

Spartacans Plan Soviet Government for Germany

Bolshevik Revolution in Galicia --- Disorderly Scene in French Chamber --- Morgan's Machine for Flight en Route.

ON THE EASTERN FRONTS.

PARIS, March 27. Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, announced in the Chamber of Deputies last night that on the Archangel front the Allied forces totalled 34,765, made up of the following nationalities: British, 13,200; United States, 4,520; French, 2,145; Italians, 1,340; Serbians, 1,290; Roumanians, 11,770. On the Serbian front the Allied total was 324,500, of whom 4,000 are Canadians, 1,500 British, 7,500 Americans, 2,000 French, 1,000 Italians, 4,000 Serbians, 210,000 Roumanians, 12,000 Poles, 4,000 Roumanians, 2,700 Japanese, 55,000 Czechoslovaks. The total forces of the Allies on the various eastern fronts, M. Pichon stated, was 850,000. This total was divided as follows: French, 140,000; Roumanians, 190,000; British, 140,000; Italians, 40,000; Serbians, 140,000; Greeks, 200,000.

REVOLUTION IN GALICIA.

VIENNA, March 17. (Via Copenhagen.)—A wireless despatch received from the Soviet Government at Moscow, declares that all of Galicia is in a state of revolution. The movement is described as having begun in the oil districts near Drobovay, where the workers established a Soviet Government, and to have spread to the surrounding districts. Troops despatched by the Polish Government, the message asserts, joined the movement. The Lemberg Soviet, it is added, has declared a general strike.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST POLAND.

PARIS, March 27. A great military campaign against Poland is to be opened by the Russian Soviet Government this spring, it was declared by M. Joffe, the former Bolshevik Ambassador at Berlin, at a recent meeting, according to word received by the Polish National Committee in Paris.

SPARTACANS PREPARING.

BERLIN, March 26. Alleged secret orders of General von Luttwitz to his regimental commanders, informing them that the Spartacans are planning a new revolution for the purpose of introducing the Soviet system, not only among the troops, but among the civil population, are printed by the Radical newspaper Republik. A rumor broadcast in Berlin that a reversal of the Spartacan uprisings is due about Whit Sunday (June 8th), coincides with information in the alleged orders.

ANXIETY FOR MISSIONS.

WASHINGTON, March 27. Belgrade despatches to the State Department dated March 23, and received to-day, said at last reports order was being maintained in Budapest. The foreign missions were unharmed at that time, but were not allowed to leave the city. The despatches stated that much anxiety was felt in Belgrade regarding the members of the foreign missions.

PEACE IS NEARER.

BERLIN, March 26. With the arrival of an American food ship yesterday and the conference of German financial experts at Weimar to-day, preparatory to going to Versailles Sunday, Germany seems to feel that peace is nearer than at

any other time. The feeling of depression which had been growing in every part of the country at the continued disorders and the increasing Spartacan riots lifted at least slightly at the news that concrete rules finally were at hand, after much waiting.

FLYERS GETTING READY.

LONDON, March 27. The airplane entered yesterday for the trans-Atlantic flight by the Martinside Airplane Co., was started on its way to Liverpool to-day to be shipped to Newfoundland, where the start on the flight will be made. Raynham, a veteran aviator, will be pilot, and C. F. Morgan the navigator.

ANXIETY AT BARCELONA.

WASHINGTON, March 27. Advice from Madrid to the State Department to-day, said conditions in that city were quiet, but that at Barcelona many arrests had been made by the military authorities because of refusal on the part of the civilians to obey orders. The army has commandeered private automobiles. Many shops are closed, and food is becoming scarce and great anxiety is felt in that city.

WOOLLEN WORKERS' STRIKE.

PASSAIC, N.J., March 27. Nearly 7,000 woollen workers who returned to work yesterday after a strike which lasted eight weeks, again walked out of the plants where they were employed, this afternoon. The plants affected were the Boony Worsted Mills and the Gerama Mills. The strikers declared that the officials of the companies discharged their leaders and members of the Workers' Shop Committee contrary to the agreements by which the strike was ended.

STORM IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

PARIS, March 27. Tumultuous scenes occurred in the Chamber of Deputies last evening, when the right and left engaged in a controversy, each charging the other with being Bolshevik. The cries of "liar" were heard in the midst of the storm of protests. The Socialists were bitter in their criticisms of the address made by Stephen Pichon, foreign minister, in answer to interpellations made by Marcel Cachon and Ernest Lafont on the Government's policy in Russia. Paul Deschanel, President of the Chamber, was unable to restore order for a long period and the pandemonium later resolved itself into a bedlam, in which many Deputies added to the noise by pounding on their desks.

GERMAN SHIPS SEAWORTHY.

PARIS, March 27. The Supreme Economic Council reported that the thirty-eight German ships that are in German ports to be turned over to the Allied and Associated Powers, are generally in a seaworthy condition. The vessels to be under British control are on their way to Liverpool, while those apporportioned to the United States are sailing for Brest and Cherbourg. None of these ships are less than 2,500 tons capacity. The larger ships will be used to repatriate Australian and American troops. The conditions of the arrangement have been complied with, and instructions have been issued to release foodstuffs for Germany which have been held up at Rotterdam.

MILITARY SERVICE BILL PASSED.

LONDON, March 26. (Delayed.)—The Military Service Bill passed through the report stage without amendment in the House of Commons to-day. The proposal to limit the operation of the bill to December 31, 1919, instead of April 30, 1920, was rejected by a vote of 282 to 70, and another amendment excluding liability to service in Russia from the scope of the bill, was voted down by 281 to 48. In declining to accept this amendment, Winston Churchill, Secretary of War, said the Government had no intention of raising a large conscript army to be sent to Russia. The general question of the Russian problem, he said, is not a question for the British Government. It is a matter to which a league of nations or a league of victorious nations must address itself.

WILL BE INCLUDED.

LONDON, March 27. Any doubt that the covenant of the league of nations will be mentioned in the peace treaty, was removed by an authoritative statement from a responsible British source to-day. It was said that some reference to the league must be contained in the

treaty if only because the treaty will require the Germans to cede their colonies to the league's mandatories, says a Reuter despatch from Paris.

ACTION NECESSARY.

PARIS, March 27. Stephen Pichon, Foreign Minister, in the Chamber of Deputies last evening said that the struggle against the Bolsheviks was not a declaration of war against Russia. This address was made in reply to interpellations made by Marcel Cachon and Ernest Lafont and was bitterly criticized by Socialist Deputies, and for a time great disorder prevailed in the Chamber. After pointing out that the Allied policy in Russia was not a war but a pacifying policy, M. Pichon said the Russian question is vital and it is necessary in the interests of peace to bar the westward route of Bolshevism. If we do not act, the day Russia re-awakens she will find herself the ally of Germany.

DE VALERA IN DUBLIN.

DUBLIN, March 27. Edward De Valera, who was recently elected President of Ireland, by the Sinn Fein Parliament, has been in Dublin since yesterday, according to statements made here to-day.

WANTS CHANGE OF RESIDENCE.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Mar. 26. Former Emperor William of Germany, alarmed by the receipt of threatening letters, intends to leave Holland and seek refuge in Switzerland, according to the newspaper La Suisse. Swiss newspapers are printing many advertisements, inserted by members of the German and Austrian nobility, who are seeking houses in this country at moderate prices.

ITALIANS IN PRESSBURG.

LONDON, March 26. Italian troops have occupied the town of Pressburg, thirty-five miles southeast of Vienna, on the Hungarian side of the border, according to a despatch from Budapest, forwarded by the Central News correspondent at Berlin.

CANNOT BE DONE.

LONDON, March 27. The British staff, it is said authoritatively, considered it impossible for War Minister Trotzky, of the Russian Soviet Government, to organize an army of a million men for spring offensive on the Bolshevik Western Front, as it has been reported he proposed to do.



The Wellington is more than a good pipe—

it's a WDC Pipe, a genuine French briar; it's a good smoke; it's peace; it's comfort; it's quiet meditation—all done up in one sweet brown package. The well catches all moisture and the top-opening bit sends the clean, dry smoke up away from your tongue. Good dealers have the Wellington in the shape and size you want, at \$1. and upward.

WM. DEMUTH & CO., New York

for the statement that France will donate Vimy Ridge to Canada, has sailed for home.

OFFER ACCEPTED.

LONDON, March 27. The delegates to the Conference of the National Union of Railwaymen, decided to-day to accept the offer of the Government for the settlement of their demands.

QUIET IN MADRID.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 27. Advice from Madrid to the State Department to-day, said conditions in that city were quiet, but that at Barcelona many arrests had been made by the military authorities, because of refusal on the part of the civilians to obey orders. The army has commandeered private automobiles. Many shops are closed and food is becoming scarce, and great anxiety is felt in that city.

WE HAVE HEARD THIS BEFORE.

BERLIN, March 26. The German Government is planning the creation of a court of investigation for German personalities accused of crimes, during the war, who have requested the investigation of their cases, the Vossische Zeitung says. The National Assembly, the newspaper adds, will enact a suitable law for a court to try General Ludendorff, former Chancellor Von Bethmann Hollweg, Admiral Tirpitz, ex-Foreign Minister Von Jagow and others "whose activities can only be judged by such a court."

A good opportunity of meeting your friends: The Queen's Road Congregational Social on Thursday next, April 3rd. Don't miss it. Full announcement of grand programme next week. In the meantime reserve the night, you won't be sorry.—mar27,31

Prepare for the Spring Rains!

We have opened the following goods the past few days:—

LADIES' BLACK RUBBER COATS in the newest and smartest styles, and have priced this lot at \$10.00 and \$14.00 each.

MISSSES' BLACK RUBBER COATS, \$5.50 and \$6.00 each, according to size.

LADIES' SHOWER and COVERT COATS in the newest and smartest Trench styles. Big range of prices in this lot from \$12.00 upwards.

CHILDREN'S and MISSSES' SHOWER and COVERT COATS.

Ladies' and Misses' Mackintoshes.

Get ahead of the Weather Man and secure yours to-day while the assortment is good.

HENRY BLAIR

Admiration

Get the sensation by using

VERBENA FLOUR.

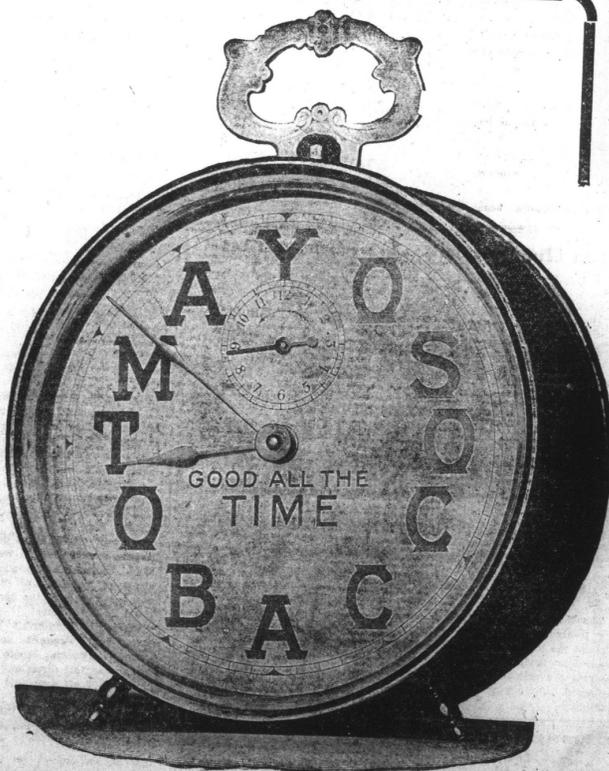
Jan 25, s.m.w

RESERVISTS ARRIVING SUNDAY. Remove water spots from a dress—A number of R. N. R.'s who are at by damping in lukewarm water; then North Sydney, are coming here by the place a piece of cloth over the Sagona, leaving Louisburg, and will spots on the right side and press until arrive about early Sunday morning. both pieces of the material are dry.

The tobacco that smokes sweet and cool to the very last MAYO'S Because it's good all the time.



Imperial Tobacco Co.



You don't press a button any more but we still do the rest.

Expert workmen, modern methods, improved equipment & tested chemicals insure results.

Let us finish what your Kodak began.

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