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LEADING FACTS IN THE

CANADA UNDER FRANCE.—Continued.

PERIODS, AND THEIR SPECIAL FEATURES.	A.D.	EVENTS.
	X 1605	Port Royal (Annapolis), in Acadia, founded by De Monts.
	X 1608	Quebec founded by Champlain , an officer of the "Fur Company."
	1610	Henry Hudson explores Hudson Bay.
	1622	Sir George Calvert (Lord Baltimore) plants the first English colony in Newfoundland.
	1624	Acadia granted to Sir Wm. Alexander, by whom it is named <i>Nova Scotia</i> .
	1627	Cardinal Richelieu forms the Company of "One Hundred Associates," but war with England prevents its acting under its charter. Canada named <i>New France</i> . Champlain made Governor.
	1628	The English capture the ships of the "Company" and take Acadia.
	X 1629	The English take Quebec.
	1632	The <i>Treaty of St. Germain-en-Laye</i> restores Canada to France, and the new trading company enters upon its duties.
	X 1635	Death of Champlain at Quebec.
Indian War 1637 to 1667.	X 1642	<i>Montreal</i> founded under the name of Marianapolis.
	1654	Sir David Kirke founds a second English colony in Newfoundland. New Englanders take Acadia.
	1663	Bishop Laval founds the Quebec Seminary, afterwards Laval University.
Canada made a Crown Colony of France— 1663 to 1760.	1663	The rule of "Fur Companies" ended. The Province taken under " Royal Government ." Introduction of French law (<i>Coutume de Paris</i>).
	1667	The <i>Treaty of Breda</i> restores Acadia to France. (Chap. xv.)
	1670	Charles II. grants "Hudson Bay Company" a charter for two hundred years.
	1672	<i>Cataraqui</i> (Kingston) made a permanent fort.

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