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POOR DOCUMENT

Good News!

No one, who is willing to adopt the right course, need be long afflicted with boils, carbuncles, pimples, or other cutaneous eruptions. These are the results of Nature's efforts to expel poisonous and effete matter from the blood, and show plainly that the system is ridding itself through the skin of impurities which it was the legitimate work of the liver and kidneys to remove. To restore these organs to their proper functions, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the medicine required. That no other blood-purifier can compare with it, thousands testify who have gained

Freedom

from the tyranny of depraved blood by the use of this medicine.

"For nine years I was afflicted with a skin disease that did not yield to any remedy until a friend advised me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. With the use of this medicine the complaint disappeared. It is my belief that no other blood medicine could have effected so rapid and complete a cure."—Andres D. Garcia, C. Victoria, Tamaulipas, Mexico.

"My face, for years, was covered with pimples and humors, for which I could find no remedy till I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Three bottles of this great blood medicine effected a thorough cure. I confidently recommend it to all suffering from similar troubles."—M. Parker, Concord, Vt.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists. $1, six $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

THE EVENING GAZETTE

is published every evening (Sunday excepted) at No. 21 Canterbury street.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

THE EVENING GAZETTE will be delivered to any part of the City of St. John by Carriers on the following terms:

ONE MONTH	35 Cents
THREE MONTHS	$1.00
SIX MONTHS	2.00
ONE YEAR	4.00

The Subscription to THE GAZETTE is payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING.

We insert short condensed advertisements under the heads of Lost, For Sale, To Let, Found, and Wants, for 10 CENTS each insertion or 50 CENTS a week, payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

General advertising $1 an inch for first insertion, and 25 cents an inch for continuations. Contracts by the year at Reasonable Rates.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, FEB. 6, 1891.

For the Latest Telegraphic News look on the First Page.

LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION.

A convention of the Liberal Conservative party will be held in this city on Monday evening next for the purpose of nominating candidates to stand for the city and the city and county of St. John as supporters of the goverment of Sir John A. McDonald. It is very desirable that the attendance at this meeting should be as large as possible, and that every ward and parish may be fully represented.

THE SHIPBUILDING OF MAINE.

The Globe has discovered that there was 68,211 tons of shipping built in Maine last year, one of them a ship of 3,258 tons, another a ship of 3000 tons, besides seven barquentines and a number of monster schooners. In the same year in New Brunswick the Globe says only about 6000 tons of shipping was built. The Globe's statement and comment on this point are worth quoting. It says:—

A glance at the shipbuilding operations last year in the neighboring State of Maine does not seem to warrant the statement that wooden vessels are 'played out.' Quite the contrary. Shipbuilding has had its ups and downs, but just now the tendency appears to be upward. While in the province of New Brunswick last year only six thousand tons were added to the registered tonnage, in Maine sixty-eight thousand tons of new shipping were added.

Certainly, iron and steel vessels are not taking the place of wooden vessels in Maine. With nearly 70,000 tons of new ships sent out in one year, shipbuilding can hardly be called a waning industry in that state. Why should it be in a depressed condition in New Brunswick?

The Globe is careful not to answer its own question because it could not do so without exposing its true motive in asking it. Yet the Globe knows well that there is no parallel in the cases of Maine and New Brunswick with regard to ship-building. Nearly all the sailing vessels built in the United States are built in Maine. If iron and steel vessels were not taking the place of wooden vessels instead of only 70,000 tons Maine would be building five times as much shipping as it is at present. Last year only about 12 per cent. of the foreign trade of the United States was carried in American vessels. That would look as if iron and steel were rather getting the better of the wooden ships of Maine, especially, when it is remembered that 75 per cent. of the foreign trade of the United States was carried in American vessels in 1856, and 65 per cent. in the year 1861. The shipping built in Maine last year was almost wholly intended for the coasting trade of the United States from which all foreigners are excluded. When it is remembered that a voyage from San Francisco to New York is a coasting voyage, it will be understood that this coasting trade employs a number of large vessels; hence the big ships, brigantines and schooners that are being built in Maine.

THE SAVINGS BANKS' LIMIT.

The GAZETTE is glad to see that the government have decided to raise the limit of individual deposits in the post office Saving Banks from $1000 to $300, and the limit of yearly debosits from $300 to $1000. They have also decided to issue 3½ per cent stock in sums of $100, and its multiples redeemable in five years, which is equal to withdrawing all limits to deposits in the banks with one single restriction, which is of great importance to the government, but cannot be regarded as inimical to the holders, because they will in most instances have their deposits in the banks subject to withdrawal at a moment's notice, and the bonds will always be as available as cash at their face value. Had the GAZETTE been fully advised of the intentions of the government in this matter it could not have foreshadowed its proposed action more accurately than was done in these columns a few days ago, for it may be looked upon as a certainty that the regulations of the Savings Banks will speedily be made to conform with those of the banks of the post office. Under such regulations, as we said a few days ago, it will soon be in the power of the government to borrow most of the money they require, at the rates prevailing in the markets of the world, without going abroad.

THERE WILL COME A BETTER TIME.

It is no wonder that men grow weary when every day it is made more evident that civilization fails to civilize, and that lawlessness and savagery break out here and there, in this nineteenth century just as frequently as in the old days when the art of printing was undiscovered, and when men knew little of life and its duties except from the traditions which came to them orally from their fathers. One who occupies the position of an observer, who keeps aloof from the struggles of sects and parties, cannot help but question why it is that in this age of enlightenment men see things in such various lights, and act, in some instances, as they might have acted before the flood. Sometimes it seems as if education, which ought to bring men near together, and christianity, which ought to unite them in one great family, had utterly failed in their purpose. But, in a negative way, it is a consolation to think that education is slow in its progress, that of christianity, as yet, the world knows but little. For if education and christianity prevailed where they are supposed to have a foothold, their elevating influences would be no longer acknowledged. Christ taught that the first duty of man was obedience to law, and uext that it was impossible for him to be over-wise, and yet a dispatch of the 4th inst, comes from Winnebago city, Minnesota, which is to the effect that Miss Lent, a young school teacher was brutally assaulted by a Crusen family a few days ago, and died from her injuries. Miss Lent was teaching in a country school near the place and punished a girl named Crusen. The girl's sister ran home and told her parents. The latter became enraged and went to the school and assaulted the teacher. Mr. Crusen struck Miss Lent and knocked her down. The enraged mother then grabbed Miss Lent by the hair and dragged her around the room until the cap of her skull was partly torn from its place. With the aid of her husband the wife picked up the teacher and threw her out of an open window, her head striking on a stone. A panic ensued and the pupils scattered to their homes, where they reported the assault. The Crusens, father, mother and daughter, have been jailed. It is most melancholy to contemplate; the failure of christianity to christianize; of civilization to civilize, and of education to educate. But not far away, it may be in one or two generations, there are those who think the time will come, when all these things will be changed. In those days the heathen will cease to rage; ignorance will no longer raise its front in our councils and civilization will mean civilization throughout the world. We may not live to see those days, but they will surely come.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The Telegraph has become frightened at the universal outcry against unrestricted reciprocity and is trying to explain away that obnoxious measure. This morning it says:—

To favor unrestricted reciprocity does not mean that Canada shall agree to admit every product of the United States free of duty and put upon all importations from other countries the same duties as the United States may from time to time see fit to impose; but that an effort shall be made to see if an arrangement satisfactory to Canada and Great Britain on the one side and the United States on the other can be made whereby a free interchange of all commodities shall be possible.

Here is a funny paragraph from the Chatham Advance in regard to its position in the present contest in Northumberland. Our esteemed contemporary remarks:—

As to the Advance's position, we have never before felt at such a loss to define it. We must honestly confess that Mr. Mitchell's uncompromising declaration dispels our hope of a strong independent resident Liberal candidate being chosen. Heretofore, we have been made acquainted with the intentions of the Liberal leaders, but are, up to the present writing, without advices from them in any form. Our readers, however, may be assured that we shall keep them informed as correctly as possible on all that interests them in connection with the campaign, and we regret that, owing to the comparative suddenness with which the elections have been announced we, like themselves, have much to ascertain before we can separate the wheat from the chaff.

The Boston Herald has the following candid editorial paragraph in regard to the decision of the Supreme court in the Behring Sea case:—

The decision of the Supreme court in the Behring Sea case is, thus far, in accordance with what we believe to be the demands of common sense and equity. That is, that the highest judicial tribunal of the land has a right to issue a writ of prohibition in the case of proceedings entered into by the judge of the United States district court in Alaska. In other words, that the action of a little territorial tribunal in matters affecting the international relations of the United States are, and should be, subject to revision by the supreme court at Washington. Whether the latter court will decide that the pretensions of the United States to exercise municipal jurisdiction over Behring sea are tenable or not is another matter. Our opinion is that the court will decide that these pretensions are untenable, and will base its judgment on weighty precedents established by some of the leading jurist of this country.

The Chatham World tersely states the arguments against the unrestricted reciprocity cry of the Liberals as follows:—

The issue on which the Liberals are appealing to the country, is unrestricted reciprocity with the United States. It would not be in their power, if they should gain office, to confer this so-called boon on the country. They could only go to Washington and humbly ask for it, and one can easily understand that it would be granted, in such circumstances, only on terms most disadvantageous and humiliating to Canada. They could not refuse whatever conditions the United States government might impose. They would be pledged to get it, if possible, and would not be in a position to make a fair bargain. The man who proclaims that he is resolved to possess a particular farm or house, or horse, and pledges himself to do so, will be asked to pay double price for the property when he goes to the owner to buy it. Even though unrestricted reciprocity were desirable, and the United States likely to agree to it on any terms, a Liberal Government could not get it without making ruinous concessions.

The Acropolis of Mycenæ.

[London Graphic.]

Three hours' drive, however, from Tiryns through the Argolean Plain brings us to the Acropolis of Mycenæ, where the undying faith of Schliemann in the veracities of the Homeric tradition led him, in 1876-77, to the discovery of the circular Agora, or meeting place where the prince administered justice, and beneath which Schliemann unearthed the rich treasure of the tombs now lodged in the Museum at Athens. We enter the Acropolis by the famous Gate of Lions, passing beneath the grand lintel stone, of which the dimensions and weight are marvels to our modern architects (16ft. long, by 8ft. by 3ft.) recognising in the lions which keep watch over it the handiwork of an artist who has gone to his rest near 3,000 years ago, and who owned Phœnician inspiration. We walk among the vertical slabs of the enclosure of the market place, where Atreus and Thyrstes and Agamemnon lived out their tragic lives. We look down into the five tombs in which the great archæologist found the burnt relics of the princely heroes whose "well built" city Homer had described as "abounding in gold." Here Schliemann found in the tombs of the Agora alone such wealth of golden ornaments, sword hilts, sceptres, portrait masks in beaten gold covering the faces of the dead, necklaces, thin breast plates, girdles, hatchets, drinking cups, that the weight of the beaten gold exceeded one hundred Troy pounds, or, as Mr. Gladstone puts it, five thousand English sovereigns. The intricacy, balance, and symmetry of the ornaments in repousse, the spirit, delicacy, and finish of the inlaying of gold in iron, the scales of crystal embedded in precious metal, the veracity and elegance of the intaglios all testify to a highly developed school of art which contrasts the archiac roughness of the decorated pottery found. This indicates that the art of Mycenæ in these prehistoric times was largely derived from Eastern sources —Phœnician, Assyrian, and Egyptian. It is impossible to realize all that the world owes to Schliemann without visiting Tiryns, Mycenæ and Hissarlik. It is good to recall that debt and the munificence with which he endowed Athens and the Greek nation with the results of his labor, now that he is suddenly and prematurely taken from his self-imposed work and from us.

A Sensible Experiment.

Miss Elizabeth was a very peculiar woman. She had a great deal of sense. Not that she was different from other women in this respect, but she had so much of it that it surprised many young men.

One day young Robinson went to call on her. Young Robinson was also very sensible. He and Miss Elizabeth were well matched. They could talk together on any number of subjects, and they knew just when and where to stop, just what to say and what not to say. On this particular day there was a long story in the afternoon papers about a person known as Jack the Kisser, who bothered many young women and girls in the streets by catching them and kissing them.

Miss Elizabeth said that she did not think that a girl could be kissed by any man unless she wanted him to kiss her. Robinson said that any man could kiss any woman by brute force. Miss Elizabeth said that that was all nonsense.

"I'll tell you what we'll do," said Robinson "You are certain that a man cannot kiss a woman unless she is a party to the kissing. I am certain that a man can. We, you and I, will try it."

Miss Elizabeth said that she didn't see any harm in that, so Robinson began to try to kiss her. After several minutes and trials he succeeded and she, seeing that it was useless to combat him further, gave in and let him kiss her all he wanted to.

When it was all over Miss Elziabeth had an inspiration.

"I'll tell you what we'll do," said Miss Elizabeth. "My foot slipped that time. We'll try it over again."

The Fatal Three.

Most musical people have been introduced to "The Three Ravens" who sat on a tree. Shakspeare's three caskets it will be admitted, from an attractive addition to his story. That three continues to fascinate is evinced by the productions of more modern authors. First to our mind are the "three fishers" who went sailing away to the west; the "three old maids of Lee," who, be it remembered, had lovers three times three; the "three jolly sailor boys;" and the "three men in a boat." If we have to choose a career, behold law, physic, and divinity appear mentally before us, exclusively divided from the remaining of the list. Of legal triads the "rope, sword or ring" of the Deemster Court is prominent. The very fireirons are grouped in threes, and, as we open our morning paper an ominous column is sure to catch our eye; yet were we to write to the editor to suggest a change from the conventional triple arrangement we should probably sign ourselves, all unconscious of the infection, "X. Y. Z." As we walk down the street, a three-wheeled machine flashes past us; and wending our way to the city, the ancient Lombard street sign is sure to meet our gaze. Of one thing we do not complain—viz., the three days' grace that commercial custom allows. In the club we hear a trio singing, "When shall we three meet again?" and some Irish politicians discussing the "three F's of eighty-one." That two is company and three none may be a truism; still a parliamentary manœuverere would contend that the number has also its convenient side as tested in a "three-cornered constituency." Every wedding we attend we are reminded the third is the most auspicious finger. If a watery grave threatens us, lo! the fatal three pursues us even here. Or should fate take us to a criminal court, the chances are that an ominous three-corneted cap will make our blood run cold. But perhaps the day is not far distant when the "Three Estates of the Realm" may have the satisfaction of abolishing altogether this herald of death.

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Is a concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Pipissewa, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Dandelion, and other valuable vegetable remedies, every ingredient being strictly pure, and the best of its kind it is possible to buy.

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Peculiar To Itself

It will cure, when in the power of medicine, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Blood Poisoning, Cancerous and all other Humors, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and all difficulties with the Liver and Kidneys.

It overcomes That Tired Feeling, Creates an Appetite, and gives mental, nerve, bodily, and digestive strength. The value of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is certified to by thousands of voluntary witnesses all over the country whom it has cured of diseases more or less severe. It is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

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IT IS AS PLEASANT AS MILK.

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WHITE AS SNOW. *To make clothes white it requires attention. Every piece of white goods is as white as snow before it leaves UNGAR'S. The white Collars, Cuffs and Bosoms shine in their whiteness.*

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DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, Tonic and RESTORATIVE, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from POOR and WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a SPECIFIC ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.

EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

EVERY WOMAN should take them. They cure all suppressions and irregularities, which inevitably entail sickness if not neglected.

YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the results of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.

YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These PILLS will make them regular.

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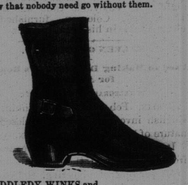

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APPLICATION will be made to the Local Legislature at its next session for the passing of an act, to confirm the organization of the New Brunswick Real Estate, and Building Association also to confirm a Trust Mortgage given by the Association for the purpose of securing an issue of Debentures, and for other purposes.

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Death claim paid in Canada in year 1889	208,000
Death claims paid in Canada from separate organization of Grand Lodge in year 1890 to 31 Dec., 1890	1,222,000

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