper interview today.

He said that altho Canadian whiskey is being received here "by the carload," the police are powerless to stop the traffic.

DRURY MAY TAKE PART IN ELECTION

Will Consider Labor Candidate's Request in North-east Toronto.

Will the Drury government change its mind and enter the fight in North-east Toronto? James Higgins, the soldier-labor candidate, who declares he stands four square to the wind with the administration, saw the premier yesterday and urged him to lend the government's official endorsation to his candidature. He supports its radial railway policy, he says, and in fact gives his unqualified approval to its entire legislation program.

The premier told his visitor that he would bring the request before the members of the cabinet on Friday, when it would be decided whether the government would extend a helping hand or not.

To The World afterwards Mr Drury said that, irrespective of Mr. Higgins' request, the government might take the opportunity, which the by-election afforded, of placing the government's record before the people of the province.

Hon. W. R. Rollo, the minister of labor, who was present at the interview Mr. Higgins had with the premier, was asked regarding what had transpired, and made the illuminating reply: "I don't know anything about it."

RETURN TRUE BILL AGAINST L. HELMER ON MURDER CHARGE

His Trial Will Start at Simcoe Today—Aged Farmer Was Killed.

CASE ATTRACTS CROWD

Simcoe, Ont., Oct. 25—(By Canadian Press).—A true bill of murder against Lorne Helmer, arrested last July, charged with the slaughter of James A. Learn, was presented to the court late this afternoon by the grand jury, who began the examination of the witnesses quite early in the afternoon. A true bill was also brought in against Stanley Carpenter, of Windham, charged with a serious offence against a young girl on August 26. The hearing of the Helmer case will in all probability not begin until late tomorrow morning or after the dinner recess, as a civil case begun this afternoon will require at least two hours to complete. Helmer's baby daughter, about ten weeks old, was in the court room all afternoon and made an exemplary spectator, sleeping for most of the time on her mother's knee.

Case Is An Attraction.

Altho the sessions of the supreme court to be presided over by Mr. Justice Kelly do not open until 1 p.m., as early as 9 o'clock this morning crowds of people interested in the trial of Lorne Helmer were surround-

(Continued on Page 2, Column 6).

MEN'S HIGH CLASS TOP COATS.
The Dineen Co. have just received a shipment of English overcoats from the well-known firm, The Aquascutum, Limited, 100 Regent street, London, W. These coats are so much in demand that their arrival has only to be mentioned. Made of pure wool cloth of the highest grade, and are designed to produce an effect that is distinctive, yet beyond criticism. Made in cheviots, homespuns and fleecy napped cloths. Loose, easy-fitting and roomy. Made with either fixed or detachable fleece linings. Either fall or winter weight. Price, $75.00 to $150.00. For sale at Dineen's, 140 Yonge street, Toronto.

NO IMPORTS OF LIQUOR INTO "DRY" PROVINCES

Federal Government Announces It Will Pass an Order-in-Council Fixing Date After Which Importations of Liquor Will Be Prohibited.

Ottawa, Oct. 25.—(By Canadian Press.)—An order-in-council is to be passed by the Dominion government fixing a date after which importation of liquor into the provinces which went "bone dry" today will be prohibited. Under an amendment to the Canada temperance act, passed last year, it is provided that, after the prohibition of importation is declared to be in force:

(1) No person shall import, send, take or transport into the province concerned any intoxicating liquor.

(2) No person shall, either directly or indirectly, manufacture or sell, or contract or agree to manufacture or sell, any intoxicating liquor to be unlawfully imported, sent, taken or transported into the province.

Transportation Guarded.

3. The carriage or transportation of intoxicating liquor thru the province shall only be by means of a common carrier by water or by railway, and not otherwise, and during the time any intoxicating liquor is being so transported or carried, no person shall open or break or allow to be opened or broken any package or vessel containing such intoxicating liquor or drink, or use or allow to be drunk or used any intoxicating liquor therefrom.

Special Penalties.

For a first offence a penalty is provided of not less than $200 and not more than $1,000 or imprisonment, in default of not less than three and not more than six months. For each subsequent offence, the penalty is imprisonment for not less than six and not more than twelve months. Exception is made in the case of liquor intended for sacramental or medicinal purposes or for manufacturing or commercial purposes, other than manufacture or used as a beverage.

Votes Close an Avenue.

Today's dry votes will close an avenue of liquor traffic opened when the prohibition order-in-council was rescinded last December. The order-in-council was a war measure and passed under the terms of the war measures act. It prohibited both manufacture and importation of intoxicating liquor. With the termination of the order-in-council, however, a resident in "dry" territory could import for his own personal use, but not for sale. Now, all importation into the "bone dry" provinces will be prohibited.

Today's plebiscites were the first to be taken under the legislation of last year.

REFINERS CUT PRICES; LOSSES NOW $14,000,000

Dominion Sugar Company Cuts Its Quotation to Sixteen Cents, But Other Big Refineries Hold Out for Seventeen Cents—Prices Lowered in Toronto Following the Montreal Reduction.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 25.—(By Canadian Press.)—It was announced this afternoon by four sugar refineries—the Canada, Atlantic, St. Lawrence and Acadia—that the price of granulated sugar would be immediately reduced two cents a pound from 19½c to 17.90c, less 5 per cent., which makes the amount received by the refiners for the sugar exactly 17c a pound. This will mean that the retail price of sugar, based on the 2c a pound "spread," as fixed by the defunct board of commerce, should be 19c, possibly less, since sugar has been retailing here at around 20c.

The Dominion Sugar Company, which chiefly handles beet sugar at present, has reduced its price to 16 cents a pound, which further complicates the position and makes the price of granulated sugar less secure.

Estimated $14,000,000 Loss.

It is figured that the Montreal cut in prices will entail a loss to the refiners of about $4,250,000, or a total loss of around $14,000,000 since the big decline in sugar prices started.

All the refiners returned this week from Ottawa. It was stated by Huntley R. Drummond, president of the Canada Sugar Refineries, that while full representations had been made to the government, they had returned to Montreal without having bettered their condition.

Sugar was sold here today at wholesale 16c, retail 18c.

Toronto Prices Lower.

The action of the refiners noted above automatically lowers the price per hundredweight, delivered at Toronto, from $19.71 to $18.11. The present quotation of the Dominion Sugar Company is $16.21, with five per cent. off to the wholesale trade.

It is understood, say leading wholesalers, that an agreement has been reached by which the Dominion Company price will be one dollar per sack lower than the Montreal producers.