

THE CARBONEAR HERALD,

A AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE

Vol. 1

CARBONEAR, NEWFOUNDLAND DECEMBER 18, 1879.

No 31.

THE CARBONEAR HERALD
AND
OUTPORT TELEPHONE,

Is Printed and Published from the Office, west of the Post and Telegraph Offices, Water Street, Carbonear, every THURSDAY MORNING.

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All communications to be addressed to the Editor, Proprietor and Publisher,

J. A. ROCHFORD,
Herald Office, Water St.,
Carbonear, Nfld.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



Government Notice.

RE RIVER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
4th November, 1879

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that under the provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of the Legislature, entitled "An Act to authorize the Consolidation of part of the Public Debt of this Colony," I am authorized to raise by loan the sum of **Fifteen Thousand One Hundred and Ninety Two Dollars** upon Debentures of not less than \$20 each, chargeable upon and payable out of the Public Funds of the Colony, at the expiration of Twenty Years when it should be optional with the Government to pay off the same, on giving Twelve Months' previous notice.

Tenders for the above amount will be received at my office, until noon, on **THURSDAY the Eighteenth day of November.**

The Tenders must express the amount offered, in Dollars, and the rate of interest, which interest will be payable half yearly.

JAMES J. ROGERSON,
Receiver-General.

November 14.

S. JOHN'S, No. 1
MARBLE WORKS
THEATRE HILL, S. JOHN'S,
ROBERT A. MACKIM,
MANUFACTURER OF

Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Tables, Mantel Pieces, Hall and Centre Tables, &c

He has on hand a large assortment of Italian and other Marble, and is now prepared to execute all orders in his line.

N. B.—The above articles will be sold at much lower prices than in any other part of the Provinces or the United States

SEWING MACHINES

Just arrived per "Nova Scotia," from Liverpool,
A CHOICE LOT OF

Sewing Machines,
HAND AND FOOT,

BRADBURY'S FAMILY SINGER,
BRADBURY'S WELLINGTON,
BRADBURY'S BEATRICE, &c., &c.

All which are offered at a large reduction for CASH.

Send for Catalogue now ready.
F. W. BOWDEN,
Bowden's Sewing Machine Depot,
St. John's, Nfld.

FOR 1880 FISHERIES.

We are prepared to supply to any extent, made from best New Orleans Cotton and hard laid TWINE—the very best—all our STANDARD NETS for Herring, Cod, Caplin and Lance SEINES, put together—Roped, Corked and Leaded in the most approved manner.

AMERICAN NET & TWINE Co.,
Boston.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

P. JORDAN & SONS.
CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS
ESTABLISHMENT,
222 Water Street, St. John's

Importers of British and Foreign Manufactured GOODS.

Always on hand a large supply of

CLOTHING

Made up under their own inspection which they can

SELL AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Also a large assortment of LEATHERWARE and other GOODS

All orders in the CLOTHING DEPARTMENT shall receive best attention and be made in any STYLE required and at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

See 4. 2m.

JUST OPENED.

NEW GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,
(Opposite the Public Wharf.)

The Subscriber begs to inform the public of Carbonear that he has just opened the above Premises where he will keep on hand, a choice and well assorted stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
AT LOWEST PRICES POSSIBLE
N. STEWART,
PROPRIETOR

Harbor Grace,
June 19nd, 1879.

CARD

JOHN A. ROCHFORD,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

"Herald" Building, Water St.,
CARBONEAR, Nfld.

Text Post & Telegraph Offices.
All business transacted with punctuality and satisfaction.
May 2.

ANDREOLI'S
Book & Novelty Store,
HARBOR GRACE,
116-WATER STREET-116.

The Subscriber offers for sale
BOOKS

PICTURES,
LOOKING GLASSES,
CLOCKS, TIME PIECES,
LOOKING GLASS PLATES,
Statues, Picture Framing,
STATIONARY,

And a Variety of FANCY ARTICLES, too numerous to mention.

PICTURES framed to order.

CLOCKS CLEANED & REPAIRED.

Outport Orders strictly attended to
V. ANDREOLI.

Harbor Grace,
May 22nd, 1879.

UNION BANK OF NEW-FOUNDLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend of Eight per cent. upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the year ending 30th November, 1879, and is payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Friday, 5th December.

Transfer books closed from 3rd to 5th both days inclusive.

(By order of the Board),
JAMES GOLDIE,
Manager.

BROOKVILLE MILLS, HALL'S BAY.

Lumber of all kinds, always on hand and all orders either for large or small quantities attended to with punctuality and despatch.

All orders to be addressed to,
McKAM, CURTIS & Co.
Brookville Mills, Hall's Bay.

NEWS PER MAIL

A Royal Marriage.

MADRID, Nov. 29.—The marriage of King Alfonso to the Archduchess Maria Christina will be solemnized this forenoon. This morning the Bands of the Regiments quartered in Madrid played the Reveille before the Royal Palace and afterwards marched through the principal streets. The street and balconies are thronged with people, many houses are decorated. Triumphant arches have been erected at various points. The weather has improved.

Ex-Queen Isabella has arrived. She was received by King Alfonso, Premier Campos and the principal members of the Government. She has presented her jewels to Archduchess Maria Christina.

MADRID, Nov. 30.—Archduchess Marie Christina left Pardo Palace, near Marine, where apartments had been prepared for her, in which she dressed for her marriage. King Alfonso left the Royal Palace for Atocha Church shortly before 11, being preceded by his mother, Ex-Queen Isabella, the Princess of Asturias and other great dignitaries of the Kingdom. Troops lined the route to the Church. The bride was accompanied by her ladies of honor, her mother and other distinguished persons. Shortly after they proceeded to church by different routes. The ambassadors and grandees of Spain, and deputations of Senate and Chambers of Deputies, awaited the King at the Church. The Royal Wedding was solemnized according to the programme, in Atocha Church. The King was accompanied by Arch-Duke Rogerio to the Church, and was preceded by eleven carriages containing the Spanish Royal Family, grandees of Spain and Court dignitaries. The bride was preceded by four carriages, containing Court dignitaries and Ladies of Honor. The bride was richly dressed in white, wore a diadem of brilliants and insignia of Marie Louise Order. The church was splendidly illuminated with rich silken draperies. The diplomatic body, the Spanish grandees and deputations from the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies occupied the nave of the church. The bride appeared much moved during the ceremony. The nuptial benediction on behalf of the Pope was given by Cardinal Patriarch, who officiated at mass.

EUGENIE IN PARIS.

PARIS, Nov. 21, 1879.

As soon as the news arrived here that the Countess de Montijo mother of the ex-Empress Eugenie was dying at Madrid, it was expected that her daughter would pass hastily through the city on the way to her mother's bedside. It was even announced that she would leave Paris this morning. Nevertheless, the Empress has been spending the whole day at the residence of the Duc de Mouchy, Prince Murat's son-at-law, attended most affectionately by the Duchess and by Mlle. Lherminat. Prince Mathilde called on her at one o'clock, but was not received. Then came Prince Napoleon, who was more successful in gaining audience. The Empress talked with him for half an hour. She told him she had now put all thought of politics aside, and had no care for anything but the memory of her dead son. When the Prince returned to his carriage he was painfully affected. At five o'clock the ex-Queen of Spain asked urgently if she should be admitted to the Empress' presence. She was at once received. The meeting of these two royal mothers, one widowed and childless, the other with her son seated upon a throne and hourly waiting for his bride, was very touching to the few who were privileged to see it. Queen Isabella stayed nearly half an hour, and at six the Empress dined with the Duchess de Mouchy, Mlle. Lherminat, Comte de Brissac and Vicomte de Turenne.

After nine years. Her Majesty started for the Orleans station at 7.

Her suite followed in three carriages. They drove rapidly through the streets, and it was noticed that the Empress, seeming to be wholly absorbed in her thoughts, never glanced at the familiar spots where the happy days of her life were spent. When they reached the station, at a quarter before eight, their arrival was expected by nobody, and not even the station master knew anything but the fact that a sleeping car had been ordered for unknown persons. But as soon as they alighted the news that it was the Empress, ran round the station, and all the railway employees crowded to the door of the car. They stood there silently with hats upraised. Most of them had seen that face before, as it looked out from the carriage in their midst on the days of the Emperor's fete. Most of them compared its beauty, so well remembered, with the wan and haggard look that it wore now. Indeed, the Empress is changed beyond the expression of words. Her form is bent and she is prematurely old. No demonstration was made by the spectators. At eight the train started, and four police agents accompanied the imperial party as far as the Spanish frontier.

The Population of the World.

The aggregate population of the earth is 1,381,932,000, Asia being the most populous section, and containing 798,000,000, while Europe has 300,500,000, Africa 203,000,000, America 58,000,000, and Australia and Polynesia 5,500,000. In Europe the leading nations are credited with the following numbers: Russia, 71,000,000; the German Empire, 41,000,000; France, 36,000,000; Great Britain and Ireland, 27,000,000; Italy, nearly 27,000,000; Spain, 16,500,000, and Turkey, nearly 16,000,000. The other countries do not exceed over 5,000,000 each. In Asia, China, which is by far the most populous nation of the earth, is credited with 423,000,000; Hindostan, with 240,000,000; Japan, 33,000,000; the East India Islands, 20,500,000; Burmah, Siam and farther India, nearly 26,000,000; Turkey, 15,600,000; and Russia, 11,000,000. The Australian population is given at 1,674,500, and the Polynesian Islands at 3,764,500, New Guinea and New Zealand being included in the latter. In Africa the chief divisions are West Soudan and the Central Africa region, 39,000,000; South Africa, 20,250,000; the Galapagos and the region east of the White Nile, 15,000,000; Samauli, 8,000,000; Egypt, 8,500,000, and Morocco, 6,000,000. In America, two-thirds of the population are north of the Isthmus, where the United States has nearly 40,000,000, Mexico over 9,000,000 and the British Provinces 4,000,000. The population of North America is given at 53,000,000, of which Brazil contains 10,000,000. The West Indies have over 4,000,000, and the Central American States not quite 3,000,000.

An Unfortunate Voyage.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 23.—The British steamship "Rathmore," which sailed for London on Tuesday last with a cargo including 393 cattle, returned this morning. The first officer reports that as soon as the Gulf Stream was reached, a heavy chop sea was encountered. On Thursday night while the first officer was on deck the ship was struck by a heavy sea which swept her forward deck carrying ten or twelve cattle overboard. The first officer was thrown down and severely injured. The Boatswain was then called to take the watch, and as he and the captain were standing on the Bridge, it was discovered that the try-sail was adrift. The captain ordered it to be secured, and when the boatswain returned to the bridge he found the captain dead. The gun-block had fallen on his head and had crushed through his skull, killing him instantly. Half an hour later the ship became unmanageable and broached to. For some time she was buffeted by the sea, and the cattle became perfectly wild. The ship was got on an even keel again and started to return to Baltimore. Her hull suffered no damage, and but little injury was done. The whole loss of the cattle

amounted to above ninety. The captain shortly before his death, expressed his intention to return to Baltimore, as the cattle pens were not fit for a voyage across the Atlantic at this season of the year.

Mrs. Catherine Hogarth Dickens.

Mrs. Catherine Hogarth [Dickens] widow of Charles Dickens, the novelist, died Saturday morning, November 22, at her residence in Gloucester Crescent, Regent's Park, London, aged about sixty-five years. She had been suffering more than a year from a lingering illness. Mrs. Dickens was daughter of the late George Hogarth a well known man of letters, who was an early associate of Charles Dickens on the staff of the London "Morning Chronicle." She was married April 2, 1836, three days after the appearance of the first number of the "Pickwick papers." She lived with Mr. Dickens "Letters" just published, in which a large portion of contents of the first volume (from 1833 to 1836, inclusive) was addressed to her in a tone of great cordiality. From the latter date the letters to her are conspicuous by their absence, nor is any existence readily discernible in the concluding volume. Mrs. Dickens accompanied her husband during his first visit to the United States in 1842, during many visits to France. She bore him seven sons and three daughters, of whom the second son, Walter Landor, a lieutenant in the Forty-second Royal Highlanders, died suddenly at Calcutta, December 31, 1863, aged twenty-three years; the fifth son, Sydney Smith, a naval officer died, at sea in 1872, and the youngest daughter, died, in infancy in 1851. The surviving sons are named Charles, Francis Jeffrey, Alfred Tennyson, Henry Fielding and Edward Bulwer Lytton, of whom the first named is now becoming known as an author, while Alfred and Edward are farmers in Australia. Of the two surviving daughters, the elder, Mary (called Mamie), has just edited her father's letters, and the younger, Catherine, called Kate, was married to Mr. Charles Alston Collins, brother of Wilkie Collins, the novelist, and on his death to a Mr. Perugini. As is well known, Mr. and Mrs. Dickens separated in June, 1858, and she had ever since lived a very retired life in London. The cause of separation have never been authentically made known. Mr. Forster's biography preserves the greatest reticence on the subject, though the chief blame is allowed by him to rest upon the novelist, in accordance with the general current of public opinion.

TORONTO, Nov. 29.—About twenty minutes past 3 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the Grand Opera House building in Adelaide street. When the firemen arrived the flames had full possession of the building. The caretaker, Wright, his wife and little girl Mamie and a young man named Thos. Scott, slept in the upper part of the building. Scott jumped from a window and escaped with broken arm. Nothing so far has been heard of the Wrights, and it is supposed they have been.

BURNED TO DEATH.
The building was erected some years ago by a stock company and was supposed to be one of the finest theatres on this continent. About three years ago it was purchased by Mr. Alexander Manning.

AMERICAN GIRLS AND ENGLISH SUITORS.

Apropos of the marriage on the 5th October, of Lord Granly, only surviving grandson of the late Mrs. Norton, the poetess, to Mrs. Charles Grantly Norton, formerly Miss Katherine McKim, of New York, Mr. Labouchere calls attention to the number of American girls who of late years have married Englishmen. This is his explanation of the phenomenon:

It is because they know how to make themselves pleasant English girls are as a rule either too gushing and talkative or have nothing to say for themselves, American girls understand the tact and "savoir vivre" of French women with the solid qualities of the Angles