

of the hall audience, three or four dignitaries of the Tunisian court came out to meet him, and treated him to put off his visit to another day; the Bey was too much occupied to receive him. He was at that very moment presiding at the strangulation of his Prime Minister, who was his intimate friend and nephew. Had Admiral Lande advanced three steps more, he would have witnessed that atrocious spectacle, of which the cause had remained unknown to all the European Consuls. An hour afterwards the Admiral waited on the British Consul from whom he learned for the first time that a revolutionary movement had just been suppressed. It appears that the Prime Minister of the Bey, who was a very able man, and enjoyed great influence among the natives of the interior, had been accused of conspiring with the Porte against the reigning Bey. Two hours afterwards tranquility was completely resorted to at Tunis.

A circular has been issued from the Horse guards' commanding that the cipher W. R. now borne upon the buttons and appointment of the different branches of the army, is to be changed to V. R.

A conspiracy, having for its object to blow up the powder magazine at the gate of Santa Barbara, to break open the prisons, and to effect a Carlist movement in Madrid, was said to have been discovered on the night of the 9th inst.

The Government intended shortly to carry into execution the levy of 50,000 men, to remove from the ranks of the National Guards all but single men and Widowers from the age of 17 to 40, and to organize squadrons of cavalry in the south of, at least 60 men each.

Mr. O'Connell is preparing a work for the press, called *Memoirs of Ireland*, descriptive of the past and present state of that country.

A new steam ship belonging to Sir John Tobin, and of unusually large dimensions, was to be launched at Liverpool, Oct. 15th. She is said to be larger than any craft of the kind afloat. Her extreme length is 240 feet, breadth outside the paddle boxes 50 feet, and measures 1100 tons, old measurement. She is to be furnished with engines of 400 horses' power.

To such celerity has the telegraphic system been carried in Liverpool, that an aggregate distance of 532 miles, were traversed in 1 minute and 50 seconds.

A calculation has been made of the profits derived by the French from the tax of gambling houses ever since its first imposition in 1793, by which it appears to amount to 460 millions of francs, or to £18,000,000 stg.

Between four thousand workmen are employed in different public works and improvements now going on in Paris.

The government is about to undertake the complete clearing out of the mud accumulated in the port of Dunkirk, at an estimated expense of £245,000.

It is not generally known, not even to military men, that a legacy was bequeathed by the late Arch-

deacon Lewis for the benefit of the army, to be exclusively employed in religious purposes. This legacy now amounts to ten thousand pounds, and is held over (to be applied to the purposes for which it was intended) by the treasurer of the Christian Knowledge Society.

Lord Bingham has presented to the mess of the 17th Lancers, a magnificent silver cierge, value 200 guineas on the occasion of his retirement from that regiment, which his lordship commanded nearly ten years.

LUTHER.—The university where Luther studied was suppressed in 1816; the convent where he became a monk is now an orphan asylum; and the church in which he once read mass is a Protestant one. His cell in the Augustine convent is preserved in the same state as when occupied by him; and his table, his portrait against the wall, and his beloved Bible, are still to be seen there.

A letter from Palermo of the 24th ult. published by the Frankfurt Post Gazette of the 31 instant announces that ten inhabitants of the small town of Misineri had been sentenced to death on the 22d, and immediately executed. Among the sufferers was a boy who, being too young to carry a musket, went through the streets armed with a knife stabbing to death the unhappy victims who still gave signs of life. The Palermo Military commission has assembled on the 24th to decide on the fate of individuals guilty of murders during the prevalence of the cholera.

Sir David Wilkie has finished a very fine likeness of the Queen, which it is probable will be placed in a conspicuous part of Guildhall, on the day of the annual civic festival next month, which her Majesty will honor with her presence.

The Spanish journals announce that the Queen has signed the treaty of peace and friendship with Mexico. By this treaty the Queen of Spain abandons all pretensions to the sovereignty of that territory.

The King of Hanover has ordered a report from his Lord Chancellor, on the question whether the existing constitution is obligatory upon the crown. The chancellor, it is said, declines a positive answer to this grave question, but suggests a modification of the constitution, to render it more acceptable and serviceable both to King and people. The King has not made up his mind on the subject.

ITALY.—THE CHOLERA.—The German and Italian journals, quoted by the Parisian papers, seem wholly absorbed with the ravages of the cholera. A Rome number of deaths from it were, on the 23d ult. 136; and on the 24th 174. At Naples, the King, seeing that the strictest quarantine had not in any case prevented the introduction of the cholera, and had only acted injuriously for trade, had ordered that all the precautionary measures taken in respect of that malady should be recalled and abandoned. At Marseilles the cholera had nearly subsided, but its severer stages were in the south of France, was raging with fearful mortality.

EAST INDIA SHIPPING.—The recommendations of the Chronicle are somewhat startling, and cannot fail to bring back to one's recollection, the utter recklessness with which the most splendid branch of our mercantile marine—the

East India Company's shipping—was annihilated, without any attempt having been made to secure its services for other national purposes. In that service there were fifty commanders, two hundred and fifty mates (equal to lieutenants), three hundred midshipmen, surgeons, purser, warrant and petty officers, and between five and six thousand seamen—all qualified to undertake duty in the Royal Navy, in case of emergency, and to form the nucleus of a naval force sufficient to encounter all the enemies that could be brought against us. This fine body of mariners was destroyed at one fell swoop, and how that regret is unavailing, its extinction becomes a matter of lamentation with those whose care it should have been to render it subservient to all the great purposes of national strength and defence. Thus it is that our statesmen and their sapient advisers occupy themselves in letting down buckets into empty wells, and grow old in drawing them up again!

If the number of persons in mourning whom you meet did not remind you of the cholera, you might almost believe it had never been in Rome. Everything has returned to its usual course; the former habits are resumed—the ladies and gentlemen look at each other as usual—the dead are forgotten, and the living enjoy the present hour. The approach of October engages the thoughts of many persons, but in different ways. Some think to indemnify themselves for the abstinence and apprehension which the had to endure, while other dread from the same cause a return of the disorder; for the Government, with the best intentions, will not be able to forbid the amusements of this month. Experience does not make man wiser. His object is to live and enjoy his life. The poorer classes of the population have left to the charity of their fellow citizens the incredible number of 1,500 orphans, who have lost both their parents and everybody must rejoice to hear that charity has nobly manifested itself on this occasion. Many rich families have contributed by pecuniary aid to relieve, as far as possible, the distress of these wholly destitute children for the present moment. The name of Prince Borghese who is known by many similar actions, is at the head—he having subscribed considerable sums for that purpose.—The Princess, in conjunction with many other ladies, has a more extensive plan, and intends to collect all the female orphans in a particular institution which she means to found, and to take them under her care and superintendence till they are grown up.

A Sheffield gentleman, on whose veracity we have the strictest reliance, informs us that on passing up the Vistula a fortnight ago, he saw at Danzig heaps of wheat on each side of the river, five or six feet deep, of considerable breadth, and extending nearly seven miles. It is preserved from the effects of the weather by a peculiar kind of matting and sail cloth. Several thousand persons are constantly employed in turning this immense quantity of grain, and exist upon it—the simple preparation of their meals being to boil the corn in the water of the Vistula. They reside in straw huts, erected adjoining the scene of their employment. This astonishing superabundance of produce, consisting of nearly 600,000 quarters, has been brought from Galatz and Poland to its present situation for the purpose of being exported to foreign countries, as it is well known the corn laws prevent its introduction here.

The Prince de Joinville it is said in one of the Paris Prints, has been suddenly recalled from his intended voyage. A new bridge is about to be erected across the river Thames, from streetly in Berkshire, to the opposite shore, in the parish of Goring, Oxfordshire. It is an interesting fact, that turf is now used as fuel on board the steamers plying between Limerick, Clare and Kilrush.—The Garryowen had made the passage between Kilrush and Limerick, fired with turf in three hours and twenty minutes.

It is said that the Marquises of Westminster and Aglessea are speedily to receive dukedoms, and that Lord Mulgrave is, at the same time, to be raised a step in the peerage. Preparations are in progress in George's Square, Glasgow for the erection of a monument to the memory of Sir Walter Scott. It is, we understand, to be a pillar about 123 feet in height surrounded by a statue, and will be a great ornament to that part of the city, which is already adorned with the statues of Sir John Moor and James Watt.

THE STAR

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1837.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, dated November 17, 1837:—

The last accounts from Italy are very satisfactory; the cholera had disappeared in Genoa, Leghorn, and Naples, and clean Bills of Health issued. In the Roman Provinces a few cases still afflict some places. Three arrivals of fish had taken place at Naples, and sold to produce 16s. 8d. @ 15s. the cwt.

In Portugal an increase of duty, 1600 Reis the quintal, is to be levied on importations of fish from the 6th January next, according to a decree published in Lisbon on the 6th inst. It is likely to be of advantage to the Newfoundland trade with Spain, as much smuggling cannot be committed on the Portuguese Frontier with the interior Provinces.

Freights scarce, owing to the dull state of general business, in consequence of the continuance of the civil war, which I am sorry to say, is without a prospect of terminating soon.

[FOR THE STAR.]

HORACE, LIB. IV. V. DE XXX.

Somewhat Egotistical.

A labour more lasting than brass I have piled,
More sublime than the summit of Pyramid's royal;
Which sad fretting rain,—which Aquit—to wild—
Nor numberless years in their flight can destroy all.

I shall not all perish.—My hard-earned fame
Shall unscathed pass the threshold of pale Libitina.—
So long shall posterity tell of my name,
As the Shrines of the capitol witness divine a—

—Dorations up offer'd—where once Daunus stray'd
There too shall be lauded the Lyrics Horatian—
For I was the first Roman Bard that essay'd—
To tune Attic measures to harmonies Latian.

Melpomene, protectress of Lyric allow
Me the rightful reward of my merits' assume then;
Be thou but propitious then circling my brow
The laurel of Delphiparenial shall bloom then.

* The Goddess of Death. JUVENIS.
Harbour Grace, Dec. 20, 1837.

Married

Nov. 6, at Port-de-Grave, by the Rev. Charles Blackman, Mr. Nicholas Andrews, to Anne Bishop of Bareneed. Same day, by the same, Mr. William Tucker of Broad Cove, to Miss Virtue Morgan of Port-de-Grave.

Nov. 7, at St. Matthew's Church, Bay Roberts, Mr. Stephen French, of that town, to Sarah Smith of Port-de-Grave. Nov. 9, at St. Luke's church, Port-de-Grave, by the Rector, Mr. Thomas French, to Lucinda French, both of Bay Roberts.

Nov. 11, at St. Matthew's church, Bay Roberts, by the Rev. C. Blackman, Mr. Ambrose Sparks, of that place, to Miss Susannah Kennedy, of Bell Isle.

Nov. 14, at Port-de-Grave, by the same, Benjamin Parsons, to Elizabeth Walsh, both of Bay Roberts.

Nov. 15, at Port-de-Grave, by the same, M. Jacob Porter, to Elizabeth Morgan, both of that place.

Same day and place, by the same, Mr. John Davy, of Port-de-Grave, to Miss Day of Cupids.

Nov. 21, at Port-de-Grave, by the same, Mr. John Squires, to Ann Rowsel, widow.

Same day and place, by the same, Mr. George Muggford, to Sarah Parsons.

Nov. 22, at Bareneed, by the Rev. C. Blackman, Mr. James Mercer, to Louisa Ledrow, of Cupids.

Nov. 23, at Port-de-Grave, by the same, Benjamin Bradbury, to Sarah Norman.

Same day, by the same, at Bareneed, John Snow, to Patience Daw.

Nov. 24, at Port-de-Grave, by the same, Mr. William Morgan, to Mrs. Patience Mercer.

Nov. 25, at the same place, by the same, Mr. John Grealey, to Anna Petton, both of that town.

Nov. 27, at the same place, by the same, Mr. James Brown, to Miss Leary, both of Brigus.

Dec. 5, at Bay Roberts, by the same, James Sparks, to Amy French.

Dec. 7, at Port-de-Grave, by the same, Robert Andrews, to Fanny Daw, both of that town.

Same day and place, by the same, Isaac Russell, jr., to Miss Badcock.

Same day and place, by the same, John Eillier, to Ann Wells.

Dec. 12, at Bareneed, by the same,

Francis Grey of Har Fanny Room.
Dec. 14, at Bay I John Badcock, to A same day, at P same, Richard Bagg same day and William Anthony, I

SHIP

Port of
Dec. 9.—William I Island, lumber. Elmg, Luens, Sydne Industry, D. O'Leary, Speculator, Ryan, 13.—Watering, W onal. Isabella, Fitzgerald, Ann Johnston, Co oranges.

Dec. 11.—Stork, G 12.—Hero, C. O. e. 13.—Amity, Meagh Porcia, Harward, Sisters, Penny, Lo

Dec. 8.—Congres fish. 9.—Funchall, Pick ses, oil. 12.—Fame, Figget,

For Sale

For such a term agr
ALL that Val cultivated Property of the late and now the Free-Subscriber. Situat Widow Cawley's p The Property will b One to Three Lots parties, and posses day of May next. Further particul applying to the Su Harbour Grace, Dec. 13, 1837.

JOHN ST

The Cargo of the from A consi 45,000 Feet Merch 5,000 Feet Deals 13,000 Shingles Spars from 6 to 12 4 Tons Hard 13,000 Ash Billets Harour Grace, December 6, 1837.

SEA Agree

FOR At the Office of th Harbour Grace, December 6, 1837.

FOUND in Cox today last, the FEATHER PINS by the EXPRESS

PU

The Owner on can have her, by p plication at the Ex AND

Harbour Grace, November 29, 18

ADVERT

TO M.A

NOTICE is powerful F exhibited from Sun after TUESDAY Eve inst., on HARBOUR Conception Bay, ex or Seaward, in a di from North to South

W. STU JAMES THOMAS WILLI THOMAS

Harbour Grace, November 13, 18