
Colonial Attorneys' Relief Act Amendment Act, 1884, &c.

colony or dependency after service and examination: that is to say, no attorney or solicitor of any such colony or dependency shall be admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court in England unless, in addition to the requirements of the "Colonial Attorneys' Relief Act," he prove by affidavit that he has served for five years under articles of clerkship to a solicitor or attorney-at-law in such colony or dependency, and passed an examination to test his fitness and capacity, before he was admitted an attorney or solicitor in such colony or dependency; and further, that he has since been in actual practice as attorney or solicitor in such colony or dependency for the period of seven years at the least.

Short title. **2.** This Act may be cited as the "Colonial Attorneys' Relief Act Amendment Act, 1884."

CHAPTER 31.

A. D. 1884. An Act to make further provision respecting the removal of Prisoners and Criminal Lunatics from Her Majesty's possessions out of the United Kingdom.

[28th July, 1884.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the removal of prisoners undergoing sentence, and of criminal lunatics from one British possession to another British possession, or to the United Kingdom:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

Short Title. **1.** This Act may be cited as the "Colonial Prisoners Removal Act, 1884."

PRISONERS REMOVAL.

Removal of prisoners from British possessions in certain cases. **2.** Where as regards a prisoner undergoing sentence of imprisonment in any British possession for any offence it appears to the removing authority hereinafter mentioned either—