

WOODS' FAIR

BIG SATURDAY PACKAGE, 25c.

Large 1-pound bar Pure Castile Soap, value 15c; large 2-pound bar Our Own Laundry Soap, value 10c; 1 dozen Hat Pins on card, value 5c; 1 cube Black-Headed Pins, value 5c; 1 colored Dressing Comb, value 10c—45c package. Special, Saturday, 25c

25c POLKA DOT HOSE, SATURDAY, 19c.

Ladies' Cotton Hose, in navy, black and white, polka dots, fast colors, seamless feet, full-fashioned, regular 25c, Saturday, special, a pair, 19c

35c HOSE, WITH NATURAL WOOL FEET, 25c.

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, with natural wool feet, spliced heel and toe, regular 35c, special, at 25c

LADIES' EXTRA O. S. VESTS, 40c.

Ladies' Extra Large-Size Vests, in pure white, short sleeves, button front, shaped waist, extra quality, Saturday, 40c

LONG SLEEVE VESTS, 20c and 25c.

Ladies' Long-Sleeve Vests, in pure white, open or closed front, lace and tape trimmed, sale price, 20c and 25c

MISSSES' CLOTH SKIRTS, \$2.35.

Misses' Cloth Skirts, in gray, and a few navy, all-wool, full gored, overstitched, bound seams, trimmed with straps and covered buttons, special, Saturday, \$2.35

25c TAMS, 19c.

Children's Cloth Tams, in navy, cardinal and brown, all sizes, regular 25c, Saturday, 19c

SPECIAL SALE OF EMBROIDERY.

Large assortment of Embroidery and Insertion, pretty pattern, from 1 inch to 3 inches wide, sale price, 2 yards for 7c. Very Fine Embroidery, suitable for skirting or waists, shadow or eyelet patterns, regular 50c, Saturday, 38c

BEAVER PARLOR MATCHES, 10c BOX.

You can depend on the brand being sure strikers and an up-to-date parlor match, 24 small boxes packed in large box, Saturday 10c. Nox-Em-All Metal-Cleaner, for cleaning silver, brass and copper, nickel, etc., the best yet, price, 15c and 25c per bottle

8c TOILET PAPER, PACKAGE, 5c, OR 6 FOR 25c.

We will offer again on Saturday our Large Tuffee package of Toilet Paper, 500 sheets in package, regular 8c, Saturday, price, 5c, or 6 for 25c

15c NOTE PAPER, 9c QUIRE.

In order to induce our customers to try our Venetian Vellum Note Paper and Envelopes, we offer it for Saturday only, at, per quire, 9c. Envelopes, per package, 15c. Try a quire or package.

Regular 15c; try a quire or package.

24 lines of fresh Taffies, Creams and Gum Candies, on Saturday, at, per pound, 10c

JARDINIERS SALE IN BASEMENT SATURDAY.

We have a lot of Jardinieres coming in soon and in order to clear out what we have in stock at present we will reduce every Jardiniere in stock for next Saturday. Watch them go out at these prices:

25c Jardinieres, Saturday, 19c. 65c and 75c Jardinieres, Saturday, 45c. 45c and 50c Jardinieres, Saturday, 32c. 50c and 60c Jardinieres, Saturday, 32c. \$1.25 and \$1.50 Jardinieres, Saturday, 98c

BIG SPECIALS IN WALL PAPER, SATURDAY.

Don't fail to take advantage of our Wall Paper Sale on Saturday; hundreds of rolls of choice paper to be cleared out. Our buyer went direct to the factory and made a special deal with them for a large quantity. It will be opened up and marked off by Saturday:

350 Rolls Dresden Embossed Paper, regular 25c, Saturday, 18c. 500 Rolls Dark Red and Gold, regular 20c, Saturday, 15c. 450 Rolls, suitable for halls or dining-rooms, regular 10c, Saturday, 8c. White Enamel Curtain Poles, 5 feet long, with fixtures, price, each, 12 1/2c. Oak Curtain Poles, 4 feet, special, at 10c. Call and see our Papers before selecting.

WOODS' FAIR

J. M. THOMSON

JUDGE CASSELS

MAY NOT ACT

Wants Someone Appointed to Look After the Business of Exchequer Court.

Ottawa, April 2.—Judge Walter Cassels may not act as a commissioner to investigate the affairs of the marine department. He states that he was not consulted in any way as to the appointment, and has practically refused to accept the position unless some one is appointed to look after the exchequer court while he is engaged on the inquiry.

Mr. Borden, who had two employees of the marine department had been dismissed. Minister Brodeur said that after a personal investigation he had found Messrs. Fraser and Gregory had disregarded his orders. A. W. Owen, the accountant of the department, had been dismissed, because of his private conduct.

The order-in-council appointing Justice Cassels to investigate the affairs of the marine department was tabled by the Prime Minister today.

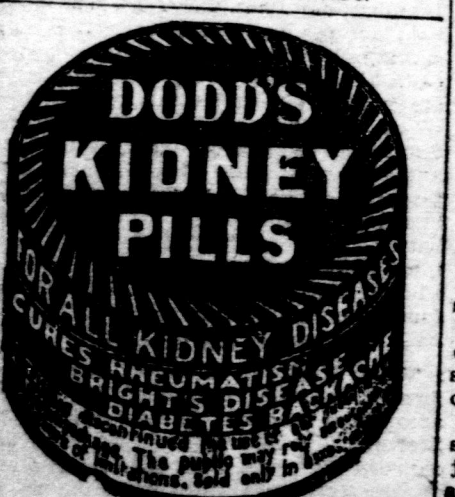
Mr. J. E. Armstrong (Lambton), continued the debate on the budget speech. He devoted considerable attention to the question of mutual preference, stating that if Mr. Asquith's statements at the colonial conference were a criterion, little was to be expected from England's prospective premier along that line.

Canada, Mr. Armstrong said, was almost entirely shut out of the German market, which amounted to over \$200,000,000 yearly. It was a great mistake to work for England's market and let every other market go.

Germany, herself, Mr. Armstrong said, furnished an example of what could be done in industrial development by providing its industries and working steadily to gain trade.

FORGED A CHECK.

Ottawa, April 2.—Bernard Mahon was sentenced this morning to 18 months by Judge MacTavish for forging a check on the W. C. Edwards Company. William Brown, who passed the check, was found not guilty, having no knowledge of its nature.



MINORITY REPORT WAS PRESENTED

Liberals of the Committee Suggest a Rearrangement.

WHITNEY TALKS OF ELECTIONS

Says That Date May Be Announced Before the Closing of the Legislature.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, April 2.—Yesterday's session of the Legislature embraced several interesting features. The minority report prepared by the Opposition members on the redistribution committee was presented, and this led up naturally to a statement by Premier Whitney regarding election matters in general. He denied the rumors fixing various dates for the polling, and said that if the cabinet decided on the date before the session ended, the Government would create the precedent of announcing the date of election in the House. Mr. Whitney also said his respects to Senator Kerr, who had flouted the Premier in the discussion at Ottawa on the Ontario and Michigan power bill. While reiterating his desire that the House should conclude its labors on Tuesday, the Premier said he would not insist on that being done if it would interfere with important legislation.

Hon. Adam Beck.

Hon. Adam Beck used his Dog Lake dam bill as a peg on which to hang a general statement on the power situation, in which he made the official announcement that power would be sold at the Falls at \$9 per horsepower, instead of \$12, as originally estimated.

The evening session opened with the resumption of the prison labor debate, Mr. Preston (Brant) being the first speaker.

The redistribution bill will be discussed today.

The London Bill.

Mr. Hodgins' City of London bill and the Western University bill were put through committee.

Mr. Neely's North Midland Railway bill was read a third time.

The Minority Report.

The Liberal members who formed the minority on the committee on the redistribution committee presented a report to the Legislature yesterday, a report which, if accepted, would mean the rearrangement of constituencies even less sweeping than the proposals in the bill now before the House. As might have been expected from their attitude in the committee, the Liberal members wish that the ridings of Essex, Middlesex, Epping, and Cardwell, Toronto, and Ottawa remain as they are at present. Regarding Toronto, however, the leader of the Opposition will move an amendment in the committee of the whole House, when the bill is under discussion.

The minority report includes a plan for the rearrangement of the three Huron county electoral districts. These it suggests shall be as follows:

South Huron—Stanley, Ushorne, Hay and Stephen townships; the town of Seaforth and the villages of Exeter, Hensall and Bayfield.

Center Huron—Townships of Ashfield, Colborne, Hullett, McKillop and Goderich, the towns of Goderich and Clinton.

North Huron—East and West Wawanosh, Morris, Howick, Turnberry townships, the town of Wingham, and the villages of Brussels, Wroxeter and Blyth.

The minority in their report accept the proposed ridings of North and South Huron, York and the new northern constituencies.

Whitney Objects.

When Mr. Bowman presented the report of the Opposition minority on the redistribution bill special committee, the Premier said he had no objection to its being dealt with by the House, because he wished that every suggestion from the other side should be heard. It was, however, distinctly out of order, because a minority report of a committee should be moved in committee of the whole. The House must be careful to avoid putting on the order paper or in the journals documents that were out of order, but he was willing that the minority report be received and referred to the committee of the whole.

A Pertinent Question.

Mr. Smith (Soo) drew the attention of the Premier to the fact that the lists in the unorganized districts of Northern Ontario were not yet completed. This, he said, had given rise to the suspicion that the Government contemplated deferring the elections in the new ridings until after the polling in the rest of the Province. He asked if the Premier would state whether the election would take place in the new ridings on the same day as for the rest of the Province.

The Premier's reply was characteristically non-committal. "I do not believe," he said, "that anyone in new or old Ontario expects that the Government will take any undesirable or improper action regarding the elections."

This closed the Premier's remarks, and the House went on to routine work in committee.

Mr. Craig's bill amending the act respecting truancy and compulsory attendance at school was withdrawn, after Mr. Pyne had explained that its provisions were being considered by the educational committee.

Victims of the Axe.

Mr. Hann brought down a return asked for by Mr. Ross (West Middlesex). It showed that since the present Government took office, 21 civil servants had been dismissed, and 13 had resigned. There were 72 vacancies created by other causes, but these included many transfers of clerks from one department to another. The present Government had made 224 appointments. When the Government took office there was 704 civil servants employed, and the present number employed is 877.

Answering Mr. Studholme, Hon. Mr. Monteth said that 4,961 immigrants had been placed on farms in 1937 by the Ontario Government's agents, and 4,359 by the Salvation Army.

The Prison Report.

At the evening session Mr. Preston (Brant) took up the debate on the prison labor report. He claimed that the prison labor contract was not a legacy of the late Government. He noted that at the Mansfield, Ohio, institution, only first offenders were received, and he supposed the Government proposed to make a similar provision regarding the new Central Prison. Mr. Preston commended the general policy of the provincial secretary in his efforts for the reclamation of erring men and women. He urged that greater safeguards be thrown around the youth of the Province, to prevent them joining the criminal classes.

Mr. McDermid (West Elgin), who was a member of the special committee, believed that the report before the House met the demands of the present day for prison reform. The recommendations made had passed the experimental stage. He advocated technical education as fitting children to follow useful trades.

Mr. Downey (Wellington), who was chairman of the prison labor committee, made a vigorous speech, in which he praised the policy pursued by the present Government in the Central Prison, compared with what he described as the wasteful methods formerly in vogue. He pointed out that the prison-made goods were to be branded, and thus rendered largely unsaleable, the only remedy was to send the prisoners back to the land, for to keep them idle was to breed in them insanity, disease and death. No attention in the Ontario prison system had been made in fifty years, though the former Government had often been called to existing abuses.

Two large deputations appeared before the board of works last night on the Emery street sewer matter. Some time ago a petition was presented to the council, asking that a sewer be laid on Emery street. The petition was legally signed, and went through. In order to accommodate the residents of this street and meet this petition, the sewer on Ridout street had to be lowered about 12 feet. At the last meeting of the board, Mr. J. H. Gramlich and others appeared with a petition against the sewer. The legal time for this contra petition had expired, and the men were so informed. Mr. Gramlich declared that he was not so much opposed to the sewer as to the cost of it. He would support it, provided that the payments were spread over a period of twenty years instead of ten years. This could not be done, it was pointed out. Then, Mr. Gramlich insisted that the sewer be laid over until such time as the residents of that street were prepared to pay for it.

For and Against.

Last night the deputations for and against the petition appeared. Mr. R. Lucas spoke for those who favored the petition. He pointed out that a large number of the residents on the street were in favor of it, and he thought that there would be no difficulty in meeting the payments.

The board thought it not advisable to interfere with the sewer, and it will be laid as soon as possible.

Nelson Street.

R. Lucas and others appeared before the committee again on the matter of opening up Nelson street, but as the report from City Engineer Graydon on this matter was not ready, it was laid over until the next meeting.

There was threatened hostilities between the rival factions at one time, but peace and quietness reigned supreme in a few minutes.

A petition for the extension of Gladwin street to Forward avenue was laid over until the city engineer looks the matter over.

Mr. R. Jones asked for the privilege to lay a sewer across Horton street, and it was granted provided the city is protected from damages arising out of it.

More Breakwater.

A. Willison and others, on Front street, petitioned for an addition to the breakwater along the river. It was pointed out that the river was changing its course, and as a result the property along Front street was being seriously damaged.

Mr. J. C. Judd thought that the Wellington street bridge was in danger unless something was done to remedy this matter.

City Engineer Graydon will report on this matter.

Ridout Street Cars.

The report of City Engineer Graydon regarding the running of the Ridout street cars was read. He pointed out that it was almost impossible to run a good schedule under the bylaw, and thought that the present schedule was good enough. No action was taken in this matter.

City Architect Nutter recommended improvements in the East London Hall to cost \$400. Laid over until the estimates are considered.

New Sewers.

City Engineer Graydon recommended the initiation of sewers on Princess avenue between Elizabeth and Adelaide, and on Adelaide street between Piccadilly and Pall Mall. They will take the usual course.

The report on Asklin Street Sunday School was laid over.

The contract for the Dufferin avenue sewer was granted to Mr. C. Leathorn.

Those present were Ald. Gerry (chairman), Ald. Stewart, Ald. Rose, Ald. Saunders, Assistant Engineer Kirkpatrick and Secretary Bell.

MAY NOT ACT.

Ottawa, April 2.—It seems probable that Judge Cassels will not be able to act as investigator in the civil service departments inquiry.

Weather:
Probs:
SNOW

Smallman & Ingram
THE SATISFACTORY STORE—PHONE 655

Friday
April 3



Come in The Morning

At 8 o'clock this morning we uncovered one of the largest purchases of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments ever brought to the City of London. As announced in yesterday's paper, \$5,500.00 worth of Ladies' NEW SPRING SUITS, JACKETS and SEPARATE SKIRTS, to be sold for \$2,893.30.

The prices on many of these are merely the cost of making. This opportunity now awaits you. "Come and see." Your savings on a new Easter Coat, Suit or Skirt, will be about the half. We also impress upon you the advantage of coming in the morning. Your selecting will be easier when we are not so crowded, and particularly (tomorrow) Saturday afternoon.

Easter Linen Offerings Saturday

Oval Tray Cloths, 53c Each

9 dozen of these, scalloped edge, Tray-cloths, with shamrock scroll design, all one pattern. A great Easter offering, at each 53c

Tea Toweling, 8 Yards for 50c

300 yards Red or Blue Checked Tea Toweling, Irish make, good quality, 18 inches wide; 8 yards for 50c

Table Cloth and Napkins, Easter Special, \$2.98 Set

25 sets, consisting of Linen Table Cloth, bleached and bordered all around, size 68x88, and 1 dozen Napkins to match, in spot and floral designs; guaranteed all linen. Don't miss this offer. Set \$2.98

A Housecleaning Special, Odd Swiss Shams and Scarfs

We need the room they occupy and will clear these at prices you will wonder at. 59c pair up for the Shams. Scarfs, 25c each up.

Store Closes at 6 p.m. Daily.

Saturday Included.

Smallman & Ingram

THE SATISFACTORY STORE—PHONE 655

New Easter Sash Nets,

15c Value for 12 1/2c

300 yards Nottingham Sash Net, in white, cream and ecru, making serviceable sash curtains, as well as inexpensive. 300 yards, 15c value. Easter offering, per yard 12 1/2c

200 yards Scotch Curtain Muslins, 28 inches wide, made with lace and insertion, for sash and bedroom curtains, only, per yard 12 1/2c

Curtain Rods, each 8 1/2c, 10c, 12 1/2c, 20c and 25c

Broche Muslins, 20c Yard

Just opened, in white and ecru. Come in Madras effects, 48 inches wide. Very effective for bedroom and dining-room curtains. At, per yard 20c

See our new Edging for Madras and Broche Muslins; white and cream. Yard 6c. Has double heading; no need to hem selvage and gives complete finish to curtain.

Holbein Embroidery

This is a revival of the cross-stitch, in beautiful designs, for pillow tops, and gives great scope for the artistic blending of colors. Ask to see this at Art Counter.

Pillow Tops and Back 50c

Coronation braid designs, in centers, blouses, etc.; embroidered in both colored and white coronation braid. Centers, each 25c, 35c and 40c

Engineer Graydon's Figures No Good

Board of Works Prefers Contractor's

Gravel Recommended Instead of Broken Stone for Dundas Street.

The unexpected happened last night at the board of works, when the committee recommended that gravel be used instead of broken stone in the Dundas street pavement. And this despite the fact that City Engineer Graydon, who is paid \$2,400 a year for conducting the civil engineering department, had informed the board that the use of gravel instead of broken stone would mean a saving of nearly \$2,000 to the contractors on the pavement. The Barber Company was represented by ex-Mayor J. C. Judd and Mr. W. H. Lackey, district manager of the company, of Buffalo.

When the matter was brought up, Ald. Rose said that if there was the difference in the price as stated by City Engineer Graydon, the city should get some of the money.

It was agreed to hear the representatives of the Barber Company on the matter.

The Barber Case.

Ex-Mayor Judd explained that he represented the Barber Company. He pointed out that the contract called for broken stone in the base, and the company was perfectly willing to go ahead and use broken stone. Mr. Judd then interpreted the opinion of City Solicitor Meredith. The city solicitor did not say that the city engineer had the right to compel the use of gravel instead of broken stone. This must be done by agreement with the city council and the company.

The company could insist on its contract, and it would be carried out. However, the Barber Company was anxious to work harmoniously with the city, and it would agree to the change. It would not agree to any change that would in any way invalidate the contract, nor would the company agree to reduce the cost of the pavement one cent. The use of gravel would mean using more gravel than broken stone, and also increase the amount of cement to be used.

Not One Cent Difference.

"I want to make our position clear," continued Mr. Judd. "We did not get mixed into this controversy of our own will. We were drawn into it. We never suggested using gravel instead of broken stone. And we will not have

any interference with our contract. If gravel is to be used instead of broken stone, we want it done in a legal manner, so that there will be no difficulties afterwards. The company is anxious to do the work satisfactorily. Not a cent will be reduced from the price, nor will any interference be allowed with the legality of the contract.

Prefers Gravel.

Mr. Lackey explained the difference that the use of gravel would make. He said that gravel makes a more compact base with few voids and interspaces. With broken stone it is different. There are many voids and interspaces, and as a result broken stone will lay a considerable more yardage per cord than gravel. There was also the difference in the amount of cement to be used in the contract. Gravel uses considerably more cement than broken stone. The company did not want to use gravel unless it could do so legally.

Ald. Gerry informed Mr. Lackey that the city engineer had figured out that there was a considerable difference in the cost of gravel and broken stone.

Engineer's Figures.

"He figured on the basis of a cord of gravel to a cord of broken stone, without considering the voids," answered Mr. Lackey.

Assistant City Engineer Kirkpatrick declared that Mr. Lackey in his figures did not allow for the sand in the voids in broken stone.

Mr. Lackey declared that he had made all such allowances.

Ald. Saunders declared that the city had paid in the past more for gravel pavement than for broken stone. He declared that if the tenders were asked for tomorrow there would be no difference in the price. The use of gravel would give employment to a large number of teamsters in the city and a large proportion of the money would be spent here. He would, therefore, move that the gravel be used instead of broken stone.

Ald. Gerry did not take to the motion kindly, and pointed out that City Engineer Graydon had said that there was a difference in the cost of the two of nearly \$2,000.

Accused of Grafting.

Ald. Stewart said that the committee had been accused of being grafters, but he could not see where that could come in. As far as he was concerned, if there was no difference in

the price, and he had been assured there was not, he would just as soon have gravel as broken stone. It would mean a lot of money left in the city that would go out of it if broken stone were used.

Ald. Rose thought that as there was no difference in the price, gravel might just as well be used.

As there was no objection to the motion it carried, and the petition of A. Durand and others against the use of gravel was filed.

Manager King of the London Street Railway Company was present and wanted to know if the change applied to the track allowance, and was informed that it did.

CARELESS SHOOTING.

Kingston, April 2.—John Tyo, who in fun challenged Arthur Rielly, his friend, to exchange shot for shot in Cataragui Marsh, while they were hunting on March 27, has been sent up for trial. The charge is not shooting with malicious intent, but with using firearms with negligence. Rielly is in the hospital very sick and the bullet so far has not been located.

"The Memory of Quality Lingers When Prices Are Forgotten."

This is particularly true in regard to pickles. We sell some of the Heinz Famous 57 Varieties in bulk. They may be a very little more in price than the ordinary bulk pickles, which are often made from overgrown stock, but satisfied customers come back again and again for the small-cut, crisp, appetizing pickles of the H. J. Heinz & Co.

Sweet Mixed, per quart 30c
Sour Mixed, per quart 20c
Mustard or Chow Chow 25c
Dill Pickles (reduced price), dozen 20c

Manzanilla Olives, per quart 50c
For Saturday we will have extra fine large Lettuce, per bunch 5c; Rhubarb, 10c; Radishes, 5c; Cucumbers, 10c, 15c; Navel Oranges, 25c, 35c, 50c; Lemons, 20c; Grape Fruit, 10c; Parsley, 5c; Ripe Tomatoes, 25c.

John Diprose

TWO POPULAR STORES.

56-Dundas Street--266

386—PHONES—2261.