

eastward along the north shore of Lake Huron, from which it runs north-eastward, widening out till it occupies the whole country between Lake Temiscaming and the head waters of the Montreal river, a breadth of one hundred miles. Beyond this, it stretches north-westward across all the branches of the Moose river, northward beyond Lake Abittibi, and north-eastward almost to the southern extremity of Lake Mistassini, a distance of over 600 miles from the outlet of Lake Superior. The Huronian area along the Ground-hog river and Mattagami lake on its course appears to be more or less completely separated from the great area above described. The next important Huronian district lies around Michipicoten at the north-east angle of Lake Superior, running for sixty miles west and twenty miles south of that point, and extending inland to Dog Lake, a distance of forty-five miles. Another large area stretches from the Pic river eastward to Nottamagami Lake, and westward to Nipigon Bay.

"Two extensive belts run eastward from Lake Nipigon, one of which crosses Long Lake. West of Thunder Bay, and stretching to the international boundary line, there is a large area which gives off arms to the north-east and south-west, and several belts and compact and straggling areas occur between this and the Lake-of-the-Woods basin, one of which follows the course of the Seine river. The Lake-of-the-Woods area, which has already been alluded to, occupies the whole breadth of the northern division of that lake.