

DISAGREEMENT AMONG ENVOYS.

The Indemnity Question Proves to be a Stumbling Block.

The Cession of Territory and Possession of Interned Ships

Still Unsettled—Envoys Will Consult Their Governments.

A Portsmouth, N. H., report: To-morrow the peace conference will be adjourned until Monday to give the Russian and the Japanese envoys the opportunity of communicating with their Governments.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

the railway line, which means a substantial concession from the Japanese side.

The worst feature of the situation is the deadlock upon the question of indemnity. M. de Witte apparently believes that there is no hope of a compromise.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

As for the Japanese, it is contended they are equally determined to go on with the war if Russia does not consent to remunerate them for what they have spent in prosecuting the conflict.

SACRIFICED HER LIFE TO SAVE HER LOVER.

Tragic Death of a Young Philadelphian in Canoeing Accident.

The Brave Girl Gave Up Her Hold on the Boat to Grasp Her Sinking Sweetheart.

Young Man Was Rescued Just as She Sank to Her Death in the Schuylkill.

Philadelphia, Aug. 21.—Thrown into the turbulent waters of the Schuylkill River, last night, by the capsizing of a canoe, Miss Anna B. Ober, a pretty 19-year old girl, sacrificed her life in trying to save that of her lover, M. F. Alexander, of No. 2033 North Thirty-second street.

Neither Alexander nor the girl could swim, and when the latter had an opportunity to cling to the overturned canoe she heroically ignored it in order to lend a sustaining hand to her imperiled lover.

My God! Just think of it! I was engaged to that girl and had kept it a secret. To think that it should be made public under such terrible circumstances. I feel that shall go mad.

ALIVE WITH NECK BROKEN. Executed Murderer Gives Prearranged Signals to Clergymen.

New York, Aug. 21.—According to the World, the Rev. E. A. Meury, pastor of the Second Reformed Church in Jersey City, made this astonishing statement yesterday: That to him and five others a murderer proved, while being executed on the gallows, that he retained consciousness, memory and the power of voluntary motion after his neck was broken.

MRS. CLARKE'S THANKS. Her Letter to Mr. Osler With Regard to Testimonial Fund.

A Toronto report: The widow of the late E. F. Clarke has written to Mr. E. B. Osler, M. P., who acted as chairman of the committee in charge of the E. F. Clarke testimonial fund, asking him to thank all those who contributed. The text of her letter is as follows:

My Dear Mr. Osler.—In acknowledging the receipt of your statement of the investments which have been made of the trust fund so thoughtfully organized by you, I desire to express through you my deep sense of gratitude to yourself and all the friends of my dear husband, who have so generously contributed the handsome sum of \$21,418 for the benefit of myself and family.

BANNER YEAR FOR CROPS.

Very Favorable Report of Ontario Government.

The August crop bulletin, about to be issued by the Ontario Department of Agriculture, will contain the following regarding conditions on the first of the month:—The crop will be a big one as regards the yield per acre, more especially in the Lake Erie countries.

Spring Wheat—Comparatively little spring wheat is now grown. The crop is described as being full in the head, with good straw, and promises more than an average yield.

Peas—During the last four or five years the average of peas in this Province has shrunk by about one-half, owing to the ravages of the pea-weevil, or, as it is commonly called, "the bug."

Roots—All classes of roots promise a good yield, especially mangels and sugar beets, which are doing better than turnips.

Over Ninety Thousand Casualties on U. S. Railroads.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—The annual report of the Interstate Commerce Commission, giving the railroad statistics for the year 1904, shows that there were at the end of the year 297,073 miles of railroads in the United States.

Grand Trunk Will Make Deviation Second Week in September.

A Brantford report: The Grand Trunk authorities announce that the main line of their system will be deviated by way of Brantford the second week in September.

THE PRICE OF PEACHES. Growers Say It Will Not Be So Low After All.

A St. Catharines report: Some of the leading growers around here state that the report with regard to the heavy peach crop in the Niagara District was somewhat misleading.

EIGHT HOUR DAY.

President Gompers' Speech at the I. U. Convention.

A Toronto report: The drastic expulsion of Delegate Shelby Smith, of Philadelphia, was a sensational feature of the International Typographical convention yesterday.

The Afternoon Session. Delegate Max Hayes, Chairman of the Eight-hour Day Committee, then read the report, which was of great length and covered nine printed pages.

President Gompers. Mr. Samuel Gompers, President of the A. F. L., was received with enthusiasm. He reviewed the history of the movement, a criticism of the statement of President Ellis on behalf of the employers, and finally recommended that the eight-hour day go into effect on January 1, 1906.

Seeking Moisture, It Hits Where Green Hay Lies.

A Toronto report: Why are so many barns struck by lightning these days? was the query put to Mr. F. L. Blake, as astronomical officer at the Observatory, last night.

BISLEY TRAINING WROG. Views of the Winner of the King's Prize on Shooting There.

London, Aug. 21.—Walter Winans, in the World, giving his views on rifle shooting at Bisley, says: "The system of shooting is all wrong. It is absolutely contrary to the conditions of warfare. The Bisley champion is almost more useless at the front than the man who never before handled a rifle."

LAY ALL NIGHT IN CEMETERY. Napanee Man, Stricken With Paralysis, Could Not Attract Attention.

A Kingston report: William Allen, aged 85, of Napanee, has a decidedly disagreeable experience. On a trip to the cemetery he was stricken with paralysis, and lay all night in the graveyard unable to move or speak to make any one hear him.

NEWS IN BRIEF. Some three hundred immigrants connected with the East End and Self Help Society and the Salvation Army, have left for Canada by the Victorian.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Some three hundred immigrants connected with the East End and Self Help Society and the Salvation Army, have left for Canada by the Victorian.

The net traffic earnings of the Temiskaming & Northern Railway for April, May, June and July have averaged \$8,000 per month.

The stockholders of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Co., at their annual meeting to-day voted to amend the by-laws so as to permit Calumet and Hecla, stockholders to buy and sell shares of other mining companies.

A Cleveland despatch says that an order has been placed with the Great Lakes Engineering Company there for the construction of a car ferry which will be the most powerful and complete of her class on the lakes.

Louis Coste, of Port Colborne, J. P. Maybee, of Toronto, and George Clinton, of Buffalo, members of the International Deep Waterways Commission, are at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., for an investigation of the power canals on either side of the river to determine the effect of the use of water on the lake and river levels.

Interviewed on Mr. Winans' article, Sergt. Comber, the King's Prize winner, was asked if he thought much of the shooting at Bisley. "Too artificial," he said, "certainly some of it is; for instance the wearing of orthopedic glasses in the last stage of the King's Prize. Ninety per cent. of the men wear them, but you do not use such things in war. I have suggested to the National Rifle Association that they be prohibited."

Interviewed on Mr. Winans' article, Sergt. Comber, the King's Prize winner, was asked if he thought much of the shooting at Bisley. "Too artificial," he said, "certainly some of it is; for instance the wearing of orthopedic glasses in the last stage of the King's Prize. Ninety per cent. of the men wear them, but you do not use such things in war. I have suggested to the National Rifle Association that they be prohibited."

Interviewed on Mr. Winans' article, Sergt. Comber, the King's Prize winner, was asked if he thought much of the shooting at Bisley. "Too artificial," he said, "certainly some of it is; for instance the wearing of orthopedic glasses in the last stage of the King's Prize. Ninety per cent. of the men wear them, but you do not use such things in war. I have suggested to the National Rifle Association that they be prohibited."

Interviewed on Mr. Winans' article, Sergt. Comber, the King's Prize winner, was asked if he thought much of the shooting at Bisley. "Too artificial," he said, "certainly some of it is; for instance the wearing of orthopedic glasses in the last stage of the King's Prize. Ninety per cent. of the men wear them, but you do not use such things in war. I have suggested to the National Rifle Association that they be prohibited."

Interviewed on Mr. Winans' article, Sergt. Comber, the King's Prize winner, was asked if he thought much of the shooting at Bisley. "Too artificial," he said, "certainly some of it is; for instance the wearing of orthopedic glasses in the last stage of the King's Prize. Ninety per cent. of the men wear them, but you do not use such things in war. I have suggested to the National Rifle Association that they be prohibited."

WAS IN POORHOUSE.

MIGHT HAVE BEEN LIVING IN FIFTH AVENUE MANSION.

New York, Aug. 21.—J. T. Raplee, an aged broker, said to have been once worth \$300,000, and who recently obtained refuge in the Westchester poorhouse, after having lived up to his fortune, was rescued yesterday by a stylishly dressed woman, who said she was his niece. The woman told the officials that she had made arrangements to keep him for the remainder of his days. "My uncle has no excuse for being in the poorhouse," she said. "If he had taken care of his money he could now be living in a mansion on Fifth avenue."