

WOMEN AIDING CAUSE BY WORK IN FIELDS

Long Praises Patriotic Efforts to Release Men for War.

MUST HAVE SOLDIERS

Britons Are Slow to Realize Country's Needs, Says Mr. Long.

LONDON, March 6.—"Britons are coming slowly to a realization of the country's needs," declared Walter Hume Long, president of the local government board, in addressing the inaugural of the Women's National Land Service Corps, which intends to undertake agricultural work during the absence at the front or in the government employ of the men of the British Isles.

Mr. Long declared that the government required co-operation of all classes and heartily approved of the women's movement which, he said, meant that women would now take even a larger share in the defence of the country.

Women as Agriculturists. "We want soldiers," said Mr. Long. "The government means to have sufficient soldiers, and we are getting them. But we also want to keep the land cultivated and obtain a maximum output, so that we may assist our overseas trade and our imperial position. There is a wide field open for women's activities. Women have proved themselves capable of work which, before the war, they were thought unfitted to perform, and it is the farmer's patriotic duty not to employ a single man who can be spared for a more important occupation."

The government has announced its intention to employ a corps for the purpose of training women in agricultural pursuits.

MANITOBA WOMEN VOLUNTEER.

WINNIPEG, March 6.—Women are now offering to take the place of men on Manitoba farms. The provincial department of agriculture has received a number of letters from women residents of Winnipeg, in which the women declare their willingness to help in seeding operations if the farmers are unable to obtain men for such work.

A CHANCE FOR THOSE GOING WEST.

Homeseekers' Excursions, C. P. R. Homeseekers' Excursions to Western Canada at low fares, via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday until October 31st, inclusive. Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Agent, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

MILITARY MEN AT THE SECOND MARDI GRAS

Old-Time Carnival at Carls-Rite Well Attended Last Night.

Undaunted by the stormy weather, nearly 250 people attended the second night of the Mardi Gras at the Carls-Rite Hotel and the evening was as enjoyable, if not better, than on Saturday night. The spacious dining-room was again crowded to capacity and a large number of military men were present, including Lieut.-Col. Herbert Lennox of the Irish Fusiliers and a number of his staff.

The program was similar to that provided on Saturday and the crowd of merry makers were busy with serpentine contests and balloons until late in the evening.

TECHNICAL PATRIOTIC CLUB.

Returns from the successful concert given under the auspices of the Technical Patriotic Club will go to purchase material for comforts for overseas soldiers, who have gone from the school.

Official War Statements

French.

The French afternoon statement said: "In the Argonne we have bombarded different sections of the forest of Cheppy and the Malancourt-Avoourt road. From the region to the north of Verdun the night passed without any infantry action. The artillery action continued violently on the left bank of the Meuse and intermittently in the sector to the west of Douaumont and in the Woëvre. Our batteries have actively bombarded the communications of the enemy. The night was calm on the rest of the front."

The following French official statement was issued by the war office last night: "In Champagne, the Germans delivered an attack, accompanied by jets of liquid flame, on our positions between Mont Tatu and Malancourt. The attack was repulsed by our troops. The enemy was not able to set out from his trenches. To the left, in the region of the Malancourt-Champagne, he succeeded in penetrating a small advanced section."

"In the Argonne, we exploded in the region of Courtes Chaussees a mine which destroyed a German post and caused a vast crater. The south edge of this mine was the crater. The south edge of this mine was the crater. The south edge of this mine was the crater."

"Between Haute Chevauchée and Hill 285, after having exploded two mines, the enemy, by reason of the explosion, was able to gain a foothold at several points in our front line. An engagement ensued, in the course of which we drove our adversary out of our trench, and we occupy one side of the crater. Our artillery has been very active in the whole of this sector."

"West of the Meuse, after a violent bombardment, which lasted the whole morning, the enemy, by reason of the explosion, was able to gain a foothold at several points in our front line. An engagement ensued, in the course of which we drove our adversary out of our trench, and we occupy one side of the crater. Our artillery has been very active in the whole of this sector."

"East of the Meuse there has been an intermittent artillery action. In the Woëvre, an intense bombardment has occurred. The enemy, by reason of the explosion, was able to gain a foothold at several points in our front line. An engagement ensued, in the course of which we drove our adversary out of our trench, and we occupy one side of the crater. Our artillery has been very active in the whole of this sector."

"The Belgian communication reads: 'There has been the usual artillery action on the Belgian front. Our batteries have silenced German bomb-throwers.'"

Italian.

"There is nothing of particular importance to report from any part of the front," says the official communication issued by the Italian war office yesterday.

Russian.

The Russian war office communication issued yesterday says: "Western (Russian) front: Our artillery has demolished a portion of the enemy's trenches southward from Lake Babbitt on the Riga sector."

"Eastward from Friedlandstadt we are able to confirm the success of our artillery fire on German working parties. German scouting parties approaching the Russian lines have been repulsed. The Russian front line has been extended in the direction of the Dvinsk position near Iloukai."

"Caucasus front: Our troops landed under the cover of an intense supporting fire from the fleet and occupied on the night of March 4 the town of Adina, on the Black Sea coast, to the east of Trebizond. Deploying rapidly southwards, they forced the Turks to evacuate their positions."

"In the course of the action we took as prisoners two officers and 280 men and captured two guns and a quantity of artillery, ammunition, cartridges and rifles."

"Detachments of our troops, continuing the pursuit, occupied the village of Maprava, midway between Adina and Rika, the morning of the fifth."

British.

The British official communication issued last night says: "Last night we sprang a mine to the northeast of Vermelles. Today the enemy sprang a mine near the Hohenzollern redoubt, but no attack followed. We suffered no casualties."

"Artillery on both sides has been active about Albert, Hulluch and Ypres."

German.

"Western front: Lively mining duels occurred northeast of Vermelles. British infantry, which delivered minor attacks on several occasions in this neighborhood, was repulsed by our fire."

"On the eastern bank of the Meuse the day passed more quietly than previous days. Nevertheless we captured yesterday and the day before, during minor engagements, 14 officers and 284 men."

"Eastern and Balkan fronts: There is nothing to report."

Austrian.

The Austrian official statement of yesterday says: "On the Italian front activity has been almost completely checked by extraordinarily heavy rainfalls and snowfalls in the mountains."

HYDRO OFFICIAL REPLIES TO TORONTO ELECTRIC

Declares Figures Quoted in Advertisements by Company Are Unfair.

PRICE OF STREET LIGHTING

Says Only Correct Rate From Any Service Is Average Actually Obtained.

A prominent official of the Toronto Hydro-Electric Commission gave the World yesterday a statement of figures that he said was a direct answer to the attacks being made up his system by the Toronto Electric Light Co. regarding the price of street lighting in Toronto. The statement given out reads:

"The figures quoted by the T.E.L. Company's advertisements are unfair and grossly so. To begin with they take a figure for the price of street lighting which is somewhere near the figure obtained two years ago and before the rate reduction came into force."

"This they compare with a 1916 rate, or rather with only one component item of a whole rate."

"The figure they give is 3c per k.w. hour for the price of street lighting. This is the case of residence service. In order to get this rate of 3c per k.w. hour a customer has to pay a floor area charge, also use a number of k.w. hours at 1.5c (double the 3c rate), and be beyond the additional charge can be used at the 3c rate provided he takes account of the prompt payment discount."

"The only correct rate from any service is the rate of 1c per k.w. hour. This is the case of residence service. In order to get this rate of 1c per k.w. hour a customer has to pay a floor area charge, also use a number of k.w. hours at 1.5c (double the 3c rate), and be beyond the additional charge can be used at the 3c rate provided he takes account of the prompt payment discount."

"This price also includes patrolling all lights and the whole cost of fittings, fixtures and their maintenance, etc. A little more than 4c per k.w. hour is the actual figure actually paid to Hydro-Electric for the street lighting in 1915 was 1.8c (a little over 1.5c per k.w. hour)."

"The T.E.L. say free lamps are worth 1.4c or 1.5c per k.w. hour. This is what they charge now. Deduct this from 1.8c and you get 1.4c or 1.5c per k.w. hour. This price also includes patrolling all lights and the whole cost of fittings, fixtures and their maintenance, etc. A little more than 4c per k.w. hour is the actual figure actually paid to Hydro-Electric for the street lighting in 1915 was 1.8c (a little over 1.5c per k.w. hour)."

"Another comparison recently introduced is the 1c per k.w. hour rate. This is the case of residence service. In order to get this rate of 1c per k.w. hour a customer has to pay a floor area charge, also use a number of k.w. hours at 1.5c (double the 3c rate), and be beyond the additional charge can be used at the 3c rate provided he takes account of the prompt payment discount."

LIEUT.-COL. SIMPSON MAY SPEEDILY RETURN

WINNIPEG, March 6.—Lieut.-Col. R. M. Simpson, under arrest in England on charges of complicity in the Manitoba parliament building frauds, may come back to Winnipeg "under military orders." His counsel have been negotiating with the representatives of the crown to this end. If the pending arrangements go thru he will sail on April 1, according to private advices received here.

MAGAZINE COLLECTION FOR OVERSEAS SOLDIERS TO BE MADE SATURDAY.

The effort of the military department of the Y.M.C.A. to secure another cartload of reading matter to help relieve the strain and monotony of camp and trench life, its meeting with splendid response, not only from the citizens of Toronto, but from out of town points as well.

Orders will be received over the phone until Thursday noon and if you have any magazines suitable for men, please your name and address and they will be called for next Saturday. Use phones: Motor 260, Main 2537, North 1545 and North 123.

GOOD CLEAN COAL \$7.50 a Ton

Who is Your Coal Dealer?

Select him with the same care that you would your grocer or your physician. You want one that you can place your confidence in and depend on. Every load of coal leaving our yards is accurately weighed and checked up twice. We guarantee absolutely correct weights.

\$7.50 a ton

—because we own our own mines. CONNELL ANTRACITE MINING CO., LTD. QUEEN AND SPADINA.

JACQUES BUREAU NOT ADMIRER OF TORONTO

M. P. for Three Rivers Resents Criticism of Treatment of Hydro Delegation.

OTTAWA, March 6.—Jacques Bureau, Liberal M.P. for Three Rivers, protested in the house this afternoon against the publication in a Toronto paper of an interview in which a member of the hydro delegation which visited Ottawa last week severely criticized the attitude of a majority of the railway committee members. Mr. Bureau said that as the statement came from Toronto, he would "treat it with the contempt it deserved."

Dealing with the remark credited to Capt. Tom Wallace, M.P. for Centre York, that French-Canadian members of the hydro delegation were "parochial" in their views, Mr. Bureau said: "I want to say right now that this statement is absolutely unfounded, unjustified and unworthy of any member occupying a place in the Canadian Parliament. Let me say, Mr. Speaker, that French-Canadian members of the hydro delegation are not parochial in their views or any sect. I feel very strongly on the subject, but I leave it to sensible people to judge these contemptible remarks, as they deserve, smothering, as they do, from a narrow mind."

FOR TREATING STIFF LIMBS.

The members of the Toronto Teachers' Association have just fitted up the gymnasium at the Convalescent Home, College street, with appliances for the proper treatment of stiff limbs. A party of teachers, with their friends, will visit the home on Wednesday at 5 p.m., to view their gifts.

If Foods were placed in order of merit, you would place Benger's Food first.

because it is retained when all other foods are rejected. Although Benger's Food, when prepared, contains all the nutritive elements necessary to sustain life in full vigour, it is so easily digested that the weakest infant or invalid may be fed upon it when other foods fail.

Benger's Food forms, with milk, a delicious food cream most highly nourishing and quite free from rough particles which irritate delicate stomachs. Infants thrive on it.

BENGER'S Food

For INFANTS, INVALIDS and the AGED

is obtainable from all Stores, Grocers, etc., in sealed tins price 6c. and 12c.

A sample with descriptive booklet sent free from—

BENGER'S FOOD, Ltd., Manchester, Eng., or from their Wholesale Agents in Canada—The National Milk & Chemical Co., Ltd., Montreal, or their branches at:

Halifax, N.S. Toronto, Ont. Calgary, Alta. St. John, N.S. Hamilton, Ont. Nelson, B.C. Sydney, N.S. Vancouver, B.C. The City, B.C. Regina, Sask.

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RESPA CONFESSES

(Continued From Page 1.)

p.m. I came to Ford City and went to the Tate Electric factory, and was talking to Wm. Leffer.

Q.—Why did you go to the Tate Electric factory on June 12, 1915?

A.—To get two suitcases from Wm. Leffer.

Q.—Did you get the two suitcases on June 12, 1915?

A.—Yes, I got the two suitcases on June 12, 1915.

Q.—Where did you go after leaving the Tate Electric factory on June 12, 1915?

A.—Somewhere went wrong and I went back to Detroit.

Q.—What went wrong? A.—The wires crossed and there was a short circuit and I was afraid of being blown up, as the powder used to explode the cap exploded when I connected the wires and batteries.

Q.—Who put the dynamite in the suitcases on June 12, 1915? A.—William Leffer had the suitcases packed with dynamite and I took the dynamite out and repacked them.

Q.—When did you next go to the Tate Electric factory? A.—On Sunday, June 20, about 3 p.m.

Q.—Who was at the factory when you arrived there on June 20, 1915? A.—William Leffer.

Q.—Did you get the suitcases on June 20, 1915? A.—Yes, I got the suitcases on June 20, 1915.

Q.—Where did you go after the suitcases were ready? A.—I left the factory by the side door, walked down to Sandwich street and went toward Windsor.

Q.—Where did you place the suitcases? A.—I placed the suitcases in the rear of the armories in Windsor.

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