HOUSE OF COMMONS

Wednesday, December 19, 1984

The House met at 2 p.m.

• (1405)

STATEMENTS PURSUANT TO S.O. 21

[Translation]

SOCIAL SECURITY

UNIVERSALITY OF SOCIAL PROGRAMS—NECESSITY FOR WOMEN TO SUPPORT DEBATE

Mrs. Sheila Finestone (Mount Royal): Mr. Speaker, the universality of social programs is a basic concept that gives women financial protection through family allowances and old age security pensions. However, women are no longer the priority they were during the election campaign, now the Government has started to question the only means by which women are given financial and economic recognition.

Canadian women must act now to pressure the Government to respect their social contract, as they pressured the Government before to include the equality clause in the Constitution.

[English]

Government policy seems headed the wrong way. We should be improving things for women, not taking away. We are retracting instead of moving ahead.

It is vital that the voice of Canadian women be heard. I urge them to participate in this debate now and to call the Prime Minister (Mr. Mulroney) at 2-4211, to send in petitions and to protest the cuts.

Standing State

INDUSTRY

FUTURE OF WINE INDUSTRY

Mr. Joe Reid (St. Catharines): Mr. Speaker, this week I, along with others, had the occasion to hear a presentation made by the Canadian Wine Institute here in Ottawa. In spite of the congeniality of the occasion and the palatability of the fine quality Canadian wines, the evening was marred by a deep and abiding concern.

The good, clear, sparkling wines that we were sampling are facing a cloudy future, and the Government has the ability to lift that cloud. The wine industry in Canada is at an all-time low both in terms of profitability and market share. The decline in Canadian wine sales can be attributed to many

factors, including the heavily subsidized production in Europe, an unfavourable exchange rate, and the flagrant use of wine as barter for Canadian exports. The most significant factors, however, are the federal and provincial taxes levied on the grape and wine industry. All of these factors have led to an untenable situation in which imported wines retail for prices far lower than domestic products.

Growers and wine producers have invested in the future. They have proven that they can produce a quality product. It is within our power to assure them that there is a future that is as clear and bright as the products they produce. Do it, and do it now.

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TOURISM

PORTS OF ENTRY

Mr. John Parry (Kenora-Rainy River): Mr. Speaker, the Government of Canada has voiced a commitment to expanding the tourist industry in Canada and has also appointed Canada's first Minister of State for Tourism (Mr. McMillan). It is my understanding, however, that the Minister of National Revenue (Mr. Beatty) will be closing 19 ports of entry in the coming year, thus affecting tourism in those areas.

[Translation]

I am sure the Government understands that money is needed to support this industry. Considering the number of American tourists coming to Canada, I would urge the Minister of National Revenue to maintain his ports of entry and the Minister of State (Tourism) to support his colleague on this matter.

[English]

Beaudette, Minnesota, is an important aircraft pre-clearing point for tourists coming into the Rainy River area of Ontario. The Customs service provided at Beaudette is slated to be discontinued on January 1, 1985. I call upon the Minister of Employment and Immigration (Miss MacDonald), the Minister of National Revenue, and the Minister of State for Tourism to act immediately, and in concert, to see that this important service is maintained.