LITERARY 'INTELLIGENCER.

1791.

fent nave dopt emn erce. hefe inthe iemfrom evil e to nark niufthis gun .

h 2,

perrver. ning than utal ould ainft h of ents er in ence ered unonce but fidy, arnould ther order hath a be

INDEX INDICATORIUS.

The editor borrows this phrafe from a popular periodical work of long flanding "." Under this head, he propoles from time to time to throw together fuch observations, culled from the letters of his correspondents, as seen to be deferving of notice; though they do not merit a separate publication in the form they have been sent; and to make such acknowledgments and remarks upon the communications sent, as appear to be more deferving notice, than those configned to the blue covers of this work.

As the editor has been favoured with a great many communications, apparently from *young* writers, he begs leave to preface this department of his work, with a few general observations calculated for their benefit.

Young people are generally induced to write from one of two motives. viz. a defire to difplay their own talents, or a wifh to communicate to others information concerning fome particular, that they think will prove entertaining or uleful to them .- Too often, early in life, the first of these motives is the principal ftimulus; and when that is the cafe, it feldom Writing is an art fails that their fond hopes are fruitrated. that requires practice to bring it to perfection. This practice beginners muft always want; on which account, their first productions, in most cafes, are extremely difgufting to men of tafte; fo that unlefs there be fome bafis of useful disquisition at the bottom to atone for this disguist, inflead of being admired, they are only defpifed : But if an ingenious youth feels his mind ftrongly imprefied with fome leading ideas, which he wifhes to develope to others, he will, in this cafe, for the most part express himfelf with a becoming diffidence, that conciliates good will; and on account of theoriginal thoughts that occur, every good natured reader will be difpoled to overlook the little inaccuracies that must be expected to arife from inexperi-When a young man is therefore about to communicate his feutiспсе. ments in any way to the public, let him first ask himfelf this simple queftion : "Is it merely becaufe I with to thine, that I take up the pen ? Or do I feel certain ideas in my mind, that I do not perceive are familiar to others, which I should have a pleafure in communicating to them, as I think they will contribute either to their welfare, emolument, or fatifsaction of mind ?" If the first question be answered in the affirmative, let him abandon his project at the time, and I will answer for it he never will have reason to repeat of it. But if his mind fairly acquits him of vanity, let him felect for a fubject that which imprefies his mind the most forcibly and frequently; let him think of it often before he puts his thoughts to paper; and when at last he does write, let him try to express himself in the plainest language he can, without ornamental flourishes, or an attempt at the frippery of fine writing, which usually, at a tender age, makes fo itrong an impreffion on the imagination.

Let those who feel a predelection for verse, be informed, that among all the trifling acquirements a young perfon can aim at, that of making

* The Gentlemen's Magazine. Vol. I.