Blind

Sometimes persons become blind from impure blood, which develops scrofulous ulcers on the eyeballs, iritis. granulated eyelids, etc. In such cases Hood's Sarsaparilla has been marvelously successful in restoring sight. It shows its powers as a blood purifier and radical cure for scrofula, by removing the cause, thus curing the

eyes and restoring all the affected parts to healthy condition. Read this: "As an act of justice and for the benefit of other mothers who may have afflicted children, I write this. About the first of February, 1892, my daughter Zola, then three years old, contracted sore eyes of the worst form and in a few weeks was entirely blind, being unable to tolerate light of any kind. She suffered and cried until I was almost heartbroken. The best eye specialist in the county treated her for months, but the

became worse. Then I took her to a specialist in Indianapolis, who said he could do nothing. I came away with a heavy heart. I met my father's physician, Dr. Berryman, who examined Zola's eyes, and told me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I began to give it as directed and wash her eyes with warm water. Soon I began to notice improvement, and now, having given the child over a half dozen bottles, her eyes are greatly improved and she can see as well as any one. She is five years of age, and goes to school. When she began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, she had to eat her meals in a darkened room, but now

Gured

she is able to sit at the table with the rest of the family." MRS. OLLIE BUSER, Colfax, Indiana.

Leading Citizens

Of Colfax, including John D. Blacker, Township Trustee, W. H. Coon, Druggist, and Dr. J. A. Berryman, cordially endorse this statement. This and many other similar cures prove that

Hoods Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Court of Canada to resolve their Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, 25 cents.

A Liberal convention to select a can-Vidate to oppose Mr. Speaker White in North Renfrew will be held in Pemproke on the 21st inst. The Liberal the same day.

just met the convention at St. view, and also Hon. George W. Ross' Raphael and by unanimous vote selected Mr. O. Talbot, a wealthy local farmer, as their candidate. Mr. Talbot is said to be one of the ablest French speakers in the Province. A resolution was also adopted expressing the abcolute confidence of the meeting in Hon. Wilfrid Laurier and his policy.

An Ottawa dispatch says: Mr. Brodeur, Liberal member for Rouville, returned this morning from his county. He says he attended a large meeting at St. Cesaire, and the audience were unanimous in approving Mr. Laurier's stand on the school question. There was not, he said, a single dissenting voice.

Says the St. Mary's Argus: "Mr. Chas. Robinson, at one time a candidate for the Patrons of South Perth, say so. and a pretty good Conservative, says that now that Mr. Donald has withdrawn from the field as Patron candidate he cannot conscientiously support Mr. Walker, the new candidate. Wherein Mr. Walker's platform and Mr. Donald's platform differ we do not know, rather think that Mr. Robinson simply voices the sentiments of a good many Conservative Patrons, who are getting ready to vote for the Government candidate, whoever that may be."

Pure Baking Powder, 20c per pound, at Anderson & Nelles' Drug Store.

Fifty-two new islands have appeared (by aid of volcanic action) during the present century, and nineteen have disappeared-have been submerged. makes a net gain to the earth of 33

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows Copper and Sanders' Photos are a little under price but away up in quality. ywt

Imported German Canaries Exceptionally fine singers, and a few imported hens. Feeding birds is our business, not selling them. We wish only to pay expenses of importation, trusting for our profit to

COTTAMS BIRD SEED

AND BIRD BREAD Talbot and Dundas streets, Over Agricultural Bank.

To Be Smartly Dressed

Does not mean to be expensively dressed. A little money goes a long way where good taste and judgment are used. This store at all times stands ready to exemplify this fact, as hundreds can testify. Do we count you among our patrons? If not, kindly lay aside your prejudices. Come in and look the store over, investigate the goods, view them in every light, make your own comparisons as to qualities and prices. This done, and ten to one we shall make a customer of you.

A. SLATER Corner Richmond and

Sir Charles Tupper's Humiliating Confession.

Broke Confidences and Emasculated Confidential Communications.

Speeches on the Coercion Bill by Moser Foster, Davies and Fraser,

Ottawa, March 14.-In the House vesterday, Sir Richard asked the leader of the House whether it was correct. as stated in the Legislature of Manitoba, by Mr. Greenway, that a sentence was omitted from the telegram Greenway sent to Sir Donald Smith. and read by Sir Charles Tupper in the Commons. The sentence omitted was: 'As you are aware, we are not to blame for the present situation."

Sir Charles Tupper said the words were in the telegram, but he omitted them because they did not seem to have any bearing on the case. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) While he was on his feet, Mr. Tupper said that he would just say that he alone was responsible for using that telegram. I was most anxious to be in the position of reading a telegram to the House from Sir Donald Smith to Mr. Greenway, to which that was a reply, but I am unable to do so for the reason which I shall state. Without Mr. Greenway's consent, Sir Donald Smith will not allow the communication of his telegram to Mr. Greenway, to which that of March 2, read to the House by me on the 9th inst., was a reply. All telegrams and other communications between Sir Donald Smith and Mr. Greenway were regarded by them as confidential, and were imparted by Sir Donald Smith to the Government as strictly such. I now express my sin-cere regret that this was done without the consent of those gentlemen, and the circumstances under which what was virtually a communication to the Government from Mr. Greenway was used, and to which I thought there

could be no possible objection.

Sir Richard Cartwright—Then are we to understand that this telegram was used without Mr. Greenway's con-

Sir Charles Tupper—Certainly. Sir Richard Cartwright—And a garbled, no I will not say garbled, a mutilated version of it at that. I shall leave it to the House and the country to consider whether this is treating the House with the respect that this House should be treated. However, there is another question I should like to put to the hon. gentleman. I would like to ask him whether he is prepared to inform the House if there are any grounds for the extraordinary statement circulated in many newspapers that the Government have such doubts as to whether this House expires on the 25th of April that they propose submitting a case to the Supreme

Hon. Mr. Dickey-The Governme considering the desirability of doing that, but nothing has been done yet. In reply to Mr. Martin, Mr. Tupper said Sir Donald did communicate with greater prosperity to its component Mr. Greenway with a view of laying parts, greater freedom of action, and Mr. Greenway with a view of laying the telegrams before the House, but Greenway so far did not consent.

Mr. Foster resumed the debate on the Manitoba coercion bill, apologizing for taking up the time of the House in discussing it. The question, he said, was a constitutional one-not as be-Convention for Pontiac wil be held on tween Catholics and Protestants, but as to the rights of minorities. He quoted from the speeches made in the Con-The Liberals of Bellechasse have federation debate in support of this speech at Montreal last December, which, by the way, expressed the Liberal and not the coercion view of the question. In conclusion, he pleaded at great length and in the most pathetic of terms, with those Conservatives who had expressed their opposition to the policy of coercing Manitoba without the investigation which the Province has demanded. He asked them whether, after holding power for eighteen years, they were prepared to aid in the defeat of the men in power now? He admitted that there was repugnance to the course now pro-posed, but what could be done if the Conservative party was to hold together? Many who listened to the special pleading were doubtless forced to the reflection that after eighteen years of such rule a change was most desirable, and some did not hesitate to

> Mr. Foster's speech is regarded as the ablest defense of the coercion bill yet brought forward. He had a match, however, in Mr. Davies, the Liberal leader for the Maritime Provinces, who shot and killed Thursday night by Erncombatted the views brought forward in an able manner. He said that Mr. heart. Foster had delivered a homily on the necessity of good faith on the part of public men. He had said that good faith was necessary to the national and commercial welfare, but he had omitted to mention the political welfare. After he had agreed to support a premier and had spent twelve months undermining him, after pledging himself to support the speech from the throne, and then constituting himself the chief of the nest of traitors, after trying to assassinate his chieftain by peinarding him in the back, and proving himself guilty of the blackest treachery that any public man had ever shown to his leader in this or any other country, and after eventually endeavoring to destroy the man whom he had sworn to support he crawled back into office for the purpose of retaining his salary, which he held at the beck and will of a man whom he had practically declared to be an imbecile unfit to lead the Governmentfor that honorable gentleman to read the House a homily on good faith was a little too much to stand. Mr. Foster had said there was a compact between the settlers of the Red Deer settlement and the Government. What did he mean? Why did he talk of bills of rights? He either meant to say that there was a bill of rights guaranteeing separate schools, or he meant to de-ceive the House by leading it to believe there was such a document. If there was a bill of rights which pledged the henor of the Crown to guarantee separate schools, then that would enor-mously increase the weight which the claims of the minority would have upon public opinion throughout the counon public opinion throughout the country. Speaking for himself, if an inquiry should show the existence of such a pledge, public opinion would see that those rights should be guaranteed by whatever Legislature had the nower

Sir Hibbert Tupper asked Mr. Davie

legislation if a compact could be

shown.

Mr. Davies repeated what he had said, amid cries of "Hear, hear" from the Ministerial benches. "But where is that compact?" Mr. Davies asked, by way of a challenge. "Who says there is such a compact?" After a moment's pause, unbroken by the voices of those who were just calling "Hear, hear," Mr. Davies proceeded: "I have seen it stated in a pamphlet that there is such a compact; I have seen it denied in another. No gentleman in this House will say there is man in this House will say there is one. No better argument could be adduced in support of Mr. Laurier's policy of inquiry than the contradiction which exists with regard to this most important question." (Opposition cheers.) Mr. Davies opposed the coercion bill in strong and convincing language. He concluded by eloquently supporting Mr. Laurier's proposition, whose power to settle the question was undoubted. "Mr. Laurier's noble and statesmanlike views," said Mr. Davies, "put forward in his speech during this debate, have established for him a reputation and a confidence rarely before enjoyed by a Canadian public man. His proposition for a settlement commends itself to our common sense and involves an amicable settlement through Provincial legislation, based on conciliation and compromise, and after thorough discussion and investigation. Sir, I cannot but believe that, with coercion abandoned and conciliation substituted, the Protestant majority of Manitoba will be ready to accord to their weaker brethren a full measure of justice pressed down and running over. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Powell (Westmoreland) held that the bill was constitutional, and he would support it.

Hon. D. C. Fraser said the eleventhhour proposal to confer with Premier Greenway was a trick to lure halting Conservative M. P.s into voting for the coercion of Manitoba without due investigation. He spoke as a Protestant, and said that he wanted to say now that if it was established that the minority had a grievance and that Manitoba would not rectify that grievance he would vote for the coercion of the Province. The bill was not one that was in the interests of the minority, and for that reason he was op-posing it. It would produce endless

Mr. Kenny-But it is satisfactory to

Mr. Kenny—But it is satisfactory to the minority.

Mr. Fraser—There is no proof of that. Does Mr. Dupont say it is satisfactory when he proposes amendments which revolutionize the bill. In the third place he opopsed the bill because it would not be satisfactory to Manitobalt would be a detriment to the best in-It would be a detriment to the best interests of that young Province. In the place he opposed the bill because it was against the interests of the whole which took place in coercing Nova Scotia into the union, and concluded by saying it was a hopeful sign for Canwith his natural and religious sympathies extended to the minority, yet taking the noble stand he did against great odds. (Cheers.)

Sir Hibbert Tupper moved the ad-journment of the debate, and the House adjourned at 1:45 a.m. In the Senate yesterday Senator Boulton (Conservative) moved that the national prosperity of Canada was not being maintained under protection, and that a closer union of the cessfully effected by the adoption of the present commercial policy of the United Kingdom as a basis, insuring power for good in its inherent strength than by the imposition of any form of a protected tariff upon the necessaries of life.

Senator Macdonald (Victoria) opposed the motion, though he acknowledged Britain's enviable position. As far as preferential trade was concerned, he argued that Great Britain would only adopt it if it was seen to be to her financial interest.

Senator McCallum opposed the Britsh system and moved the adjournment of the debate.

A. W. Wright, commissioner to inquire into the sweating system, has submitted his report to Parliament. He vent the introduction of sweaters' dens and tenement house shops. He urges that a Dominion Factory Act should be passed-a proposal already rejected by the Government now in power-and that all places, even private houses in which goods intended for sale are manufactured, should be brought under the Factory Act. He urges stringent laws to protect women and children against frauds under the so-called apprenticeship system.

TRAGEDY IN SANDWICH. A Young Man Accidentally Shot by His Sweetheart's Brother.

Windsor, March 14.-Eugene J. Peltier, son of a well-to-do farmer in the first concession of Sandwich West, was est Trojand, the brother of his sweet-

Peltier had been keeping company with Miss Margaret Trojand, for three years, and they were to have been married in a few months. Thursday night he called upon her, and while they were talking in the sitting room, Ernest Trojand entered, pulled a revolver out of his pocket, abstracted the chamber cylinder and knocked it against the table to make sure that there were no cartridges in it, then showed it to Peltier.

Peltier returned the weapon, saying that the trigger was stiff. Trojand tried the trigger, not noticing that the barrel was pointed at Peltier. There was an explosion, and Peltier fell back in his chair with a bullet in his right breast. He died a few minutes later, with one arm around young Trojand's neck, declaring that the shooting was accidental.

The body was taken to the home of Peltier's parents, where an inquest was opened in the afternoon. Peltier was an estimable man of 28 years. Trojand is not quite 21 years old. He is employed by David S. Phelps, hardware merchant, 174 Woodward avenue, Detroit.

I was CURED of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT. J. M. CAMPBELL. Bay of Islands. I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MIN-

ARD'S LINIMENT. Springhill, N. 8. was cured of Chronic Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Albert Co., N. B. GEORGE TINGLEY.

A Big Midsummer Regatta Proposed for Toronto.

No Sunday Ball for Detroit-Jack Crawford Will Meet Costelle.

ST. MARYS DEFEATS STRATFORD. St. Marys, March 14.—Three rinks from Stratford played a friendly game with St. Marys yesterday afternoon, resulting in a victory for the home team by 21 shots. Following is the score: ST. MARYS. STRATFORD.

T. O. Robson, skip...22 W. Watson, skip...15 W. Andrews, skip...25 A. Laird, skip....21 J. Oddy, skip.....26 E. Nasmith, skip....16

BILLIARDS.

DEATH OF AN EXPERT.

Detroit, March 14. - John Secreiter, who, 40 years ago, was a billiard expert of international fame, died on Thursday at the home of his daughter, Caroline, in Milwaukee. The remains have been brought to Detroit, where he lived for 45 years. He was born in France in 1825, and in 1849 removed with his wife to Detroit. In 1859 he played Phelan, the then champion of America, at Firmen's hall in this city. The match was for 2,000 points, the stakes were large and excitement ran high. The game was telegraphed as it progressed to the principal cities of the east. It was estimated that more than \$500,000 changed hands on the result. Phelan won, but by the narrow margin of 96 points. Mr. Secreiter's last public appearance was in the national tour-nament in New York in 1863. BASEBALL

NO SUNDAY BALL IN DETROIT. No baseball on Sundays for Detroit. Manager Van Derbeck wrote to the police commission requesting that he be allowed to play baseball on Sundays at his old park on Champlain street.

The commissioners unanimously voted not to entertain the communication. AQUATIO.

A MIDSUMMER REGATTA. Edward Hanlan has a scheme to hold a big regatta of four days' dura-tion on Ashbridge's Bay, Toronto, probably early in August. He says he has assurances from the English oarsmen who rowed at Austin last year that they would come over for it, and as it is expected that a number of Australian oarsmen will visit England in the summer, they, too, could be induced to come. He would not confine the regatta to professionals, but would have amateur races on each day's pro-Dominion. Coercion always failed gramme. He says that five or six when tried. England failed to coerce thousand dollars would be required scotland, and she also failed to coerce to make it a success, and he proposes Scotland, and she also failed to coerce to make it a success, and he proposes Ireland. He referred to the troubles to personally call upon all the local hotel, steamboat and railroad men, and others, whom he thinks would benefit by a regatta, with the view of ascertaining whether such a sum could be raised. ATHLETICS.

Toronto Mail-Empire: Jack Crawford does not intend, it is said, to retire on the laurels he won by his recent victory or r Schram. If he adheres to this & cision he will not long be idle, as Schram has publicly challenged him, and "Buffalo" Costello, replying to an announcement in the Toronto papers, says he will meet Crawford if a suitpurse is affered and a side can be arranged.

SENT TO PENETANG

A South London Youth Who Didn't Co the Right Thing-Obtained Money Under False Pretenses and Stole a Hat.

Frank Martin, the 14-year-old son of Mr. Henry Martin, 187 Langarth street, South London, was ordered to the Penetanguishene Reformatory by Police Magistrate Parke today.

Young Martin is rather smaller than the average 14-year-old boy, but he has a special weakness for getting possession of other people's belongings. Up till a year and a half ago, Frank was recommends that the legislation which a model boy. He went to school in he specifies should be enacted to prenights. But he fell in with several bad boys in the neighborhood, and soon became unmanageable, and gave his parents no end of trouble. parents no end of trouble. A few months since, with a couple of other youngsters, he broke into a stall in the market house, and helped himself to the contents of the till. Later, he was arrested for breaking into a South London barber shop, and stealing a quantity of cigars and several other articles. In both of these cases the magistrate allowed Martin to go, but gave him a warning that he would be sent to the reformatory if he ever came up again.

Frank promised to do better, but he failed to keep his word. The other day he went into Beaton's store in Dundas street, priced a number of hats, and instead of purchasing, he stole one. Later, he went to a woman in South London, and offered the hat for sale, saying that it was too small for his father, and was to be sold for any sum he could get. On another occasion young Martin went to a widow on the Wortley road and borrowed a dollar, saying it was for a lady living near by, whose husband was away from home. He promised it would be repaid

in a day or two. Martin wept bitterly when found guilty by the magistrate. He denied both charges, and asked for another

chance. "There is no use of your crying," said the magistrate. "I told you before that if you ever came up again I would send you to the reformatory." Mr. Martin, sen., admitted he could do nothing with the boy, and appeared willing to have the incorrigible

sent to Penetang. The sentence was made an indefinite term of not less than fifteen months. John Gibbons and Charles Smith, vagrants, were remanded until Thursday. Gibbons belongs to the city, but has not worked since the car works were closed.

WASTING YOUR LIFE. Failure of Physical and Mental Force-To Add to Length of Life-Use Dodd's Kidney Pills. With a pathetic sigh how often it has

been said: "Well, then, I suppose I must let go my hold on life." To fathers and mothers of unreared children this is tragic.

But whence cometh sure and timely help!

If death is preventible, how? The timely answer is: By scientific and successful kidney treatment — by using Dodd's Kidney Pills. Hundreds write to thank us and tell us of their cure, but none to say that Dodd's Kidney Pills have ever failed. THE RIO ALL RIGHT.

fety of the Missing Steamer—She Had 160 Persons on Board-Was Short of Coal

San Francisco, March 14.—The Alameda has arrived here bringing news of the safety of the steamer Rio de Janeiro. The missing vessel arrived at Honolulu March 3, almost out of coal. She had burned every bit of available gales, which prevented her running into Yokohama. The Rio had 150 people on board all told. Of these four were cabin passengers, and there were in the steerage ten Europeans, ten Jap-anese and twenty-two Chinese. The crew consisted of thirty white people and nineteen Chinese.

LIFE ON A FARM.

One of Hardship and Constant Exposure.

Frequently the Most Rugged Constitutions Are Broken Down-A Prominent Farmer Tells of the Wonderful Recuperative Powers of a Famous Medicine.

From the Assiniboian, Saltcoats, N.W.T. Everyone around Yorkton knows Mr. Dan Garry, and what a pushing, active business farmer he was until la grippe took hold of him, and when that enemy left him, how listless and unfitted for hard toil he became. For months he suffered from the baneful after effects of the trouble, and although he still endeavored to take his share of the farm work, he found that it was very trying; he had become greatly weakened, had lost both appetite and ambition, and was tired with the least exertion. He tried several remedies without deriving any benefit, and as one after the other had failed, he determined to give Dr. Wil-



liams' Pink Pills a trial. He felt so utterly worn out that several boxes of the pills were taken before he found benefit, but with the first signs of improvement he took fresh courage, and continued taking the pills for three months, by the end of which time he was again an active, hustling man, feeling better than he had for years. Mr. Garry tells his own story in the following letter to the Assiniboian:

"Dear Sir,-After a severe attack of la grippe I was unable to recover my former strength and activity, I had no ambition for either work or pleasure, and to use a popular phrase, "did not care whether school kept or not." I tried various medicines without deriving any benefit from them. With not much hope I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and was agreeably surprised to find after a few boxes a decided change for the better. My appetite, which had failed me, returned and I began to look for my meals half an hour before time, and I was able to get around with my old-time vim. I continued the use of the Part Pills for three months, and find myself now better than ever. You may therefore depend on it, that from this time out I will be found among the thousands of other enthusiastic admirers of Dr. Williams' wonderful health-restoring medicine. Yours gratefully,.
"DAN GARRY."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system, and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralvsis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, sciatica, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Men broken down by overwork, worry or excesses, will find in Pink Pills a certain cure. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2 50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

John Bailie, secretary of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, Toronto, died Friday afternoon aged 67.

A meeting at Forest on Thursday night passed a resolution, condemning Federal interference with Manitoba schools

The British steamer Sir Walter Raleigh was in collision on Friday, in the Bosphorus, with the British dispatch boat Dryad. Both vessels were damaged and were docked

Puts Colds to Flight. "77" Always breaks up a Hard Cold that

"hangs on." "77" Knocks out the Grip, leaving no bad

effects; often the worst feature. "77" Works wonders in Catarrh; both acute and chronic. "77" Stops Cold in the Head and Influ

enza. Snuffles in Babies. "77" In Coughs is magical. Stops the racking, promotes rest, allows the

Chest and Lungs to heal. 6'77" Conquers Hoarseness and Loss of

Voice of Artists and Clergymen. "77" Prevents Pneumonia. "77" Cures Sore Throat, Quinsy.

"77" May save your life; will save you doctor's bills, loss of time and money. Doctor's Book .- Dr. Humphreys puts up a Specific for every disease. They

are described in his Manual, which is given away by druggists or sent free. Small bottles of pleasant pellets—fit your vest pocket; sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. 25c; or five for \$1. Humphreys' Medicine Company, 111 and 113 William street, New York.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL "THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleedings Pistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain. PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.

THE WEATHER TO-DAY. Fine; a little higher temperature.

Flannelette Department-

In this department we are doing some exceedingly interesting things. The fact is we are interesting the ladies in every department these days. We've got the goods, we've got the styles, and we've got the custom too. That's how we do it. But in the Flannelette Department we have a range of stock suited for every purpose for which this popular material is used.

Warmth

Without

Weight.

That's the beauty of Flannelette. We have a line of fancy patterns in new and stylish colorings, suitable for Ladies' Wrappers, at 10c, 121/2c, 15c and 18c.

A nice range of qualities and designs, just the kind for Gents' Smoking Jackets and Dressing Gowns. We also have a large and splendid stock of bright colorings and dainty patterns suitable for children's wear.

Outing Flannels.

A large variety of patterns. Something to suit every liking. This is a good season to buy and make up. Though it is cold now, warm weather can't be far away.

Extra fine line of White Unshrinkable Flannel for infants' and ladies' purposes, 35c a yard. Splendid value.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM 149-151 Dundas St.

Know What You Chew



Is free from injurious coloring. The more you use of it the better you like it.

THE GEO. E. TUCKETT & BONE CO., LTD. HAMILTON, ONT.

The Power [W[

Was never so fully shown to smoker as when he buys a

RECLAMO-

Cigar — It's clear Havana, and ought to sell for 10c. Sold anly by

Joe. Nolan, Opera Cigar Store-Masonic Temple-

Time

You will be money in pocket if you buy a watch, clock, ring or any piece of jew-elry from us.

Money

C. H. WARD 374 Richmond St.

INCORPORATED TORONTO HON. C. W. ALLAN OF MUSIC COR. YONGE ST. & WILTON AVE.

EDWARD FISHER, - - Musical Director. Calendar giving full information sent free. Many Free Advantages for Students, who may enter for study at any time. H. N. SHAW, B.A., Prin. School of Elecution. Elecution, Oratory, Delsarte, Literature.

Early for your Spring Suit. W. SLATER, opposite the V.

A Table-de-Hote Dinner Will be served at the Hub dining rooms. 203 Dundas street, every day from 12 to 2 o'clock for 25 cents. It is our desire to make this the best dining room in the city, and to this end we have secured the services of a

French chef. The cuisine will include

everything seasonable. Dine with us to-

morrow. STEVENS & NICHOLLS, proprietors.

The health of Dr. Montague is by no means good, and he has left London for Edinburgh for treatment in a sanitarium there.