THE CATHOLIC RECORD

EIGHT

ANNUAL MEETING OF CATHOLIC TRUTH SOCIETY OF HALIFAX

The annual meeting of the Halifax branches of the Catholic Truth Soci ety was held on Sunday, March 5th, in St. Mary's Parish Hall, His Grace Archbishop McCarthy presiding. The reports of the officers showed

the total receipts for the year at the Cathedral and Seminary Chapel to have been \$1,694.04, of which \$326.67 was balance from previous year, \$779.68 from sales of literature, \$553, 25 from sales of newspapers, \$30 from contributions and \$4.44 interest. The sum of \$1,652.48 was expended for literature, newspapers and miscel-laneous expenses, leaving a balance of \$41.56 on deposit. At St. Patrick's Church the receipts were \$427.24.

Besides the book and pamphlets sold from the book-racks at the sold from the book-racks at the church doors, over 600 Catholic newspapers were disposed of each week, including nearly 100 copies furnished free to the soldiers at the forts and to the hospital. Prayer books, rosaries and scapular medals were given to the Catholics of the 25th Overseas Battalion and in the garrison; also, 500 copies of the Pocket Book for British Soldiers,"

"Pocket Book for British Soldiers," by Rev. A. Bitot, S. J., military chap-lain. Not counting the cost of news-papers, the total amount expended during the year for the benefit of the Catholic soldiers was \$110. The Executive appealed for funds to enable them to continue this good work for the benefit of the Catholics in the 64th and the Sith Battalians in the 64th, and the 85th Battalions

Allusion was made to the great loss sustained by the Society in the death of Rev. Father Collins, one of its founders and for three years Treasurer, during which time, de spite continual ill-health, he was most active in the work of the Society.

Rev. Father McCallion of the Cathedral staff read a very able paper on " Catholic Literature.' He ontrasted the two schools of literary thought, namely, the idealistic and the realistic, and showed that as the Catholic religion is both supremely idealistic and supremely realistic, Catholic writers must pre serve the happy medium and not be led into extremes. The paper was illustrated by opposite quotations from St. Augustine, Ruskin, Car dinal Newman, Father Faber, Hux-ley, Monsignor Benson and others. The following officers were chosen for ensuing year.

President - Sir Malachi Daly, K. C. M. G.

Vice-Presidents-Very Rev. Msgr. Murphy, V. G., Hon. N. H. Meagher. Spiritual Director-Rev. H. J. McCallion.

Treasurer-R. O'N. Duggan. Secretaries-W. W. Page, Edward Cummings.

ST. PATRICK'S BRANCH Treasurer—W. C. Martin. Secretary—J. W. Dyer.

WHAT THINK YOU OF CHRIST ?

"What think you of Christ," is a question of serious import to all men. And no wonder. It lies at the heart of Christianity. The problem of the "Son of Man" is the ultimate test of orthodoxy; in an unmistakable manner it marks the parting of the spiritual ways. Modern thought has long been impatient of formulas, although formulas are necessary for any exact science ; it will have nothing to do with dogmas

usually are the members of the Irish This is what Radicalism thinks of Constabulary. In a recent one the writer said (amongst other things): hrist, and this is the very sublimaion of blasphemy. Against it there re "As soon as a person arrives in France he finds it is the land of the nains one bulwark, the Catholie Church whose faith in Christ never Crucifix. In France the Crucifix is hanges. Its attitude toward Hin to be seen almost everywhere -- at the is still summed up in the formula framed by the Fathers of the Council of Chalcedon, against the entrance to every town and village, beside every little cluster of farm ouses and at all crossroads. Monophysites in the year 451 Catholics confess Christ's Divinity 451 Remember, it is not even the rdinary Crucifix which can be see and humanity ; they believe that H sometimes in Ireland and in England " true God and true man ;" the These crosses stand from 10 to 40 do not exalt one nature to deny the other; they confess and profess that

leet high, always giving the figure the size and appearance of real life and arousing by its presence feelings He was and is perfect in both. Others, if they will, may adopt new of awe, fear and reverence. Just hades of belief with each decade picture regiments on the march-" What think you of Christ?" is the often much fatigued and always carrying a lot of equipment—being ame that St. Peter gave on the footrought suddenly before one of these nills of the mountains by the Sea o Galilee. For us, as for him, Christ is still "the Son of the living God." Nearly always there is a Crucifix at the place where we leave the public

coad and enter the communication

trench which leads to the firing line

It is often remarkable how those

large Crosses escape the effect of

nto the open and seeing nothing

ave the outlines of the large Cruci

ix silhouetted against the horizo

and the lonely figure on the Cros

azing down upon a scene of extrem

MACHINE

fire. Fancy suddenly getting

CONVERSIONS TO FAITH IN ORIENT

-America.

FIGURES WHICH SHOW GREAT PROGRESS MADE BY CATHOLIC CHURCH AMONG PEOPLES OF ASIA

desolation and of complete ruin. The influence of the Crucifix A little booklet just printed by the made the French capable of enduring esuits of Shanghai gives a glimpse of the conditions of Catholic Missions in the Far East fifty years ago and again at the present time. The more suffering and of making greate sacrifice than any other people on The men, women and chil arth. dren of France have always befor igures appearing in this report speak We know, of course, that heir minds an image of the Crucifix the Faith has made progress in China Philadelphia Standard and Times and Japan, but we do not realize how extraordinary this growth has been THE POLITICAL

until we see the actual statistics These are given for twenty-two provinces. Here are a few of the most impo nt : Japan, in 1865 had 10,000 Cath We are forced from time to time o listen'to many accusations and plics : they now number 72,454, and

Japan is acknowledged to be a diffi landers against the Church. Per cult country to evangelize. Thibet aps the most persistent and foolish an almost inaccessible region, had indictment brought against her by bigots and fomenters of religious 100 Catholics half a century ago; now lissention is that she is a most it has 3,557. Mongolia, also a hard ountry for the missionary, had 6,000 owerful, international politica scheming insidiously fo Catholics; now it counts 89,885. Its ompanion, Manchuria, had 6,000 he control of kingdom, empire an onverts in 1865; now there are 50, Rome is always made the republic. Rome is always made the center of her intrigues, and the Pope 21 members of the True Fold. s represented as the arch-per petrator. In view of the facts, it i In China proper, progress is more marked, viz. : Kiang Si shows 69,180 Catholics as against 9,000 half a cenell to call attention to the Protest ant pulpit. Christ and His law are ury ago, and Shantung, 130,505 against 10,751. Chihli is the banner no longer preached therefrom. Politicians are belabored from real province, with a total Catholic popuation of 485,316. Its comp or imaginary errors. ' Personal criticism has become common. The scientist, the sociologist or the edu-cator frequently hold forth from Protestant pulpits. And very re-

statistics are not available, but they would undoubtedly show the same comforting comparison. According to the authority quoted, the Catholics in the twenty-two provinces otal 1.868,218. — Intermountain Catholic.

> FRANCE RELUMING HER LAMP

Only a few years ago the present French Prime Minister, M. Aristide Briand, exultingly boasted that they The Missionary very pertinently emarks : (the infidel government) had "blotted out the Sun from the heavens." He ing with political harangues if they are not given over to the discussio meant by this fustian to brag that the atheists of France had banished f sociological, scientific or educa tional problems. In spite of these the name of God and the name of notorious facts, Protestant bigotry Christ from the school books: ha as not hesitated to charge that the by their war upon the Church had Catholic Church is primarily a polit driven the religious orders from ical machine with dark and nefar France, had seized the temporal property of the Church, had driven rights of this and other nations The best answer to these accusa the nursing Sisters from the hospi tals, in which they had been used to

soothe and make happy the sick and

dying by whispering words of hope in a bright future, had taken the

to, they must find the Holy Eucharist replacing Matins and Evensong as the central offering to God of condition. each day in church.'

This utterance of the Bishop of Birmingham is all the more striking when it is remembered that he is by no means a customary advocate o But he has been Catholic practices. eeply stirred by what he has seen

and he thinks the proposed national nissions should take these and other matters, such as religiou education and church finance, into its purview. An opportunity has arisen, he says, for a new Reforma tion.'

> SAYS THE CATHOLIC CHURCH IS A GREAT REPUBLIC

To understand the long life, the power that has lasted through centuries, the purpose that continue anchanged as men come and go within the great Catholic Church, it is necessary to realize that that Church was the first great republic of our era, and that it is a great epublic now. In the day of savage kings and des-potic rulers, in the later days of

refined monarchs and governments slightly less brutal, the Catholic Church, an organization of spiritual as well as temporal government, had an immense advantage over every overnment on earth.

The kings and the emperors came died, and each successor was a matter of accident. The child that happened to be born first inherited he crown. Because of the weakness the to accident o birth, dynastie and kingdoms and empires changed nd melted.

But the Catholic Church went for ard through the centuries steadily gaining in power, because from the first the government of the Church was a republican form of governnent. No accident of birth deter nines any important facts in the overnment of the Church. The Cardinals, a body of learned and powerful men, themselve selected because of special ability and regardless of birth or rank, elec n their turn the Pope to rule th Church—just as our Electoral Col lege was established by the founder f this government to elect a Presi

When some feeble king was suc ceeding to the throne and the powe of France, when some weakling through the accident of birth, was nade ruler of Spain, or of England the ablest man within the Church was to rule. A boy that had been the humbles ently a stripling of twelve summers

and poorest of children, tending the animals in the field, sleeping on a was allowed to preach in a nearby hurch on the evil effects of white hard bed or no bed, while the boy lavery and kindred subjects far savery and kindled subjects hat beyond his years of knowledge. Christ and Christ only is preached from the Catholic pulpit. Purely secular topics are denied considera-Emperor was in his palace, lived to see himself upon the throne of St Peter and to see the Emperor grown to manhood humbly submissive with at the gate.

That was the result of republican vernment within the Catholic The ablest man was chosen "Protestant pulpits constantl for the highest honors and responsi-bilities. And many a royal and imperial accident of birth throughout the centuries knew what it was to bow his head to the chosen ruler of the Church, chosen because of bility, knowledge, devotion, and chosen on the basis of true republian government. ous designs upon the liberties and It were well for us in this coun

Arthur, Ont., and uncle of Hon. R. Harcourt, of Welland, and of Dr. W. V. Harcourt, of Guelph, Ont. ry to know that the Church has een for many centuries as truly epublican in government as the system that puts a President in the May his soul rest in peace. White House at Washington. Christ and Him Crucified in season It is encouraging to all of those hat believe in republican govern-

nent and who want to believe that

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those compendious, carefully framed expressions of religious truth. In this it runs directly counter to Catholicism, which is still old-fashioned enough to cling to them, to insist on them, and to print them in concise form for her children old and young The lesson is clear to all who care to think. The Church holds jealously to every jot and tittle of Christ's doc trine ; outside the Church these doc trines have been discarded one by one, and the last step has been to reject Christ Himself.

Three years ago, Loofs, one of the foremost living Christologists, speak ing, if not officially, at least with full knowledge of non-Catholic thought, did not besitate to say that the world over there was scarcely a single well-informed Protestant theologian who held unequivocally that Christ was God. Non-Catholic thought has not changed since the time of this pronouncement, except for the worse. The problem of Christ still vexes Protestant divines they are trying feebly to retain some shadow of a semblance of Divinity in "the Carpenter of Nazareth," but they are fast losing ground. Some have seceded openly and deny that Christ is God ; others cover their de fection by colored, diluted, ambig-uous, unsatisfactory terms, but for most of them Christ is only a man. Lay Radicalism has scarcely gone further, although it is more outspoken and less reverent in lan-guage. Its views as seen in their latest exposition are as follows : "We believe in Jesus. We be

lieve that He lived and died. . To us His memory is the memory of a hero. . . . We are indignant a hero. . because the Church betrayed Jesus . . . to us that little immaculate icon that sits at the right hand of the image of God in heaven is a part of the whole traitorous procedure. Whoever puts Jesus up there dodges Him down here that has been our experience. To us a dialog that ridicules . . . this translated Christ . . . ex-presses the very sharpness of our letters show how well educated reverence for the memory of Jesus?"

Crucifix from the walls of the school-houses—had made war, in every lepartment of life, upon Christianit and had won the unholy fight was a foolish as well as a wicked yaunt. There is a power in the light of heaven that will find a chink, even though it be in the wall of a dungeon below the street level, t send a ray of cheer to some faintin heart prisoned from the current o humanity that rushes past outside ignorant of the woe that lies hidden behind the iron bars. The penetra tive power of Christ's love for man will find its way wherever the sun

light and the air can reach fainting souls, to bring balm and comfort to the victims of misfortune and injustice. The soldiers of France who are now fighting her battles are cheered in their arduous and most noble task in their ardious and most noise task by the sight of the Crucifix and the words of the priests who fight in the ranks beside them. The nursing Sisters are again tending the wounded on the battlefield, as they did in the great war of 1870. How splendidly they discharge the charit ble task has been told in the page of this journal, and how the Govern nent has had to acknowledge and nonor it in face of the world, by publishing the names of three nuns n the orders of the day, and the haracter of the services which called forth the tribute. It should be borne n mind that it was while tending wanded German soldiers that some of see holy French ladies dis charged their noble task under artillery fire and the turmoil and roar of a wide battlefield. Surely, the courage of Christ is reflected in the heroism which these devoted women show in doing His work even amid the awful horror of the battlefield and the frightful confusion of the maddened horses and the cries and groans of the dying and the screaming of the shells. How widely the Crucifix has triumphed over resuscitated Paganism in France is revealed in the letters lately sent home to Ireland by a Belfast policeex-f our lished in The Irish News. The The

show which pulpit is being de-bauched in sensationalism, politics and the like.—Boston Pilot. WHEN THE ENGLISH

TROOPS COME HOME

ions has been the Church's attitud

towards all political questions The Church alone is able to preach

A simple deduction will

THEY HAVE LOST THEIR OLD PREJUDICE AGAINST THE CATHOLIC CHURCH

James Cairns, English correspond ent of The Churchman, writes as follows :

When the Men Come Home The phrase is being used by nearly all our spiritual leaders ; what kind

of religion will our returning soldiers and sailors find in England? We are really getting quite nervous about it; we expect them to tell us some home truths. Some people, like Si Edward Clarke, think that they will come home despising High Church ntics, and seeking naturally the vangelical ministers. It may be so so much of the religion at the front has been of that tone. (There , not much room for ritual in the trenches.) But from what we hear from those who have visited the front the soldier is not likely to espise the ceremonial of the Cathoic party. He will seek a living Gospel message, without any partic-ular desire for or objection to the rit al which surrounds it. We have the authority of the Bishop of Birming am (Dr. Russell Wakefield,) who has more than once visited the front or the statement that our men have ost the old prejudice against the Roman Catholic Church. They have ound that religion is very much live in France, they admire the self-sacrifice of the French priests, and they are now 'prejudiced in favor of that against which they felt

so strongly before they went to the war.' And when they come back, they must find religion ' as living a thing at home as they have found it in France.' They must have open character, they must have open those heresies are to be met.' "I heartily respect an organization which faces its enemies in this way, and I wish that all ecclesiastical orchurches: the reserved pew must

this nation, properly managed, can endure to realize that the greatest ldest, most powerful organization in the world is the great Catholic Church, based spirtually upon the Rock, St. Peter, and materially upon a republican form of government, rue democracy, recognizing no birth right, no aristocracy other than that of intellect, character and devotion -The Chicago Evening American.

TRUE SCIENCE NEVER WALKS AHEAD OF THE CHURCH

Thomas Huxley (Agnostic) in "Lay Sermons, Addrssses and Reviews."

"It was my good fortune some time ago to pay a visit to one of the most important of the institutions in which the clergy of the Roman Catholic Church in these islands are trained and it seemed to me that the ence between these men and the com fortable champions of —was compar William able to the difference between our gallant volunteers and the trained eterans of Napoleon's Old Guard.

'The Catholic priest is trained to know his business, and do it effectively. The professors of the college in question, learned, zealous and de termined men, permitted me to speak frankly with them. We talked like outposts of opposed armies during a truce — as friendly enemies. And when I ventured to point out the difficulties their students would have to encounter from scientific thought they replied: 'Our Church has lasted many years, and has passed through many storms. The present is but a new gust of the old tempest, and we do not turn out our young men less fitted to weather it than they have been in former times. The heresies of the day are explained to them by their professors of philosophy and science, and they are taught how



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Away

court, aged seventy-six years brother of Mr. Thos. Harcourt

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