## The Silver Plate.

They passed it along from pew to pew,
And gathered the coins, now fast, now few That rattled upon it, and every time Some eager fingers would drop a dime On the silver plate with a silver sound; A boy who sat in the aisle looked round With a wistful face-" 0 , if only he Had a dime to offer, how glad he'd be !" He fumbled his pockets, but didn't dare To hope he should find a penny there; And much as he searched when all was done, He hadn't discovered a single one. He had listened with wide-set, earnest eyes, As the minister, in a plaintive wise, Had spoken of children all abroad The world who had never heard of God: Poor, pitiful pagans, who didn't know, When they came to die, where their soul would go ;
And who shrieked with fear when their mothers made
Them kneel to an idol god-afraid
He might eat them up-so fierce and will And horrid he seemed to the frightened child.
" How different," murmured the boy, while his
Lips trembled-"How different Jesus is!"
And the more the minister talked, the more The boy's heart ached to its inner core; And the nearer to him the silver plate Kept coming, the harder seemed his fate That he hadn't a penny (had that sufficed) To give, that the heathen might hear of Cbrist.
But all at once, as the silver sound
Just tinkled beside him, the boy looked round
And they offered the piled up plate to him, And he blushed, and his eyes began to swim. Then bravely turning, as if he knew There was nothing better that he could do, He spoke, in a voice that held a tear"Put the plate on the bench beside me here." And the plate was placed, for they thought he meant
To empty his pockets of overy cent.
But he stood straight up, and he softly put Right square in the midst of the plate-his foot,
And said, with a sob controlled before, "I will give MYSLLP-I have nothing more!" Margarit J. Preston.

## ONLY TWO GLASSES OF BEER.

A boy in a court room was arraigned for throwing a stone at a horse-car. When asked by the judge what he had to say for himself he drooped his head and stammeringly replied, "Nothing, sir-oxcept-that I-had taken acouple of-glasses-of-beor $/$ Noth-ing-sir-except-"
As if that would be accepted in extenuation of a boy's lawlessness !

A barn burns down, and the person charged with the responsibility says he has no excuse only that he left a shovel of burning coals on a hay mow : The boy's stammering tongue did not make an acceptable plea, and he was marched off by the police, to think the matter over in a stone cell.
"Nothing-sir-except-!"
And yet some people think beer is a temperate drink, and that brewers are the apostles of good order, good health, good moraly. Two glasses, only, of beer, and yet therein was room sufficient for a ston that did a deal of trouble. There is room in a glass of beer for many ugly thingshot words and hard blows, a lving tongue, and a thief's fingers. But every glam of bear is aure to have this
within: a stairway that leads one down to a glass of something stronger. "Beer" is one ugly step in the drunkard's descent toward hell!

A young man who didn't want to die a drunkard, and came to us for help, said he started the trouble in a glass of heer. A second, who came for our prayers, traced his drinking habits back to the quatling of a glass of beer while he was getting in coal when a boy.
"Nothing - sir-- except - ..!"
This is the season when beer and its hindred nuisances that have been behind doors in town come forth, like snakes' tongues out of a hole occupied in winter, and temptingly are paraded before our boys at plasure excursions and summer resorts. Set your face and foot against the pvil, and be right when you are boys. Don't put your foot on the top stair of the drunkard's descent. You then will not surely reach the last and lowest step.

## A FAMOUS FLOATING BRIDGE.

The greatest and most famous of all floating bridges was that built by the Roman Emperor Caligula in A.D. 39. An immense number of boats were anchored in the bays of Baire and Puteoli in two lines, in the form of a crescent, over three miles long. A flooring of planks was laid upon them and covered with earth. Houses were built. upon it and fresh water was conveyed to them by pipes from the shore. When all was ready, the Emperor, accompanied by his court and a throng of spectators, rode in solemn procession from one end of the bridge to the o her. He was clothed in costly robes and adorned with gold and pearls, and wore Alexander's breast-plate and a civic crown. At evening the whole bridge was illuminated with torches and lanterns, and Caligula boasted that he had " turned the night into day, as well as the sea into land." The whole court slept that night in the houses on the brid;e. Next day there was another proctssion in which Caligula rode in a triuniphal chariot, followed by a train of other chariots. The insane emperor then made an oration in praise of his work, and wound up the festivities by ordering a large number of the spectators to be thrown into the sea. -Good Words.

## USELESS STUDIES.

Tan: other day a young girl of our acquaintance, who is pursuing a selectiod course of study in one of the collegiate institutions of the city, was examining the printed curriculum with refersnce to deciding what study she should take up next term. While consulting about the matter, she read over the long list of text-books on science, language, literature, and mathematics, when suddenly she exclaimed: "I'll tell you what I would like to study-I would like to study modicine. I don't mean that I want
to be a physician and practice, but to know what to do at home if anybody is sick or anything happens. I am sure that it would be more useful to me than "-and she turned to the prescribed course of study -..." than spher ical trigonometry and navigation? But we can't run for a doctor every time anrybody sncezes and coughs, and I would like to know what to do for any one who is a little sick." Here is a matter concerning which young women need some simple but careful instruction. But who gives them any? As daughters in the family, they can repeat the dates of the Grecian and Roman wars, work out an intricate problem in algebra, and give the technical name of ail thr. bones in the body; but if the baly brother left in their charge burns his hands or is seized with croup, how many of them know the best thing to do while waiting for the doctor? And when, as wives and mothers, the duties of life increase, how many of them have any practical knowledge which will help them to meet calmly and in. telligently the everyday experience of accidents and illnesses which are inevitable in every family?-Harper's Bazar.

## JOHN KING, THE NEWSBOY.

John King has been long known in Cincinnati. In his early life he was kicked by a horse, and lost the use of one leg. Later he received an injury in the other leg, which, with rheumatism, crippled him for life.

He came to Cincinnati in 1868, and had been here only a short time when he was taken with small-pox, and was carried to the pest-house. He had been as courageous as a man could be until then, but while there his courage gave way. He recovered, however, and sonn after became a seller of newspapers. He made an investment, after awhile, of a little money which he had saved, and lost it all and incurred a debt besides. He managed to pay off this debt by the display of a perseverance and honesty which must command the praise of all honourable men. He lost at one time $\$ 600$ by the failure of a bank. Still he toiled on and accumulated a library of some thousands of volumes, and the books were so judiciously selected as to make the collection more valuable than private libraries usually are. His career was one of the most remarkable on record. His courage and energy were almost unparalleled. His difficulties were such as would appal almost any other human being, but he never faltered. His taste for reading was as remarkable as his unconquerable courage. His career was more marvellous than the stories of romance, and if John King could succeed no youth in America need despair.

We have no personal acquaintance with this indomitable and eccentric man, but the story of his life, as related in the Commoroial Gavetta, in
really so wonderful that we deem it worthy of this reference as an encouragement to struggling youns men who see before them no way to success.

## How the King Came Home.

 by flokente tylee.'O, why are you waiting, children,
And why are you watchine the way? "We are watching because the folks have said,
The king comes lome to day-
The king on his prancing charger,
In his shining golden crown.
0 , the bells will ring, the glat birds sing,
When the king comes back to the town.
'Run home to your mothers, children;
In the land is pain and woe,
Aud the king, beyond the forest,
Fights with the Payuim foe."
"But," said the little children,
"The fight will soon be past,
We fain would wait, though the hour be late;
He will surely conie at last."
So the eager children waited
Till the closing of the day,
Till their eyes were tired of gazing
Along the dusty way;
But there came no sound of.music,
No flashing golden crown;
And tears they shed, as they crept to bed,
When the round red sun went down.
But at the hour of midnight,
While the weary children slept,
Was heard within the city
The voice of them that wept;
Along the moonlit highway
Toward the sacred dome,
Dead on his shield, from the well fought field-
'Twas thus the king came home.
Chambers's Journal.

## A MONKEY HERO.

A nobleman had a favourite monkey, a large orang-outang. The monkey was very much attached to his master, and to the baby boy who was the pet of the whole family.
One day, a fire suddenly broke out in the house, and everybody was running here and there to put it out, while the little boy in the nursery was almost forgotten; and when at length they thought of him, the stair case was all in flames. What could be done?

As they were looking up and wondering, a large hairy hand and arm opened the window ; and presently the monkey appeared with the baby in his arms and carefully climbed down over the porch, and brought the child safely to his nurse. Nobody else could have done it ; for a man cannot climb like a monkey, and is not near so strong.

You may imagine how the faithful creature was praised and petted after that. This is a true story, and the little child who was saved was the young Marquis of Kildare.-Selected.

Little Charlie listened eagerly to his father read the third chapter of Revelation ; but when he came to the twentieth verse - "Behold, I stand at the door and knock"-he could not wait, but ran up to his father, eagerly

