

General Business.

Nervous Prostration.

Cured effectively by Scott's

Sarsaparilla.

His heart was affected.

"Overwork as a student at college

brought on an attack of nervous prostration," says Mr. Gilbert, a railway

missionary. "I was exceedingly

nervous and if I exerted myself my heart

commenced to flutter violently, and I was

warned that even ordinary exercise

endangered my life. But thanks to Scott's

Sarsaparilla I feel better than I ever

expected to feel, for I can now address a

meeting without effort, can walk a brisk

pace for two hours or more without

fatigue and am free from that distressing

palpitation. In my work I have often

recommended Scott's Sarsaparilla,

and have seen many cases where its

effects have been most marked."

Scott's Sarsaparilla acts like magic in

restoring shattered nerves because it

rebuilds the nerve centers. Nervous

ache, nervous dyspepsia and all nerve

disorders wear on the system.

Scott's Sarsaparilla makes new blood

and muscles strong and new. Of all

drugs, it is the best. Dose from half

an ounce to one ounce.

Prepared by

CLIFFORD HICKY,

CHATHAM, N. B.

WORTH A GUINEA

A BOTTLE,

SHARP'S BALM OF GOREHOUND

FOR

CROUP,

COUGHS,

& COLDS.

50 YEARS - IN - USE.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

ARMSTRONG & CO., PROPRIETORS.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

LADIES'

WOOL,

SEAL

CAPES!

JUST OPENED in all

lengths from 16 in. to 30

in. in the

BEST VALUE

Over offered in these goods.

Will not approve of any

address per express.

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R. A. MURDOCH.

HEAD QUARTERS.

THE HEADQUARTERS FOR DRUGS, PATENT

MEDICINES AND ALL ARTICLES

IS AT THE

NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE.

We have on hand, as usual,

LARGE & FRESH SUPPLY

of the different Medicines, Liniments, Ointments,

Syrups, Tonics, Diuretics, Rheumatic,

Kidney, Asthma and Cough Cures.

Also a large stock of

TOOTH BRUSHES, LARD BRUSHES, COMBS,

TOOTH POWDERS AND PERFUMES & SOAPS.

Our perfumes and soaps are the finest in town,

and we have a very large assortment of Boots

we offer them at special prices.

We also call your attention to our Cigars, Tobaccos,

Pipes, Tobacco Pouches, Cigar Cases, etc.

NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE.

E. LEE STREET. - PROPRIETOR.

J. F. BENSON.

TYPEWRITER, & CO.

-ALSO-

AGENT FOR "NEW YORK" TYPEWRITING

MACHINE FOR THE NORTHWEST.

OFFICE:

BENSON BLOCK CHATHAM, N. B.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

TIMBER LICENSES

Owing to the fact that the

attention of all holders of Timber Licenses

is called to Section 12 of the Timber License

Act, which reads as follows:

"No license or title shall be out-

standing unless the holder thereof

pays to the Government the sum of

one dollar for each acre of land

granted, and the same shall be paid

in advance of the expiration of the

license, and the same shall be paid

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license, and the same shall be paid

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., - JANUARY 16, 1896.

The Ottawa Crisis.

Ottawa, during the past week or

two, been the theatre of a political

broad farce, the counterpart of which

will vainly be sought in history.

Seven ministers resigned their portfolios

as detailed in the ADVANCE's letter on

the first page, and, now, six of them,

accompanied by the father of the

seventh, have, like Prodigal Sons,

returned, and been received back by

the forgiving old man they deserted.

The net result of the strike is the

accession to the government of Sir

Charles Tupper the elder, in place of

Sir Charles the younger, and the

assumption of new offices, or places, by

the repentant deserters because they

could not get their old ones back again.

All this may be statesmanship, but, if

so, it is of a class peculiar to Canada,

and on our own terms. Let us hope

that we have seen the end of such

trifling with the patience of the people

and the interests of good government,

and that those who assume to adminis-

ter the affairs of Canada will hereafter

endeavor to display in their conduct

more self-respect and a fuller sense

of the dignity of their position.

At the present writing we have not

any information as to the terms under

which the Government has been re-

formed, but, whatever they may be, it

must be manifest that the reorganization

is only of a temporary character

and effected for the purpose of ending

the deadlock and proceeding with the

public business. Premier Bowell has

behaved in a plucky manner and gained

great sympathy in his efforts to

make the gentlemen who deserted him

and their posts at a most inopportune

time, understand that he could get

along without them. It is true that

he failed, but it would, probably, have

been well had he allowed the episode

to have its natural termination, which

would have been the summoning of

Mr. Laurier by the Governor-General

for the formation of a new cabinet of

Liberals. We say this because we

believe that the difficulties, of which

the resignation of seven members of

the Bowell cabinet was the outcome,

were the result of a conspiracy between

Messrs. Greenway and Laurier in

connection with the violation by the

former of the constitution of Manitoba.

It would be only right that as this

difficulty was improperly and recklessly

projected by Mr. Laurier's co-worker

into the arena of federal politics for

the purpose of embarrassing the Govern-

ment, and as Mr. Laurier was making

political capital out of it, the respon-

sibility of settling it should be placed on

him. This would be done by his being

invited by His Excellency to form a

government. It is probable that, in

such event, Mr. Greenway would him-

self settle the Manitoba difficulty

by meeting the demands of the con-

stitution in regard to the schools of that

province. His doing this would, of

course, demonstrate that his refusal

heretofore has been only for the

purpose of embarrassing the Ottawa

ministry, and that he has been acting

collusively to this end with Mr.

Laurier. That, of itself, would operate

unfavorably in the public mind against

the Liberals, and as they would fail—

as fell they must—to materially change

the tactics of which they are constantly

claiming, their retention of power

would be shorter than if they came in

under ordinary circumstances, when the

government had weakened through age,

as it even now shows signs of doing.

Parliament met on Tuesday pursuant

to adjournment. Clark Wallace at-

tacked Dr. Montague in connection

with the accusations falsely made

against the latter of writing the letters

assailing Sir Adolph Caron, and on Sir

Adolph's request the House adjourned

until yesterday to enable the re-

formation of the Ministry to be

completed.

It is said that Sir Charles Tupper, as

is to be Minister of Finance.

"ADVANCE" OTTAWA LETTER.

Continued from 1st page.

WELL-SERVED CHARLES TUPPER.

In an interview last night, Sir Charles

Tupper, senior, stated that a number of

influential gentlemen called on him and

urged him to accept the Premiership, but

he declined to discuss the matter at

all unless asked by Sir Mackenzie Bowell

to do so. Sir Charles then continued:

"On Saturday last these statements of

mine were communicated to Sir Mackenzie

Bowell by some of the gentlemen

who had visited me in relation to the

matter, and he was good enough to send

me an invitation to call and see him at

his office. I did so; about five o'clock

I went there, and spent about an hour

and a half or two hours in a very plain

discussion with him on the whole ques-

tion, both of us looking at it with a

view to seeing what course would prove

to be in the best interests of the country.

I wish to say, however, that the state-

ment that I first approached Sir Mackenzie

Bowell with relation to the

Premiership is quite unfounded. There

is also another statement that has ap-

peared in a portion of the press that is

incorrect, and that is to the effect that

my interview with Sir Mackenzie Bowell

was followed by the resignations of the

seven ministers, which have taken place.

The fact, as to this, is that while I

was in Sir Mackenzie Bowell's office having

this discussion with him, a letter was

brought in to him by a messenger. He

opened it and read it aloud to me. It

was the letter containing the resignation

of seven members of his cabinet. In

my conversation with the Premier I did

not hesitate to say to him that I would

indefinitely prefer retiring from public life,

rather than to take the leadership of the

Liberal Conservative party. But both he

and I felt and believed that the

control of public affairs by that party

was essential in the best interest of

Canada, and that it was the duty of every

one of its members, irrespective of his

own feelings, to take whatever position

might be necessary in order to advance

its welfare. I also said that in the event

of any change being brought about, I

would hope to have the same co-operation

from him that I had been prepared to

give him in the position that he had

occupied. I do not think it is desirable

in the present condition of affairs that I

should add anything to what I have

already said. I am not a stranger to the

people of Canada, having been for

over forty years in public life before

them, and they have a very good oppor-

tunity of judging of the course which I

have during that time pursued, whether

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