AILABLE
DISPONIBLE

TIGHT BINDING
RELIURE TROP RIGIDE

five guns instead of three as above stated. The Federal loss was about 200 killed and from 600 to 700 wounded. Gen. Lyon's body has been embalmed for conveyance to his friends in Connecticut. A great many Germans figured in the fight on the Union side.

Since the battle at Davis Creek a telegram states that the Federal army has met with three other reverses—that Colonel Siegel and his troops have been captured in Missouri by the Confederates—that 17,000 Federal troops have been routed at Leesburg; 3,000 killed and 1,400 prisoners—also that the Federalists had met with a severe reverse at Fort Fillmore in Texas. These reports have been contradicted, however. It is probable that the Northern Press will preserve a wise silence on the subject.

But there is no doubt that the Confederate army in Virginia encouraged by their success are initiating offensive movements nearer Washington. Their pickets are being thrown forward along the whole line of the Potomac. Meanwhile President Lincoln has issued a proclamation declaring non-intercourse between the North and the Confederate States, and confiscating all vessels and merchandize owned by the said States, that they may be seized in transit by the Federal officers.

Whole and parts of Regiments enlisted are summoned by the Secretary of War to hasten to the defence of Washington. This is said to be a precautionary measure, and that the Capital is considered impregnable to the Confederates. We shall doubtless soon hear of another great battle between the two armies.

Gen. Wool has assumed the command at Fortress Monroe in place of Gen. Butler.

Reports of captures by Confederate privateers are being daily received. The loss of the North in this way since the beginning of the war is placed at $20,000,000.

The Northern Press continue their ravings against England. They still talk of the conquest of these Provinces, and declare that if the English Government should break the blockade they can cut off their entire trade with America, and confiscate all the stocks which Englishmen hold in the United States—upwards of $500,000,000. "Should England enter upon such a dangerous career, she will rue the day that her rulers have committed her to a deadly struggle with this young giant Republic." "Let perfidious Albion beware."

Great demoralization exists in the Northern army. Desertions are continually occurring, and mutinies in several of the regiments have had to be suppressed. Fifty men of the 79th Regt. of New York will be Court-martialed and its colors have been taken away, "only to be returned when their conduct in camp shall prove they understand the first duty of a soldier—obedience, and when on a battle field they shall have proved their bravery."

The New York Herald does not like the names of the battle fields in this present war. They are Bull Run, Big Bethel, Scary Creek, Day Spring, Hoke Run, Bull Town, and Pig Point. To this list Davis Creek and some others have just been added.

The Confederate Congress have 210,000 men now in the field. They have called for 400,000 more. Many of the colleges in the South have suspended, the professors and students alike enlisting in the army.

Northern bankers have subscribed $150,000,000 of the Federal loan.

It is rumoured that the Mormons of Utah have gone off—seceded—declared that Territory an independent Province, seized all the stores of U. S. Government, and prohibited government trains from passing through the country.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.—There is no doubt that the Confederates meditate an immediate attack upon Washington. Much attention is being given to the fact that many of the Government offices at that place are filled by Southern sympathizers. The insubordination in many Northern Regiments has been promptly suppressed; 60 men of the 2d Maine, and 35 of the 13th N. Y. Regts. are to be shipped off to Tortugas to work at the fortifications. The call for more men is readily responded to; four or five new regiments will be sent from Massachusetts during the present week. Federal troops at Washington and on the line of the Potomac are reported in excellent health and spirits.

Martial law is proclaimed by Gen. Banks, in Maryland, and in Missouri, by Gen. Freemont. Several of the New York papers are to be dealt with for treason.

The Confederate Congress has adjourned. President Davis has ordered all Unionists in the Confederate States to leave those states within forty days. The strength of their army is now estimated at 240,000 in the field and 250,000 home guards.

161 Federal officers have resigned since the battle of Bull's Run.

The privateers are still at work. The Jeff. Davis lately captured a large Philadelphia brig and took her into Brunswick, Georgia. Northern papers are very much "tried" about the Alliance which lately left this port. The "Eastern State" lately took to Boston a cargo of turpentine and cotton which had been brought from North Carolina to Yarmouth, N. S. by a Colonial vessel. The owner of the vessel is said to have made $15,000 by his adventure.

The report of a second Southern Victory in Missouri proves to be correct in the main. The battle, however, took place at Lovettsville instead of Leesburg. The Northern loss is placed at 250 killed—the Southern at 50. 1,150 Northerners were taken prisoners, the latter not being able to cross the river, it having meanwhile swollen. There is nothing further about the capture by the Confederates of Gen. Siegel's command, and not a word about Fort Fillmore, Texas.

Southern accounts of the great battle near Springfield speak of a bloody and desperate encounter. Ben McCulloch says: "Victory is ours." The battle lasted six and a half hours. Our loss is great. Gen. Lyon is among the dead. Took six pieces of artillery from Siegel, destroyed his command, and took many prisoners, small arms, &c Our loss is from 200 to 400 killed and wounded." Gen. Siegel's force was pursued to Springfield where it was thought McCulloch would attack him. The Federal loss they estimate at from 2,300 to 3,000.

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN.

Two days Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14. The Persia arrived at 3 o'clock.

Parliament is rapidly winding up the business of the session.

Lord Palmerston said that the Government would not interfere in Neapolitan affairs. He hoped, on the contrary, that the Italian Generals would crush out the prevaing brigandes.

The London Times, in a city article, says it is not to be supposed that any houses of influence willbe willing to act as agents for the American loan in London, fraught as it would be with every element of danger to subscribers as well as to the friendly relations with the Union, whenever it shall be rehabilitated by the return, either compulsorily or voluntarily, of the Southern States.

The London Advertiser professes to have information that the North is going to ignore all blockadss and collect duties by vessels stationed off the blockaded ports.

Lord Herbert, late Secretary of War, died on the 2d inst. It is generally believed that his death was caused by overwork.

The Arch Duke and Arch Duchess Maximillian of Austria were on a visit to Queen Victoria.

The Cunard company have sold the steamer Jura to the Canadian line.

It is stated that after the visit of the King of Prussia to France, Napoleon will go to Bruhl to witness the Prussian military manoeuvres.

It is reported that the French and English squadrons will remain in the Syria waters until winter.

The Paris Bourse closed firm at 68f, 20c.

It is asserted that the French Court is intriguing to displace Baron Ricasoli, Cavour's successor, he not being supple enough for Napoleon.

Subscriptions to the Italian loan greatly exceed the amount required.

A combined and simultaneous movement by the reactionists was being vigorously suppressed by Cialdini.

There have been fresh disturbances in the Jewish quarter of the city of Prague.

It is reported that the office of the Governor General of Poland is to be suppressed.

The Persia brought £170,000 in specie.

ADDITIONAL.—The new American Loan meets with much opposition from all quarters. The *Times* referring to an anonymous communication published in its columns, remarks:—"It would be fraught with every element of danger to subscribers as well as to the friendly relations with the Union, whenever it shall be rehabilitated by the return, either compulsorily or voluntarily, of the Southern States!" The "Herald," of July 31st, (Lord Derby's organ) says: "Not the slightest encouragement should be given to the negotiation of an American loan in this market, and although endeavours may be made to raise the money, it is not believed they will be successful whatever may be the advantages offered or the terms proposed for assisting the Federal authorities to raise supplies, capitalists will do well to weigh the prospective results of the business before they enter into it." In another article the "Herald" also remarks: "Any attempt to raise money for the Federal Government should be resisted, and the feeling among capitalists is certainly averse to supporting such an operation. If the public will do themselves justice, they possess now a most brilliant opportunity of resenting the injuries they have received in a pecuniary point of view at the hands of American speculators and American adventurers. Repudiation in its worst form might ensue, if, after the loan were negotiated, an arrangement between the North and South for an amicable adjustment should be effected." The "Chronicle" of July 31st says: "We trust that the British public will offer no encouragement even to the most speculative money broker to embark in such an enterprise. If they do, it must be thoroughly understood that the transaction is risked entirely upon their own responsibility. As the loan is still prospective and the money of British capitalists still burns in their own pockets, we may address them as Dean Swift addressed his congregation, in the simplest and most eloquent sermon ever preached:—"If you like the security, down with your dust." Otherwise not; and in any case it must be fully understood that the English nation and its responsible government cannot be asked to put themselves out of the way in order to collect debts which a few Englishmen have allowed the United States government to incur for their own profit and at their own risk."

Lord Palmerston, in reply to a question put him with regard to the loan, declared that government will treat it as contraband of war. The following is the "Times" report:—

In the House of Commons, on the 29th of July, Mr. Gregory asked whether the First Lord of the Treasury had received any information that goods contraband of war, among other things a battery of artillery, had been conveyed from this country to New York in the steamship Kangaroo, and that a loan for the United States government had been opened upon the Stock Exchange? If so, was this in accordance with our principles of non-intervention?

Lord Palmerston replied that he was not personally cognizant of the matters to which the honorable member referred; but that, should they arise, they would of course, be dealt with by the government.

The Paris correspondent of the London Post thus alludes to the American question:—

The civil war in America, it is believed, is about to consolidate and cement still closer the alliance between England and France. The British Cabinet, it is to-day announced, is in close and constant correspondence with that of the Tuileries. The alleged object is the establishment or the "inauguration" of a combined action on the part of the two governments towards that of America. This co-operation is to be prosecuted on both sea and land, and it is added that a perfect understanding on the subject has already been arrived at.

The Blockade of the Southern ports is spoken of as "contemptible" "thoroughly inefficient," "without the sanction of international law, and of course invalid." The manner in which the blockade is conducted, it is thought, can hardly fail to lead to some decided course of action on the part of England, France, and possibly of Spain. The Federal government is bound by the existing law of Maritime States, and if they do not conform to that law, it will become the duty of the European powers to see that the vessels which claim the protection of their flags are not interfered with on pretence of a breach of blockade. The probability is that the late seisures of our Colonial vessels by American officials will not be passed by in silence.

The sympathy of England seems to be with neither of the belligerents. France inclines towards the Southerners, while Prussia, it is said, warmly sympathizes with the North.

Lord John Russell had been introduced to the House of Lords, and took his seat as Earl Russell, of Kingston Russell, in the county of Dorset, and Viscount Amberley, of Amberley, in the county of Gloucester, and of Ardsalla, in the county of Meath.

Queen Victoria, Prince Albert and a portion of the royal family will leave Osborne, on the 29th of August, for Ireland.

A letter from Constantinople in the Journal de Francfort says:—

The new Sultan appears determined never to have but one wife. A few days since the Valide Sultana agreeably to old tradition, purchased a young slave, the most beautiful that could be found in the capital. She dressed her out in jewels and the richest clothing, and offered her to her son. "Who is that woman?" demanded Abdul Aziz. "The slave whom, according to custom, I offer you on your accession to the throne," was the reply. "I have nothing to say to her," replied the Sultan; "have I not a wife whom I love? Let me hear no more of such customs and such presents."

Accounts have been received in Paris from China and Japan to the 1st and 12th of June respectively. The rebel army was committing great ravages in the neighborhood of Nankin, the English, who were at Schin Kiang, opposed their advance. They had already menaced Tientsin, but the combined action of the European forces was able to defend that important position and prevent them from approaching it. The utmost tranquillity prevailed at Pekin, and hopes were entertained that the Emperor would shortly return to his capital.

By the "Bohemian" off Farther Point and the "Canada" off Cape Race, we have later dates from Europe.

European politics unimportant. American affairs claim undivided attention.

The "Times" is bitterly sarcastic on the battle of Bull's Run. The news of the battle was received on Saturday the 4th inst. and caused a profound sensation. Almost a collision occurred at Liverpool News Room between Northern and Southern Americans. The "Times" has an article on the battle and says:—

There must rise gathering doubt that the Southern nut is too hard to crack, and that the military line, as a matter of business, does not answer. The same article ridicules and laughs at the threats of prominent New York journals against England.

Russell's letter to the Times is confined to graphic details of the route of the Northern army. He calls it a cowardly route, and speaks of the panic as causeless and disgraceful. In another letter published he asserts that no daring deeds were done on either side, and no desperate struggle except by those who wanted to get away.

The Times editorially says the victory was a complete one. The Union army lost all, even their military honor, and it wishes it could find something in it to congratulate either the victors or vanquished, but sees nothing but what must stimulate the evil passions of both combatants.

An ononymous advertisement appears in the Liverpool Post, inviting a shilling subscription for a testimonial to Gen. Beauregard, in admiration of his skillful disposition.

The London Herald says a report had been received that Napoleon, on receipt of the intelligence of the defeat of the Northern army at Bull Run, decided to recognize the Southern Confederacy. The statement lacks confirmation, and is believed to be unfounded.

The London "Post" in an editorial on the blockade question, says, "If unfortunately England should be compelled to drift into the quarrel, the blame will not rest with England, but with a government which has endeavored to run off innocent commerce, to enforce the validity of a blockade which is manifestly incompetent to maintain."

The "Times" of the 10th remarks that the Americans of the North even take pleasure in sensation caused by their recent unparalleled defeat.

Another letter from Mr. Russell is published relative to battle.

A Paris letter says the success of the Southerners has powerfully operated on Parisian opinion in favour of the secessionists

Parliament was prorogued on the 6th, inst.

NEW ZEALAND.

A correspondent at Auckland says:—

"Little can be said on the subject of the War, save that it has ceased at Taranaki, the dispute about the land at Waitara, which was said to be the cause of the rebellion having been settled with the tribe Ngatiwa, who claimed to be the owners. The troops are returning to Auckland.

The next matter to be disposed of is the Maori King movement with the Upper and Lower Wikato Tribes. Peace will be offered to them on terms much more stringent and severe than to the Ngatiwa, for the part they took in the Taranaki business, professing to be in peace with Victoria at Wikato, and taking up arms against her crown and dignity at Taranaki. The war therefore is only removed from the latter to the former place, and the difficulties which attended our offensive operations against the Maories, in the shape of mountain ranges and dense forests, do not exist at Wikato, the whole district being open undulating plains of the greatest richness and fertility. These plains are about 70 miles from Auckland, with a good road the greater part of the distance.

I do not profess to be able to fathom the depths and intricacies of diplomacy, but I am led to think that the Maori rebellion affords a good pretext for the home government to send a considerable military force here, to preserve the balance of power in the Southern Seas with France, who has planted a colony in New Caledonia, and keeps a large force there, calculated to overawe the Australias and New Zealand.

Trade and business are somewhat improved, mainly from the demands of the military stationed here, and the troops hourly expected from India and England. Should the present disturbances be amicably arranged, affairs would immediately improve in every way."

Acadia College.

The next Term will commence on Monday, Sept. 2. The roll will be called on that day at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Candidates for matriculation are requested to attend in the Library for examination on Saturday, the 31st inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Persons desirous of joining the Theological classes, or of entering upon partial courses of study, are also expected to be in attendance on Monday, Sept. 2.

J. M. CRAMP.
Aug. 5, 1861. President.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Governors of Acadia College, at the Baptist Meeting House, Nictaux, N. S., on Saturday the 24th inst., at half-past seven o'clock, P. M.

STEPHEN DEBLOIS, Secretary.

••••Kidder's Liniment is the best Remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Strains, Sprains, Bruises, or any complaints where an external application is required.
Sold by all Druggists and Medicine dealers. 1y

MARRIED.

On the 13th inst., by the Rev. Samuel Robinson, Mr. Charles Semple Esq., Merchant of Liverpool, England, to Miss Elizabeth Moran, eldest daughter of Henry Vaughn Esq., of this City.

At Bloomingdale Cottage, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. Edwin Clay, M. D., Mr. Samuel McGuire, to Miss Elizabeth Ann Beattey, both of Carleton.

By the same, on the 8th inst., Mr. Henry Wiley to Miss Fanny Evans, both of the same place.

On Tuesday, 13th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Musquito Cove, by the Rev. Wm. Armstrong, Mr. George Bingham, of Accrington, England, to Mary, daughter of James Holt, Esq.

DIED.

Suddenly, on the 13th inst., in the 15th year of his age, William John, eldest son of Captain Belmore, of the Princess Royal.

In the city of Norwich, County of Norfolk, G. B., on the 12th June last, after a long and protracted illness, Mr. Robert Faulke, aged 63 years, much respected by all who knew him, leaving a son and daughter to monrn their loss. The deceased was a brother of Capt. W. D. Faulke of this City.

On Friday, the 2nd inst, in the Parish of Petersville, Queen's County, David Speight, a native of Wakefield, Yorkshire, England, in the 78th year of his age.

SHIP NEWS.

—ARRIVED—

THURSDAY, Aug. 15th—Schr Joseph Guest, Norton. Philadelphia, W. M. McLean, coals.
FRIDAY, Aug. 16th—Bark Thomas Killam, Davis, Halifax, C. McLauchlan & Co., salt.
Bark Mary Richards, Trefry, Greenock, do, coal.
Brigt Cyrene.
SATURDAY, 17th—Ship J. H. Chapman, Chapman Monte Video, W. M. McLean, bal.
Brigt Lilly Dale, Walfleet, Liverpool, G. A. Lockhart & Son, gen. cargo.
Schr Mountain Eagle, Ames, Rockland, W. M McLean.
SUNDAY, Aug. 18th—Ship Edward Hyman, Neill, Boston, W. M. McLean, bal.
Brigt Syrien, Breamer, Providence, Master, do.
Brigt Gold Hunter, Robinson,———, J. & D. Robinson, molasses and sugar.
MONDAY, 19th—Brigt Standard, Card, New York, G. A. Lockhart. gen. cargo.
TUESDAY, 20th—Schr S. L. Tilley, McAfee, New York, W. M. McLean, flour.
Schr A. Hastings, Chapman, New York, J. F. Masters, do.

—CLEARED:—

Aug. 14th—Ship Pam Flush, Warsaw, Honfleur. C. Macpherson, deals; brigt Leader, Crosby, Queenstown, S. Wiggins & Son, do.
15th—Ship Salem, Robertson, Liverpool, J. L. Woodworth and R. Robertson. deals; schr. Lynfield, Amos, Boston, D. J. Seely, Laths.
Aug. 16th—Ship Queen of Beauty, Chapman, Liverpooi, N. S. Demill, W. Davison, and others, deals; bark Augusta Jessie, Booth, Liverpool, Kirk & Worrall, do; schr Marry Jane, McDougal, Providence, Littlehale & Scammell; schr Pearl, Whelphy, Providence, Eaton & Bovey.
17th—Ship Morning Star, McKenzie, Sharpness Point, J. Robertson, deals; Hydra, Heaman, Skibbereen, R. Rankin & Co., do.
19th—Ship Lencothin, Clawson, Bristol, J. McIntosh, deals, &c. schr Clifton. Belyea, New York, Eaton & Bovey, laths; schr Gertrude, Cassidy, New York, J. E. Knight do.
20th—Schr Sea Gull, Morton, Boston, J. Robertson, laths.

—MEMORANDA.—

Ard at Halifax, 17th, schr Julia, Simpson. hence;
Ard at Londondery, 30th, Minnehaha hence; at Cork 31st, Moonbeam do; at Dungarvon, 30th, Nancy, do; at Sottenbridge, 31st, Raven, do, at Bristol, 27th, Henry, Davis, from Quebec.
Sld from Pill, 28th, J. S. Dewolf, Bradshaw, for this port; from Grimsby, 31st, Parliament, Leach, do.
Cld at Boston, 13th, schr Lizzie Sturges, for this port; at New York, 12th, Congress, Kenny, do; at Portland, 13th, schr Willie C. do.
Sld from Baltimore, 13th, ship Sebastian. Cabot, this port.
Ard at Liverpool, 29th Tiger. hence; at do 1st, Whampoa, do; at London 30th, Edward Stanley, do; at Portsmouth, 31st, Weston, Merritt, do; at Sligo, 28th, Nathaniel Stevens, do; at Bristol, 1st, Eliza Young, Durkee, from New York.
Sld from Liverpool, 28th, Catherine, Wiley and S. Blanchard York, for this port; 27th, Western Empire Soule, do.
Cld at London 29th, St. Helenn, Springe, this port; at Havre, 27th, Southern Chief, Wiggins do, at Liverpool, 30th, S. L. Dinnevell Harward, do; at do 2d, Zenobia Peters, do.
Cld at Boston, 17th, schr A. Sawyer, Huston, for this port; at Philadelphia, 15th, schr E. Forrester, Lawson, do.
Ard at New York, 15th, schr Ocean Wave, hence.
Ard at Liverpool, 4th, Eugenie, Armstrong. hence; at do 4th, J. & R. Young, Scott, do.
Ard at Newcastle, N. B., 19th, bark Wapella, Tooker, from Glasgow.
Cld at New York, 15th, schr Fellow Craft, Lane, for this port; at do 14th, brigt Caledonia, do.
Sld from Liverpool, 27th, ship Calista, Haws, and J. Bradshaw, both for Quebec; from do 31st Jane, Scotland, do; from do 31st, Sirocco, do; from Pill, 29th, Bushire, do; from Liverpool, 28th, Morning Star, for San Francisco.

Tea Meeting in Fredericton.

A PUBLIC TEA MEETING will be held in the New Free Baptist Meeting House, in Fredericton, on Wednesday the 4th of September next, the proceeds of which is to aid in the erection of the House. Every effort will be made to make the Meeting agreeable to those who may attend. A number of Ministers and other gentlemen will give addresses on appropriate subjects; a choir of Singers, aided by a Melodeon will also contribute to the interest of the occasion. Price of Tickets, HALF A DOLLAR each, to be had at all the the Drug and Book Stores in Fredericton.

STEAMERS FROM ST. JOHN.

Arrangements have been made with the Union Line of Steamers, to convey passengers from St. John, who procure tickets for the Tea Meeting, on Tuesday the 3d of September, both morning and evening, and to return any time during the week at one fare—$1.50, both ways. This will afford parties in St. John an opportunity for a pleasant Steamboat excursion at a small cost. Fare and Tea being only $2.00.

Tickets for Steamers and Tea also, will be left in a few days at the Drug Store of M. McLeod, Charlotte St. Saint John.

E. McLEOD Pastor of the Church.
Fredricton August 15, 1861.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
MAILS FOR ENGLAND.
A Mail, per Cunard Packet, via New York, will be closed on Friday, 23rd inst., at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. J. HOWE,
Post Office. St John, 16th Aug 1861

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
UNTIL further notice, Mails for Fredericton, Woodstock, &c., &c., will be closed at this office every evening, (except Sunday,) at Eight o'clock, instead of 6 as heretofore. J. HOWE.
Post Office. St. John, 13th Aug. 1861. up

NAPIER.
LANDING ex "Ospray," from New York, 200 Barrels Napier Mills Flour. For sale by
JACOB D. UNDERHILL.

G. M. STEVES,
DEALER IN GROCERIES, FLOUR, PROVISIONS, FRUIT, &c.,
SANDS' ARCADE, (South Side,) St. John, N. B.
LATELY Received—335 bbls Calcined PLASTER, 15 M. Cigars, 2 M Real Havana do, 50 bbls "Forget me-not" FLOUR, 40 boxes Raisins, 5 boxes Cheese.
Daily expected from New York—
100 bbls Flour Napier and other brands, 10 boxes Cream Tartar—
Alonng with other Goods which will be sold flow Wholesale or Retail. Aug 21.

Pic Nic.
THE Germain Street Baptist Sunday School intend holding their annual PIC-NIC festival on TUESDAY next, 27th inst., on the Grounds of Mr. Christy, near Torryburn—weather permitting.
An active Committee have been appointed to make every arrangement for the comfort and enjoyment of all who may favor us with their presence on the occasion.
Trains will leave the Station at 10.30 A.M., 2 P.M. and 5.30 P.M. Returning at 4.30 P.M. and 7.30 P.M.
Tickets 25 cents each, to be had at the usual place; and at the Station half an hour before leaving.
E. J. BARTEAUX,
Aug 21 Chairman Committee.

F. W. CLEAR'S
Marble Works,
WATERLOO STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
THE Subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully notifies the public that he continues to manufacture MONUMENTS, TOMB TABLES, HEAD STONES, FOUNTS, etc., in Italian Marble, American do., and Free Stone. Also—Marble Mantlepieces, Centre Table Tops, Wash-stand do, Bureau do, Counter Tops, etc., etc., furnished to order.
The work done in this Establishment is in charge of a thorough Workman, and one who is capable of executing any class of work that may be required in the Marble and Free-stone branches. Persons wishing to purchase Monuments, etc., can be furnished with designs or such information as will enable them to buy to the best advantage, free of expense.
The subscriber determines to sell at as low a scale of prices as those of any other establishment. The facilities for getting up every description of work in Marble or Freestone, are as good as can be found elsewhere.
*** The different kinds of Marbles are imported direct from the United States, etc. Please call and examine. Shop on Waterloo Street, (fourth house from the Golden Ball corner, on Union street.)
F. W. CLEAR.
St John, N. B., Aug. 21, 1861. 3m.

DYE WOODS, IRISH MOSS, &c.
PER last steamer from Boston—Balsam of Tolu, Liquorice Root, Ground Logwood and Fustic, Irish and Iceland Moss, Sumach, Pearlash, Ayer's Pills, Holloway Ointment, best white Glue, Sage and Horehound Herbs, Oil Spruce, Refined Borax, Empty Phials. J. CHALONER,
Aug 21 Cor King & Germain-sts.

NEW FRUIT AT 22 WATER STREET.
RECEIVED ex steamers New York and New Brunswick—
16 bbls Apples, 3 boxes Tomatoes, 2 bbls Cucumbers, 2 baskets Peaches, 11 Water Melons,
1 Tierce Cabbage. For sale low by
Aug 21. JOSHUA S. TURNER.

OLIVE AND PORPOISE OILS.
JUST Received and for sale by the subscriber—2 bbls Fine Olive Oil, 5 bbls pure Porpoise do.
Aug 21 T. B. BARKER, 35 King street.

BEWARE of Imposition and Humbug—The subscriber keeps constantly on hand Pure Albertine Oil and Burning Fluid. Persons in want of pure UNADULTERATED articles would do well to call at M. McLEOD'S 26, Charlotte-st.

PERFUMERY, &c.
THE Subscriber has lately received from London, per steamer, a choice assortment of PERFUMERY, etc, consisting of
Rondeletia, Patchoule, Vegetable Essence, West End, Extract Flowers, Frangipanni, Rose Geranium, Verbena, Jockey Club, New Mown Hay, Kiss-me-Quick, Ess Boquet, Prince of Wales Boquet, Victoria Boquet, Persian Boquet, Spring Flowers, Sweet Briar, Moss Rose, Ess Wood Violet. Magnolia,
A Garland for the Rifle Volunteers
Also for the Toilet—Rowlands Macasser Oil, do Kalydor, do Odonto, Areca Nut Tooth Paste, Farina's Genuine Cologne, Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, Oriental Oil for the Hair, Cleaver's Ricinine, Cleaver's Chrystal Cream, Cleaver & Pear's Soaps. With a large assortment of other articles for Toilet use.
P R INCHES, Druggist,
aug 21 30 Prince Wm st.

SEAMEN'S CLOTHING.
200 SUITS OIL CLOTHING, 48 dozen Blue, Grey, and Red Flannel Shirts, Flannel Drawers, Singlets Sheath Belts and Knives, Sou'westers, Sailors' Chests, etc.
aug 16 SIMON NEALIS.

M. McLEOD,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
No. 26, (Brick Building,) Charlotte Street,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
PHYSICIAN'S Prescriptions carefully prepared. Ships Medicine Chests put up and Replenished.
A further supply of Effervescing Citrate Magnesia just received. M. McLEOD.

AUGUST 6th, 1861.
CLEARANCE SALE OF STRAW GOODS
AT LAWTON'S,
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.
All of this Spring's Styles.
BONNETS, HATS, &C.,
NOW SELLING AT HALF PRICE.

No. 22, Water Street.
JUST received—11 kegs extra Soda Saleratus.—
8 boxes M. R. Layer Raisins;
2 casks White Wine Vinegar;
2 do Porter's Burning FLUID;
50 barrels Extra State Flour;
6 hhds Bright Sugar. For sale by
aug 9 J. S. TURNER,
22 Water-st.

PEACHES, CORN, TOMATOES, & APPLES.
Received ex New York from Boston,
1 BASKET Peaches; 1 bbl Roasting Ears Corn; 1 do Cucumbers; 2 boxes Tomatoes; 2 bbls String Onions; 1 tierce Cabbage; 1 do Sugar Cured Hams; 7 bbls Apples. For sale low by
aug 14 J S TURNER,
No 22 Water-st.

R. S. STAPLES has now open a large lot of Fancy Muslin Dresses which he will sell extremely low—prices to suit the times, call and inspect. R. S. STAPLES,
Lawrence's Brick Building,
july 19 83 King Street.

PINE APPLES, TOMATOES, & PEAS.—Received ex Eastern City and New York—84 Pine Apples, 2 baskets Tomatoes, 1 bbl Peas, 2 do Onions, 1 half brl Java Coffee. For sale low by
J. S. TURNER,
aug 9 22 Water-st.

INDIA RUBBER COATS.—Received at the North American Clothing Store, King-street, a large lot o' I. R. Coats, which will be sold cheap for cash or approved payments. (aug 7) R. HUNTER.

THEY MUST BE SOLD.
600 DRESS and LIGHT SUMMER COATS; 1500 pairs Fashionable Pants; 2000 Vests—every style and quality.
An endless variety of Hats, Caps Shirts, Drawers, Handkerchiefs, Ties, Braces, and Furnishing Goods of every description.
As the season is far advanced, the above goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Intending purchasers will find it to their advantrge to call and examine this Stock. Wholesale and Retail.
Imperial Buildings, 2, King Street.
july 26 SIMON NEALIS.

FLOUR.—Landing ex schr. Clifton—1200 bbls Extra State Flour, Washington, Hibernia, and London City Mills. For sale by
aug 16 HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

CORN.—Landing ex schr Sea Gull, from New York—8,900 bushels Yellow Corn. For sale by
aug 16 HALL and FAIRWEATHER.

WESLEY'S HYMNS.—The subscribers have just received a large assortment of Wesley's Hymns, Bibles with Wesley's Hymns, in great variety of sizes and bindings. For sale low by
aug 16 J. & A. McMILLAN.

SELLING OFF:
THE BALANCE OF THE SUMMER STOCK OF—
Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons,
Mantles, Shawls,
Dress Goods, Muslins,
Feathers, Flowers, Parasols,
Sewed Muslins, Barages,
Delaines, Curtains, Netts,
All Summer Goods will be sold at greatly Reduced Prices, in order to prepare for Fall Importations. SAML. BROWN,
aug 14 35 King-st.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!
CLEARING OUT OF
Summer's Stock, at Granite Hall,
NO. 5, DOCK STREET.
THE whole balance of Clothing now on hand, SELLING AT AN IMMENSE REDUCTION, TO MAKE ROOM FOR
FALL SUPPLIES.
To effect the above, the Stock will be sold at such prices as will suit the times.
aug 14 up THOS R JONES.

ARTIST'S MATERIALS.
JUST received from London, via Halifax—100 doz Sheet WAX, assorted colors, and a variety of Bone and Steel Moulding Pins, Brushes, Wire, and Tin Patterns for making Wax Flowers; a few doz Soft and Hard Crayons; 600 Sheets Silver, Copper, and assorted Foils.
A further supply of Winser & Newton's Tube Colors, Canvass, Bristle Board, &c. For sale by
T. B. BARKER,
aug 14 35 King-st.

MORE DANDELION COFFEE.
THE Subsbriber has just received a further supply of Dandelion Coffee, prepared by Henry Brown, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Oxford, England.
Taraxacumor Dandelion has long been regarded by many of the most eminent Physicians, one of the most valuable medicinal plants the list of Materia Medica affords, and is highly extolled by them as a remedy of great power in all Billious and Liver Complaints. and affectations of the Viscera.
The great objection hitherto experienced in the extensive use of this most valuable medicine, has been a suitable and convenient form in which it may be daily taken.
The form of Coffee has met this objection, and on trial this preparation will be found to contain its entire medicinal properties, and an agreeable substitute for Tea, or the ordinary Coffee, for breakfast or dinner. For sale by T. B. BARKER,
aug 14 35 King-st.

R. S. STAPLES,
No. 83, King Street.
Lawrence's Brick Building, opposite St. John Hotel,
Importer and Dealer in every description of
BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS

Shawls,	Ribbons,	Orleans,	White Cotions,
Mantles,	Parasols,	Coburgs,	Grey Cottons,
Mantle Cloths,	Umbrellas,	Lustres,	Sheetings,
do Tweeds,	Silks,	Flannels,	Shirting,
Honeypuns,	Velvets,	Blankets.	Cotton Warps,
Trouserings,	Stays,	Bugs,	Oil Cloths,
Tweeds,	Hosiery,	Laces,	Table Covers,
Bonnets,	Gloves,	Linens,	Towels,
Hats & Caps,	Socks,	Muslins,	Osnaburgs,
Flowers,	Delaines,	Prints,	Striped Shirtings,
Feathers,	Calicoes,	Small Wares, &c., &c.	

An inspection of the Stock is respectfully solicited.
R. S. STAPLES, 83 King Street.
(usual papers copy)

FLOUR AND CORN MEAL:
Landing ex "Triumph," "Sea Bird" and "L. M. Arnold," from New York—400 barrels Extra Flour; Napier Wisconsin and Solferino.
In store.—150 Barrels Corn Meal. For sale by
july 29 JACOB D. UNDERHILL.

KIDDER'S
RHEUMATIC and BONE LINIMENT,
HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED
FOR OVER THIRTY YEARS!!!
And has received the encomium and praises of some of the most eminent Physicians, and wherever it has been used its virtues are acknowledged.
THIS LINIMENT is the best Remedy ever known for Rheumatism, Sprains, Strains, Gout, Cuts, Burns, Bruises, &c., and where an external remedy is needed it is invaluable
PROPRIETORS:
D. B. KIDDER & Co.,
No. 12 Maverick Square ..... East Boston, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers.
The Trade in New Brunswick supplied by our Agent in St. John, T B, Barker, (successor to S, L. Tilley). Also for sale by G. F. Everett & Co., W. O. Smith, R. D. McArthur, T. M Reed, J. Chaloner, P. R. Inches, C. P. Clark, J. M. Walker and M. McLeod.
Agents for Fredericton—George C. Hunt, jr., John Wiley and J. W. Brayley and C. I. Davis. june 14

Penmanship
STAPLES'
PERMANENT WRITING ACADEMY,
OVER COLONIAL BOOK STORE,
Corner King and Germain Streets.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING
For thorough instruction in Plain, Commercial, Ornamental, and Ladies' Writing. Family Registers, Diplomas and every description of Fancy Writing executed to order. Visiting Cards written equal to the finest engraving. (july 3 etv)

ALWAYS ON HAND!
WOOD'S Hair Restorative, Johnston's Anodyne Liniment: Curtus' & Perkins' Cramp & Pain Killer; Perry Davis' Pain Killer; Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syru Pure Cod Liver Oil and Lime.
A supply of pure and Fresh Cod Liver Oil just received.
Pure Strawberry Syrups, recently prepared from the Fruit; Pure Lemon Syrup: Lime Juice; Albertine Oil and Burning Fluid. McLEOD'S,
july 26 26, Charlotte-st.

MILK PANS AND CROCKS.
Ex Barque "Eliza" from Newcastle:—
600 DOZ. Milk Pans, white inside; 120 doz Crocks, do 35 doz Jugs, assorted sizes, 50 do Preserve Crocks, 30 do Curd do.
Wholesale and Retail by
F. CLEMENTSON,
july 17 29 Dock-street.

PATENT DOUBLE ACTION FLEXURE SKIRTS.
BY the use of Joints in the hoops of a Skirt, a heavier and better quality of Steel can be used, giving to, and retaining in the Skirt, a more graceful and elegant form; while the flexibility of the joints prevent the bending and breaking of the Hoops under pressure, and brings them back to their original form when the pressure is removed, also permits the Skirt to assume an easy position when the wearer is seated.
The quality of Braid and the peculiar construction of the Skirt, adding so greatly to its durability, particularly commend it to the favor of those who desire to unite in their purchase Elegance, Convenience, and Economy.
A splendid lot of Indian Porcupine and BEAD WORK, Collar Boxes, Ladies' Reticules, Work Boxes, Mocassins, Caps, Purses, Watch Fobs, Matts Bracelets, &c.
Together with a large assortment of Fancy Goods, at F. A. COSGROVE'S,
july 26 75 Prince Wm. st.

LOCKEY & HOWLAND'S
PATENT TURN-TABLE APPLE PEARERS.
THE Subscribers having been appointed Agents for the sale of the above, in this Province, will keep a stock on hand. They will be supplied, wholesale and retail, as low as they can be imported from the United States.
Owing to the rapid sale of the above last season, the manufacturers were not able to supply the demand, therefore those wanting them will please send us their orders early. BERRYMAN & OLIVE,
apl 13 11 King-st.

R S STAPLES has much pleasure in calling attention to a nice lot of boys and youths caps, in military and other styles, step in and see them, at 83 King street.