Guelph Evening Mercury.

VOL. 1. NO. 212. GUELPH ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 19, 1868. PRICE ONE PENNY

The Guelph Mercury

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

OFFICE: - - - EAST MACDONNELL STREET

McLAGAN AND INNES,

PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

The Evening Mercury,

CONTAINING the latest News by Telegraph up to the hour of going to press, is published at 5 o'clock every afternoon (Sunday excepted), and mailed to all parts of the country, by the evening mails on the following

TERMS:

Single copy, one year, $4. | Single copy, 3 mo's $1
" " 6 months 2. | Single do. 1 week 10c.

Copies may also be had of the News boys on the treets, price ONE PENNY. Town Subscribers are supplied at their residences by our own carriers.

In addition to the Telegraphic News given in **The Evening Mercury** will be found a vast amount of LOCAL NEWS, interesting articles on all the leading topics of the day. Special care will be taken to give CORRECT MARKET REPORTS.

Every Business Man should read it.

"The Weekly Mercury"

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,

IS THE LARGEST COUNTRY NEWSPAPER in the DOMINION, containing 40 columns of reading matter. Special care is devoted to THE WEEKLY MERCURY, and care is taken that none but the best and most select reading appears in its columns. It is the **Great Family Paper of Ontario**; and the unprecedented additions to its subscriptions list within the last two years, and the demand still increasing, is a certain guarantee that our assertion is correct. Our facilities now for getting up a FIRST-CLASS WEEKLY are unrivalled by even the metropolitan press, and we are determined not to relax our energies.

Letters containing money, properly registered, will be at our risk.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Business men will find THE EVENING and WEEKLY MERCURY o be unrivalled advertising mediums, as their respective circulations are in advance of any others in North Western Canada, and is the ONLY means by which extensive settlements can be reached by the judicious advertiser.

Advertising rates are very moderate, and may be learned on application at the Office.

Book and Job Printing,

Executed on short notice, at reasonable rates, and in the best style of the Art. Having every facility at our command, in this department, we defy competition as to style, quality and price.

McLAGAN & INNES, Publishers.

OFFICE—Macdonnell Street, East of the Golden Lion, Guelph, Ontario.

New Advertisements.

GUELPH EVENING MERCURY.

DON'T fail to subscribe to the GUELPH EVENING MERCURY.

VERY latest Telegraphic, Local and other News in the MERCURY.

MORE and better selected Reading Matter appears in **The Evening Mercury** than any other paper in Guelph.

EVERY Merchant and Business Man should advertise in this paper.

REPORTS of all Local Proceedings up to three o'clock appear daily in this paper.

THE Standing Circulation of the EVENING AND WEEKLY MERCURY is **6,400 copies**, a circulation which no other journal in this section of Canada can lay claim to.

ON an average five persons read each paper. So that 32,000 readers peruse each issue.

IRON PLOUGHS.

A. GILLIES,

MORRISTON,

HAS much pleasure in informing the farming community that he has now ready a large number of Gray's celebrated Iron Ploughs, made of the very best of material and finished in first class style, as well as several more nearly finished. He would specially invite the attention of prize ploughmen to the merits of this plough, it having invariably taken prizes when competing throughout the county. He continues to manufacture the Modeland, Mahaffy and other wooden Ploughs as heretofore, and would respectfully urge intending purchasers to inspect his stock of ploughs, at his show room, Morriston.

Waggons, Buggies, Sulkies, &c.

He has also special facilities for manufacturing Lumber and Market Waggons, Buggies, Sulkies, &c., and all kinds of Farming Implements.

Horse-shoeing done as usual in the highest style of the art. A trial solicited from those having horses with bad feet.

Morriston, 19th March, 1868. w1m

DR. COOKE'S WORKS

TESTIMONIAL FROM THE

REV. ROBERT BURNS, D. D.,

Professor in Knox's College, Toronto, on

"Explanations of Difficult Passages of Scripture."

Apart from lengthened Commentaries on Scripture and doctrinal and practical expositions of Divine Truth, all of which have their appropriate uses, it has often occurred that a short and yet comprehensive work like that of Dr. Cooke, of London, England, was a desideratum in our popular religious literature. I have examined it with some care, and it has made on my mind a very favorable impression. Of course there will be varieties of opinion on all subjects, and different explanations of difficult passages in the Word of God may be given; but taken as a whole the work richly deserves the countenance of all that are friendly to evangelical truth. The introductory parts contain many admirable suggestions on the best way of studying the Scriptures. On hundreds of difficult passages the book has thrown a clear and satisfying light; while the spirit breathed through the whole is eminently Christian. Of "dry criticism" we have nothing, and we want nothing; but of solid, well-informed and well expressed illustration and remark, we have much.—My best wishes go along with its circulation.

ROBERT BURNS, D. D.

For sale by

T. J. DAY, Guelph.

Notice of Co-partnership

TAKE NOTICE that a co-partnership has this day been entered into between the undersigned under the name, style and firm of A. THOMSON & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of Merchant Tailors in the Town of Guelph.

ALEXANDER THOMSON,
SAMUEL SHAW,
GEORGE MURTON, JR.

Guelph, 2nd March, 1868. dawt

STRAYED STEER.

CAME on the premises of the subscriber, Lot 12, 2nd Con, Erin, about five months' ago, a brown steer, about three years old. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses.

DUGALD McTAVISH.

Erin, 19th March, 1868. w2

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GOING EAST.		GOING WEST.	
Mail	9.45 a. m.	Day Express	9.45 a. m
Day Express	2.55 p. m.	Eve. Ex	2.45 a. m
Night Ex	2.45 a. m.	Eve. Accom.	5.50 p. m

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

ARRIVE AT GUELPH.		DEPART.	
Mixed	10.50 a. m.	Accommodat'n	6.45 a. m
Accom'd'n	11.35 a. m.	Mixed	3.00 p. m
Do	5.05 p. m.	Accom	4.50 p. m

Stages leave for Walkerton at 5 a.m., and for Owen Sound at 4 a.m., Hamilton and Brock road at 11 a.m.

THE SPRING TRADE.

Advertisers will reach a large class of readers by inserting their business announcements in this paper. Our daily and weekly editions are double those of our contemporaries.

Evening Mercury.

OFFICE:.....MACDONNELL STREET.

THURSDAY EV'G, MARCH 19, 1868.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers having contracts with this office are notified that unless their changes for the EVENING MERCURY *are handed in before 12 o'clock, their advertisements cannot be altered until the following day. Advertisements for the* WEEKLY MERCURY *should be handed in as early as possible on Wednesday morning in order to secure insertion.*

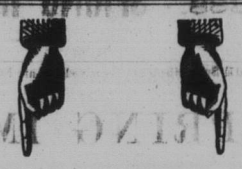
SUDDEN DEATH.—A Mrs. Elliott of Dumfries died very suddenly on Saturday morning last. She had been in good health, and went to bed as well as usual the previous night. Her husband found her breathing regularly about four o'clock in the morning when he got up, but on going back to the bed shortly afterwards he heard a peculiar noise, and she died almost instantly.

A CONFIDENCE MAN NABBED.—A confidence operator, named Kibbie, who has for some time past been carrying on a glove manufactory in Hamilton, has come to grief. He has been going it pretty fast, and by representing himself to be a man of means, and strengthening the assertion by outward appearances he has walked into a large number of merchants. The Sheriff wound up his business for him lately, in virtue of an execution procured by a New York creditor, and then claims came against him thick and fast. Most of these could be construed into nothing more than "breaches of trust," but Mr Spiers of Galt preferred a charge that amounted to fraud. On Wednesday he was taken from Hamilton to Berlin to await trial at the Assizes.

RAIL RIDING, &c.—The village of Hanover, like almost all other villages, has a citizen who dearly loveth his lush, and his name is McGregor. When under the influence of liquor, which occurs regularly and at no distant intervals, he says and does unpleasant things, and for this cause three men came upon him one evening lately when he was going home drunk, tarred and feathered him, and rode him on a rail. He laid a complaint with the magistrates, and the parties were bro't up to answer the charge. McGregor had had a companion with him who was called on for evidence, but he said he was so very drunk on the occasion he did not remember anything about it, and McGregor was also so strongly affected the same way, that he thought him in a very fit condition for imagining he was riding on a rail when in reality he was not. The defendants were fined ten cents each and costs, and the plaintiff for some threatening language he had used was ordered to find bail to keep the peace for the next six months

THE BRUCE STABBING CASE.—Sandford Simmons, the young man who stabbed a companion in Walkerton some time ago, and had fled as far as Guelph before he was arrested, has been sentenced at the last sitting of the Bruce Co. Court to four years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary. This is a severe correction, but the criminal is now merely an overgrown boy, and he will come out again into the world after his term of expiation has expired still a young man, with an experience which, though very sad, may prove very useful to him afterwards. His case is a fresh exhortation to heed the warning, "Beware of the green-eyed monster." For allowing passion a momentary preponderance he has been condemned to four years' reflection on the crime; four years' hard labour have been imposed upon him to give balm to the wounds of the man he stabbed, and to erase the vile stain from his own character. And all this because he and another noodle took it into their heads to quarrel about a girl that perhaps does not care a straw for either of them.

☞ The flood at Belleville still continued on Tuesday night, the mouth of the Moira River being firmly blocked up with ice and timber. Three mill dams, the iron bridge, and many barns, sheds, &c., were swept away. All the mills and factories from the railroad bridge to the wharves are more or less shattered. The damages are variously estimated at from $50,000 to $75,000.



McINNES, CALDER & CO.

Have Now Open their

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS.

Hamilton, March 19, 1868. daw 2w

THE FORGER ARRESTED.

On Tuesday evening last Mr. Lindsay, hotel keeper, Guelph, received a telegram from Mr. Cameron, a hotel keeper at Collingwood, requesting that he would forward a description of the forger, who had given his name here as McGregor, and who had chiselled a gentleman in this town pretty extensively, and touched the pocket of another one lightly. Mr. Lindsay at once replied, describing the fugitive's personal appearance, and the sort of horse and vehicle he had in his possession when he left Guelph. He appears, however, to have changed horses at Seaforth. On receipt of Mr. Lindsay's telegram Mr. Cameron forwarded another enquiry as to what reward would be forthcoming for McGregor's capture. Mr. Lindsay and the Chief Constable consulted, and they recollected there was a standing rule of the County Council that $20 are to be given to any person who gives such information as will lead to the apprehension and conviction of a horse thief. If he has stolen a horse in the county. They betook themselves to Mr. Saxon who said that the sum should be supplemented so that it would become $50. But when they came back the Telegraph Office was closed, and they were entirely at a loss to know whether the man of whom they had heard was the individual of whom more than one had a painful recollection. But the Chief Constable took his departure on the 8 a. m. train on Wednesday morning, and the *Globe* of Thursday brings us the intelligence that the forger has been captured. It says:—Yesterday afternoon, a young man of about twenty-four years of age and giving his name as Thomas Drew, was arrested on the strength of a telegram from Collingwood, signed by the Chief of Police of Guelph, on a charge of forgery. He tracked him to Collingwood, and learning there that he started for Toronto, apprised the department here of the fact. Detective McKendry was accordingly detailed to ascertain his whereabouts, and after some little search, discovered him in company with a female, supposed to be his wife, at the Argyle Hotel, Front street. He was immediately arrested, and conveyed to No. 1 station, to await the arrival of the Guelph authorities. His name in the west was given as McGregor, and he appears to have assumed the same name here, but changed it to Drew when arrested

MASON'S DRAMATIC COMPANY.

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT THIS EVENING BY THE GUELPH DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION.

The popular play of "Fanchon" was performed last night by Mason's Dramatic Company last night, and was well acted. Miss Dunn as Fanchon was excellent. Miss Clifton as old Fadet exhibited great dramatic power, especially in the passionate parts, which were remarkably well played. Mr. Daly as Landry Barbaud and Mr. Lampee as his twin brother were very good as usual. The other characters were also well represented.

To-night the Company receive a grand Conplimentary Benefit from the Guelph Dramatic Association, when the leading members of both companies will appear. "Don Caesar De Bazan" is the play chosen, to be followed by the roaring farce of "The Happy Man." The Band of the 30th Battalion will also be present, and play several of their favourite airs. We trust that there will be a full house to-night. The company on account of weather and other causes have been unfortunate lately, and this benefit is got up for the purpose of getting them out of their trouble.

FIRE AT KINGSTON.—About two o'clock last Wednesday morning the steamer "Empress," lying at Gildersleeve's wharf, Kingston, took fire and burned to the water. She formerly belonged to the Royal Mail Line. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Base Ball—A Brilliant Inauguration of the Season at Niagara Falls.

The *American Chronicle of Sports and Pastimes*, published in New York, of the date 12th inst., has the following:—We are very glad to learn that the base ball season of 1868, is to be opened in brilliant style, at the village of Niagara Falls, in May next. Arrangements have already been made for a grand tournament, to take place under the auspices of the Niagara Base Ball Club. They have determined upon having a gala time commencing on the 15th of May, on which occasion it is proposed to have a grand tournament open to all clubs, not only belonging to New York, but to other States, and Canada. A fund has been raised, from which $2,000 has been set apart for prizes. A ground has also been secured, covering fifteen acres in extent, and the same is to be enclosed by a fence, and prepared for the season's play, as soon as the weather will admit of operations on the ground. An individual prize, in addition to those included in the $2,000, will be given by Mr. J. T. Fulton, to be known as the "International Hotel Prize." Also special prizes by Messrs. Barker, Walker, Brooks, Krakoski and many others.

This tourney has been arranged in the interests of the New York State Association, and with a view of enlarging its list of members. We have no doubt of its being a perfect success, and shall fully expect to see such organizations as the Unions of New York and of Lansingburg, Mutuals, Atlantics, Athletics, &c., taking part in it. The fact of being able to witness a fine series of games, and to see Niagara at one and the same time, will be ample inducement to hundreds in this city to take the trip, while the number and value of the prizes will be sufficiently attractive to draw our strong nines out there. As the Atlantics intend going west in April, they will be just in time to arrive at Buffalo, *en route* home, to take part in the tourney. Arrangements will be made with the railway companies for cheap excursion tickets to Niagara from New York, Boston and Philadelphia.

The Astors—How they Manage their Business.

The New York correspondent of the Boston *Journal* tells how the living Astors are managing and increasing the great fortune which their ancestors left them, and what it amounts to:

"The Astors will probably hold their property for many generations to come. Wm. B. was trained by his father to the style of business which had gained his fortune and increased it. Since the death of John Jacob Astor the business has been continued in the same style that marked it before he died. William B. Astor has two sons, John Jacob and William B., Jr. They have been carefully trained to the same style of business that distinguished their father and grandfather. In the little one story brick building on Prince street, looking like a small jail with the iron bars in front, the father and two sons can be daily seen taking care of the immense estate. The sons are quiet and reticent, like their father. No bank clerk goes to his business more steadily than they. At a given hour in the morning they enter their office. At a given hour, arm-in-arm, they walk down Broadway to Wall street. Between two and three o'clock they can be seen returning from their down-town office. They are seldom separate. They are capable, industrious, economical, and pre-eminently devoted to business. Should their father die to-morrow, everything would be taken up just where he left it, and all his plans would be carried out, nor would any change be made in the mode of doing things during their lifetime. The utmost care was taken of their uncle, John Jacob, who died the other day. Every wish of his father in regard to him was scrupulously carried out. His fine residence on Fourteenth steet, with its garden occupying a whole square, with his coaches and horses, were preserved to him to the last. It is rare that three generations of men exhibit such characteristics. Thrown into office, its commanding situation would make the Astor House a source of revenue such as it can never become as a hotel. But the wishes of its founder, though dead, still prevail, and a hotel it will be, probably, during the lifetime of its present owner.

HORRIBLE CASE OF CHILD MURDER.—The Quebec *Gazette* has the following: On Friday night, an ex-bailiff of the Recorder's Court, named W. H. Taylor, was arrested on suspicion of having murdered his son, W. H. C. Taylor, a child of eight years of age. Coroner Panet was notified of the death of the boy, and immediately proceeded to hold an inquest on the body. Information received in the early part of the enquiry led also to the arrest of Taylor's wife, step-mother to the deceased, who was suspected of being an accomplice in the crime. Some eighteen witnesses had been examined on Saturday, and the evidence of the neighbors, though slightly differing in detail, all agree in the main point, that in their estimation the death of the child was caused by heartless cruelty, dreadful suffering by freezing and starvation, and constant beatings. The prisoner Taylor is about forty years of age, a Jerseyman by birth, an avowed atheist in religion, and was formerly a school teacher in St. Rochs, up to the time of being offered the more congenial employment of serving writs of execution on people's property for non-payment of taxes. Public indignation is stirred to its very depth against the inhuman wretches who are accused of this infamous crime. The evidence given before the coroner is of too positive a character to admit of any doubt of their criminality, and their ultimate punishment when the

Parliament of Canada.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, March 18.

The Speaker took the Chair at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Connell inquired of the Government whether the Stamp Act was construed to impose a duty on notes, &c., under the sum of $25.

Hon. Mr. Rose said it was the province of the Government to construe the Act, and it would be improper for them to answer the question.

The question being put on receiving a number of petitions praying the selection of Robinson's route for the intercolonial Railway,

Dr. Parker said the petitioners appeared to labour under the misapprehension that this question was still at the disposal of the House, whereas the House had vested the Government with the right to decide the route.

Hon. Mr. Cartier said the duties and responsibilities of the Government as to the selection of a route could not interfere with the right of any portion of the community, or of any individual in the Dominion, to address the House by petition.

Hon. Mr. Holton said the Minister of Militia had no doubt laid down the law correctly as to the right of petition, but what signified that right if no action was to be taken on the petitions when received? He differed a little however, from his friend the member for Centre Wellington, as to the position of this question. Though the House had vested the Government with the right to select the route, it was still competent for the House to repeal the law, or to advise and instruct the Executive as to what they should do, and to vote want of confidence in them if they made an improper selection or failed to make a selection at all.

Hon. John Sandfield McDonald said the public outside had a very earnest anxiety as to what was to be the route of the Intercolonial Railway. He desired that speedy action should be taken.

Mr. Connell moved to refer the return to an address for names and salaries of officers and employees of the Government and legislature, &c., to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Langevin, J. S. McDonald, Mackenzie, Young, Gibbs, Branchet, Pope O'Connor, Stuart, Campbell, Burpee and the mover.

Mr. Young said he had seconded the motion with much pleasure. As regarded the Contingencies Committee, he found there was a feeling abroad that that Committee was not likely to make any important move in the direction of economy. The Secretary of State was Chairman of that Committee. With all deference to that gentleman, he thought it would have been better if a member of the Government, who was a servant of this House just as much as its other officers, had not been Chairman of such a Committee. He thought the House should follow the good example which had been set by the Senate in taking measures to cut down its expenses. He was not one of those who believed that parsimony was economy, nor would he reduce the number or pay of officers, if he thought the doing so would injure the efficiency of the public service. But he did think there was room for retrenchment in the service of this House, which at present employed about 140 officers, with salaries amounting to somewhere about $100,000.

After considerable discussion Mr. Connell altered his motion so as to make it refer the returns, as far as the officers of this house were concerned, to the Contingencies Committee.

Mr. Masson (Terrebone) moved an address for all correspondence between the Local Government and the Government of the Province of Canada since February last on the subject of the colonial military expenditure and military defence of the late Province of Canada, and between the Imperial Government and that of the Dominion since 1st July, 1867, on the same subject.

Hon. Mr. Cartier said the Government had no objection to the motion. Indeed, it had been their intention to have laid before the House all correspondence and despatches bearing on the question of defence, in order the better to enable the House to discuss the measure which in a few days he would have the honor to introduce, with regard to the militia and defence of the country,

The House adjourned at six o'clock.

IN THE MIDST OF THE WATERS.—A family named Taylor, residing in Westminister, at the Cove, will long bear in mind the flood of 1868. During Monday and Tuesday they were sorely incommoded. On the rising of the river the second time, the whole flat in the vicinity of the Cove was covered, and in the neighbourhood of Taylor's house especially, to the depth of from six to ten feet. The family thus on rising on Wednesday morning found their domicile afloat, and communication entirely cut off. The sheet of water extended on one side for nearly a mile, unbroken by a single hummock or shrub. Their two cows had taken refuge on top of a manure heap near the house, where they remained chewing their cud in a forlorn condition. The Taylors ascended to the upper storey of their house, and there calmly awaited the abating of the waters. As the day advanced their situation attracted the notice of Mr. Kent, a resident of the locality, who launched a canoe and enquired how they fared. He subsequently took out some provisions and did his utmost to assist them.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.—The 29th regiment is under orders to leave Hamilton for Toronto, and no other regiment is likely to be quartered in the former city for some time. The 59th Regiment is to be transferred from Brantford to London; the 53rd Regiment from London to Montreal; and the 4th Battalion, 60th Rifles, from London to New Brunswick, Brantford will be discontinued as a military station.

A LIBEL SUIT QUASHED.—Coronor Gordon lately brought a suit for alleged libel against the Owen Sound *Advertiser*, but the Grand Jury could find no cause of

BY TELEGRAPH

Despatches to the Evening Mercury.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

London, March 18.—The whole plan for Church, Land, and Educational reforms in Ireland will go over to the next Parliament.

Madrid, March 18.—Peace envoys from Peru and Chili are hourly expected at Cadiz.

Dublin, March 18.—Mr. W. Johnson, the Orange Secretary, who was imprisoned in the County Down, for taking the lead in an alleged illegal procession, has been made a candidate for Parliament from the city of Belfast.

American Despatches.

Detroit, March 18—The tannery of T. Ladde was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night. Loss $40,000.

Memphis, March 18—Three men in disguise, supposed to be members of the Kuklux clan, went last night to the house of a negro, near Nashville, and demanded admission. The negro fired and killed one of them. The affair created considerable feeling, but is not likely to lead to further trouble.

Washington, March 18.—The Impeachment managers were yesterday engaged in the examination of witnesses. Having heard that a claim agent had reserved $200 on a requisition from Adjutant-General Thomas, as Secretary of War, they summoned the agent before them. Testimony shews such not to be the fact.

Honduras advices, March 6, state that about a month since the cholera was declared to be no longer epidemic. Since that time but few cases have occurred either here or any where on this coast.

Buffalo, March 19—A young man, named Charles Spencer, committed suicide last evening by shooting himself through the head.

Washington, March 19—The President spends much of his time with his counsel on the subject of impeachment trial. Stanberry, Black and Curtis had a long consultation with him yesterday at the Executive Mansion.

New York, March 19th.—*Herald's* Jacmel, Hayti, special of Feb 22nd, says President Salnave and his army were surprised 30 miles from Cape Haytien, and defeated. He was pursued by the armed Haytiens in overwhelming force and sustained great loss. Delorme is at Port au Prince, proclaiming victories that have never been won, and giving deceptive feasts. The French Admiral had demanded payment of the Haytien arrears to France for the last three years. In case of an unsatisfactory reply, he is according to instructions to seize the Custom House and collect payment himself. Conscriptions are active, and there seems to be a special design against wealthy families. A certain Senor Carvalho had to pay two hundred thousand dollars or be impressed into service. Other wealthy persons have escaped in female attire or are hid in the foreign consulates. Luc Caco rebels manifest no desire for bloodshed; they disappear for a while and then suddenly fall on the troops of the tyrant Salnave. All communication between Cape Haytien and Port au Prince is cut off. The blacks hail Gen. Salomon, who is expected from England in April; the mulattoes are alarmed regarding the fate of the exiled delegations; others proclaim in favor of Gen. Faubert. Salnave limits the term of his office to four years and promises to abolish the death penalty for any political offence, also to allow no more French clergy. Two of the latter have been induced to go out of the country. The Haytien government offers the use of a steamer to lay the International Cable that is to touch that island. It guarantees the company a dividend on the stock, amounting to 12 per cent.

New York, March 19th—*Tribune's* special says the President has telegraphed L. P. Sweet, one of the Lincoln electors of Illinois, to act as one of his counsel.

A train on the Long Island railroad was yesterday thrown from the track near Woodside, and smashed to pieces. There were about 200 passengers on the train. A newsboy was killed and a number of others injured.

Attachments were issued by Judge Barnard, yesterday, against James Fisk, J Henry Thompson, John S. Eldridge and Jay Gould, Directors of the Erie Railroad. They were all made returnable at 10 a.m on Monday next. J. Bancroft Davis appeared punctually and was discharged upon giving bail for his appearance.

Arthur Election.

The election of Reeve for the township of Arthur took place on the 12th instant. The roads were almost impassable, and one-half the votes in the township were not polled. The following is the state of the poll, as officially announced at the close:—

	North Div.	South do.	Total.
Stevenson	98	81	179
Clarke	39	82	114
Majority for Stevenson,			65

We have learned further that Mr Stevenson's majority would have been very heavy had it not been for the condition of the back roads, and the heavy rain on Thursday. Most of his supporters had a considerable distance to travel to a polling place; teams could not get through, and the electors who walked were completely drenched. Mr Clarke's strength, on the other hand, lay in and around the Village of Arthur, where the roads were comparatively good, and teams at command, which accounts for his running so well in the South Division.

The legislature of Maine, at its last session, incorporated twenty-four companies to carry on various industrial enterprises, with an aggregate capital