

The pathology of pregnancy is considered under eight heads. In the last the disease of the foetus in utero are very fully considered; the effects of la grippe, cholera, diphtheria, typhoid and malarial fever, erysipelas, etc., upon the course of pregnancy, and the influence on the child in utero, and subsequently of malaria, the eruptive diseases, tuberculosis and syphilis, with the diagnosis and treatment of the latter, are fully considered. Intra-uterine strangulations, amputations, fractures and luxations, congenital tumors, deformities, malformations. Both sides of the question of maternal impression are discussed. The writer of the article has yet no very sound views upon the matter, stating in the same paragraphs that it is usually only a coincidence; and a little further on, "exceptionally very profound emotion can and does, in some unknown manner, influence the growth and development of the foetus."

Bidder's disease, Schmidt's, and Müller's are then discussed; then the various affections of the skin; and, finally, the causes of the death of the foetus; some 300 pages are then devoted to labor—its conduct, mechanism, and the various dystocia. A number of fine cuts illustrate the methods in detail of diagnosing the foetal presentation and positions, pelvimetry, the regulating of the birth of the head, repairing of perinæum, etc.

The various causes of dystocia are abundantly illustrated.

The physiology, diagnosis, management and pathology of the puerperium are then considered, then the physiology and pathology of the newborn infant, and finally some 100 pages are devoted to obstetric surgery. The technique of the various operations is made clear by explicit directions and numerous illustrations, rendering this one of the most useful sections of the book.

This is certainly the finest book on Obstetrics ever published, the great abundance of illustrations and the clear descriptive text will enable any student or practitioner without any great effort to master every detail of this important branch of medicine, and we heartily commend it to every reader interested in obstetrics, and wishing to be fully abreast of our present knowledge upon the subject.

The Climate and Baths of Great Britain, being the report of a Committee of the Royal Medical & Chirurgical Society of London: W. M. Ord, M.D., Chairman; A. E. Garrod, M.D., Hon.-Sec. Vol. I. The Climates of the south of England the chief Medicinal springs of Great Britain. Contributors—Robert Barns, M.D.; J. Mitchell Bruce, M.D.; W. Howship Dickinson, M.D.; William Ewart, M.D.; A. E. Garrod, M.D.; W. Lazarus-Barlow, M.D.; Malcolm Morris, F.R.C.S.E.; W. M. Ord, M.D.; F. Rinrose, M.D.; Frederick Roberts, M.D.; I. Syms; Thompson, M.D. Published by MacMillan & Co., London and New York. Agents, The Copp Clark Co., Ltd., Publishers, 9 Front street West, Toronto.

This volume represents the work of the Committee appointed in May 1889, by the Council of the Royal Medical & Chirurgical Society, for the purpose of investigating a question of importance in reference to the Climatology and Balneology of Great Britain and Ireland, in regard to the south of England. The contributors are among the leading physicians of Britain, and suggest at once the character of the reports here presented. The results were obtained by personal observations and circular letters sent to the medical men practising at the various health resorts and bath places. The letters inquired for information in regard to the prevalence of disease among the permanent residents and visitors, a list of the dis