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VOL. XXXV.—No. 12,602

ITALIAN CABINET RESIGNED

French Capture Neuville St. Vaast and Advance North of Arras

PRESIDENT WILSON'S NOTE OF PROTEST SENT TO GERMANY

WILSON'S NOTE ON VIOLATIONS HAS BEEN SENT

Official Protest by the United States Reached Berlin Today.

NO CRISIS EXPECTED

Germany Probably Will Find a Way Out of the Difficulty.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The United States sent to Germany today a note protesting against the sinking of the Lusitania with the loss of more than 100 American lives, and other violations of American rights on the high seas.

A copy of the note was delivered to Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, tonight, by the state department, and copies were similarly cabled to the American ambassadors at London, Paris and Petrograd for their own information.

Duplication of the text was arranged for by Secretary Bryan, who announced that the document was to be released for use in editions of morning newspapers reaching the American public not earlier than 5 a.m. Friday. Special restrictions were imposed on foreign correspondents, who were not permitted to cable it until the same hour that it reached the people of the United States. The purpose of these arrangements, it was explained at the state department, was to prevent diplomatic embarrassment such as might arise if the text reached the British or French Governments through publication in foreign newspapers before it actually had reached the German Government.

No Crisis Expected. Although the German embassy announced in a statement that it had no information as to the reply the German Government would make to the American note, tension over the situation was diminished somewhat in American quarters because of the belief that Germany would be preserving friendly relations with the United States, probably would find some way of meeting the American Government's position without developing a crisis. It was admitted by well-informed diplomats that this was the hope of German officials here, although on account of difficulties in communication they professed to be uninformed as to the views of the German Government.

Count von Bernstorff took occasion to communicate to the state department a formal denial of published reports that the embassy here had intimated that Germany would in answer refuse to comply with the requests of the United States.

Another German Could Not Hold His Tongue. Ernest Baker expressed the opinion that the Huns would take Canada shortly.

Still another German was interned yesterday for airing seditious views on the war. Ernest Baker was arrested by Detective Maurer and taken before the registrar and interned at Stanley Barracks. Baker expressed his belief that the German eagle would be the national emblem of Canada before the Germans got thru with the allies.

George Reilly, storekeeper at 830 College street, who lives at 187 Concord avenue, was run down and seriously injured at the corner of Dovercourt road and the corner of W. R. Bohme, 123 Delaware avenue. Bohme first took him to a nearby physician and then removed him to the hospital, where it is feared he suffered serious internal injuries.

APPEAL TO RELATIVES.

LONDON, May 14.—(2.30 a.m.)—West Front. The American consul at Cork has appealed to the embassy here to send friends of persons still missing from the Lusitania disaster to cable immediately to the American consulate at Cork descriptions of those individuals, in order that the work of identification may be expedited.

An Eventful Week

Within a week we have seen the destruction of the Lusitania by a German submarine; the estrangement of Germany and the United States as a consequence thereof; the renewal of the attack on the Dardanelles by the allied fleet; enormous engagements under way on both the western and eastern battlefronts; and Italy at the final stage of declaring war on Austria and Germany; also Japan and China on the verge of conflict. Never were there such far-reaching events crowded in a single week. And yet we're all got used to them—that they're all part of the day's work.

Can Stand Any Shock Now

More than that we've taken in a sort of stolid way the loss of nearly two hundred Canadians on the Lusitania, and of a thousand more in the great battle three weeks ago at Ypres in Flanders. Nothing can greatly upset us now. And yet we're all got used to them—that they're all part of the day's work.

Great Changes

National debts are being piled up in stupendous figures; and yet the net result is likely to be a wonderful revival of business after the war. There has been surprising readjustments, but on new and different lines. The world is being made over again. England, the mother country, will emerge an absolutely new country. So will Germany, if she emerges at all. The United States must find itself afresh. The Canada of 1916 will be so different from the Canada of 1914!

The New War—Civilization Against Savagery

The civilization that we know cannot survive alongside of the new warfare perfected by all the discoveries of science and put in the hands of a race of devils. War must go if civilization is to live. Civilization must go if the new warfare is allowed.

War hereafter is not to be between nations, but between humanity and savagery. And the Kaiser is at the head of the horde that seek to throw things back two thousand years.

Men must now ask themselves not as to their race and nationality, but whether they are civilized or savage, and they must align accordingly. The United States finds itself face to face with this interrogation. That country has many Germans who would side with savagery.

The world is being absolutely revolutionized in a single year by this new phase of conflict. We are nearer barbarism at this moment than we ever were in centuries.

Civilization Will Be Saved. But it will not be by races or blood ties, but by faith in moral principles, faith in humanity, in civilization. To save humanity all the world is going to turn in and beat Germany, not because she is German, but because she is savage, and there is only one law for the brute, and that is castigation or extermination. In less than a year mankind is being forced to think that civilization is to be saved by the destruction of Germany. And Germany has by her own madness forced this belief on the rest of us. The most highly educated nation has run amuck. Why?

BRITISH TROOPS FIGHT WITH RENEWED VIGOR

News of the Sinking of the Lusitania Has Aroused Intense Indignation.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. LONDON, May 13.—Officers arriving from France tell that the British troops, infuriated over the Lusitania disaster, are fighting with greater vigor and more fiercely than ever before. The news spread quickly thru the army, arousing the intensest indignation.

Two Steel Steamers Sunk In Collision on Lake Huron

F. M. Osborne and Valcartier Crashed Together During Fog, and Went Down in Shallow Water—No Lives Were Lost.

BRITAIN'S STEPS AGAINST ALIENS SATISFY PUBLIC

Pledge to Deport or Intern Has Apparently Checked Rioting.

OFFENDERS PENALIZED

Naturalized Germans, Austrians and Turks Eager to Sign Declarations.

LONDON, May 13.—The statement of Premier Asquith in the house of commons today that all aliens of enemy countries of military age would be interned, and that this applied to those naturalized, against whom there was any suspicion, and that the others would be repatriated, has satisfied those persons who were agitating for some drastic action.

As a result the riots in London and provincial towns have largely subsided. Such rioting as did take place today and tonight was carried on by mobs of boys, girls and women, who were out for fun or bent on looting German shops, while men stood by laughing, or encouraging their youthful imitators. The police, strongly reinforced by special constables, were better able to handle the situation today.

Rioters Punished. Following the wild scenes of yesterday and last night, some 500 or more active participants in attacks on German shops appeared in the police court of London today, and the magistrates read them severe lectures and imposed heavy penalties in most cases. Some of the more culpable were sentenced to jail terms at hard labor, the sentence ranging from a month to four months. Others, chiefly women, were fined. When men of military age appeared before the magistrates (Continued on Page 2, Column 4).

KING OF GREECE HAS ATTACK OF PLEURISY

Monarch Unable to Attend to State Business for Some Time.

LONDON, May 14, 2.40 a.m.—The cold from which King Constantine has been suffering for the past week has turned into pleurisy, says Reuters Athens correspondent. The king consequently will be unable to attend to state business for some time. The doctors held a consultation concerning his condition Thursday night.

ARCHANGEL HARBOR FOR GOVERNMENT PURPOSES

Access to Port Now Possible, But No Private Cargoes Will Be Handled.

PETROGRAD, May 13.—Although the ice in Archangel harbor has broken up and access to this port from the sea is now possible, no private cargoes will be handled there in the immediate future. The minister of commerce announced today that all the facilities of the port would be required for government purposes, and that until further notice no other traffic could be accommodated.

LONDON, May 13.—The prime minister's announcement of intention to repatriate alien enemies came close to the heels of an adoption of a resolution at a gigantic mass meeting in Tower Hill, demanding that the government act against the spread of disease by repatriating enemy aliens. The mass meeting was hastily called, following a renewal of anti-German riots that occurred in nearly every section of London last night.

Strong Resolutions. The following resolution was passed: "The government must take immediate steps to repatriate alien enemies, male or female, wherever their nationality, naturalized or otherwise, is known. This resolution was telegraphed to Premier Asquith.

CONSCRIPTION MAY BE NEAR SAYS HALDANE

Britain Has Plenty of Recruits, But Strain is Tremendous.

IN BATTLE FOR LIVES

Lord Lansdowne Hopes Government is Taking Up Grave Problem.

LONDON, May 13, 6.45 p.m.—Viscount Haldane, lord high chancellor, said in the house of lords today that the government might yet find it advisable to resort to some method of raising troops other than the enlistment of volunteers. In support of the bill to give the government power to control the sale of liquor in districts in which munitions of war are manufactured, which was before the house of lords on second reading, Viscount Haldane said: "We are fighting for our lives."

He added that the opinion had been expressed that until the return of normal conditions the volunteer system would be difficult to depart from, "yet we may find that we have to reconsider the situation in the light of the tremendous necessities wherewith the nation is confronted. We are not race to face with that problem yet."

Lord Lansdowne said the house heard with great satisfaction "the momentous announcement" that the government was prepared to reconsider the grave problem of raising troops in view of the tremendous necessities which confront us. Many members of the house had thought for a long time, he continued, that an announcement of the kind should be made, and they hoped it might be taken as an indication that this very grave problem was engaging the attention of the government.

This appears to confirm the idea prevalent here that while recruiting has been satisfactory, the very heavy fighting which has been taking place in Flanders, where the Germans have for almost a fortnight been attacking the greatest violence the British line, shows that many more men will be required if victory is to be attained.

HOT RESOLUTION SENT TO ASQUITH

Great Mass Meeting at Tower Hill Urged Action Against Aliens.

ACT QUICKLY WARNING

"Intern or Deport Them All" Plea Made to Government.

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DID NOT HAVE SUPPORT OF ENTIRE LOWER HOUSE

French Capture Neuville St. Vaast and Advance North of Arras

STRONG POSITIONS CAPTURED BY FRENCH AROUND CARENCEY WHILE FOE ATTACKS YPRES

British Heavily Shelled But Line Firmly Held

LONDON, May 13.—(2.30 p.m.)—The following official communication was issued this evening: "The fighting east of Ypres still continues. The Germans today have again subjected our line north of the Menin road to a violent artillery bombardment, which in places destroyed some of our trenches, causing temporary readjustments in the line. The line, however, has since been completely re-established. "On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report."

Italian Ministry Resigns After Failure to Secure United Support for War

King Expresses Hope That Unanimous Understanding Will Be Reached, and Has Reserved Decision as to Acceptance of Resignations.

LONDON, May 14, 2.55 a.m.—The Italian cabinet has resigned. "The council of ministers," says Reuters Rome correspondent, "considering that it did not possess the unanimous assent of the constitutional parties regarding its international policy, which the gravity of the situation demands, has decided to hand its resignation to the king. An official note to this effect was issued tonight. "The king has reserved his decision as to whether the resignation will be accepted."

Hope for Settlement. ROME, May 13, via Paris.—At the cabinet meeting held today for the usual bi-weekly signing of decrees, the internal situation was discussed, and King Victor Emmanuel expressed the hope that an understanding would be reached which would make parliament unanimous in the decisions that are to be taken.

The Giornale d'Italia, which represents government opinion, in an article urges concord. It suggests that in his attitude favoring Italy remaining neutral, former Premier Giolitti perhaps went further than he intended to do. The newspaper recalls the phrase of Garibaldi when he landed 55 years ago today in Sicily with his thousand volunteers: "If united, our task will be easy," and calls for unity at the present time.

Botha Will Exact Reprisals

CAPETOWN, May 13.—(Via London)—General Louis Botha has issued a proclamation at Windhoek which says that as the commander of the German forces violated The Hague convention by poisoning wells, General Botha has reserved the right to exact such reprisals as he may deem fitting.

KAISER NO LONGER KNIGHT OF GARTER

Emperor of Austria and Others of Royal Houses Are Struck Off.

KING'S INSTRUCTIONS

Order Was Instituted Nearly Six Hundred Years Ago.

LONDON, May 13, 7.55 p.m.—"The King as sovereign of the Order of the Garter," says an official announcement issued this evening, "has given directions that the following names forthwith be struck off the roll of the knights of the order: "The Emperor of Austria, the German Emperor, the King of Wuerttemberg, the Grand Duke of Hesse, Prince Henry of Prussia, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and the Duke of Cumberland."

The Order of the Garter was constituted by King Edward III. about August, 1348. Since 1831 it has consisted of the British sovereign and 25 knight companions, who were lineal descendants of King George I. and of sovereigns and extra knights who have been admitted by special statutes.

INQUEST ADJOURNED. An inquest was opened yesterday by Coroner Johnson into the death of Reginald Bond, aged 6, of 36 Power street, who was killed on Wednesday by a motor car. After viewing the body the inquest was adjourned until May 15.

RECRUITS JOIN BATTALION. COBBOURG, May 13.—Thirteen more recruits have left here to join the 39th Battalion at Belleville. Lieut. Etcher accompanied them.

General Joffre's Successes. Continue Unbroken in Great Battle North of Arras—Much War Material and Many Germans Captured—British Lines Hold Firm Under Terrific Bombardment.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. LONDON, May 13.—While the Germans continue battering away at the British salient at Ypres and are throwing away a great amount of ammunition and a great number of men in frontal attacks which do not get them anywhere, the French troops, about 30 or 40 miles southward, have been able to report an unbroken stream of successes in their offensive north of Arras, against the southwestern angle of the German lines, capturing many thousand Germans and much war material, occupying Carencey and Ablain St. Nazaire, and taking Hill 135, to the north of the former village, where they found three companies of dead Germans, who had been wiped out by French artillery fire.

Fought Thy Night. On Hill 125 was a wood which was garrisoned by three battalions of Prussians and Bavarians and 1800 pioneers, in all nearly 5000 men, and they had made the wood and the hill a fortress of great strength. The French drove them out in one night's fighting, and took 1050 prisoners. The enemy had suffered severely in previous fighting he put up a tremendous resistance throughout the night, behind a mass of blockhouses, trenches, entanglements and narrow passages, but at daybreak the French were masters of the situation. Hundreds of Germans were killed with the bayonet.

Among the war spoils of Carencey are two heavy guns, one big howitzer, two mortars, a dozen bomb throwers, 3000 rifles and large supplies of shells and cartridges.

After being driven from Carencey in a short but bloody fight, the Germans bombarded the town this afternoon, but gained no result from their cannonade.

Set Fire to Village. The capture of Carencey enabled the French forces to make progress to the north and to capture Ablain St. Nazaire today. Only some houses along the river remained in German hands.

(Continued on Page 5, Column 2).

GENERAL ELECTION IN JUNE NOW IMPOSSIBLE

Acting-Premier Leaves for Holiday—Only Four Cabinet Ministers at Ottawa.

By a Staff Reporter. OTTAWA, May 13.—Hon. C. J. Doherty, Hon. Frank Cochrane, Hon. A. E. Kemp, Hon. W. T. White and Hon. T. W. Crothers are now the only cabinet ministers in town, and there will be no council meeting for several days.

Sir George Foster left today for a short holiday in New Brunswick and General Hughes left for Niagara. It is now impossible to hold a general election in June, which a fortnight ago seemed a certainty. The printing of voters' lists, which was in progress, has been stopped.

Whether or not there will be an election in the fall is unknown. It will depend upon the trend of events, both at home and abroad. Following precedent the government would go to the country next fall, but circumstances may render this inadvisable.

The Outdoor Season. With the advent of the long days and the hundred and one outdoor attractions, the call for a smart cap is heard unmistakably. The choice of styles at Dineen's, 140 Yonge street, will make a strong appeal to men of all ages. There are lightweight caps that are extremely appropriate for summer wear and traveling, motorcycling, golfing, etc. English and American shapes are strongly represented at prices that range up from 15c. If you are thinking of the ever-servicable raincoat, have a look over Dineen's lines.