$4500
will buy a choice island residence, in first-class repair; good lot; low ground rent.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
26 Victoria Street.

The Toronto World

$4500
will buy pair of brick front houses near Allan Gardens; annual rentals $480.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
26 Victoria Street.

PROBS.—Strong winds with rain and thunderstorms; n. w. gales and cold

FOURTEEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING APRIL 27 1909—FOURTEEN PAGES

51 29TH YEAR

Senate Reading Room—
29may09—4102

CHURCH WILLING TO OUST SULTAN

And It Looks As Tho There'll Be a New Ruler of Empire This Week.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 26.—The deposition of Sultan Abdul Hamid appears now to be certain and the 101 guns saluting Mehemmed Rechad Effendi as the new ruler of the empire probably will be heard before the next selamlik on Friday.

The dignatories of the church care little for Abdul Hamid as does the committee of union and progress, but the higher clergy are seeking to curb the agitation of the enthusiasts of the Mohammedan League. Senators and deputies who have enquired among the Ulemas find them in different degrees favorable to the sultan's removal.

A caucus of senators to-day determined to make an effort to compel him to abdicate under the ecclesiastical law, by the terms of which a decree may be issued by the Seik-ul-Islam, the highest authority of Mohammedanism to the sultan, pronouncing the sultan incapable to rule.

The grounds upon which the issuance of a canonical rescript will be demanded are that the sultan's supremacy is harmful to the church, contrary to the sacred law and unjust to the Turkish people. The program as agreed upon at the caucus is that a demand shall be made for the abdication of Abdul Hamid simultaneously from the highest court of the church, from the national assembly and from the military chiefs. The sultan will be offered a palace and liberal allowances.

The parliamentary leaders wish to discuss the program at a public sitting before they approach the Sheik-ul-Islam on the subject, for it is with this man, who lives a secluded life of a mysterious holy character, in the popular belief that the difficulty lies. He is not likely to act without giving serious consideration to this important matter, taking counsel with the principal Ulema and seeking the opinion of the wisest and most powerful men in the

The constitutionalists have no wish to oppose ecclesiastical authority, nor to undertake the tasks of progress without the support of a majority of the wise men, and if they strongly oppose the abdication of the sultan, it would hardly be insisted upon at present, altho this is regarded as the simplest course, to avoid further complications with Abdul Hamid.

The Heir Apparent.

Mohammed Rechad Effendi, the heir apparent to the throne, who would probably be selected for the accession, has lived practically a prisoner for 25 years in the large palace and gardens, not far from the Yildiz Kiosk. Since the July revolution, however, he has often been in the streets of Constantinaple, looking from the carriage windows upon the scenes in the thorofares, which must have been strangely interesting to him. He is grey haired and not very strong, to judge from his appearance. He is 65 years of age, and well educated, altho inexperienced in the affairs of the world.

This afternoon witnessed the final act in the siege of the Yildiz. General Schefket, commander of the constitutionalists, overawing the Albanians into surrender. This force, which was composed of 200 men, was stationed in the imperial palace. The Albanians were not engaged in the fighting on Saturday, but they persistently refused to lay down their arms.

10,000 Prisoners.

The Salonikans show great severity. Many of the arrested Softas, credited with being reactionists, have been brutally treated and others, concerning whose loyalty there is doubt, have not entirely escaped. The vigorous search continues, even into the European quarters. It is estimated now that at least 10,000 prisoners are in the hands of the Salonikans. Thise liable to severe punishment, such as the rebellious Saloniko chasseurs, have been securely roped.

Fresh battalions continue to arrive from the country districts. As they came in to-day, each marched to the palace of justice, where the parliament was sitting, and saluted the representatives of the new government. Many of the soldiers went to the mosques to-day to pray.

CUT OFF FOUR LICENSES

G. T. R. Restaurant at Falls is One of the Unlucky Quartet.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., April 26.—(Special.)—The license commissioners at Welland to-day cut off four licenses in this city and laid over for consideration two more. Those who will lose their licenses are W. R. Dashney Queen's Park Hotel; Edward Smith, St. Clair Hotel; F. G. Lick, International Hotel; and T. P. Phelan, Toronto, of the Grand Trunk Restaurant, one of the oldest licenses in the town.

Those laid over for consideration are the Market and Imperial Hotels.

The Canada News Co. secured the G.T.R. restaurant last fall and fitted it up in splendid style. The license has been held for fifty years.

PLAN TO REHABILITATE

Ennis and Stoppani Creditors to Be Offered Co-Partnership.

NEW YORK, April 26.—A plan for the rehabilitation of the bankrupt brokerage firm of Ennis & Stoppani was announced by Irving L. Ernst, one of the attorneys for the failed brokers.

The plan provides for the formation of a co-partnership which would take over the assets of the firm and issue notes maturing in a year and a half.

These notes would be given to the creditors in main part payment of their claims, the remainder to be paid in cash.

Mr. Ernst was confident that this cash payment would approximate 20 per cent.

A meeting of the creditors will be called shortly for the purpose of formally endorsing the plan

Let the Colonies Build For 1920

London Post Suggests That the United Kingdom Can Look After Itself in the Meantime.

LONDON, April 26.—The Morning Post, referring to the naval agitation in Canada and Australia, urges redoubled efforts on the lines of national naval development. "If the dominions will set about preparing for 1920, the United Kingdom will know how to meet the responsibilities in the interval," says The Post.

GLEN CAMPBELL'S CHARGE STIRS UP LIVELY SCENE

Dr. Neely of Humbolt Comes to the Defence of Saskatchewan's Premier.

OTTAWA, April 26.—(Special.)—Premier Scott of Saskatchewan, who is in the city to-day, was asked if he had any reply to make to the charge laid by Glen Campbell of Dauphin that while a member of the commons he had accepted a gift of te nthousand dollars worth of stock in the Saskatchewan Valley and Manitoba Land Co. for his services in getting a bill put thru parliement.

Mr. Scott said he had no reply to make. The charge had been made during the last election campaign, and had been withdrawn. There had been a session of the legislature since, and the matter had not even been referred to.

Incidentally, however, the charge and counter-charges constituted a really exciting feature of the night's debate in the house. Dr. Neeley of Humboldt, speaking on the budget, said Mr. Campbell had undertaken to attempt to attack the bargain made with Saskatchewan Valley Land Co. and besmirch Premier Scott's fair name.

Mr. Campbell: Do you believe, and will you state on your honor, that Premier Scott did not get that stock that I spoke of?

Dr. Neeley said he did not believe that Premier Scott ever got one dollar of stock in that company. He had in his possession the declaration of Premier Scott himself in denial; also the sworn affidavit of Secretary MacRae and Col. Davidson, the president of the company, to the same effect.

Mr. Campbell repeated that what he said on Friday night regarding Hon. Walter Scott was to his knowledge correct.

"So far as a man can believe his eyes and ears," he added.

Dr. Neeley retorted that Mr. Campbell ought to bring proof.

Mr. Campbell—"I give as proof this fact that Hon. Walter Scott, as soon as he knew this charge was made, made over the signature of one of the directors, sent a telegram to have him arrested, but his friends did not have the arrest made. Knowing his name is besmirched, Mr. Scott has not dared to institute proceedings."

Dr. Neeley—"The charge was withdrawn."

Mr. Campbell—"I rise to a point of order. The charge was not withdrawn."

The speaker suggested that it was not a point of order. The members were simply stating their own beliefs.

Padded Voters' List.

A little later Dr. Neeley in discussing the elections said: "We have not a padded list in Saskatchewan." Mr. Campbell taking the remark as personal to himself, Dr. Neeley withdrew it, in so fas as it concerned the member for Dauphin personally.

Proceeding, Dr. Neeley said that in Manitoba, the attorney-general's office was prostituted and debased in order to secure constituencies for Conservatives.

Mr. Staples: "Will the hon. gentleman menion one place in which that occurred.

Dr. Neeley said if the member for MacDonald would read any of the Winnipeg papers in which was described how the attorney-general was humiliated to the extent of having boot leather applied to the unmentionable part of his anatomy, that ought to be a sufficient answer to the question.

Mr. Staples: "I tell the hon. gentleman that he is not speaking the truth."

Dr. Neeley then said that one of Mr. Campbell's statements in his own constituency had been that he had once bribed an official of the department of interior in order to get a grazing lease for a company in which he was interested.

Mr. Campbell said he had never asked or applied to this or any other government for a grazing lease, which was not open to a Liberal or a Conservative. However, he would give the same answer that he gave to Hon. Clifford Sifton and T. A. Burrows at a public meeting, that they knew all about it and if they liked to give away any official they could do so.

Dr. Neeley replied that a lamer answer to a direct question was never given in the house. If it was true that he had bribed an official it came with very bad grace from him to undertake to besmirch the fair name of the premier of Saskatchewan.

Capt. Tom Wallace, Centre York, asked for a higher and specific duty of 30 per cent. on vegetables.

"BOB" EDWARDS HAS FRIENDS.

CALGARY, April 26.—(Special.)—On the eve of his departure for Toronto, where he will in future publish his paper, The Eye-Opener, Boy Edwards was presented with a gold chain and locket. The presentation was made by W. M. Davidson, editor of The Morning Albertan, who brought the members of his staff over to the editorial office of The Herald, where J. H. Woods of that paper had gathered his men.

BUILDING BOOM THRUOUT CANADA

"Remarkable Wave" Is Chronicled By Trade Journal After Receiving Special Returns.

The April number of "Construction" says: "Instead of there being any indications of a let up in the building line, greater activity becomes manifest as the season advances, and it seems no longer a question as to whether Canada will surpass all previous records, but more of a matter of speculation as to how great the gain will actually be on the year's work. Returns for March as supplied Construction from centres reflecting the situation in every section of the Dominion, show that not only has the month registered a material increase over the substantial gains made in the two preceding months, but that a remarkable building wave is sweeping over the entire country.

Of the fifteen cities reporting, twelve submit comparative figures which place the gain for the month at 127.12 per cent. over the corresponding period last year, while in no place, it is gratifying to note, has a decrease been recorded. One thing quite evident, in view of the volume of construction now being carried on, is that the money of the country has found its way back into the channels of trade and that loans for good prospective investments are much easier to negotiate than for some time past.

The biggest increase for the month (646 per cent.) is noted in the case of Winnipeg which so far this year shows an expenditure of $1,059,000 for new buildings as against $141,000 for the same months of 1908.

Peterboro has the second largest gain, that of 294 per cent., and while the amount is small, it shows nevertheless that work undertaken was greatly in excess of that of the corresponding month of last year.

Edmonton, the only city in last month's table to show a falling off, has reasserted herself by recording a gain of 269 per cent., and Calgary has again come forward with an increase of 125.41 per cent., which is indeed remarkable in view of the high percentages this city has shown in the past four months.

Substantial gains are also noted in the case of Vancouver and Victoria which surpass last year's figures for March by 64.50 per cent. and 9.78 per cent. respectively. Both of these cities have shown a steady advance since the first of the year, and it is reported that at no previous time has there been as great an amount of work in immediate prospect.

A striking feature of the month's report is the strong upward trend which prevailed thruout Ontairo. Every city submitting comparative figures has more than doubled the amount in building operations, as compared to the month of March of last year.

Fort William's gain was 26.9 per cent.; Toronto 103 per cent.; Ottawa 106 per cent.; London 175 per cent.; Peterboro, as previously stated, 294 per cent.; and it is quite likely that equally as good a showing would have been recorded in the case of Windsor, Berlin and Kingston had comparative figures for the corresponding month of last year been submitted. From the manner in which Toronto is forging ahead, it looks very much as tho her total valuation for new buildings this year will come close to the $16,000,000 mark. Fort William also will undoubtedly have a much higher per cent. gain than ever before, while Ottawa will, in all probability, witness the greatest building year in her history.

In Montreal everything is moving along in a most satisfactory manner, the gain for the month of 90.34 per cent. following the marked increases in January and February, indicating that the meropolis is enjoying a very material expansion.

Halifax's gain of 273 per cent. also brings her conspicuously to the fore, and despite the falling off experience in January, this city has almost trebled her figures on the season's work.

Reports from the various cities as to future work show the outlook to be most propitious. Kingston reports "very bright"; London "excellent prospects for all classes of buildings"; Windsor "bright"; Fort William "very bright"; Berlin "good"; Edmonton "looks very bright"; Calgary "excellent, never looked better"; Winnipeg "bright"; while in Toronto, Halifax, Vancouver and Victoria many large improvements are in immediate prospect.

WOMAN'S BODY IN NIAGARA.

NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE, April 26.—The body of a woman, with the head and arms missing, was picked up by some fishermen on the lake shore near the Four-Mile Pond this morning. The body apparently has been in the water for some time and bears evidence of having come over the falls.

New Coast Railway.

VANCOUVER, B.C., April 26.—(Special.)—Clearing for the right of way of the Howe Sound, Pemberton and Northern Railway started this morning, and by the time the road has completed its seven miles of length the sum of $275,000 will be expended on construction and equipment. The present object of the railway is to take timber out of Lower Squamish Valley, but the line will open up the entire valley.

Why Merchants Object.

"We are here because we won't be clubbed," was the attitude of every grocer and butcher who attended the special meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association last night to protest against methods which are being adopted by the Toronto Fruit and Produce Association in regard to weekly settlements.

Wholesale fruit dealers were represented, but failed to satisfactorily explain the new order.

UNAPPRECIATED "DOPE"

Diplomatic Tout: "Waterways Treaty's a good thing."
The Country: "Doesn't look good to me, young man, with that 'Michigan rider' up."

WARSHIPS HELPLESS TO RELIEVE BESIEGED TOWN

Turkish Governor Declines to Permit Landing of Force—Situation Reported Critical.

ALEXANDRETTA, Asiatic Turkey, April 26.—Refugees who have made their escape from Deurtyul, which is a small town not far from Alexandretta, bring most alarming accounts of the situation there.

They affirm that 10,000 Armenians are beleaguered by 50,000 Moslems. The besieged are half starving, and the conditions within the walls of the city are pitiful.

It is difficult for foreign residents here to credit those numbers. The foreign consuls estimate that about 6000 townspeople and refugees at Deurtyul, with perhaps as many more Turks threatening them from the outside. It is certain that there are no Americans at that place.

The commanders of the British and other warships at this port have had under consideration the landing of a force to relieve the besieged town, which is within one day's march of Alexandretta, but they finally decided that it was wholly impracticable, as they had no right to interfere is a purely internal affair, and the governor declined to give his permission to the landing of an armed force. Thousands of refugees have been pouring into Latakia and the presence of a French warship will have much influence in controlling the situation. The refugees are mostly women and children, many of the male members of the families having been killed.

NO SUBSIDY, NO SERVICE

Australian Steamship Line Prepares to Quit Its Job.

VANCOUVER, April 26.—(Special.)—Because the Dominion Government has not yet signified its intentions with respect to extensions of the subsidy of the Canadian-Australian steamship line operating steamships between Vancouver and Sydney, the business of the line is at a standstill. The present subsidy will expire in June and pending some settlement of the matter the company is unable to advertise sailings, or contract for business from Australia after July.

This disadvantage means the loss of many thousands of dollars in freights and considerable prestige as a passenger route.

Months ago the Union Steamship Company of New Zealand applied to Ottawa for an increase in the subsidy paid for the transportation of mails. On its part the company undertook to establish a 21 day service by placing faster steamers on the route. The federal government has this month informed the company that no increased subsidy would be granted.

BRIDGE FALLS, COUPLE DROWN

Condemned Structure Over Black Creek Carried Away by Rapids.

MADOC, April 26.—This morning about 11 o'clock, as Jerry Clark and his wife were driving over the county bridge crossing Black Creek, about two miles south of Queensboro, the bridge was swept away by the rapids.

Both occupants and the horse were drowned.

The Clark's leave two children about 8 and 10 years of age.

It is reported that this bridge was condemned last fall, and timber to repair it was provided and on the ground.

SHE RAN AWAY TO BOSTON TO WORK FOR A LIVING

Two Days Later Much-Sought Daughter of N.Y. Millionaire Was Ready to Return.

NEW YORK April 26.—Adele Boas, the whimsical 13-year-old daughter of Arthur E. Boas, a wealthy thread manufacturer, is surrounded by her parents and relatives in the West 88th-street residence to-night, the mystery of her disappearance on Friday last, having been dispelled, and the case resolves itself into nothing more than a naive childish escapade with no other explanation than a sudden desire to see the world, Boston in particular, and a wish to be independent and work for a living.

Dr. August G. Seibort, the Boas' family physician, spent half an hour with the girl this evening and announced afterwards that she was in perfect health.

"She is growing," he said, "and she was seized with one of those inexplicable notions children have, and followed the fancy. She had been thinking of going to Boston for some time. For two weeks she had been saving her money for the trip."

With the first shock of the meeting with her parents over, the child told more of her movements in Boston. The position she had in a restaurant there was to have brought her $2.50 a week with board and lodging.

Saturday night and Sunday she spent in the room which she had rented. Her money by this time was exhausted, all but enough to get back to New York, and this morning she decided to return. She went to the south station and was approached by an elderly man.

"The police are looking all over for you, Adele Boas," he said. "My name is not Boas," she replied defiantly and boarded the train for New York, only to be identified at Stamford, Conn., after she had tried in vain to dodge the persistent questioning, even resorting to the ruse of speaking in broken English.

SUFFRAGETTES IN SESSION

International President Speaking in London Talks Softly.

LONDON, April 26.—The attendance of delegates at the fifth congress of the International Woman's Suffrage Alliance, which opened here to-day, was the largest in the history of the organization. Mrs. Chapman Catt of New York, president of the International League of Woman Suffragists, occupied the chair.

Her address was strictly confined to international aspects, and she rejected all requests to condemn or approve the methods of the militant suffragettes in Great Britain. She declared that a neutral attitude was the proper one for the guests of the country, "since," she added, "all eyes are upon England, where conditions exist such as are to be found in no other country."

AMBASSADOR RECALLED

Russia's Representative at Constantinople is Retired.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 26. — M. Zinovieff, the Russian ambassador to Turkey, has been re-called, and Gen. F. F. Palitzin has been appointed to that post. M. Zinovieff's retirement is due, it is stated, to his inability to understand the new condition in Turkey, owing to his age and long associations with the sultan and the members of the old rule, with whom he sympathized.

The recall of the ambassador has been contemplated since the revolution in Turkey last July, and its announcement has now aroused rumors that he was connected with the rising which has just terminated.

A COLD STORAGE SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING OF MEAT

Alberta Cattlemen Will Ask Government to Spend Five Millions on a Plant.

OTTAWA, April 26.—(Special.)—That there should be established thruout Canada a system of storage and transportation for the conveyance of chilled meats from the northwest to the various centres of the Dominion, is the conclusion arrived at by a committee of the stockmen and farmers of the Alberta ranching country appointed during last summer's fair in Calgary.

The committe are now in Ottawa to present their scheme to the minister of agriculture. Central chilling plants, it is urged, should be established in the cattle raising districts, with some 30 subsidiary stations each, capable of handling the meat of 25 head of cattle and 250 hogs daily. The total cost of the system, including refrigerator cars, is placed at about five million dollars, and the delegates will suggest either that the government establish and own the system or that government assistance be furnished to a private company willing to undertake the schemes.

TO PREVENT "CORNERS"

An Attempt Will Be Made by Congress Next Session.

LOCKPORT, N.Y., April 26.—Letters from Secretary Wilson and Chairman Chas. F. Scott, of the house committee on agriculture, discussing the recent wheat corner and possible legislation at the next congress, were made public to-day by Chas. E. Dickinson, president of the Franklin Mills Co.

Secretary Wilson expresses the "hope that we shall be able to overcome the attempt of Mr. Patten to create a prejudice unfavorable to our reports and methods."

Chairman Scott said: "It will be impossible for congress to give any consideration to this measure during the extra session, but I expect to take it up as early as possible next winter. We will probably have public hearings."

ST. MARY'S RIVER IS OPEN

Will Help Relieve the Freight Congestion at the Port.

PORT ARTHUR, April 26.—(Special.)—The new C. N. R. dock is now ready for use.

Port Arthur council has passed an estimate of $5000 for publicity purposes this season.

Announcement that the ice jam in St. Mary's River is broken has been received with general satisfaction. The harbor and lake have been free for some time and this led to anticipation of an earlier opening. In consequence freight for the east has been accumulating until the congestion is serious.

NEW INDUSTRY FOR PETERBORO.

PETERBORO, April 26.—(Special.)—On June 1 Peterboro ratepayers will vote on a bylaw to loan $50,000 to the Purity Ware Company, which is to establish a factory here. The city will also grant a free site. The loan is at 4 per cent. and the company is to employ 100 hands for the first year and 150 hands thereafter.

Court Will Hear Appeal.

MONTREAL, April 26.—(Special.)—The court of appeal have decided that they will hear the case of the seven disqualified aldermen, and if this is the case, the legislature will not be troubled by the cause celebre.

JAP AND GERMAN ACTIVITY IN PACIFIC

Tireless Plotting Said to Have For Its Object the Final Wresting of Supremacy From the Anglo-Saxon.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The Herald's special correspondent at Hongkong writes under date of March 20:

The hegemony in the Pacific of the Anglo-Saxon is being seriously challenged by the Teuton and the Japanese, and nothing seems so certain in the near future as a struggle for supremacy in these waters.

Both Germany and Japan are cautiously laying plans to conquer by war if peaceful appropriation is impossible. Both realize that the battle of the future is destined to be fought in this hemisphere, and it will not be the fault of either if they have not planted themselves firmly by the time the trial of strength takes place. That gladiatorial contest may be triangular, or it may be a straight out struggle between the Teuton and the Anglo-Saxon, in which case Japan will lurk near like the bird of prey waiting to descend upon the carcass.

China is hardly to be considered in the running as a competitor, tho she may even yet provide bones for the wolves. Japan needs predominance in the Pacific for the sake of her overflowing population. There are myriads of islands and the great continent of Australia which would suit her well to fulfil her schemes of national expansion.

Australians are aware of the menace that continually hovers over them in the north, and they are determined to keep their continent "white" and prevent all Asiatics from obtaining a footing which may be turned against them when the diapason of war sounds down the world. Despite this wise precaution there are innumerable islands which the Japanese might occupy, and possibly are occupying, with a view to being near the goal when the appointed time arrives.

Signals of Warning.

Japan's absorption of Korea and her growing power in Manchuria are warnings that should not be disregarded, and it behooves the Anglo-Saxon to keep his eye upon those distant and remote places of earth in the Pacific which might afford a foothold for coaling sheds or wireless telegraphic stations.

Within recent days it has been brought home to the white man here just what is to be feared from the Japanese with their covert seizure of the Prastas Islands, 170 miles southeast of Hongkong and belonging to China.

In a recent Chinese expedition to the Pratas Islands, headed by Captain Woo, it found that the Japanese have laid a double track of light railway the full length of the island, and along this guano was being brought to the point of shipment. The island is—or was—covered with large deposits of guano. In places it ran to 15 and 20 feet thick and workmen were busy digging it out and loading it into trucks.

A water supply has been arranged, for farms had been made for the breeding of tortoise, and there were other indications that the occupants had come to stay.

A Chinese temple which stood on the island has been destroyed. Capt. Woo had previously been to the island and was able to locate the site of the temple, but the Japanese professed to have no knowledge of it. Of the huge colony of penguins that once inhabited the islands, not one was left, the wholesale destruction having been carried on by the Japanese in order to obtain the feathers of the birds.

Plans Reach Southward.

The Japanese will no doubt leave the island, but whether compensation will be paid is to be seen. The Japanese are averse to doing that, but the potent boycott may force them to do so to avoid commercial calamity.

In addition to the Pratas affair it is reported that there is a colony of Japanese on the Paracel Islands, a long

Continued on Page 7.

CHARGED WITH MURDER

Coils Are Tightening About Accused Macedonian.

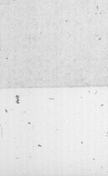
Palia Stifoff, held in the Macedonian murder case, has now been charged directly with the murder. Yesterday Detective Mackie swore out a warrant charging him with that crime.

Stifoff now admits that the blood stains on his coat are human blood, but declares that they are due to the bleeding of his nose a day or so before the murder.

The Macedonians are now taking a hand in the investigation themselves, and will to-day cable to Macedonia to ascertain whether or not Stifoff's story that he got $100 from a man in his home city is true.

It is learned that the dead man was of some note in his own land. He was the son-in-law of one of the priests and brother of the mayor of his village.

NOBBY FEDORAS.



The neat green and brown soft felt Fedoras are all the rage these days. They are not only stylish, but very neat and becoming. Dineen has some new lines which have just been put on sale—$2.50 each. Very best felt and latest colors.